



Working Group Meeting November 10, 2022

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Webinar Meeting ID: 983 4481 2021

Teleconference Dial-In: 1-669-900-6833

### Agenda

Previous Working Group Meetings Summary and Overview

Responses to Regulation XIII Comment Letter

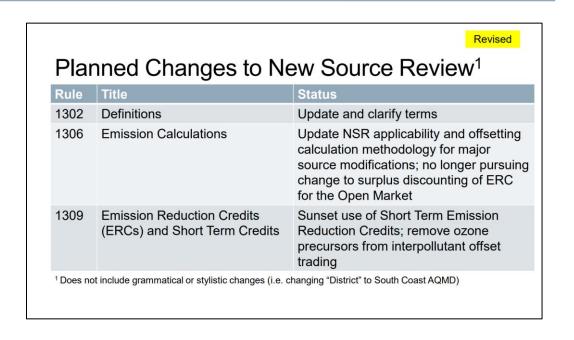
Updates to Proposed Regulation XIII Amendments

Proposed Rule 1315.1

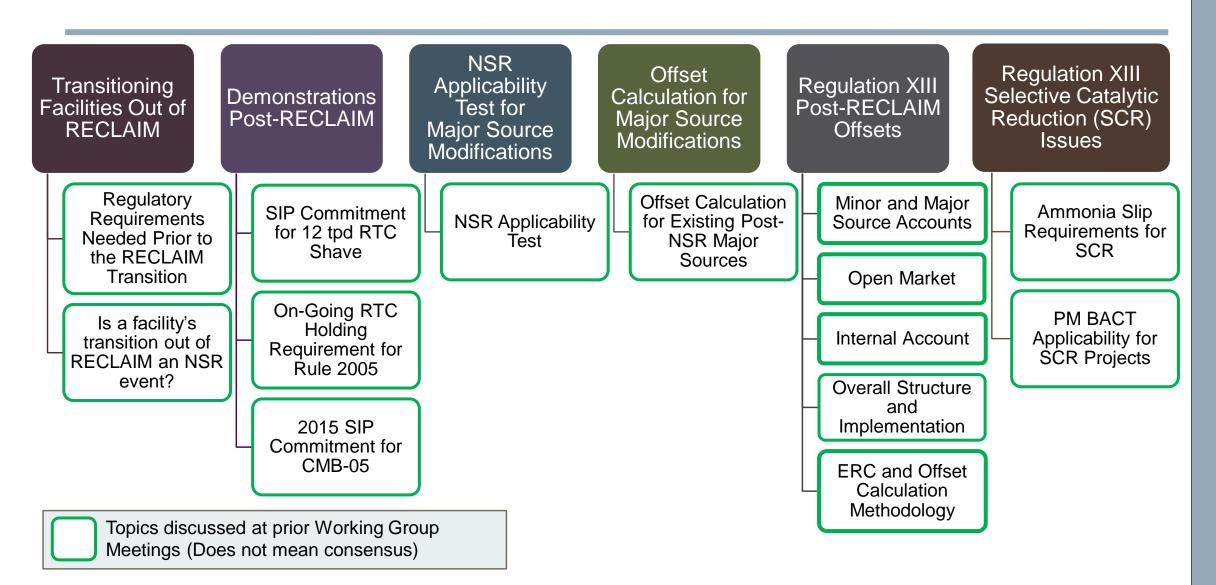
Ongoing Efforts and Next Steps

### Previous Working Group Meeting Summary

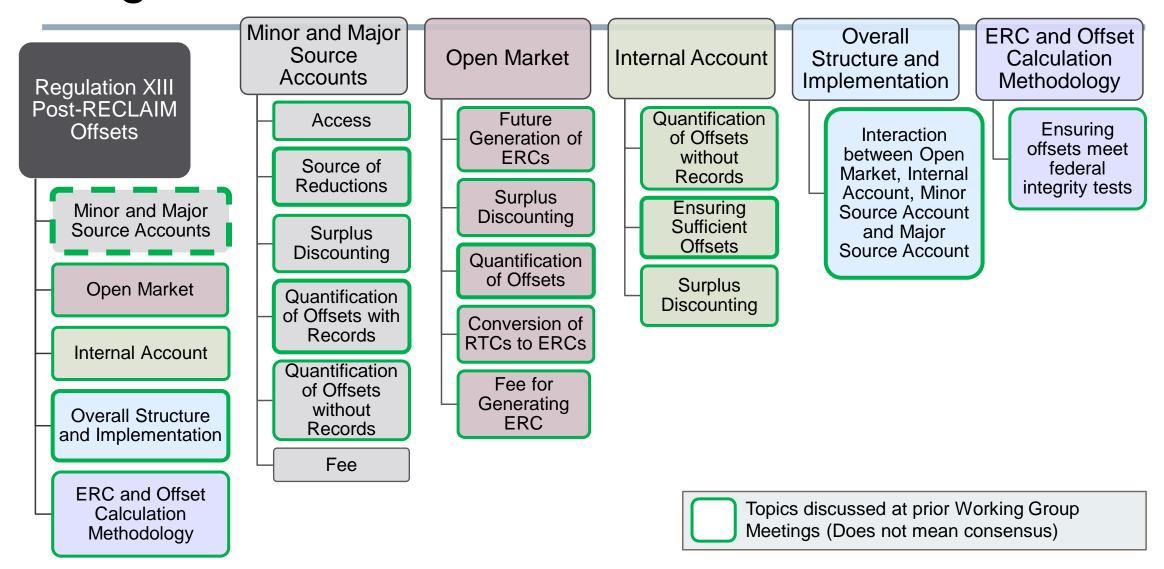
- Discussed proposed amendments to Regulation XIII
  - Rules 1302, 1306, and 1309
- Received comment letter on proposed amendments



### Overview of NSR Issues



### Regulation XIII Post-RECLAIM Offsets



# Responses to Regulation XIII Comment Letter

### Comment Letter

- Second comment letter received from:
  - Earthjustice
  - Communities for a Better Environment
  - Sierra Club
  - East Yard Communities for Environmental Justice
  - Center for Biological Diversity
- Expressed continuing concerns with Minor and Major Source Accounts
  - See February 2022 working group meeting presentation for more details
- Recommend abandoning proposal and instead focus on generating ERCs in the open market
- Comment letter is available on the proposed rules webpage<sup>2</sup>









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VIA: ELECTRONIC MAIL ONLY (mmorris@aqmd.gov)

Mike Morris, Planning and Rules Manager South Coast Air Quality Management District 21865 Copley Drive

**EARTHJUSTICE** 

Re: Additional Comments on the Proposed Amendments to Regulation XIII (New Source Review) to Create Internal Minor and Major Source Emission Reduction Credit Banks

Dear Mr. Morri

The undersigned organizations submit these additional comments expressing our continued concerns about the South Coast AQMD's proposed internal emission reduction credit (ERCs) banks for minor sources (Mi-ERCs) and major source (Ma-ERCs). During the July 14, 2022, working group meeting, AQMD provided responses to comments we submitted on March 22, 2022. In that meeting, staff confirmed its continued path towards creating two new internal ERC banks using or proban shutdowns and reductions desoite concerns raised by our organizations.

We appreciate staff for taking the time to provide responses to our previous comments. We also commend staff for considering parameters on when and where Mi-ERCs and Me-ERCs can be used, particularly for some of the most high-polluting industries, such as petroleum refineries, that operate in overburdened communities. That said, we continue to encourage staff to focus on identifying opportunities for industry to generate ERCs in the open market (e.g., electrification of boilers and heaters, in addition to other industrial equipment).

As previously noted, the Air District's approach is problematic and will flood the region with a glut of cheap ERCs, which will allow polluting industries to expand operations at the expense of public health and undermine efforts to meet air quality standards. In fact, the South Coast AQMD has tried a similar approach in the past that the agency abandoned due to a range of legal and implementation challenges. As detailed below, the proposed internal banks approach warrants further scrutiny and should be abandoned. At the minimum, the Air District should consider the following concerns:

The proposed internal banks mirror repealed Rule 1309.2 that presented various issues
that apply to the current proposal, including lack of documentation, surplus adjustment,
and consistency with the state implementation plan.

<sup>1 &</sup>lt;a href="http://www.aqmd.gov/docs/default-source/rule-book/Proposed-Rules/regx111/nsr-wgm-february-2022-final.pdf?sfvrsn=6">http://www.aqmd.gov/docs/default-source/rule-book/Proposed-Rules/regx111/nsr-wgm-february-2022-final.pdf?sfvrsn=6</a>

# Environmental Organizations Comment Letter – Proposed Accounts Mirror Repealed Rule 1309.2

- U.S. EPA identified issues with repealed Rule 1309.2 including availability of records, surplus adjustment at time of use, and consistency with SIP
- Current proposal has similar issues and should be abandoned

- Staff would include provisions in proposed rule in attempt to address concerns
- The goal of the major source and minor source accounts are to provide a potential solution for offset availability post-RECLAIM

## Environmental Organizations Comment Letter – Insufficient Records for Minor Source Account

- Proposal to waive record requirements for minor source account is arbitrary and inconsistent with U.S. EPA requirements
  - All offsets should be verified and quantified, which requires documentation
  - Minor source ERCs would be available to major sources

- Minor facilities are not subject to federal offsets
- Tracking and quantification procedures are consistent with Rule 1315 (c)(3)(B)
- Minor source offsets would be only available to minor facilities
  - Major polluting facilities would not be eligible
  - This is a change from February 2022 rule concept

# Environmental Organizations Comment Letter – Retire Orphan Reduction and Shutdown Credits

- Recommends retirement of excess offsets generated by orphan reductions and shutdowns
  - Retirement of orphan reduction and shutdown credits would assist in improving air quality for extreme non-attainment area

- Orphan reductions and shutdowns are the only source of credits in the Internal Account
  - The Internal Account provides offsets for Essential Public Services
- Retirement of orphan reductions and shutdowns would eventually make the Internal Account insolvent
  - Could prevent new Essential Public Services from being built (e.g. hospitals) due to limited ERCs in the Open Market
- Retiring orphan reduction and shutdown credits goes far beyond U.S. EPA NSR requirements

## Environmental Organizations Comment Letter – Sources of Credits Remains Speculative

- ERCs are not allowed where emission decreases are required by regulation
- Staff should provide more information on sources that might generate orphan credits

- Orphan shutdowns result when a permit is inactivated without subsequent reinstatement and does not result in issuance of an ERC
  - This typically occurs when equipment is removed or the facility is out of business
  - Reductions required by rule or plan are not eligible
- Annual average of NOx offsets from orphan shutdowns and reductions is 0.9<sup>1</sup> tons per day
  - Estimating 30% of orphan shutdowns and reduction with records

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Annual average from 2015 to 2019

# Environmental Organizations Comment Letter – Proposal Creates Additional Avenues of Pollution

- Rule 1304 exempts facilities with a potential to emit (PTE) less than 4 tons per year (tpy) of VOCs or NOx
- Proposed minor source account will allow even more facilities a free pass to pollute
- The Air District should require facilities with a PTE <4 tpy of VOCs or NOx to generate or secure ERCs in the Open Market

- The Open Market does not have enough offsets to fulfill market demand post-RECLAIM
  - NOx ERCs current in the Open Market = 0.43 tons per day
  - Estimated RECLAIM demand (2011-2015)
     = 0.65 tons per day
  - Projected shortfall of 0.22 tons per day in first year
- Requiring facilities with a PTE of <4 tpy of VOCs or NOx to secure ERCs on the Open Market would increase the demand by an estimated 0.23 tons per day of NOx
  - Projected shortfall would increase to 0.45 tons per day in first year

### Environmental Organizations Comment Letter – More Information Requested on Proposed BARCT Discounting

- In July, staff proposed that it apply BARCT instead of BACT for discounting
- In September staff abandoned the approach
  - Staff stated that approach did not appear to make ERCs more accessible or tradable
- The analysis should be provided to see if a BARCT discounting approach would result in significant emission reductions

- CARB expressed concerns that the proposed discounting approach would be prohibited by SB 288
- Staff abandoned the approach when it appeared that accessibility would not be improved and there could be SB 288 issues
- No further analysis will be conducted

# Environmental Organizations Comment Letter – Proposed Accounts Create More Offsets than What is Necessary

- Staff is creating accounts to address 400 pound per day shortage of NOx offsets
- Proposed accounts would generate 7,200 pounds per day of NOx offsets
- No information is provided explaining why such a large amount of credits is needed

- Open Market currently has 800 pounds per day of NOx ERCs
- Annual demand from RECLAIM facilities is conservatively estimated to be 1,200 pounds per day of NOx ERCs
- Projected deficit:
  - Year 1: 800 1,200 = -400
  - Year 2: -400 1,200 = -1,600
  - Year 3: -1,600 1,200 = -2,800
  - Year 4: -2,800 1,200 = -4,000
  - Year 5: -4,000 1,200 = 5,200
- Creation of major and minor source accounts would provide a temporary safe harbor
  - Eventually, major sources will be fully reliant on Open Market ERCs

### Environmental Organizations Comment Letter – Proposed Accounts Require Adequate CEQA Review

- If the South Coast AQMD proceeds with this approach, staff must conduct a thorough environmental impact assessment
- Rule 1315 impact assessment indicated significant impacts
- The proposed accounts will likely have similar or worse environmental impacts

### Response

 Staff will conduct a thorough environmental assessment as part of this rule development process

# Environmental Organizations Comment Letter – Certain Industries and Facilities in Overburdened Communities Should be Excluded from Accessing Proposed Accounts

- Agree with staff to consider limiting access based on industry type and location
  - Petroleum related facilities and facilities in AB 617 communities should be excluded
- Limits should be placed on the types of operations and locations of sources that access the proposed minor and major accounts for pollutants that have localized health impacts

### Response

 Staff is considering excluding petroleum related facilities or facilities located within an AB 617 community from accessing the proposed accounts

### Environmental Organizations Comment Letter – Open Market ERCs Should be Capped and a Limited Time of Use

- Small number of facilities hold most ERCs, with some facilities holding ERCs for over 10 years
- The amount of ERCs a facility can hold should be capped
- ERCs should be required to be sold, transferred, or used within a specified length of time
- This approach would make ERCs more accessible and facilitate trading

### Response

 Staff is considering including a twoyear time limit to set aside minor source and major source offsets once a Permit to Construct is approved

# Updates to Proposed Regulation XIII Amendments

### Background

- Staff provided preliminary draft rule language for:
  - Rule 1302 Definitions
  - Rule 1306 Emission Calculations
  - Rule 1309 Emission Reduction Credits (ERCs) and Short Term Credits
- Southern California Alliance of Publicly Owned Treatment Works (SCAP) requested clarification on definition of Food Waste Diversion Facility
- U.S. EPA indicated that Rule 1306 needed to distinguish between BACT applicability and required offsetting
- Revised preliminary draft rules are available on Proposed Rules webpage<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1 &</sup>lt;a href="http://www.aqmd.gov/home/rules-compliance/rules/scaqmd-rule-book/proposed-rules/regulation-xiii">http://www.aqmd.gov/home/rules-compliance/rules/scaqmd-rule-book/proposed-rules/regulation-xiii</a>

### Definition Change and New Definition in Rule 1302

- Food Waste Diversion Facility limited to publicly owned materials recovery facilities that receive, separate, and prepare food waste for in-vessel digestion and does not include composting
- Staff is analyzing the estimated emissions from these facilities
  - Likely to be substantially less because composting is not applicable (source of VOCs) and less combustion is necessary (source of NOx)
- Staff is adding a definition for Major Stationary Source and referring to the definition in 40 CFR Section 51.165

## Proposed Amended Rule 1306 – Emission Calculations

- Previous version of PAR 1306 incorrectly determined Regulation XIII applicability calculations the same as offsetting calculations
- The allowances for calculating required offsets are not acceptable when determining Regulation XIII applicability
- Calculations for determining Regulation XIII applicability and calculations of required offsets have been separated into their own subdivisions

### Proposed Language for Rule 1306 (d)(1) and (d)(2)

- (d) Calculations for Determining Regulation XIII Applicability
  This subdivision shall be used for determining applicability
  of Rule 1303 requirements.
  - (1) New Equipment Requiring a Permit (No Previous Permit).
    - Emissions are calculated pursuant to Rule 1306(b).
  - (2) Modification of Existing Major Stationary Source or Modification by Itself Would Constitute a Major Stationary Source

Net emissions increase after the modification shall be calculated as:

- (A) the post-modification potential to emit minus the permitted or allowable pre-modification potential to emit; and
- (B) if the modification does not result in an emission increase under subparagraph (d)(2)(A), then calculated as defined and determined pursuant to Rule 1316(a)(1)



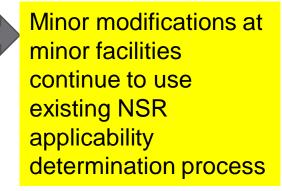
No change



Two-tier test requiring both federal test and PTE-to-PTE test to determine NSR applicability

### Proposed Language for Rule 1306 (d)(3)

- 3) Minor Modification of Existing Source at a Minor Facility Net emissions increase after the modification shall be calculated as:
  - (A) the post-modification potential to emit minus the permitted or allowable pre-modification potential to emit; or
  - (B) the post-modification potential to emit minus the actual emissions calculated pursuant to Rule 1306(c)(1) if the source was never subject to Rule 213 or Regulation XIII.



### Proposed Language for Rule 1306 (e)(1) and (e)(2)

#### Rule 1306 (e) Determination of Required Offsets

This subdivision shall be used for calculating the amount of required offsets pursuant to Rule 1303(b)(2).

- (1) New Equipment Requiring a Permit (No Previous Permit). Emissions are calculated pursuant to Rule 1306(b).
- (2) Modification of Existing Major Stationary Source or Modification by Itself Would Constitute a Major Stationary Source
  Net emissions increase after the modification shall be calculated as:
  - (A) the post-modification potential to emit minus the permitted or allowable pre-modification potential to emit when:
    - (i) actual emissions are at least 80 percent of the pre-modification potential to emit; or
    - (ii) past emission increases were fully offset less than five years prior to the date an application is deemed complete; or
  - (B) the post-modification potential to emit minus the actual emissions calculated pursuant to Rule 1306(c)(1) if the source does not meet the criteria of subparagraph (e)(2)(A) or the sources was never subject to Rule 213 or Regulation XIII;



No change



Subparagraph
(e)(2)(A) indicates
that PTE-to-PTE test
is sufficient in specific
instances



Actual-to-PTE test to determine offset requirements if subparagraph (e)(2)(A) does not apply

### Proposed Language for Rule 1306 (e)(3)

- (3) Minor Modification of Existing Source at a Minor Facility Net emissions increase after the modification shall be calculated as:
- (A) the post-modification potential to emit minus the permitted or allowable premodification potential to emit; or
- (B) the post-modification potential to emit minus the actual emissions calculated pursuant to Rule 1306(c)(1) if the source was never subject to Rule 213 or Regulation XIII.



Minor modifications at minor facilities continue to use existing calculation methodology to determine required offsets

# Ongoing Efforts and Next Steps



### Continue Working Group Meetings



Continue rulemaking activities



Continue work with U.S. EPA, CARB, and stakeholders to resolve NSR issues

### Contacts – RECLAIM & New Source Review

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