# **AQ-SPEC** Air Quality Sensor Performance Evaluation Center

### Sensor Description

Manufacturer/Model: Aeroqual Model AQY v0.5

> Pollutants: NO<sub>2</sub>

Measurement Range: 0 - 500 ppb

Type: Gas Sensitive Electrochemical (GSE)



### Additional Information

### Field evaluation report:

http://www.aqmd.gov/aqspec/evaluations/field

#### Lab evaluation report:

http://www.aqmd.gov/aqspec/evaluations/laboratory

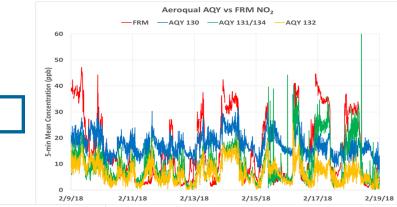
AQ-SPEC website: http://www.aqmd.gov/aq-spec

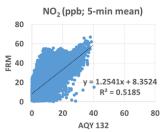
## **Evaluation Summary**

- Overall, the three Aeroqual AQY sensors (Units 130, 131 and 132) showed low accuracy in the laboratory studies. They underestimated the FRM NO<sub>2</sub> measurements for a concentration range between 0 to 150 ppb.
- The three Aeroqual AQY sensors exhibited moderate to high precision for most of the tested T/RH combinations in the environmental chamber, except at low NO<sub>2</sub> concentration under all T/RH combinations, in which precision could not be determined.
- The Aeroqual AQY sensors (Units 130 and 132) showed moderate intra-model variability in the field deployment and low to moderate intra-model variability in the laboratory testing (Units 130, 131 and 132).
- The Aeroqual AQY sensors had good data recovery (> 85 % for 5-min average in the field, and 100% for 1-min average in the laboratory).
- For NO<sub>2</sub>, the Aeroqual AQY sensors (Units 130 and 132) showed moderate correlations with the reference instrument in the field ( $R^2 \sim 0.50$ ) and very strong correlations with the FRM instrument in the laboratory studies ( $R^2 > 0.98$ , Units 130, 131 and 132).

## Field Evaluation Highlights

- Deployment period 12/22/2017- 03/27/2018: the Aeroqual AQY sensors (units IDs: 130 and 132) showed moderate correlations with NO<sub>2</sub> concentration changes as measured by the FRM instrument.
- The units showed > 85% data recovery as well as moderate intra-model variability.





 $R^2 \sim 0.50$ 

Coefficient of Determination (R<sup>2</sup>) quantifies how the two sensors (Units 130 and 132) followed the NO<sub>2</sub> concentration change measured by the FRM instrument.

An  $\mathbb{R}^2$  approaching the value of 1 reflects a near perfect agreement, whereas a value of 0 indicates a complete lack of correlation.

# Laboratory Evaluation Highlights

Accuracy

### **Accuracy**

A (%) = 1	$00 - rac{ \overline{\mathrm{X}} - \overline{\mathrm{R}} }{\overline{\mathrm{R}}} * 100$			
Steady State	Sensor mean	FRM		

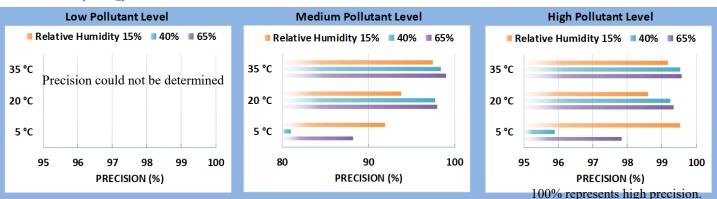
(#)	(ppb)	(ppb)	(%)
1	N/A	14.4	N/A
2	0.9	34.1	2.6
3	10.2	75.9	13.4
4	20.6	123.0	16.7
5	32.2	170.0	18.9

Accuracy was evaluated by a concentration ramping experiment at 20 °C and 40%. The sensor's readings at each ramping steady state are compared to the reference instrument.

A negative % means sensors' overestimation by more than two fold. The higher the positive value (close to 100%), the higher the sensor's accuracy



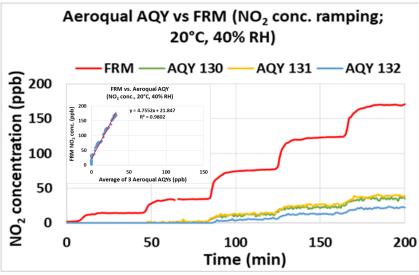
### Precision (NO<sub>2</sub>)



Sensor's ability of generating precise measurements of NO<sub>2</sub> concentration at low, medium, and high pollutant levels were evaluated under 9 combinations of T and RH, including extreme weather conditions like cold and dry (5 °C and 15%), cold and humid (5 °C and 65%), hot and humid (35 °C and 65%), or hot and dry (35 °C and 15%).

### Coefficient of Determination

a



The three Aeroqual AQY sensors showed very strong correlations with the corresponding FRM data ( $R^2 > 0.98$ ) at 20 °C and 40% RH.

### Climate Susceptibility (R2)

R <sup>2</sup>	5 °C	20 °C	35 °C
15%	0.920	0.960	0.983
40%	0.802	0.980	0.986
65%	0.921	0.968	0.994

### **Observed Interferents**

Ozone interfered with the NO<sub>2</sub> measurements

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