Chapter 3a: Community Profile

Introduction

It is essential to understand the characteristics of a community and the profile of air pollution sources in order to address community air quality priorities. The following community profile provides a general overview of the San Bernardino, Muscoy community, including the types of air pollution impacting the community, and a characterization of public health

Chapter 3a Highlights

- The community profile is based on input from the Community Steering Committee throughout the CERP development process
- The Community Steering Committee identified the top air quality priorities to be addressed in the CERP
- Data on land use, toxic air pollution impacts, public health factors, and social and economic factors in the community provides useful background information

and socioeconomic factors. In addition, this section includes information about the community boundary that reflects input from the Community Steering Committee (CSC), a summary of the air pollution concerns identified by the community, and the air quality priorities based on CSC and public input. These air quality priorities are addressed in the Community Emission Reduction Plan (CERP) actions, described in Chapter 5.

Community Boundary, Air Quality Concerns and Air Quality Priorities

During the monthly CSC meetings, committee members, members of the public, and South Coast AQMD staff worked together to shape the elements and actions described in this Plan. Topics discussed with the CSC include:

- What should be the community boundaries for the AB 617 community plans?
- What air quality concerns does the community have?
- What are the top air quality priorities that the community would like to address through the AB 617 CERP?
- What priority actions should be included in the CERP?
- What should the goals for the priority actions include?
- Any additional feedback on the Draft CERP

The process is summarized in Table 3a-1. CSC members discussed which geographic areas should be included within the community boundary, shown in Figure 3a-1. The San Bernardino, Muscoy CSC established two distinct community boundaries to represent this community for the purpose of AB 617 community plan implementation. The "Impacted Community" boundary focuses on the places in the community where people live, work, go to school, and spend the majority of their time. The "Emissions Study Area" boundary includes both the Impacted Community and additional air pollution sources (e.g., facilities and major truck routes) that may affect the

Impacted Community. Regions within and near either community boundary will benefit from the emissions reductions within the boundary.

The CSC and members of the public participated in an interactive mapping activity to identify community air quality concerns, which were posted on the webpageⁱ. These community air quality concerns are shown in Figure 3a-1 and listed in Figure 3a-2. Most of the concerns identified were within the Emissions Study Area. However, there were several warehouses along the Interstate 10 freeway that were also identified as concerns. While these warehouse are outside the community boundaries, the CSC stated that the trucks going to and from these warehouses drive through the community. Therefore, these trucks are within the Emissions Study Area and can be addressed through the CERP.

Next, the air quality concerns were grouped into categories (e.g., truck traffic, railyards, etc.), and the CSC and members of the public prioritized the top air quality concerns. CSC members were invited to provide ideas and input on CERP actions and also meet with South Coast AQMD staff to draft CERP actions together. The highest priority actions were included in the draft CERP based on input from the CSC members.

Because the work to implement the CERP and CAMP¹ is dynamic, certain action items have been written with built-in flexibility to permit necessary adjustments as new information becomes available. South Coast AQMD staff is committed to working with CSC members to evaluate ongoing actions and progress.

Interactive map of air quality concerns in the San Bernardino, Muscoy community: https://scaqmd online.maps.arcgis.com/apps/View/index.html?appid=c1c170ab526d462199b86c1cbe5a9ac5&extent= 117.4450,34.0601,-117.1155,34.1933

Table 3a-1. Process of CSC Input on CERP elements

| CSC Meeting # | Discussion Topic(s) | What type of input did the CSC give? | How this CSC input was used in the CERP development process? | |
|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
| #1 November 2018 | Community Air Quality Concerns and Community Boundary | Refined community boundaries . Identified community air quality concerns . Outcome: list of air quality concerns | Boundaries were used to define focus area for CERP actions (see Meetings #4-5). Concerns were prioritized for inclusion in Plans (see Meeting #3). | |
| #2 January 2019 | Community Boundary | Refined community boundaries. Outcome: community boundary | Boundaries were used to define focus area for CERP actions (see Meetings #4-5). | |
| #3 February 2019 | Air Quality Concern Prioritization | Prioritized which concerns would be addressed in Plans. Outcome: air quality priorities | Actions were developed for air quality priorities (Meetings #4 and #5) | |
| #4 March 2019 | Strategies & Proposed Actions (Part 1) | Ideas for actions can be written into the Plans. Staff will work with CSC members to write CERP actions. | Feedback on actions were used to develop the list of priority actions (Meeting #6). | |
| #5 April 2019 | Strategies & Proposed Actions (Part 2), Draft CAMP, and Draft CERP Table of Contents & Action Template | Outcome: draft focused list of actions for CERP | | |
| #6 May 2019 | Focused list of CERP Actions ("priority actions") | Provided feedback on which priority actions should be included in CERP. Outcome: list of priority actions for CERP | Feedback on actions were used to finalize the list of priority actions to be included in the Draft CERP . | |
| #7 June 2019 | Draft CERP, Goals for each CERP Action (Part 1) | Feedback on Draft CERP . Ideas for specific goals for each CERP action. <u>Outcome</u> : Revised Draft CERP | Feedback on Draft CERP and ideas for specific goals will be used to inform the Draft Final CERP in the Board package. | |
| #8 July 2019 | Goals for each CERP Action (Part 2) | | | |
| #9 August 2019 | Final Discussion of Draft CERP | Final revisions for Draft CERP before it is submitted to South Coast AQMD Board for consideration. Outcome: Draft Final CERP and Appendices | Final comments to be addressed in Draft Final CERP that is part of the Board package. | |



Figure 3a-1. Impacted Community and Emissions Study Area boundaries of the San Bernardino, Muscoy community

Figure 3a-2. List of air quality concerns identified by the San Bernardino, Musocy CSC and members of the public

| Label | Concern Name | Category | Label | Concern Name | Category |
|-------|--|----------------------------|-------|--|----------------------------|
| 1 | 10/215 Fwy Interchange, Along 10 fwy | Mobile Source | 36 | School – Richardson Pre HI Middle School | Where People Spend Time |
| 2 | Airport | Mobile Source | 37 | Sierra High School, Roberts Elementary School | Where People Spend Time |
| 3 | BNSF railyard, JB hunt trucking company | Mobile Source | 38 | Auto Parts Scrap Yard | Need More Info |
| 4 | Construction and Demolition at Loma Linda Campus | Need More Info | 39 | Cement factory , Cal Portland | Stationary Source |
| 5 | Freeway and railway interchange | Mobile Source | 40 | Cement batch | Stationary Source |
| 6 | Metrolink | Mobile Source | 41 | Cement Facility (CEMEX) | Stationary Source |
| 7 | Omnitrans bus yard | Mobile Source | 42 | Cement manufacturer | Stationary Source |
| 8 | Park by BNSF railyard, JB hunt trucking company – Nunez Park | Where People Spend Time | 43 | Dairy Facility | Need More Info |
| 9 | Power Plant – SCE Mountain View | Stationary Source | 44 | Dust | Need More Info |
| 10 | Road Congestion | Mobile Source | 45 | Ecology Recycling | Stationary Source |
| 11 | San Manuel Amphitheater Traffic | Mobile Source | 46 | Mid-Valley Landfill | Stationary Source |
| 12 | The Washland- recreational off roading | Need More Info | 47 | Meat processing near valley view | Need More Info |
| 13 | Traffic at CSUSB | Mobile Source | 48 | Kinder Morgan Colton Terminal – Phillips 66 | Stationary Source |
| 14 | Traffic near Hospitality Lane and 10 Fwy | Mobile Source | 49 | Paint/Auto body shops | Stationary Source |
| 15 | Traffic on H Street Exit | Mobile Source | 50 | Pet Food Facility – Mars Petcare | Stationary Source |
| 16 | Traffic | Mobile Source | 51 | Refinery | Need More Info |
| 17 | Mt Vernon Corridor | Mobile Source | 52 | Surface quarry | Stationary Source |
| 18 | Traffic On Waterman | Mobile Source | 53 | Surface quarry | Stationary Source |
| 19 | Train Station | Mobile Source | 54 | Surface quarry | Stationary Source |
| 20 | Trains | Mobile Source | 55 | East Valley Recycling and Transport | Stationary Source |
| 21 | Truck parking in neighborhoods | Mobile Source | 56 | Water Treatment Plant | Stationary Source |
| 22 | Truck parking in neighborhoods | Mobile Source | W1 | Medline Warehouse | Mobile Source |
| 23 | Truck route | Mobile Source | W2 | Fontana warehousing | Mobile Source |
| 24 | Truck stop, trucks idling | Mobile Source | W3 | New development, warehousing | Need More Info |
| 25 | Truck stops | Mobile Source | W4 | DCS Logistics | Mobile Source |
| 26 | Truck traffic | Mobile Source | W5 | Warehouses | Mobile Source |
| 27 | Truck traffic Route 66 | Mobile Source | W6 | Warehouses | Mobile Source |
| 28 | Truck idling | Mobile Source | W7 | Warehouses | Mobile Source |
| 29 | Truck idling near school | Mobile Source | W8 | Warehouses | Need More Info |

| 30 | Arroyo Valley High School | Where People Spend Time | W9 | Warehouses | Mobile Source |
|----|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----|---------------------------|----------------|
| 31 | Lincoln Elementary | Where People Spend Time | W10 | Warehouses | Need More Info |
| 32 | Neighborhood surrounded by freeways | Where People Spend Time | W11 | Warehouses - ICEMA | Mobile Source |
| 33 | Neighborhood surrounded by freeways | Where People Spend Time | W12 | Railyard Near Warehousing | Need More Info |
| 34 | Park - Maple Leaf Park | Where People Spend Time | W13 | Warehousing | Mobile Source |
| 35 | Ramona Alessandro Elementary | Where People Spend Time | | | |

The following air quality priorities for the CERP were identified by the CSC and members of the public for the San Bernardino, Muscoy community:

- Neighborhood truck traffic
- Warehouse on-site emissions
- Omnitrans bus yard
- Railyards
- Concrete batch plants, asphalt batch, and aggregate plants
- Exposure reduction for sensitive populations in schools, childcare centers, community centers, and homes

Actions to address each of these air quality priorities are described in Chapter 5.

The South Coast AQMD and the California Air Resources Board (CARB) both develop and enforce air pollution regulations to improve air quality and protect public health. While CARB has primary authority over mobile sources, the South Coast AQMD has authority over stationary sources and "indirect sources", which are facilities that attract mobile sources. Examples of indirect sources include warehouses and rail yards. Specific information about ongoing rule development that is relevant to these air quality priorities is provided in Chapter 5.

Community Air Pollution Profile and Related Data

Understanding what air pollution sources exist in the community and what air pollutants come from these sources helps identify key sources that can be addressed through CERP actions. This section presents data based on previous cumulative impact studiesⁱⁱ to describe the impacts of toxic air pollutants in this community, as well as other environmental pollution, public health factors, and social and economic factors that make people more sensitive or vulnerable to the health effects of pollution.²

ⁱⁱ More information regarding MATES IV and the final report can be found on South Coast AQMD's website at: http://www.aqmd.gov/home/air-quality/air-quality-studies/health-studies/matesiv.

The San Bernardino, Muscoy community is shown in Figure 3a-1. The Impacted Community includes a land area of 17.30 square miles, and the Emission Study Area includes an area of 28.58 square miles. About 48% of this land area is used for residential living, 19% is zoned for commercial uses, 7% is zoned for industrial uses, and 7% is used for freeways, roadways, and land used for utilities and communications services (Figure 3a-3).ⁱⁱⁱ

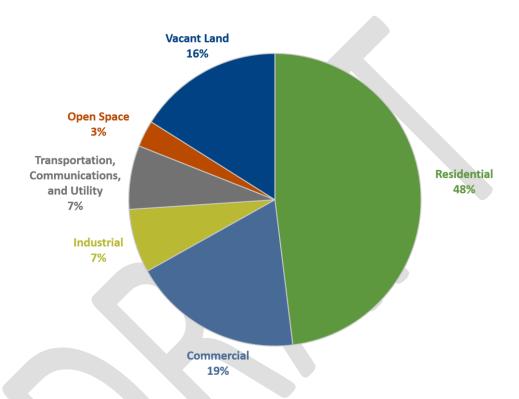


Figure 3a-3: Land use profile in San Bernardino, Muscoy

Air toxics are one group of air pollutants that can affect public health on a local community scale. This includes pollutants from diesel exhaust, metal air pollutants (e.g., hexavalent chromium, lead, arsenic, nickel, etc.), and gases (e.g., benzene, formaldehyde, etc.). The South Coast AQMD conducts the Multiple Air Toxics Exposure Study (MATES) every few years to understand the cumulative health impacts of air toxics in communities across the region. The most recently completed study was MATES IV, which was conducted in 2012-2013, and used air toxics monitoring, emissions inventories, modeling, and health risk assessment techniques to calculate the cancer risk due to toxic air pollutants ("air toxics cancer risk"). Very Based on MATES IV modeled

Land use refers to how certain areas of land are classified for development and use. Land use data is often used for city or county planning, such as the placement of housing developments and transportation hubs. Land use data is derived from the 2016 Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG) Regional Transportation Plan/ Sustainable Communities Strategy, which is based on 2012 data.

iv More information regarding MATES IV and the final report can be found on South Coast AQMD's website at: http://www.aqmd.gov/home/air-quality/air-quality-studies/health-studies/matesiv.

data, approximately three-quarters of the air toxics cancer risk in the Basin is due to diesel particulate matter (Figure 3a-4). The average air toxics cancer risk in the San Bernardino, Muscoy community is also shown in the figure, and this risk is also dominated by diesel particulate matter.

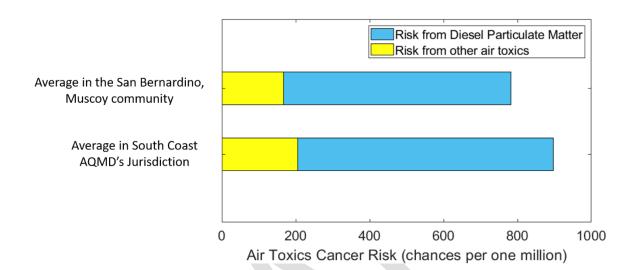


Figure 3a-4: Air toxics cancer risk, based on MATES IV modeled data

Mobile sources include trucks, ships, trains, cars, buses, and other mobile equipment. Much of this equipment is powered by diesel, which is the air toxic pollutant with the highest impact in this community. The community includes more than 22 miles of freeways and 5 railyards^v, including a railyard that is located near residential areas (Figure 3a-5)



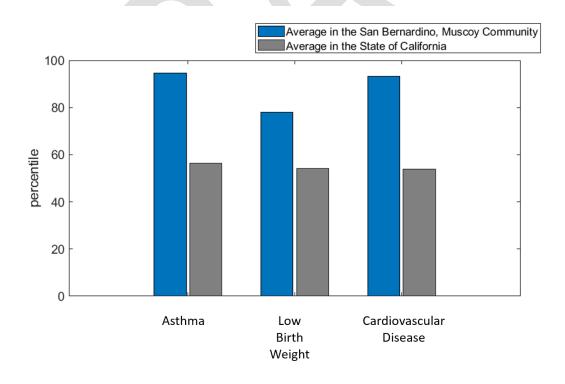
Figure 3a-5: Diesel mobile sources in San Bernardino, Muscoy

^v Includes one intermodal railyard, and four maintenance yards. All five facilities are located west of the Interstate 215 freeway, south of W. 5th Street, and north of Rialto Avenue.

Understanding the community's public health and socioeconomic profile helps to provide context for the work being done through this CERP. CalEnviroScreen 3.0 is a screening tool developed by the California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) that is used to identify communities that are most affected by various sources of pollution, and where people are especially vulnerable to pollution's effects. The CalEnviroScreen 3.0 data show that this community has public health factors, as well as social and economic factors, that make the community more sensitive and vulnerable to the harmful effects of air pollution compared to statewide averages (Figure 3a-5 and

Figure 3*a-6*). These data show that, on average, the San Bernardino, Muscoy community has generally worse public health factors and more social and economic disadvantages compared to California as a whole. The public health factors specifically show that this community has higher rates of emergency department visits for asthma and heart disease, and more babies born low weight, compared to statewide averages.

Figure 3a-5. CalEnviroScreen 3.0 scores for public health factors in San Bernardino, Muscoy compared to statewide averages



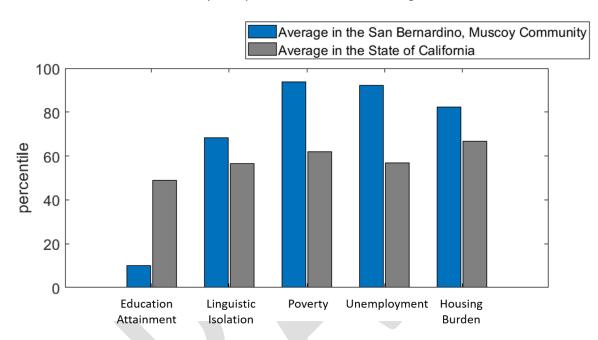


Figure 3a-6. CalEnviroScreen 3.0 scores for social and economic factors in San Bernardino, Muscoy compared to statewide averages

References

2. Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment. CalEnviroScreen 3.0. https://oehha.ca.gov/calenviroscreen/report/calenviroscreen-30