

# Field Evaluation Oizom - Polludrone Smart



# Background

- From 07/31/2021 to 09/29/2021, three **Oizom Polludrone Smart** (hereinafter **Polludrone Smart**) sensors were deployed at the South Coast AQMD stationary ambient monitoring site in Rubidoux and were run side-by-side with Federal Equivalent Method (FEM) instruments measuring the same pollutants
- Polludrone Smart (3 units tested):
  - Sensors: CO – Electrochemical (**Alphasense B4, non-FEM**)
  - O<sub>3</sub> – Electrochemical (**Alphasense B4, non-FEM**)
  - NO – Electrochemical (**Alphasense B4, non-FEM**)
  - NO<sub>2</sub> – Electrochemical (**Alphasense B4, non-FEM**)
  - PM Sensors – Optical Particle Counter (**Wuhan Cubic PM3006S**)
  - Each unit measures: CO (ppm), O<sub>3</sub> (ppb), NO and NO<sub>2</sub> (ppb), **PM<sub>1.0</sub>, PM<sub>2.5</sub> and PM<sub>10</sub> (µg/m<sup>3</sup>)**, T (°C), RH (%)
  - **Unit cost: \$8,000 (PM + Gas sensors)**
  - Time resolution: 1-min
  - Units IDs: 0001, 0002, 0003
- Teledyne API T640 (reference instrument):
  - Optical particle counter (**FEM PM<sub>2.5</sub>**)
  - Measures PM<sub>1.0</sub>, PM<sub>2.5</sub> and PM<sub>10</sub> (µg/m<sup>3</sup>)
  - **Cost: ~\$21,000**
  - Time resolution: 1-min
- Met Station (T, RH, P, WS, WD):
  - **Cost: ~\$5,000**
  - Time resolution: 1-min

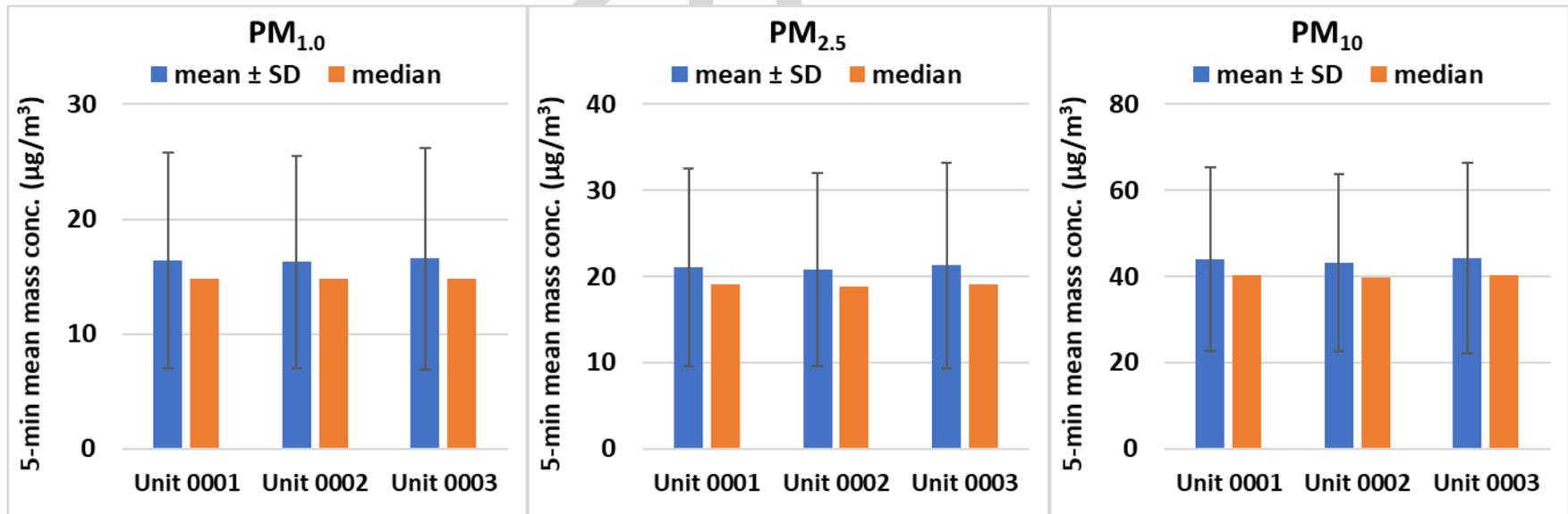


# Data validation & recovery

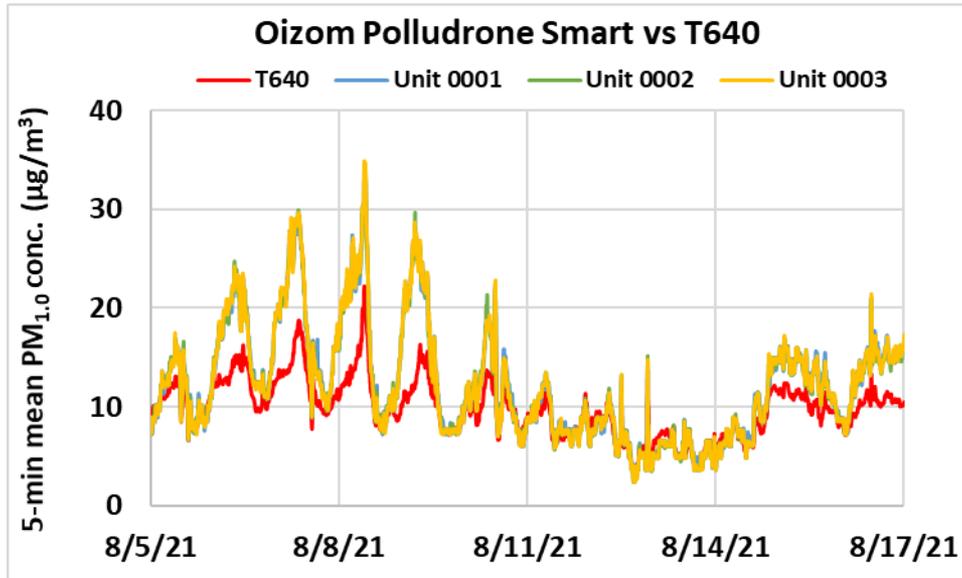
- Basic QA/QC procedures were used to validate the collected data (i.e. obvious outliers, negative values and invalid data-points were eliminated from the data-set)
- Data recovery from Unit 0001, Unit 0002 and Unit 0003 was ~ 99%, 95% and 99% for all PM measurements, respectively

## Polludrone Smart; intra-model variability

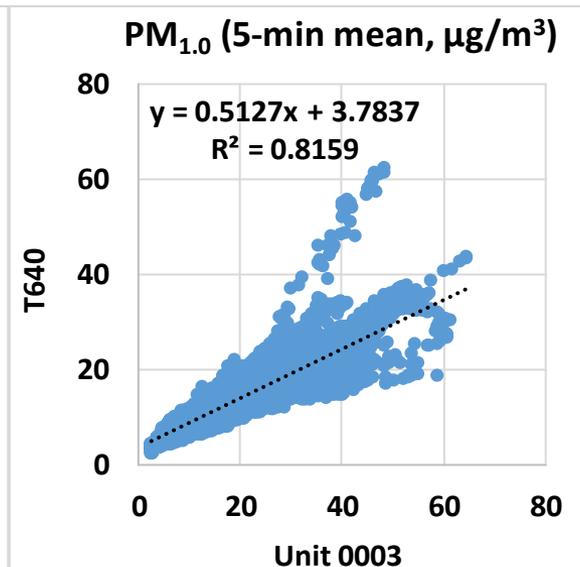
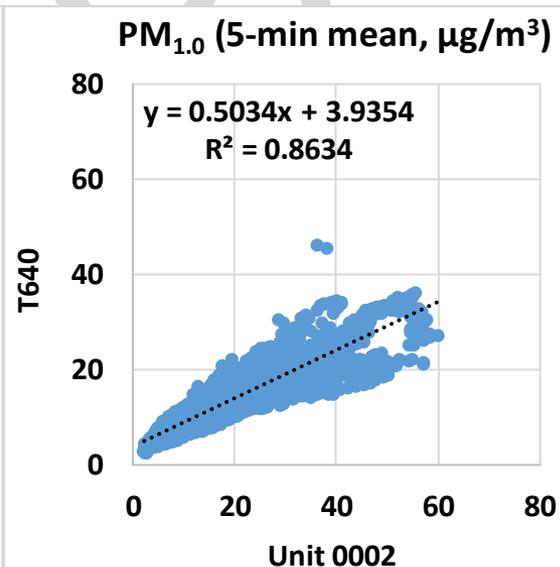
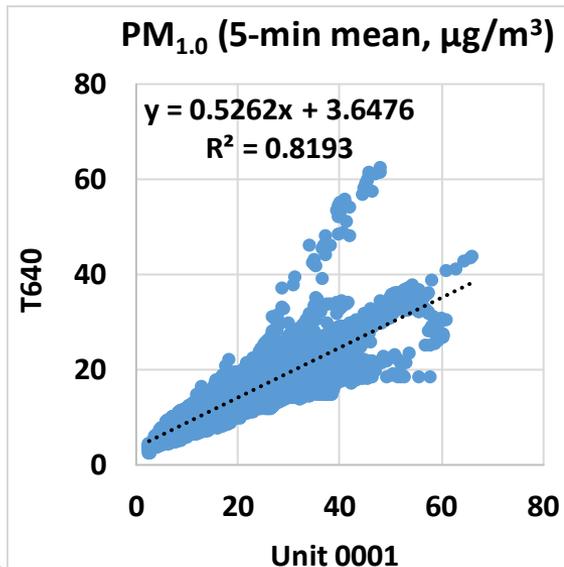
- Absolute intra-model variability was ~ 0.13, 0.20 and 0.48  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$  for  $\text{PM}_{1.0}$ ,  $\text{PM}_{2.5}$  and  $\text{PM}_{10}$ , respectively (calculated as the standard deviation of the three sensor means)
- Relative intra-model variability was ~ 0.78%, 0.96% and 1.11% for  $\text{PM}_{1.0}$ ,  $\text{PM}_{2.5}$  and  $\text{PM}_{10}$ , respectively (calculated as the absolute intra-model variability relative to the mean of the three sensor means)



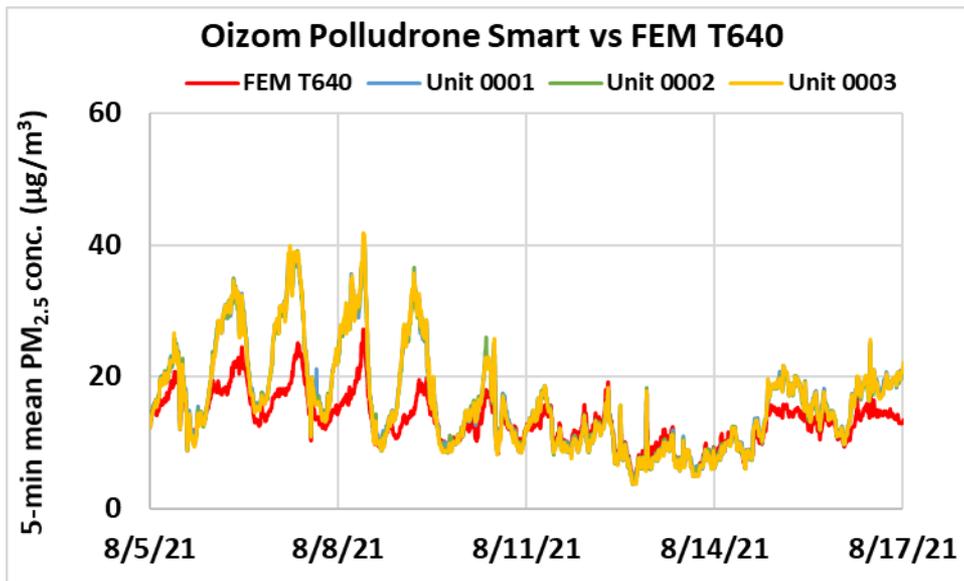
# Polludrone Smart vs T640 (PM<sub>1.0</sub>; 5-min mean)



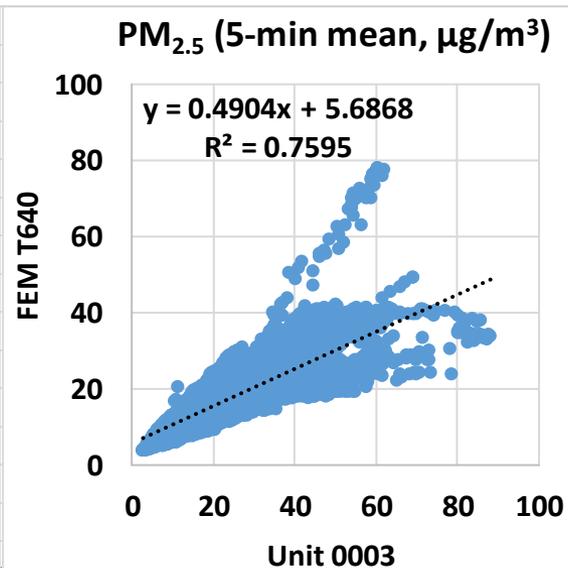
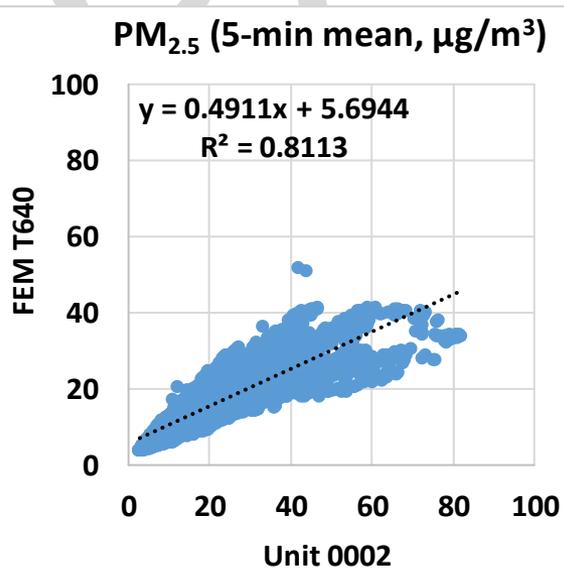
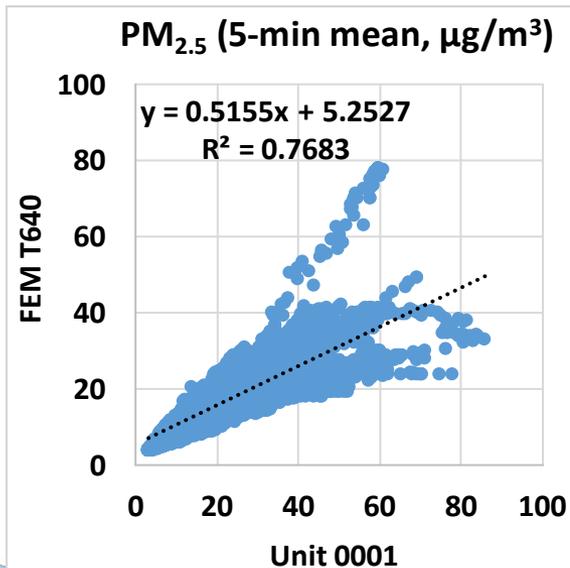
- The Polludrone Smart sensors showed strong correlations with the corresponding T640 data ( $0.81 < R^2 < 0.87$ )
- Overall, the Polludrone Smart sensors overestimated the PM<sub>1.0</sub> mass concentrations as measured by T640
- The Polludrone Smart sensors seemed to track the PM<sub>1.0</sub> diurnal variations as recorded by T640



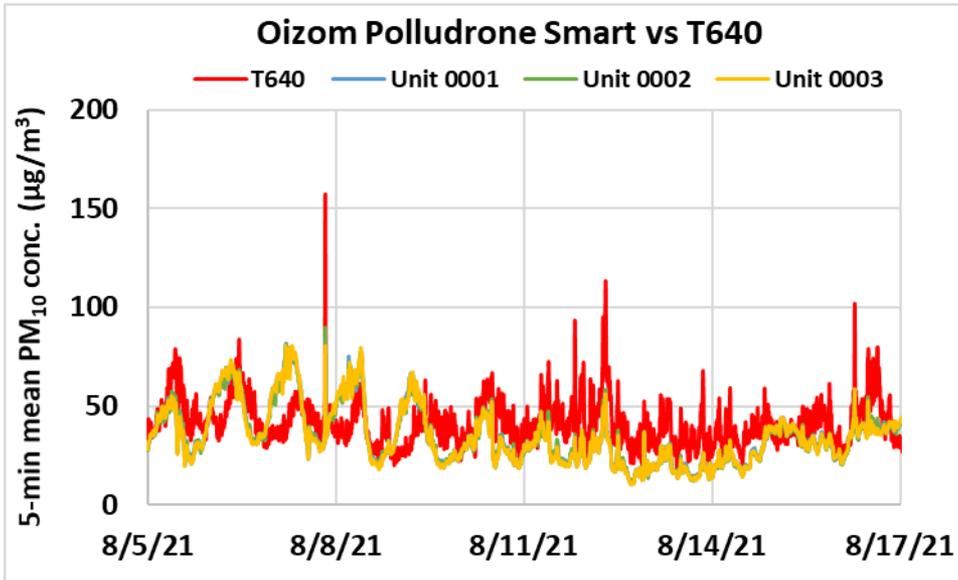
# Polludrone Smart vs FEM T640 (PM<sub>2.5</sub>; 5-min mean)



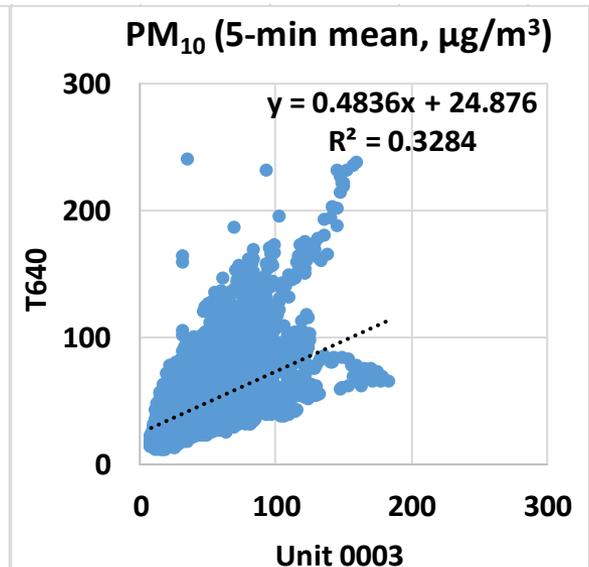
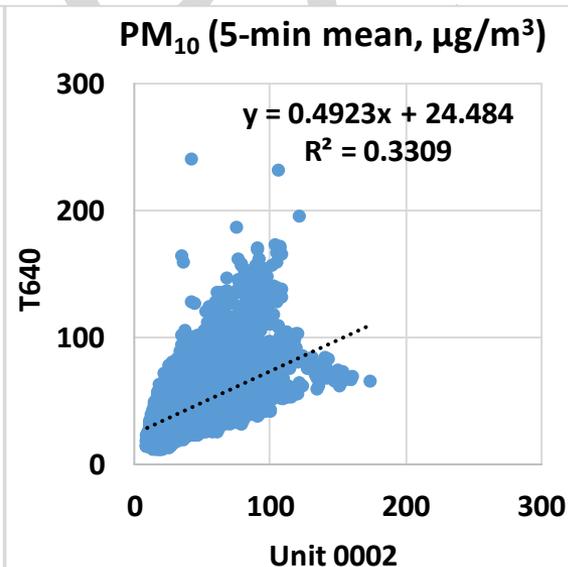
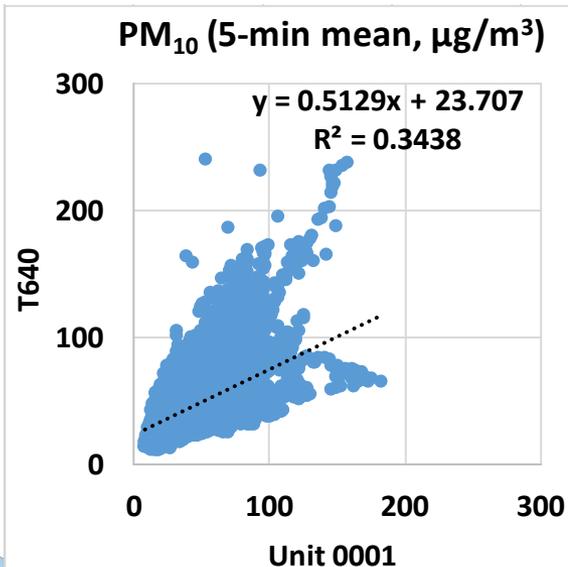
- The Polludrone Smart sensors showed strong correlations with the corresponding FEM T640 data ( $0.75 < R^2 < 0.82$ )
- Overall, the Polludrone Smart sensors overestimated the PM<sub>2.5</sub> mass concentrations as measured by FEM T640
- The Polludrone Smart sensors seemed to track the PM<sub>2.5</sub> diurnal variations as recorded by FEM T640



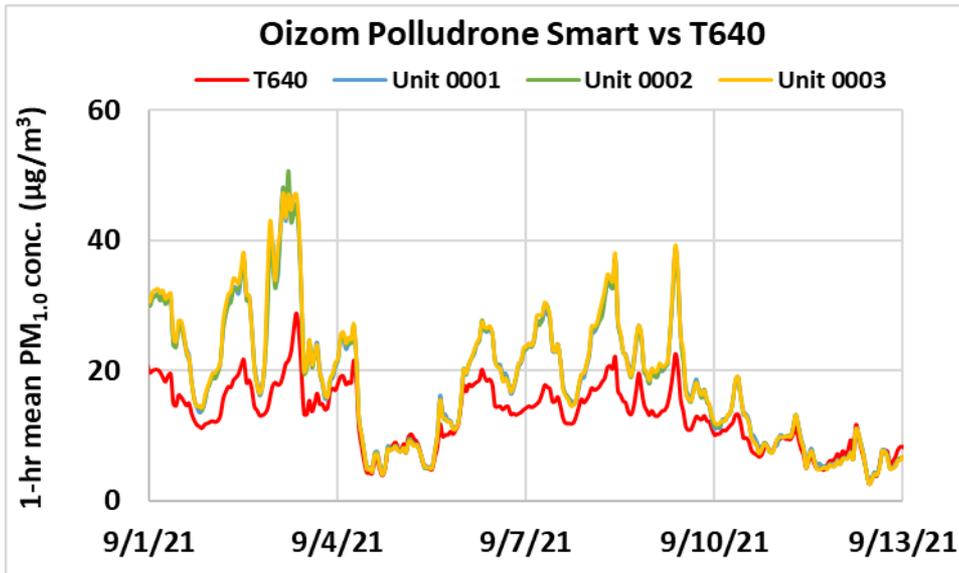
# Polludrone Smart vs T640 (PM<sub>10</sub>; 5-min mean)



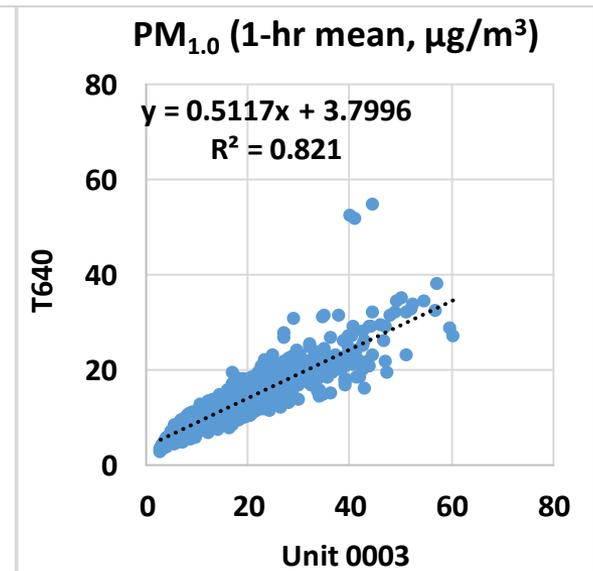
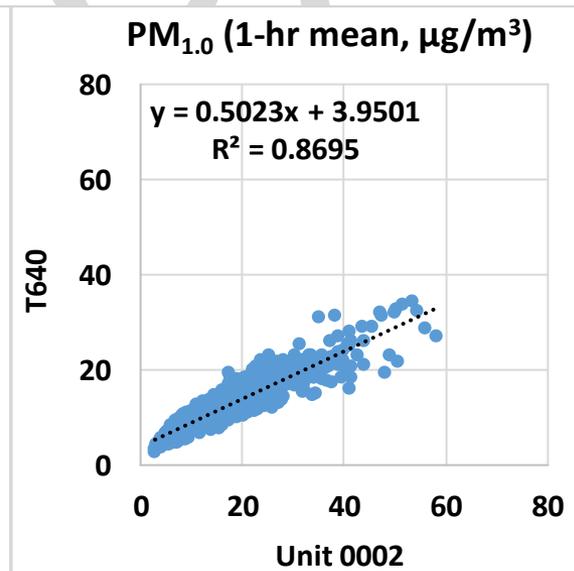
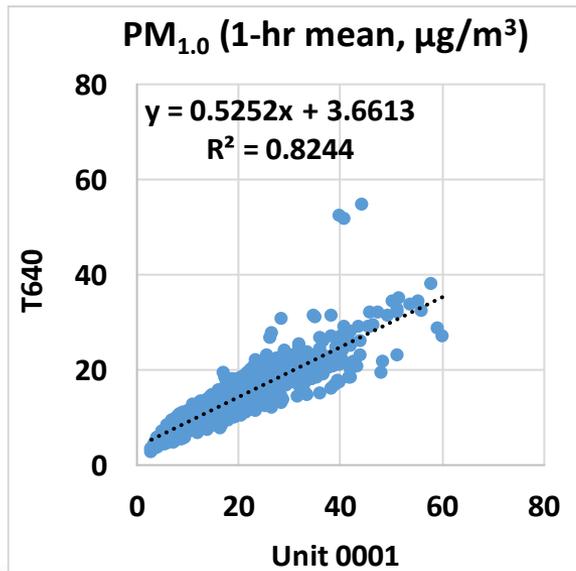
- Polludrone Smart sensors showed weak correlations with the corresponding T640 data ( $0.32 < R^2 < 0.35$ )
- Overall, the Polludrone Smart sensors underestimated the PM<sub>10</sub> mass concentrations as measured by T640
- The Polludrone Smart sensors did not seem to track the PM<sub>10</sub> diurnal variations as recorded by T640



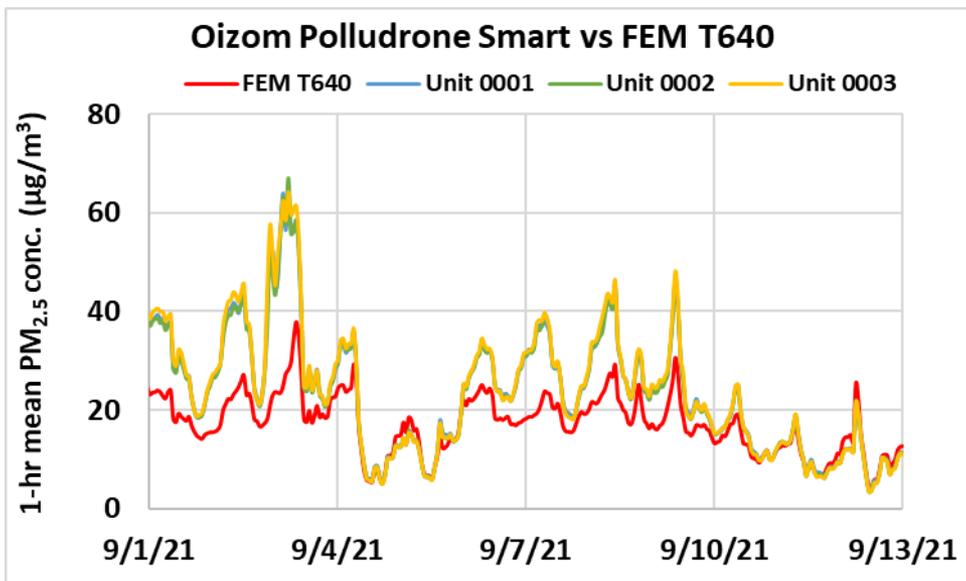
# Polludrone Smart vs T640 (PM<sub>1.0</sub>; 1-hr mean)



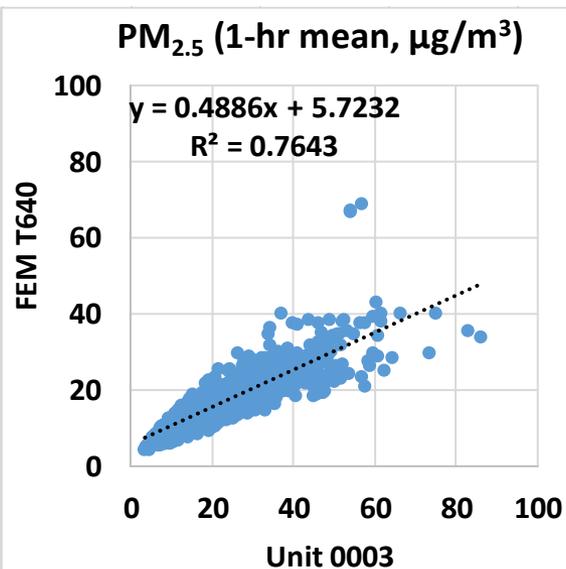
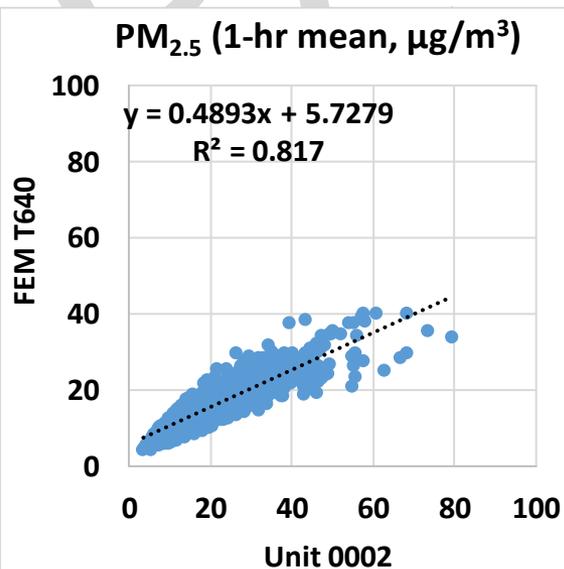
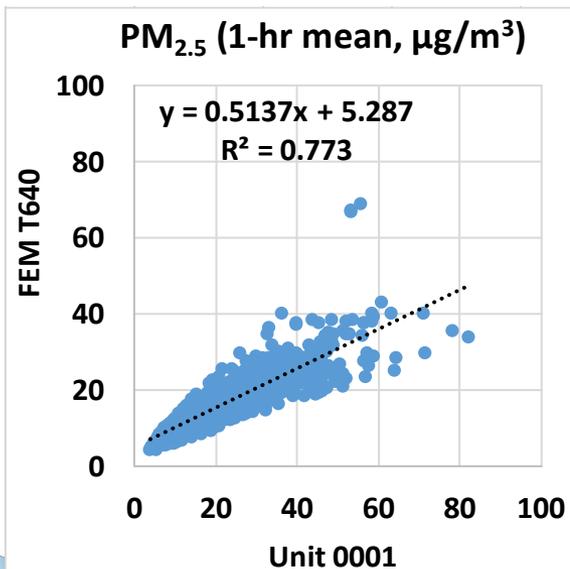
- The Polludrone Smart sensors showed strong correlations with the corresponding T640 data ( $0.82 < R^2 < 0.87$ )
- Overall, the Polludrone Smart sensors overestimated the PM<sub>1.0</sub> mass concentrations as measured by T640
- The Polludrone Smart sensors seemed to track the PM<sub>1.0</sub> diurnal variations as recorded by T640



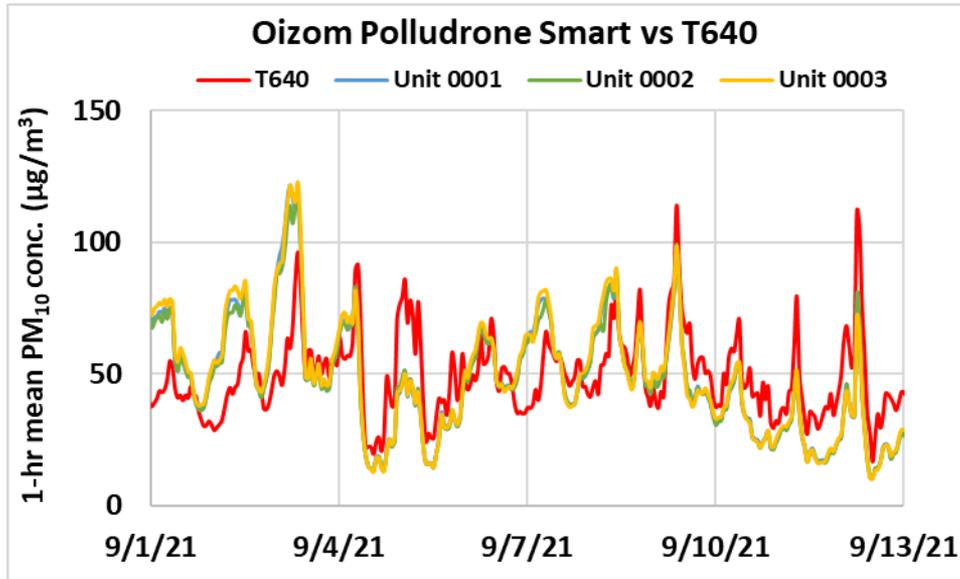
# Polludrone Smart vs FEM T640 (PM<sub>2.5</sub>; 1-hr mean)



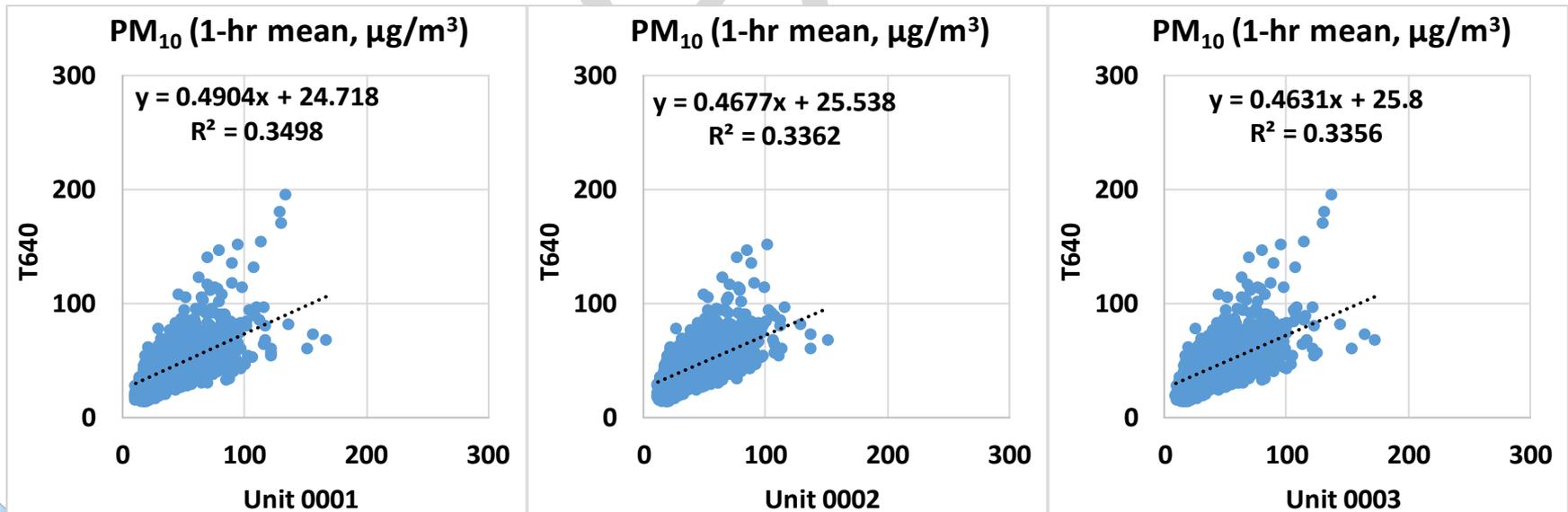
- The Polludrone Smart sensors showed strong correlations with the corresponding FEM T640 data ( $0.76 < R^2 < 0.82$ )
- Overall, the Polludrone Smart sensors overestimated the PM<sub>2.5</sub> mass concentrations as measured by FEM T640
- The Polludrone Smart sensors seemed to track the PM<sub>2.5</sub> diurnal variations as recorded by FEM T640



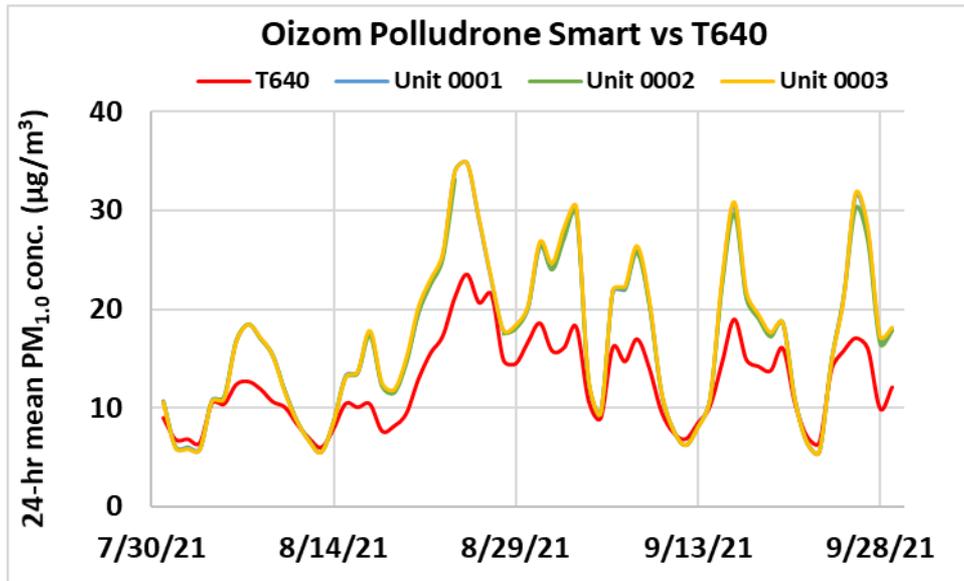
# Polludrone Smart vs T640 (PM<sub>10</sub>; 1-hr mean)



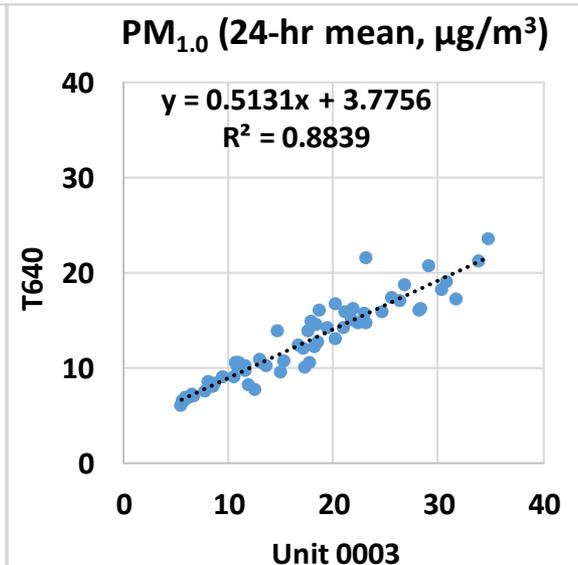
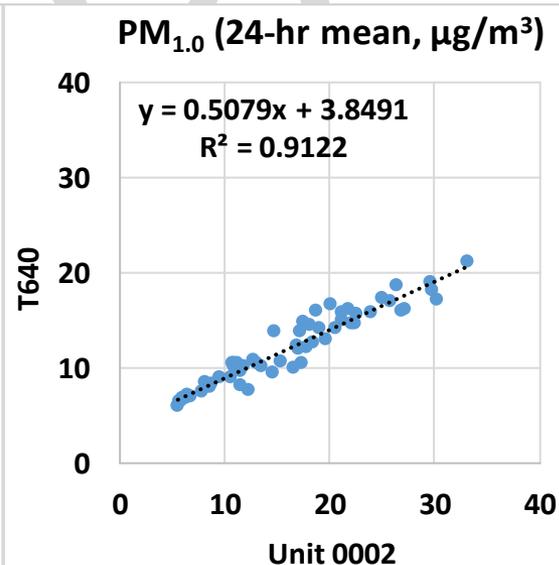
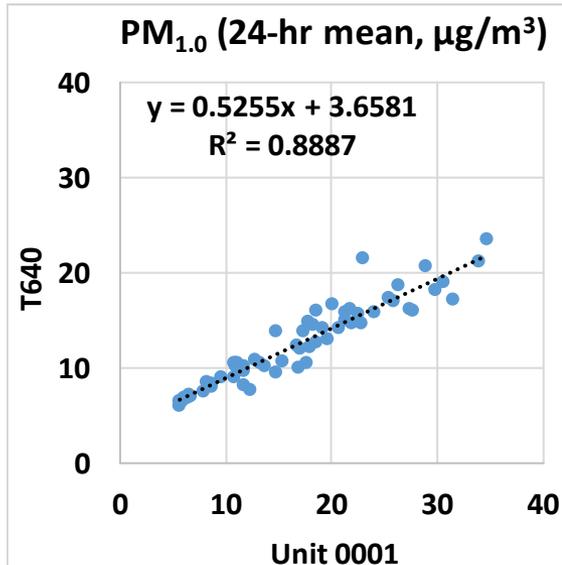
- The Polludrone Smart sensors showed weak correlations with the corresponding T640 data ( $0.33 < R^2 < 0.35$ )
- Overall, the Polludrone Smart sensors underestimated the PM<sub>10</sub> mass concentrations as measured by T640
- The Polludrone Smart sensors did not seem to track the PM<sub>10</sub> diurnal variations as recorded by T640



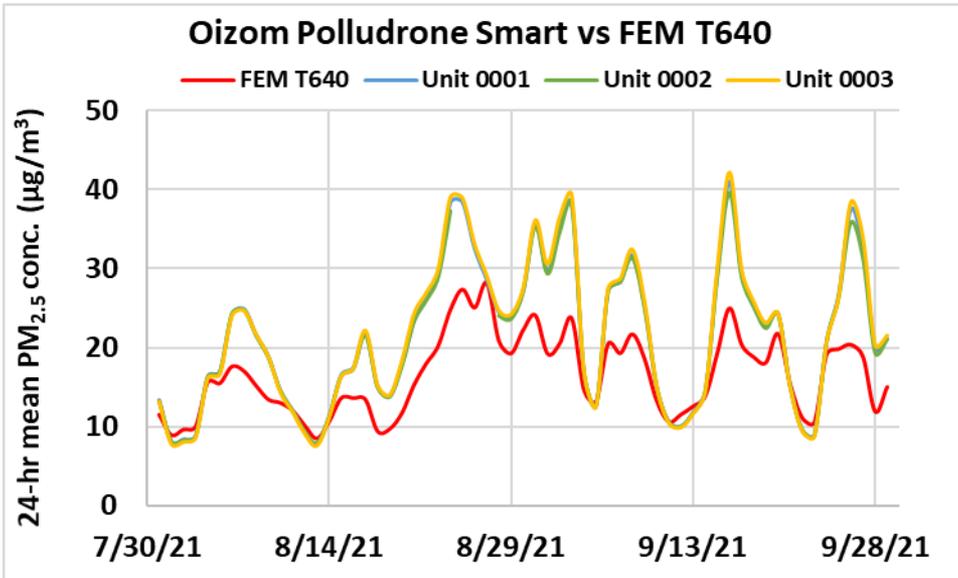
# Polludrone Smart vs T640 (PM<sub>1.0</sub>; 24-hr mean)



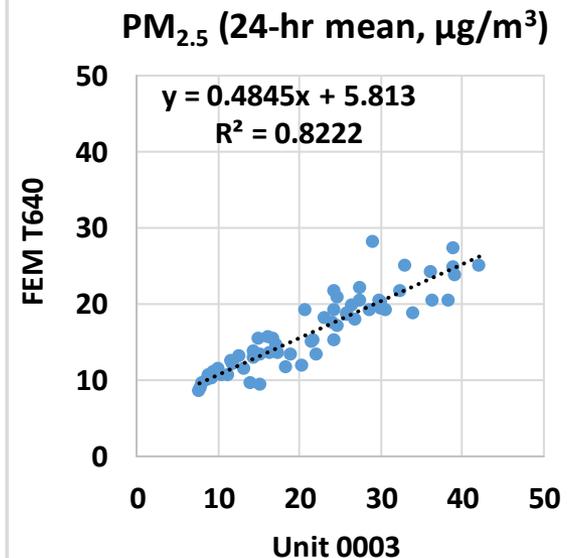
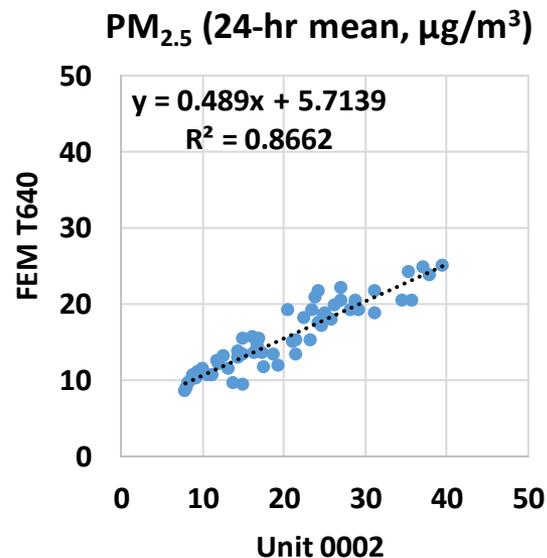
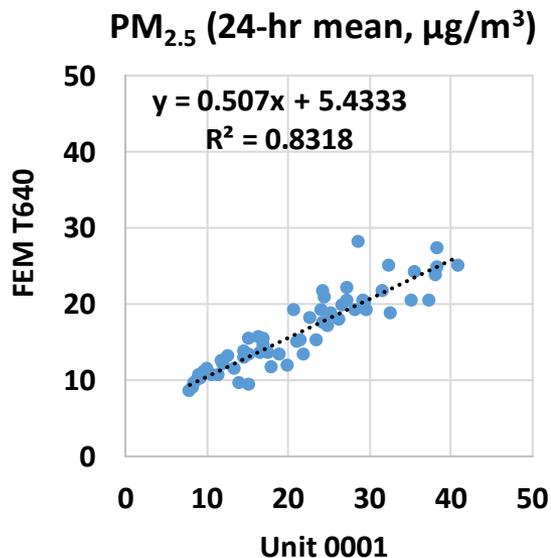
- The Polludrone Smart sensors showed strong to very strong correlations with the corresponding T640 data ( $0.88 < R^2 < 0.92$ )
- Overall, the Polludrone Smart sensors overestimated the PM<sub>1.0</sub> mass concentrations as measured by T640
- The Polludrone Smart sensors seemed to track the PM<sub>1.0</sub> diurnal variations as recorded by T640



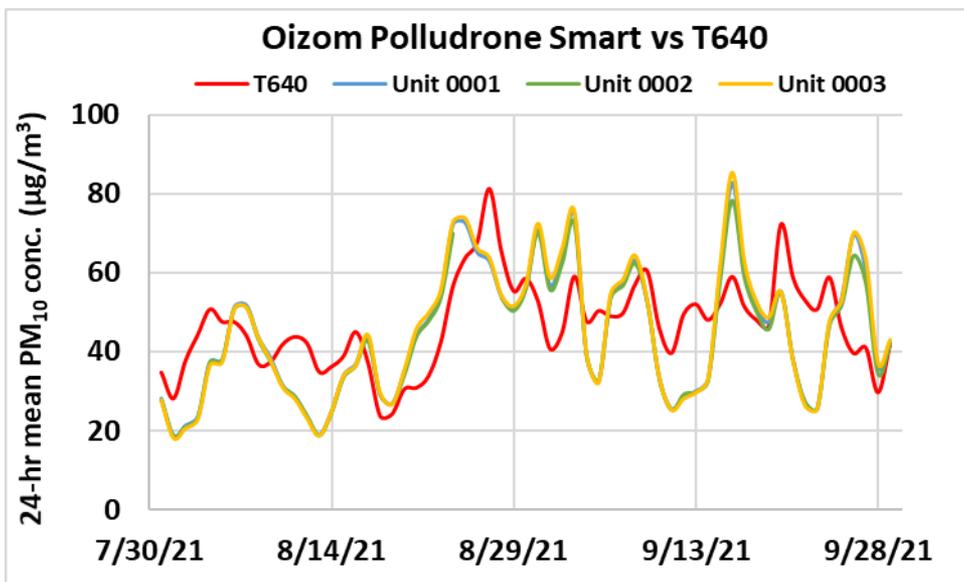
# Polludrone Smart vs FEM T640 (PM<sub>2.5</sub>; 24-hr mean)



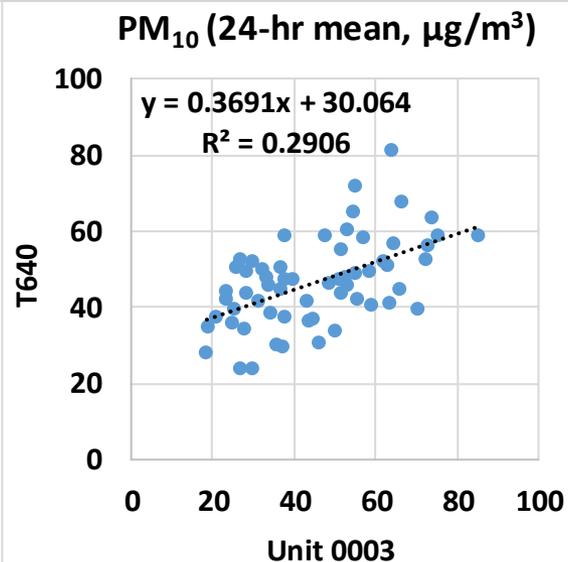
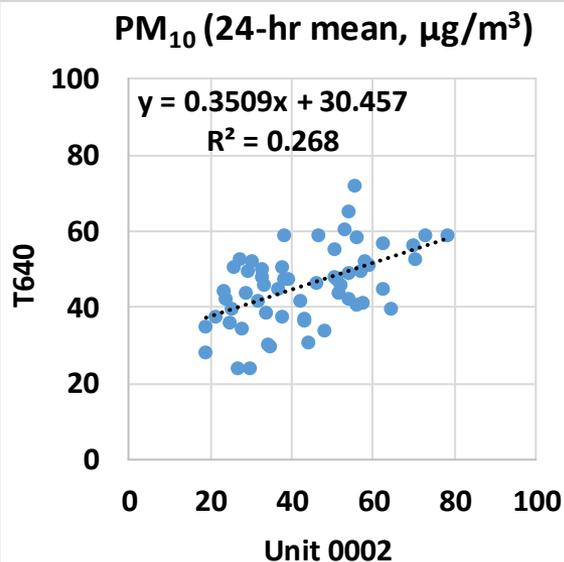
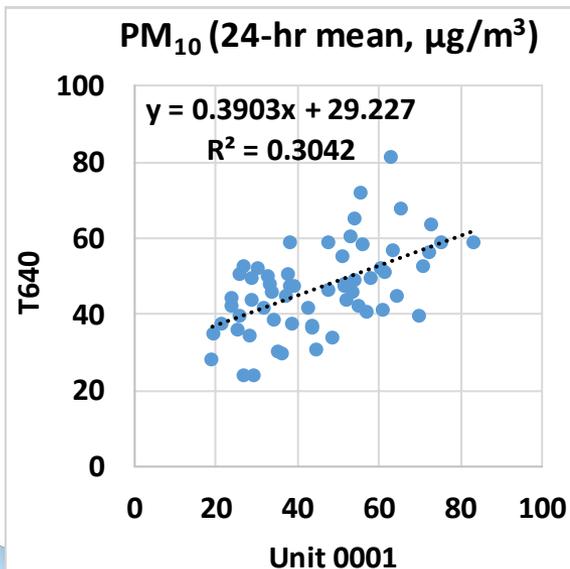
- The Polludrone Smart sensors showed strong correlations with the corresponding FEM T640 data ( $0.82 < R^2 < 0.87$ )
- Overall, the Polludrone Smart sensors overestimated the PM<sub>2.5</sub> mass concentrations as measured by FEM T640
- The Polludrone Smart sensors seemed to track the PM<sub>2.5</sub> diurnal variations as recorded by FEM T640



# Polludrone Smart vs T640 (PM<sub>10</sub>; 24-hr mean)



- The Polludrone Smart sensors showed very weak to weak correlations with the corresponding T640 data ( $0.26 < R^2 < 0.31$ )
- Overall, the Polludrone Smart sensors underestimated the PM<sub>10</sub> mass concentrations as measured by T640
- The Polludrone Smart sensors did not seem to track the PM<sub>10</sub> diurnal variations as recorded by T640



# Summary

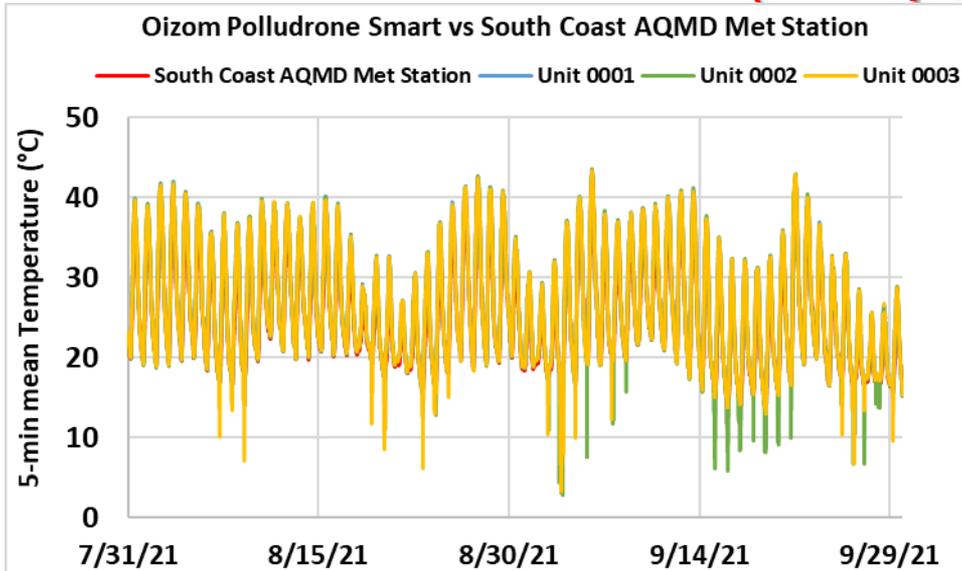
	Average of 3 Sensors, PM <sub>1.0</sub>		Polludrone Smart vs T640, PM <sub>1.0</sub>						T640 (PM <sub>1.0</sub> , µg/m <sup>3</sup> )		
	Average (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	SD (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	R <sup>2</sup>	Slope	Intercept	MBE <sup>1</sup> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	MAE <sup>2</sup> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	RMSE <sup>3</sup> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Ref. Average	Ref. SD	Range during the field evaluation
<b>5-min</b>	16.8	9.7	0.82 to 0.86	0.50 to 0.53	3.6 to 3.9	4.1 to 4.6	4.5 to 5.0	6.5 to 7.1	12.6	5.7	2.3 to 62.5
<b>1-hr</b>	16.8	9.6	0.82 to 0.87	0.50 to 0.53	3.7 to 4.0	4.1 to 4.6	4.4 to 4.9	6.4 to 7.1	12.6	5.6	2.7 to 54.8
<b>24-hr</b>	16.8	7.7	0.88 to 0.91	0.51 to 0.53	3.7 to 3.8	4.1 to 4.6	4.3 to 4.8	5.6 to 6.2	12.6	4.3	6.0 to 23.6
	Average of 3 Sensors, PM <sub>2.5</sub>		Polludrone Smart vs FEM T640, PM <sub>2.5</sub>						FEM T640 (PM <sub>2.5</sub> , µg/m <sup>3</sup> )		
	Average (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	SD (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	R <sup>2</sup>	Slope	Intercept	MBE <sup>1</sup> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	MAE <sup>2</sup> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	RMSE <sup>3</sup> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Ref. Average	Ref. SD	Range during the field evaluation
<b>5-min</b>	21.5	11.7	0.76 to 0.81	0.49 to 0.52	5.3 to 5.7	4.9 to 5.5	5.4 to 6.1	8.0 to 9.0	16.4	6.9	3.4 to 78.1
<b>1-hr</b>	21.4	11.6	0.76 to 0.82	0.49 to 0.51	5.3 to 5.7	4.9 to 5.5	5.4 to 6.1	7.9 to 8.9	16.4	6.8	4.2 to 68.8
<b>24-hr</b>	21.4	9.0	0.82 to 0.87	0.48 to 0.51	5.4 to 5.8	4.9 to 5.5	5.3 to 5.9	6.8 to 7.6	16.4	5.0	8.4 to 28.1
	Average of 3 Sensors, PM <sub>10</sub>		Polludrone Smart vs T640, PM <sub>10</sub>						T640 (PM <sub>10</sub> , µg/m <sup>3</sup> )		
	Average (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	SD (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	R <sup>2</sup>	Slope	Intercept	MBE <sup>1</sup> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	MAE <sup>2</sup> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	RMSE <sup>3</sup> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Ref. Average	Ref. SD	Range during the field evaluation
<b>5-min</b>	44.5	21.8	0.33 to 0.34	0.48 to 0.51	23.7 to 24.9	-2.6 to -1.5	14.3 to 15.5	17.9 to 19.8	46.8	19.3	10.8 to 240.6
<b>1-hr</b>	44.5	21.5	0.34 to 0.35	0.46 to 0.49	24.7 to 25.8	-2.6 to -1.5	14.1 to 15.3	17.3 to 19.1	46.8	18.1	13.3 to 194.7
<b>24-hr</b>	44.5	15.8	0.27 to 0.30	0.35 to 0.39	29.2 to 30.5	-2.5 to -1.5	11.3 to 12.3	13.1 to 14.2	46.8	11.3	23.7 to 81.3

<sup>1</sup> Mean Bias Error (MBE): the difference between the sensors and the reference instruments. MBE indicates the tendency of the sensors to underestimate (negative MBE values) or overestimate (positive MBE values).

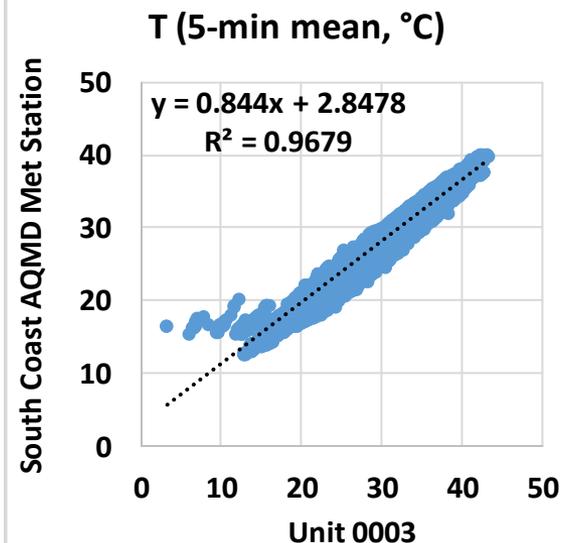
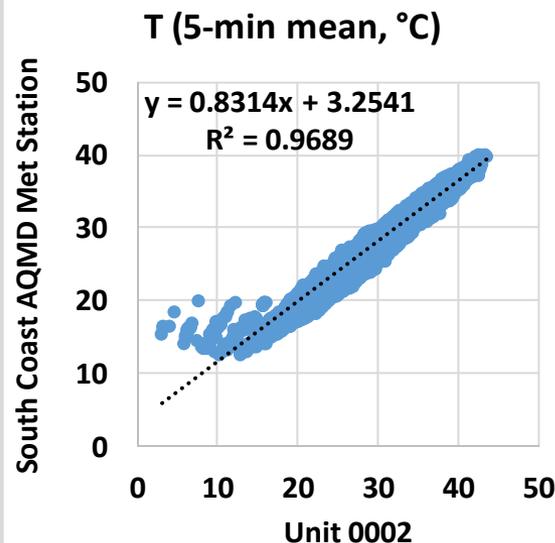
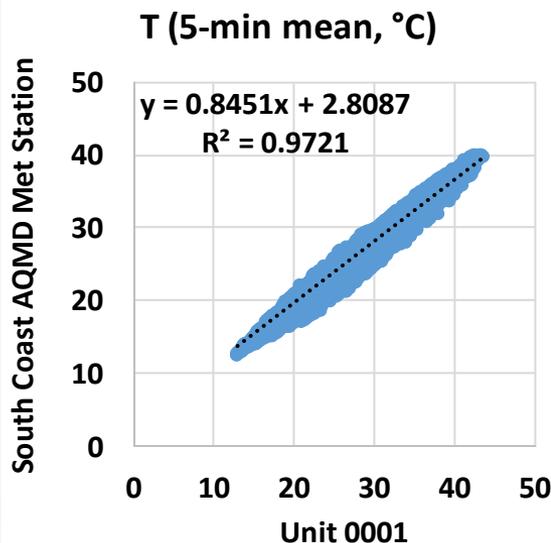
<sup>2</sup> Mean Absolute Error (MAE): the absolute difference between the sensors and the reference instruments. The larger MAE values, the higher measurement errors as compared to the reference instruments.

<sup>3</sup> Root Mean Square Error (RMSE): another metric to calculate measurement errors.

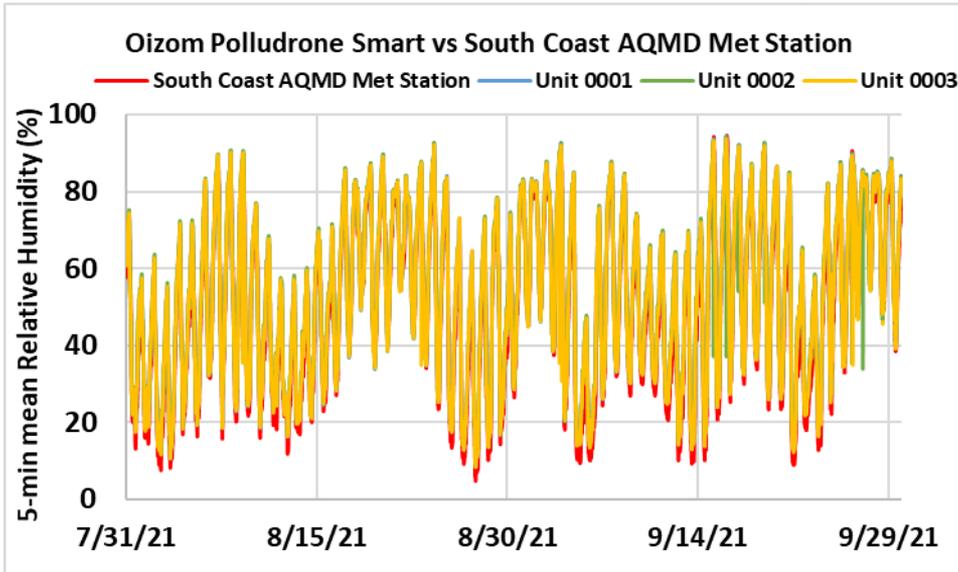
# Oizom Polludrone Smart vs South Coast AQMD Met Station Met Station (Temp; 5-min mean)



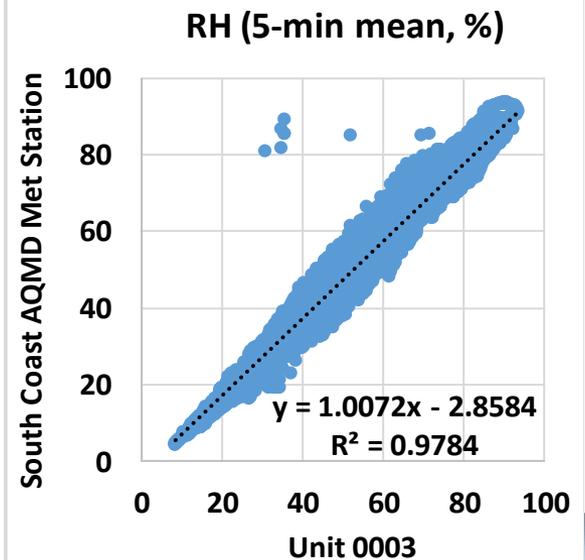
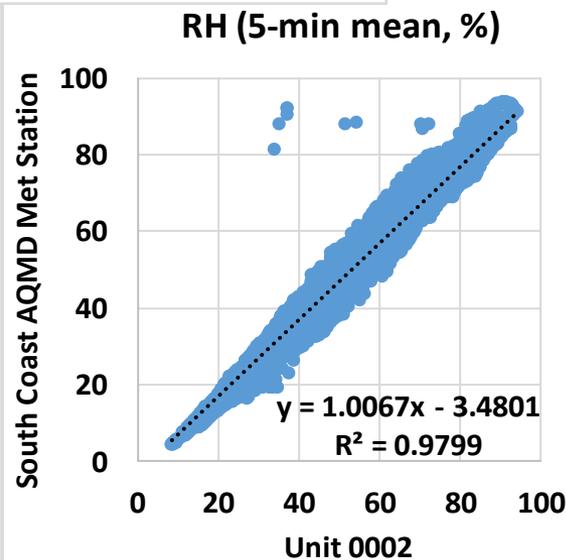
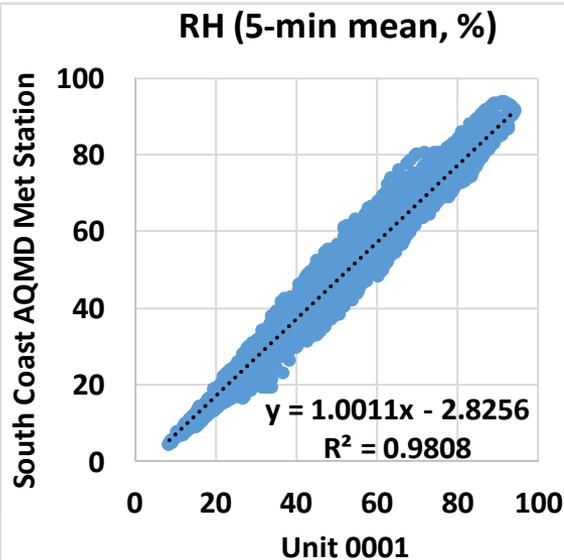
- The Polludrone Smart sensors showed very strong correlations with the corresponding South Coast AQMD Met Station data ( $R^2 \sim 0.97$ )
- Overall, the Polludrone Smart temperature measurements overestimated the corresponding South Coast AQMD Met Station data
- The Polludrone Smart sensors seemed to track the temperature diurnal variations as recorded by South Coast AQMD Met Station



# Oizom Polludrone Smart vs South Coast AQMD Met Station Met Station (RH; 5-min mean)



- The Polludrone Smart sensors showed very strong correlations with the corresponding South Coast AQMD Met Station data ( $R^2 \sim 0.98$ )
- Overall, the Polludrone Smart RH measurements overestimated the corresponding South Coast AQMD Met Station data
- The Polludrone Smart sensors seemed to track the RH diurnal variations as recorded by South Coast AQMD Met Station



# Discussion

- The three **Polludrone Smart** sensors' data recovery from Unit 0001, Unit 0002 and Unit 0003 was ~ 99%, 95% and 99% for all PM measurements, respectively
- The absolute intra-model variability was ~ 0.13, 0.20 and 0.48  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$  for  $\text{PM}_{1.0}$ ,  $\text{PM}_{2.5}$  and  $\text{PM}_{10}$ , respectively
- $\text{PM}_{1.0}$  mass concentrations measured by the Polludrone Smart sensors showed strong correlations with the corresponding T640 data ( $0.82 < R^2 < 0.87$ , 1-hr mean). The sensors overestimated  $\text{PM}_{1.0}$  mass concentrations as measured by T640
- $\text{PM}_{2.5}$  mass concentrations measured by the Polludrone Smart sensors showed strong correlations with the corresponding FEM T640 data ( $0.76 < R^2 < 0.82$ , 1-hr mean). The sensors overestimated  $\text{PM}_{2.5}$  mass concentrations as measured by FEM T640
- $\text{PM}_{10}$  mass concentrations measured by the Polludrone Smart sensors showed weak correlations with the corresponding T640 data ( $0.33 < R^2 < 0.35$ ; 1-hr mean). The sensors underestimated  $\text{PM}_{10}$  mass concentrations as measured by T640
- No sensor calibration was performed by South Coast AQMD Staff prior to the beginning of this test
- Laboratory chamber testing is necessary to fully evaluate the performance of these sensors under known aerosol concentrations and controlled temperature and relative humidity conditions
- All results are still preliminary