Technical Solutions: Safer Feasible Alternatives October 29, 2014



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IRTA Approach to Finding Alternatives

 Investigate and work with selected industry, determine use characteristics and figure out what alternatives might work

Variety of options

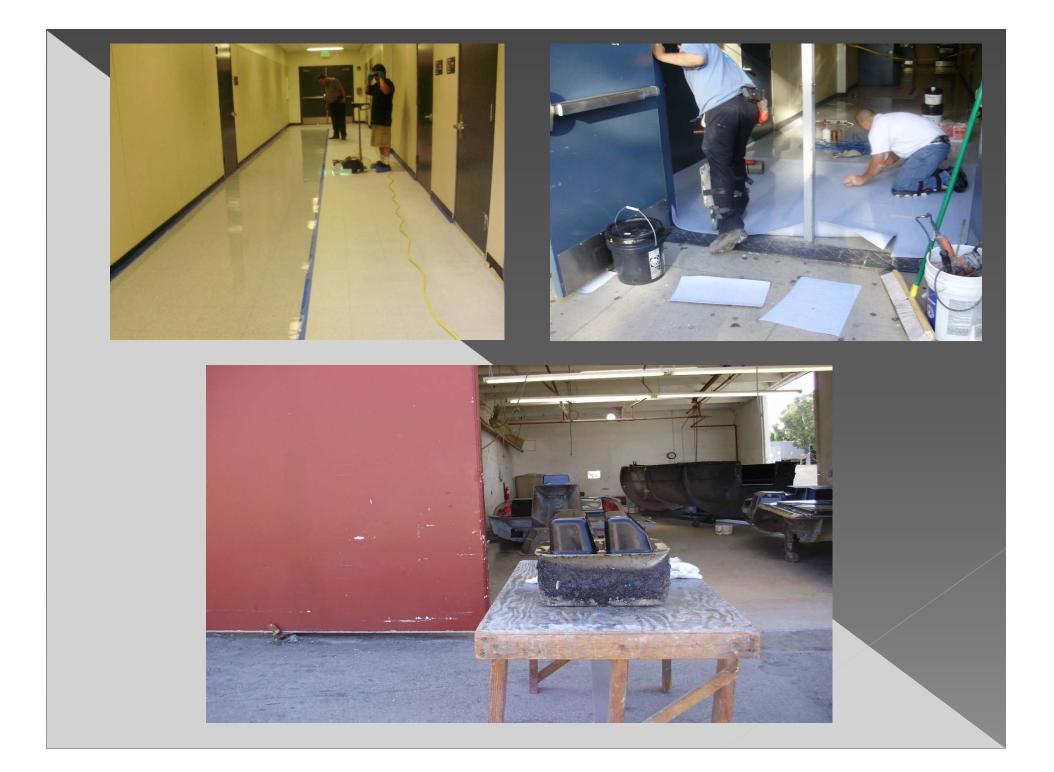
- > Eliminate need for operation
- Substitute process alternative
- > Substitute chemical alternative
- Test alternatives
- Evaluate performance and cost
- Examine health and environmental effects
- Worker toxicity is most serious issue

Background on Exempt Chemical Issue

- Exempt chemicals can be used as chemical alternatives
- EPA exempts chemicals based only on reactivity whereas California considers other factors
- When SCAQMD exempts a chemical, formulators and users use it extensively
 - > VOC limits are low
 - Drop-in substitution is easiest way to comply
 - Believe exemption is stamp of approval to use
- District needs policy for exempt chemicals that takes into account increased worker exposure

Examples of Eliminating Need for Operation

- Company making silicone implantable medical devices
 - Converted to high density polyethylene pots and eliminated need for cleaning
- Schools and public buildings using floor wax strippers to remove wax from VCT floors
 - > Use alternative flooring or coatings that don't require waxing or stripping
- Company making boat hulls using molding process
 - Convert from wax based release agent to waterbased liquid release agent and eliminate need for cleaning molds with styrene



Examples of Process Alternatives

 Companies using methylene chloride paint strippers or agencies using graffiti removers Convert to abrasive blasting operations Companies using solvents for vapor degreasing and cold cleaning operations Convert to water-based cleaning systems Companies using methylene chloride or npropyl bromide adhesives for foam fabrication, mattress manufacturing or > Convert to water-based or hot melt adhesive

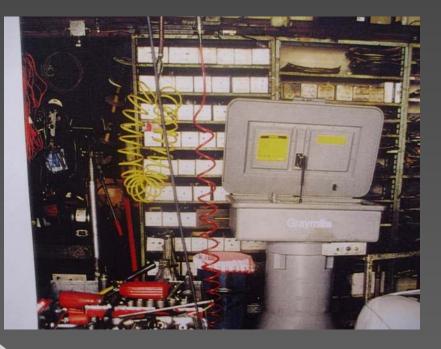












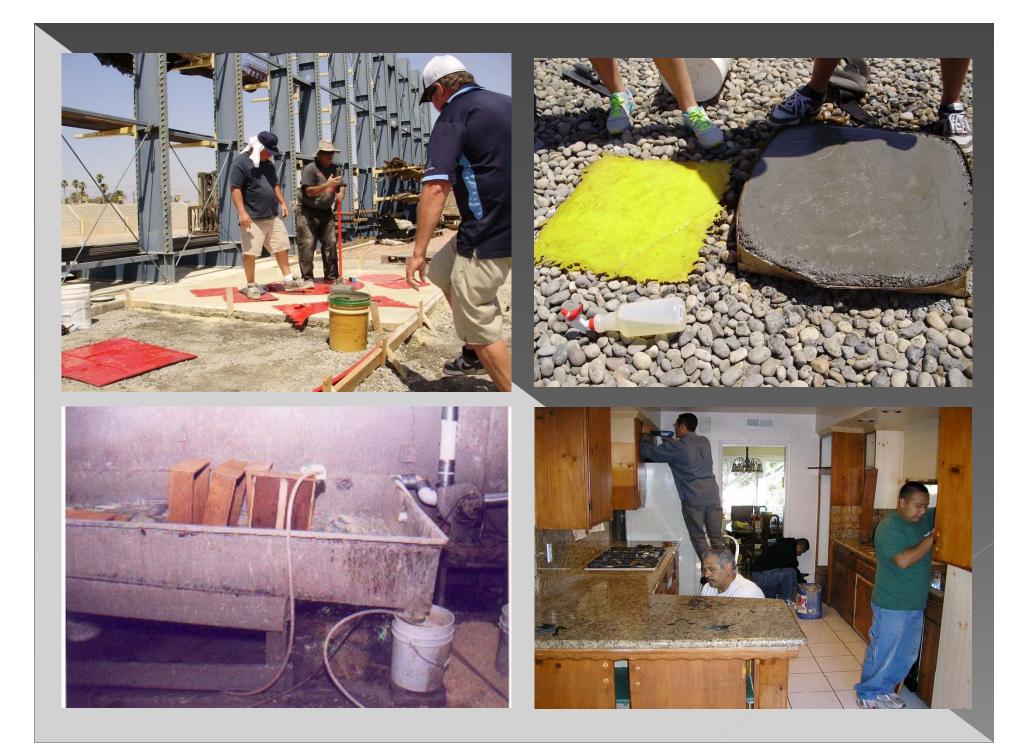




Examples of Chemical Alternatives

- Companies using VOC lubricants
 - Convert to water-based or vegetable based lubricants
- Companies making asphalt, contractors applying asphalt using diesel release agents
 - > Convert to recycled vegetable oil
- Contractors using VOC release agents for concrete stamping
 - Convert to petroleum based lubricant
- Furniture strippers using methylene chloride based stripping formulations
 - Convert to benzyl alcohol formulations
- Consumers, shops using VOC, toxic auto aerosol cleaners
 - Convert to acetone formulations with carbon dioxide propellant





Challenges in Choosing Chemical Alternatives

- Best option is to select very low VOC content options like vegetable based material
 - > Likely to be low in toxicity
- Another option is to exempt chemicals and select them as alternatives
 - > Some chemicals have toxic endpoint
 - Don't exempt them (TBAC, DMC)
 - Some chemicals have very little toxicity information
 - Precautionary principle indicates they shouldn't be deemed exempt (PCBTF)
 - > Some chemicals are low in toxicity
 - They can be exempted (acetone)

Major Factor to Consider

 Exempting a chemical from VOC regulations gives it preference and indicates District thinks it should be used in place of other options

- Deciding not to exempt a chemical is not the same as banning it or restricting it
 - Suppliers can still formulate with it and users can use it
 - > It is just counted as a VOC

Results and Conclusions

- IRTA focuses on finding cost effective alternatives that perform well for range of different solvent applications
 - Options include eliminating the need for the operation altogether and using process alternatives
 - If chemical alternative is needed, rely on very low VOC content materials and exempt chemicals with known, low toxicity
- Chemicals with toxic endpoints and chemicals with unknown toxicity do not need to be used and they should not be exempted
 - Safer alternatives can be found without giving them preference

Contact Information

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