

#### Evaluation of SCAQMD Socioeconomic Assessments

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## Outline



Introduction		Who conducted the evaluation? What's the objective?				
L	Evaluat Meth	How did we co			onduct the evaluation? What did we do?	
		Evaluation Results		What did we find from stakeholder interviews and our detailed review?		
		R	Recommendation		What are our suggestions to the SCAQMD?	



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#### **Evaluators**

- Experts specialized in
  - Health and welfare benefits analysis
  - Compliance cost analysis
  - Macroeconomic modeling
  - Regulatory impact analysis
  - Environmental justice
  - Survey / questionnaire design
- Not involved in any previous SCAQMD Socioeconomic Analysis

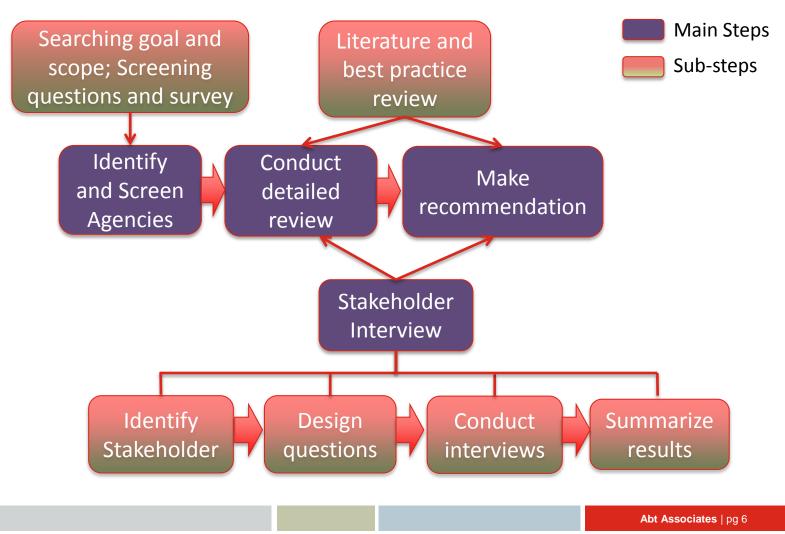
### **Evaluation Objectives**



- Independent evaluation in an objective manner
- Whether SCAQMD practices represent state-of-theart methods for socioeconomic assessments
- Whether the scope of the analysis undertaken is adequate
- Whether the documentation assures a transparent and balanced presentation to the public.

#### **Evaluation Approach**





### **Evaluation Process**



- Started November 2013 and completed August 2014
- Selected 16 public agencies (from 171 nationwide)

> SCAQMD, U.S. EPA, and other state and local agencies

Reviewed 63 relevant analyses

For SCAQMD: 2007 and 2012 AQMPs, and six rules

- Identified 33 candidates and interviewed 23 stakeholders (face-to-face and phone interviews)
- Interviewers maintained a neutral stance on all questions and responses.

### Stakeholder Interview Summary



Table: Common Themes Collected from Stakeholder Interviews:

Strengths	Weaknesses
Methods and tools	Accuracy of data inputs and assumptions; uncertainty analysis
Scope of analysis	Issues with REMI
Presentation	Inclusion of SCAG's TCMs
	Credibility of the assessments
	Outreach effort

### **Evaluation Results – Overview**



 All agencies included in our review conducted cost analysis; only 6 of them conducted benefits analysis; half conducted economic impact analysis.

 Overall, the SCAQMD performs stronger socioeconomic assessments than the majority of other agencies.

 Many agencies have shared weaknesses, e.g., clarity and transparency, documentation of methods.

# Evaluation Results - Comparative Strengths and Weaknesses



Comparative Strengths of SCAQMD's Assessments	Comparative Weaknesses of SCAQMD's Assessments	
<ul> <li>Comprehensive (breadth and depth):</li> <li>Benefits analysis (health and welfare)</li> <li>Environmental justice analysis</li> <li>Administrative and other costs</li> <li>Equipment life</li> <li>Competitiveness</li> </ul>	Uncertainty analysis	
<ul> <li>Sound methodology in general</li> <li>BenMAP</li> <li>Major costs included</li> <li>Cost effectiveness</li> <li>REMI</li> </ul>	Different cost-effectiveness calculation makes it difficult to compare with other agencies	

### **Key Recommendations**



- Redouble effort to better define baseline and policy scenarios for regulations.
  - If TCMs are considered in the baseline
  - If SIP-committed TCMs are incorporated as part of AQMP
  - Use baseline definition consistently across the assessment
- Strengthen REMI and consider alternative models
  - Properly normalize magnitude of adjustment to coefficients in the migration equation to link air quality change with relative attractiveness of one area compared to others
  - Partial equilibrium models for small businesses analysis
  - Retrospective analysis
  - Evaluation of REMI regarding applying benefits in the model

#### Key Recommendations - continued



- Redesign the reporting/documentation system; Enhance analysis transparency
  - Methodology guidebook; Technical report; Summary report
  - Details about data sources, data input choices, methods
- Institute a systematic process of literature review (e.g., epidemiological studies, valuation studies, job impact assessment, EJ analysis, visibility studies)
- Incorporate uncertainty analysis
  - Health benefits estimates from BenMAP
  - Sensitivity analysis for control costs
  - Qualitative discussion uncertainty sources, magnitude, impct

#### Key Recommendations - continued



- Expand environmental justice analysis
  - EJ screening analysis to identify "hotspots"
  - Further analysis to assess policy impact
- Present cost effectiveness based on DCF and LCF to allow comparison across agencies
- Increase the transparency of the socioeconomic assessment process
  - New reporting system
  - Science Advisory Group
  - Outreach to strengthen public participation
  - External peer review