# Laboratory Evaluation

# MetOne ES-405





# Outline

- 1. Background
- **2. PM**<sub>2.5</sub>
- **3. PM**<sub>10</sub>



Three **MetOne ES-405 Particulate Profiler (hereinafter MetOne ES-405)** sensors were field-tested at the South Coast AQMD Rubidoux fixed ambient monitoring station (12/24/2020 to 2/24/2021) under ambient environmental conditions. Following field-testing, the same three units were evaluated in the South Coast AQMD Sensor Environmental Testing Chamber 2 (SENTEC-2) under controlled artificial aerosol concentration/size range, temperature, and relative humidity.

#### MetOne ES-405 (3 units tested):

- Particle sensor: optical; non-FEM (right angle laser scattering)
- > Each unit reports:  $PM_{1.0}$ ,  $PM_{2.5}$ , and  $PM_{10}$  (µg/m<sup>3</sup>)
- ➤ Unit cost: ~\$5,200
- ➤ Time resolution: 1-min
- ➢ Unit IDs: 1744, 1745, 1746

#### **Reference instruments:**

PM<sub>2.5/10</sub> instrument (FEM, T640x, Teledyne, San Diego, CA); cost: ~\$37,000
Time resolution: 1-min

 PM<sub>10</sub> instrument (non-FEM, APS, TSI, Shoreview, MN); cost: ~\$55,000

> Time resolution: 1-min









- 1. FEM T640x vs MetOne ES-405
- 2. Accuracy, data recovery, and intra-model variability
- **3.** Precision
- 4. Climate susceptibility
- 5. Discussion

### MetOne ES-405 vs FEM T640x (PM<sub>2.5</sub>)



 The MetOne ES-405 sensors tracked well with the concentration variation but underestimated PM<sub>2.5</sub> concentration values compared to the FEM T640x in the concentration range of 0 -300 µg/m<sup>3</sup>.

#### **Coefficient of Determination**



 The MetOne ES-405 sensors showed very strong correlations with the FEM T640x PM<sub>2.5</sub> mass conc. (R<sup>2</sup> > 0.98)

# MetOne ES-405 vs FEM T640x PM<sub>2.5</sub> Accuracy

• Accuracy (20°C and 40% RH)

Steady state #	Sensor Mean (µg/m³)	FEM T640x (μg/m³)	Accuracy (%)
1	4.19	9.05	46.3%
2	23.34	47.50	49.1%
3	45.93	97.71	47.0%
4	78.22	196.31	39.8%
5	106.34	296.41	35.9%

 The MetOne ES-405 sensors underestimated the measured concentration compared to the FEM T640x PM<sub>2.5</sub> mass concentration at 20 °C and 40% RH. The MetOne ES-405 sensors showed low to moderate accuracy (35.9% to 49.1%) for all tested PM<sub>2.5</sub> concentrations compared to the reference FEM T640x for the entirety of test.

### MetOne ES-405 Data Recovery and Intra-model Variability

- Data recovery for PM2.5 measurements was 100% for all units.
- Low to moderate PM<sub>2.5</sub> concentration variations were observed between the three units at 20° C and 40% RH, at 10, 50, and 150 μg/m<sup>3</sup> PM<sub>2.5</sub> as measured by the FEM T640x.

### Precision: MetOne ES-405 (PM<sub>2.5</sub>)

• Precision (Effect of PM<sub>2.5</sub> conc., temperature and relative humidity)



Overall, the three MetOne ES-405 sensors showed high precision for all combinations of PM<sub>2.5</sub> conc., T, and RH.

### Climate Susceptibility: MetOne ES-405 (PM<sub>2.5</sub>)

### Low Temp - RH ramping (medium conc.)



#### High Temp – RH ramping (medium conc.)



# Discussion: PM<sub>2.5</sub>

- Accuracy: The three MetOne ES-405 sensors showed accuracy ranged from 35.9% to 49.1%. (refer to slide 6)
- Precision: The three MetOne ES-405 sensors exhibited high precision during all tested PM<sub>2.5</sub> conc., T, and RH conditions. (refer to slide 7)
- Intra-model variability: Low to moderate PM<sub>2.5</sub> measurement variations were observed among the three MetOne ES-405 sensors at 20 °C and 40% RH. (refer to slide 6)
- > Data Recovery: Data recovery for PM<sub>2.5</sub> measurements was 100% for all units. (refer to slide 6)
- > Bias: N/A
- > **Detection limit**: The detection limit cannot be estimated due to limitations in the chamber system design.
- Response time: Response time could not be studied due to the system design of the chamber system. With a 1.6 m<sup>3</sup> chamber volume, it was not possible to reach a high pollutant concentration within a short time.
- Linear Correlation: The three MetOne ES-405 sensors showed very strong correlation/linear response with the corresponding FEM T640x PM<sub>2.5</sub> measurement data (R<sup>2</sup> > 0.98). (refer to slide 5)
- Selectivity: N/A for PM sensors test
- Interferences: N/A for PM sensors test
- Note about PM<sub>1.0</sub>: The field evaluation compared the PM<sub>1.0</sub> values reported from the MetOne ES-405 sensors against the field GRIMM and T640 that reported PM<sub>1.0</sub>. However, PM<sub>1.0</sub> was not compared in this lab evaluation because at the time of lab testing (before March 2022) the lab T640x firmware upgrade to report PM<sub>1.0</sub> was not finalized yet.

# Discussion: PM<sub>2.5</sub>

- > Measurement duration: MetOne ES-405 sensors report 1-minute averaged values.
- Measurement frequency: MetOne ES-405 sensors report 1-minute averaged values. The obtained data was used as-is for calculation of statistics (e.g. data recovery, intra-model variability, mean, accuracy, precision), but condensed into 5-minute averages for linear correlation studies against the FEM T640x.
- Sensor contamination and expiration: Prior to the laboratory evaluation, the MetOne ES-405 sensors were tested in the field for two months. The PM<sub>2.5</sub> laboratory studies lasted for about 9 days with intermittent non-operating periods and a storage period of ~ 10 months. For PM<sub>2.5</sub> measurements, all of the MetOne ES-405 sensors maintained their functionalities and operated normally throughout the duration of the testing.
- Concentration range: Up to 2,000 µg/m<sup>3</sup> PM<sub>2.5</sub> concentration as suggested by the manufacturer. During the laboratory evaluation, the MetOne ES-405 sensors were challenged with PM<sub>2.5</sub> concentrations up to 300 µg/m<sup>3</sup>. (refer to slide 5)
- > Drift: N/A
- Climate susceptibility: During the lab studies, temperature and relative humidity generally had little effect on the precision of PM<sub>2.5</sub> concentrations as recorded by the MetOne ES-405 sensors. However, Unit 1746 showed especially pronounced overestimation of PM<sub>2.5</sub> concentrations at higher relative humidity. (refer to slides 7 and 8)
- **Response to loss of power**: MetOne ES-405 sensors were powered through the entirety of the lab tests.

# **PM**<sub>10</sub>

- 1. FEM T640x vs APS vs MetOne ES-405
- 2. Accuracy, data recovery, and intra-model variability
- 3. Climate susceptibility
- 4. Discussion

### MetOne ES-405 vs FEM T640x vs APS (PM<sub>10</sub>)



- The MetOne ES-405 sensors tracked well with the  $PM_{10}$  concentration variations as recorded by the FEM T640x and APS in the concentration range of 0 300 µg/m<sup>3</sup>.
- The MetOne ES-405 sensors showed very strong correlations with both FEM T640x and APS PM10 measurement data (R<sup>2</sup> > 0.99).



## MetOne ES-405 vs FEM T640x vs APS PM<sub>10</sub> Accuracy

#### • Accuracy (20°C and 40% RH)

Steady state #	Sensor Mean (µg/m³)	FEM T640x (μg/m³)	Accuracy (%)	Steady state #	Sensor Mean (µg/m³)	APS (µg/m³)	Accuracy (%)
1	4.89	11.95	40.9%	1	4.89	6.81	71.8%
2	25.41	48.26	52.7%	2	25.41	38.54	65.9%
3	54.07	98.26	55.0%	3	54.07	80.60	67.1%
4	105.90	210.17	50.4%	4	105.90	161.67	65.5%
5	155.90	306.70	50.8%	5	155.90	241.91	64.4%

The MetOne ES-405 sensors underestimated the measured PM<sub>10</sub> concentration compared to the FEM T640x and APS at 20 °C and 40% RH. The MetOne ES-405 sensors showed moderate accuracy for all tested PM<sub>10</sub> concentrations compared to the reference FEM T640x (40.9% to 55.0%) and APS (64.4% to 71.8%) for the entirety of test.

### MetOne ES-405 Data Recovery and Intra-model Variability

- Data recovery was 100% for PM10 mass concentration values for all units.
- Moderate PM<sub>10</sub> concentration variations were observed between the three units at 20° C and 40% RH, at 10, 50, and 100 µg/m<sup>3</sup> PM<sub>10</sub> as measured by the FEM T640x.

### Climate Susceptibility: MetOne ES-405 (PM<sub>10</sub>)

### Low Temp - RH ramping (medium conc.)



#### High Temp – RH ramping (medium conc.)



# Discussion: PM<sub>10</sub>

- Accuracy: The MetOne ES-405 sensors underestimated the measured PM<sub>10</sub> concentration compared to the FEM T640x and APS at 20 °C and 40% RH. The MetOne ES-405 sensors showed moderate accuracy for all tested PM<sub>10</sub> concentrations compared to the reference FEM T640x (40.9% to 55.0%) and APS (64.4% to 71.8%) for the entirety of test. (refer to slide 13)
- Precision: Due to the nature of Arizona Test Dust dispersion, the aerosol concentration showed some variability, therefore, the precision cannot be fairly estimated.
- Intra-model variability: Moderate PM<sub>10</sub> measurement variations were observed among the three MetOne ES-405 sensors at 20 °C and 40% RH. (refer to slide 13)
- > **Data Recovery:** Data recovery for PM<sub>10</sub> measurements was 100% for all units. (refer to slide 13)
- ➢ Bias: N/A
- > **Detection limit**: The detection limit cannot be estimated due to limitations in the chamber system design.
- Response time: Response time could not be studied due to the system design of the chamber system. With a 1.6 m<sup>3</sup> chamber volume, it was not possible to reach a high pollutant concentration within a short time.
- Linear Correlation: The three MetOne ES-405 sensors showed very strong correlation/linear response with the corresponding FEM T640x and APS PM<sub>10</sub> measurement data (R<sup>2</sup> > 0.99). (refer to slide 12)
- Selectivity: N/A for PM sensors test
- Interferences: N/A for PM sensors test
- Note about PM<sub>1.0</sub>: The field evaluation compared the PM<sub>1.0</sub> values reported from the MetOne ES-405 sensors against the field GRIMM and T640 that reported PM<sub>1.0</sub>. However, PM<sub>1.0</sub> was not compared in this lab evaluation because at the time of lab testing (before March 2022) the lab T640x firmware upgrade to report PM<sub>1.0</sub> was not finalized yet.

# Discussion: PM<sub>10</sub>

- > Measurement duration: MetOne ES-405 sensors report 1-minute averaged values.
- Measurement frequency: MetOne ES-405 sensors report 1-minute averaged values. The obtained data was used as-is for calculation of statistics (e.g. data recovery, intra-model variability, mean, accuracy, precision), but condensed into 5-minute averages for linear correlation studies against the FEM T640x and APS.
- Sensor contamination and expiration: Prior to the laboratory evaluation, the MetOne ES-405 sensors were tested in the field for two months. The PM<sub>10</sub> laboratory studies lasted for about 8 days with intermittent non-operating periods and a storage period of ~ 11 months. For PM<sub>10</sub> measurements, all MetOne ES-405 sensors maintained their functionalities and operated normally throughout the duration of the testing.
- Concentration range: Up to 10,000 µg/m<sup>3</sup> PM<sub>10</sub> concentration as suggested by the manufacturer. During the laboratory evaluation, the MetOne ES-405 sensors were challenged with PM<sub>10</sub> concentrations up to 300 µg/m<sup>3</sup>. (refer to slide 12)
- > Drift: N/A
- Climate susceptibility: During the lab studies, relative humidity generally had little effect on the stability of PM<sub>10</sub> as recorded by the MetOne ES-405 sensors. (refer to slide 14)
- **Response to loss of power**: MetOne ES-405 sensors were powered through the entirety of the lab tests.