Community Air Initiatives

San Bernardino, Muscoy Community Steering Committee Meeting #3

Thursday, February 21st, 2019 Muscoy, CA



The Office of Compliance and Enforcement



Compliance

Air Quality Inspectors



Enforcement Activities

Complaint Response – over 9,000 complaints annually Facility inspections – approx. 22,000 facilities & over 67,000 permits

Portable equipment inspections (3,600+)

Responding to notifications, such as for equipment breakdowns, flaring events, and renovations/demolitions

Source education & outreach

Special projects – investigations, nteragency coordination, emergency response, etc.

Enforcement Action – Notices to Comply, Notices of Violation, Orders for Abatement, Criminal Referrals



Outside of SCAQMD Jurisdiction

- Noise Complaints
- Indoor Air Quality Issues
- Private Residences, with exceptions such as wood burning on no-burn days
- Soil/Water Issues also with limited exceptions



Public Complaints

- 1-800-CUT-SMOG or online @ www.aqmd.gov.
- Live attendant during business hours (Monday-Friday) or to our standby system off-hours
- Common Complaints: Dust, Odors, Flaring, Smoke, Retail Gas Stations, Overspray, Residential Wood Burning
- Complainant information = confidential
- Complaints can be made anonymously, but may be insufficient and will not receive a live response
- INSPECTORS RESPOND TO ALL COMPLAINTS!





This Community – San Bernardino, Muscoy

You have identified many different sources of air pollution. Those include, among others, the following:

- 1. Idling Trucks and Warehouses;
- 2. Dust Concerns;
- 3. Railyards/Train Stations;
- 4. Waste Management Sites; and
- 5. Auto Body Shops





Questions from the Committee?





Potential approaches

Emission Reduction Strategies

- Regulation
- Incentives
- Enforcement
- Outreach and education
- Collaborations

Other Complementary Tools

- Exposure reduction
- Monitoring
- Public information
- Collaborations

Emission reduction: Decrease in the amount of pollutants discharged from a specific source (e.g. a stack or tailpipe)



Exposure reduction: Decrease in the amount of pollutants that people inhale





Regulation

Regulations (Rules) are like local laws that specify what facilities and equipment owners are required to do

Examples:

- Rule 1430 (Metal grinding)
- Rule 1469 (Chrome plating and anodizing)
- Rule 1132 (Spray booths)

Pros:

- Applies to all facilities/equipment of that type in our District
- Permanent emissions reductions
- Enforceable

Cons:

Lengthy process





Note: Rules need to be approved by the SCAQMD Board

Incentives

To encourage equipment owner to use cleaner technologies, <u>above and beyond</u> <u>what's required</u>

Examples:

- Carl Moyer program
- Lawn & garden equipment program
- Lower-Emission School Bus Incentive Program
- Replace combustion-based appliances with high efficiency electric models

Pros:

- Get equipment that is cleaner than what regulation requires
- Relatively fast
- Can be tuned to benefit local community

Cons:

Expensive



Zero Emission Transit Bus







Zero Emission Mower

Zero Emission Chainsaw



Zero Emission School Bus



Outreach and Education

Engage stakeholders who can help reduce emissions

Examples:

- Clean Communities Plan: Outreach to auto-body shops to adopt water-based brake cleaners (incentives)
- Outreach to specific fleet owners about incentives they can use
- Educate business owners on how to comply with our regulations
- Community workshops on clean air vehicles
- High school electric vehicle showcase

Pros:

- Enhances compliance with existing rules, or can go beyond existing rules
- Relatively fast and low cost (other than incentives)

Cons:

Need appropriate incentive funding



Lunch & Learn Workshop

How Electric Vehicles Can Help Clean Our Air & Improve Public Health

Please join the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) and Assemblymember Sabrina Cervantes to discuss air quality and programs available to the community.



Enforcement

Targeted enforcement to address a specific air quality concern

Examples:

- Oil tanker leak investigations
- Idling truck sweeps
- Complaint cluster projects

Pros:

- Promotes compliance with rules
- Identifies violations → corrective actions

Cons:

- Only applies to existing rules and permit conditions
- Can be expensive and timeintensive



South Coast Air Quality Management District 21865 COPLEY DRIVE, DIAMOND BAR, CA 91765-4178

SPECTE



Monitoring

Can serve many purposes:

- Identify hot spots, to focus investigations
- Provides public information
- Tracks progress
- Tool for compliance

Examples:

- Mobile surveys to identify facility leaks
- Metals monitoring to identify sources of metals
- Refinery fenceline and community monitoring

Pros/Cons:

• See Meeting #2, slide 36





Additional strategies



Combined strategies Example 1 – Warehouse related truck traffic





Combined strategies Example 2 - Schools

Prioritize by air quality factors and other factors Air filtration (exposure reduction) Cleaner school buses (incentives)

Nearby facilities

Targeted inspections









Apr 18, 2010 - May

South Coast

Apt 18, 2010 - Mart 18, 2010

43.64% minut

Air Pollution Emissions Data from emissions inventory

Dashboard

Main air toxics in the community 1,3butadier

Diesel particulate has the highest impact in the community

Other toxics may have impacts in areas close to the sources

 Emissions inventories don't account for unknown or unquantified leaks.



Source categories





Other major pollutants in this community

Pollutants	Main sources	
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)	 Petroleum production and marketing Industrial sources Solvent evaporation Coatings 	
Nitrogen Oxides (NOx)		
	Mainly from fuel combustion	

Community Boundary Prioritization of Air Quality Concerns

South Coast

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Prioritization – why we need to do this

We want to use resources appropriately to address the air pollution issues most important to this community

- Goal:
 - Evaluate highest priorities from the community
 - Use existing technical data to help guide priorities
 - Start thinking about potential strategies to put into the emission reduction plan
- Limited resources (money) and limited time
 - We will try to address the top few priorities
 - General expectation is that the plans should be fully implemented ~5 years



SCAQMD Efforts and Funding

These are the estimated costs in the first year, for everything <u>other than</u> <u>incentives</u>. This includes <u>all three Year 1 communities</u>, plus additional resources needed to support <u>future AB 617 designated communities</u> in the SCAQMD.

Program Component	Description	Estimated Amount	
Air Monitoring	 Equipment, staffing, and software to conduct air monitoring and display data 	\$11.5 million	
Community Emissions Reduction Plans	 Staffing to develop and implement community emission reduction plans 	\$4.3 million	
Community Engagement	 Staffing and materials to work with communities to implement AB 617. 	\$1.6 million	
BARCT	 Staffing to transition RECLAIM program to command and control (rule development, CEQA) 	\$8.5 million	But we only received
Emissions Reporting	 Staffing and software enhancements to implement CARB emissions reporting rule 	\$1.8 million	\$20 million
TOTAL		Estimated need: \$27.7 million	South Coast AQMD



Community Impacted Area

Emissions Study Area

Mobile Source

Stationary Source



Where people spend time

Concerns About Stationary Sources*

- These are locations that came up several times (yellow/red) in the air quality mapping activity
- Places where we may look to begin monitoring efforts



*From CSC Meeting #1 air quality mapping activity



Concerns About Mobile Sources*

- Places where we may begin to look for truck idling hot spots for compliance idling sweeps
- Targeted areas for license plate readers and incentives



*From CSC Meeting #1 air quality mapping activity

Major truck routes were identified (e.g. where warehouse trucks travel through the community)



Prioritization – Group activity

30 min	Prioritization of Air Quality Concerns	
15 min	Activity Report Back	
5 min	Break	
10 min	Activity Consensus Results Discussion	

- The goal of this activity is to identify the few highest priority areas, so we can start developing specific strategies to address them
- Allow enough time for everyone to speak
- Be respectful
- There will be one facilitator and one note taker per table

Priorities 3 items per section

Next steps and important reminders

Future meeting dates and locations:

 CSC Meeting #4: March 21st (6:00 p.m.- 8:00 p.m.) at San Bernardino Valley College

Future meeting potential topics:

- Measures to be taken (i.e. what specific actions we want to do to address the highest priority concerns)
- RECLAIM Best Available Retrofit Control Technology (BARCT) Rule development update
- Indirect Source Rule (ISR) development update
 - Rules to control mobile source emissions at warehouses, railyards, etc.



Next steps and important reminders

Technical Advisory Group (TAG):

 First TAG meeting has been scheduled for February 27th, 2019 (9:00 – 11:00 a.m.) at SCAQMD headquarters

Please send us your biographies as soon as possible

Sign the charter – hard copies are provided at registration



Thank you
for the hard work!More information on AB 617:
www.aqmd.gov/AB617

Email: AB617@aqmd.gov Follow us @SouthCoastAQMD f 💟 🗿

