

Future of In-Use Test Programs for Light-, Medium-, and Heavy-Duty Vehicles

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Current In-Use Test Programs

Heavy-Duty

- ARB Inspections
 - Border crossings, random roadside,
 CHP weigh stations, fleet facilities
 - Check tampering, opacity, Emission
 Control Label
- Periodic Smoke Inspection Program

Light- & Medium-Duty

- Biennial Smog Check Inspections
 - Vehicles exempt first 6 years
 - Inclusion of diesels January 1, 2010
 - Many vehicles exempted from loaded mode test



On-Board Diagnostics (OBD)

What is it?

- Diagnostics incorporated into hardware & software of onboard computer
- Illuminates 'check engine light'
- When component deterioration or failure causes emissions to exceed tailpipe certification standard by specified levels
- Performance of emission controls judged by information from sensors
- Sensors do not directly measure emissions

OBD (Continued)

Key Role in Monitoring In-Use Emissions

- Monitors virtually all components & systems that can affect emissions or other OBD monitors
- Current fault codes scanned during smog check
- Cutting edge: Updated as technologies changes

Regulatory History

- Passenger cars, trucks, SUVs
 - > 1996 OBD II
- Heavy-duty:
 - > 2007 Engine Manufacturer Diagnostic (EMD) System
 - 2010 to 2016 OBD phase-in; By 2013, EMD phased out)



Heavy-Duty OBD

Why Not Earlier?

- > Lag in electronic engine controls, aftertreatment
- This began changing in 2007, with initiation of more stringent emission controls

2009 Amendments

- Reduced monitoring stringency through 2012
- > To reflect current state of technology
- > PM filter, NOx sensors, NOx catalyst (e.g. SCR)

Future of In-Use Monitoring

OBD III (Continuous Testing Program)

- Remote Monitoring of OBD II for Light-, Medium-, & Heavy-Duty
- Vehicles Equipped with Transponders that Transmit OBD Trouble Codes
- Receivers Located Strategically or Through Cellular or Wi-Fi
- Exempt from Biennial Smog Check if Repairs Made within 45 Days
- Emissions Benefit
 - Up to two year repair delay w/ smog check



Efficacy of Smog Check Program

- Independent Analysis for ARB
 - > Roadside inspections in 2003 2006
 - Pre-1996 model years (pre-OBD II)
 - Of those failing initial smog check & then passing a re-test, 59% failed roadside test
 - Conclusion: Many vehicles were not actually repaired or were repaired only temporarily
- SIP Shortfall of 70 TPD (ROG/NOx)
- Smog Check Analyzers Inadequate to Measure Current Certification Levels



Proposed AB 2289 (Eng)

- Modified Biennial Smog Check Test for Light- & Medium-Duty Vehicles
 - Drop tailpipe test
 - > 2000 model year and later
 - Beginning 2013
 - > Relies heavily on OBD
- Still Perform Visual Test
- More Stringent Fines for Stations that Perform Improper or Incomplete Inspections



Remote Sensing Study on Heavy-Duty Vehicles

- Evaluate Impact on Heavy-Duty Emissions as Stricter Standards are Introduced
- Emission Changes Expected as a Result of Recent CARB Regulations & the Ports Clean Air Action Plan
- Year 3 of 5-Year Study
- Two Locations
 - Port of Los Angeles (Funded by AQMD)
 - Weigh station Fwy 91 (Funded by NREL)



Remote Sensing Study on Heavy-Duty Vehicles (Continued)



Preliminary Results - Year 2

- Out of State Trucks at Weigh Station an Avg. of 3.4 Model Years Newer than Calif. HD Fleet

- NH3 Emissions from Stoichiometric Natural Gas Engines
- No High SO2 Emissions Observed, as Opposed to Previous Year (Likely Due to High Sulfur Fuels)

Additional In-Use Testing

- On-Road Heavy-Duty, Existing & New
- Board Approval in July for Release of RFP
- Assess Impact of Technologies on Emissions
 - Are certification levels being met?
 - If needed, demonstrate retrofit technologies



OBD III + Remote Sensing

- Combination of These Technologies
 May be Most Effective Way of Monitoring
 In-Use Emissions from Light-, Medium-,
 & Heavy-Duty Fleets
- PM Sensor Technology
 Not Adequately Developed
 Yet for OBD
- Remote Sensing
 Provides a Check of In-Use Emissions