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Fry

GREATER BALTIMORE OPEN AIR PROJECT

Using citizen science, loT, & open hardware to measure air quality in Baltimore

Baltimore Open Air Partners



BEL¥





"Unifying and amplifying the voices of the Pasadena residents for the beautification and revitalization of all of their neighborhoods"













... and many others



























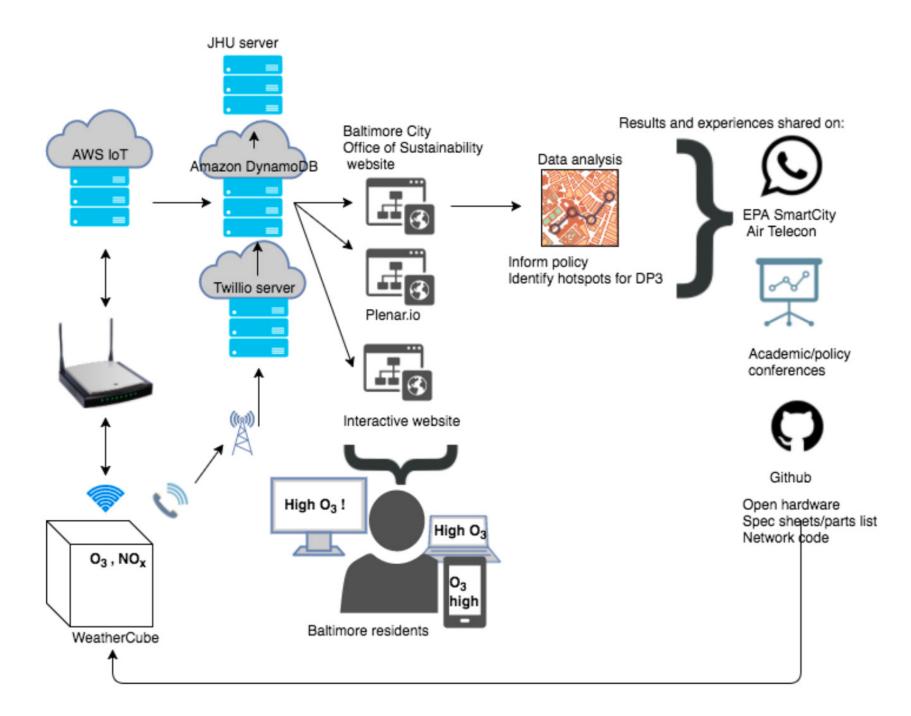






Specifically, we aim to: Design and build 300 air quality monitors, working with Citizen scientists to build and deploy the network, as well as manage the data & quantify spatial variability in air quality.

OUR AP-PROACH

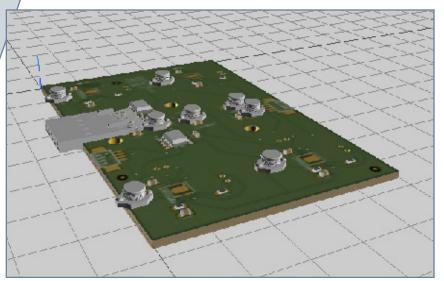


HARD-WARE

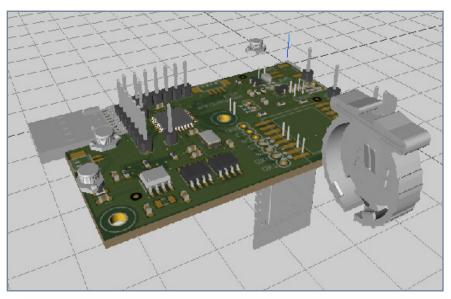
Circuit Design

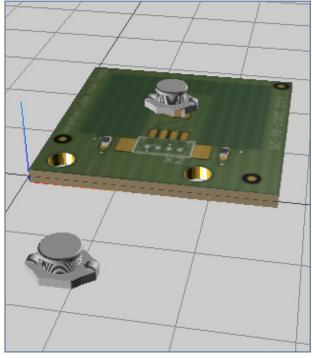
Chris Kelly is a PhD student in the Department of Geography and Environmental Engineering at JHU. His research interests include software and hardware development for water and sanitation monitoring, multi-scale spatial estimates of water and sanitation treatment access, the use of environmental and epidemiological data in infrastructure planning, collaborative GIS, and collaborative infrastructure funding mechanisms.





LMP9100



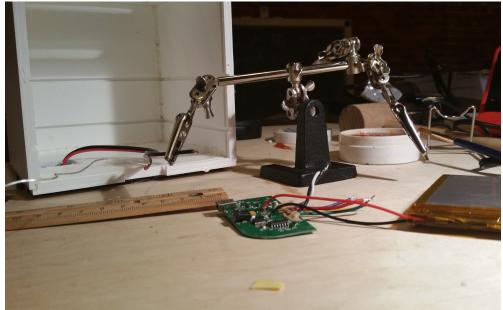


Humidity

Main Board







Case Design

Yan Azdoud is a Postdoctoral fellow in the civil engineering department at Johns Hopkins University. He is interested in computational modeling in solid mechanics and has broader interest in interdisciplinary research.





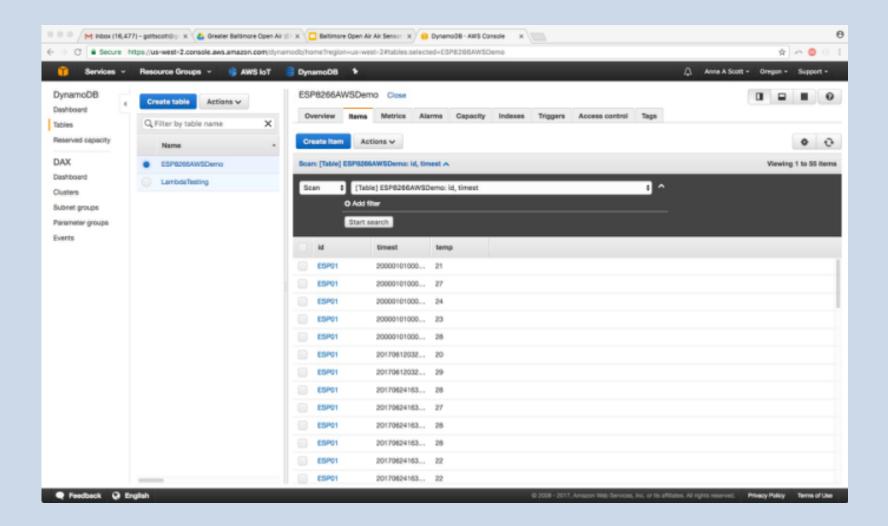


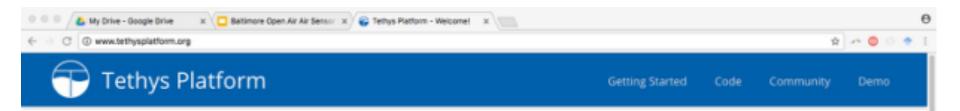


Upcoming hardware improvements

- » Cellular modem integrated into circuit board (expected Aug. 2017)
- » Wired connectivity (Aug. 2017)
- More compact circuit board (Nov. 2017)

SOFT-WARE

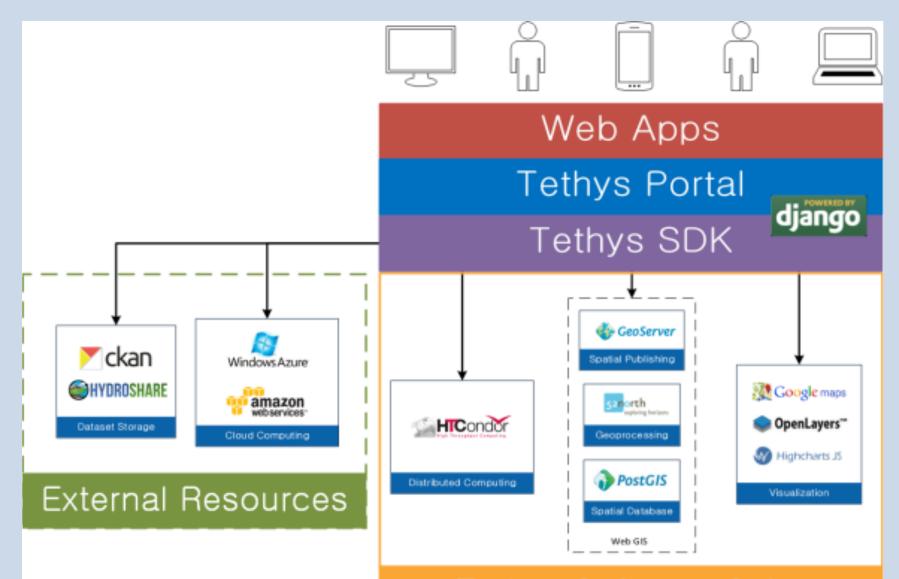






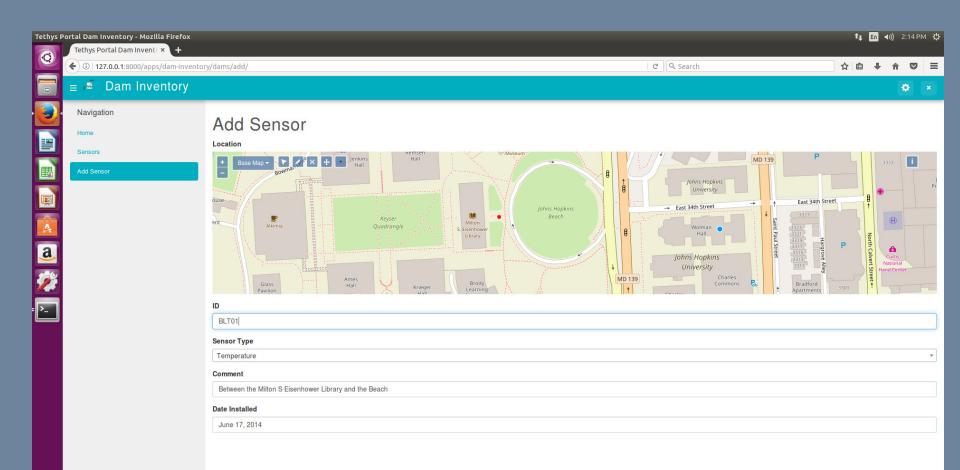
Tethys Platform has been designed to lower the barrier to water resources web app development. Convey your models and data as interactive web apps.





Tethys Software Suite

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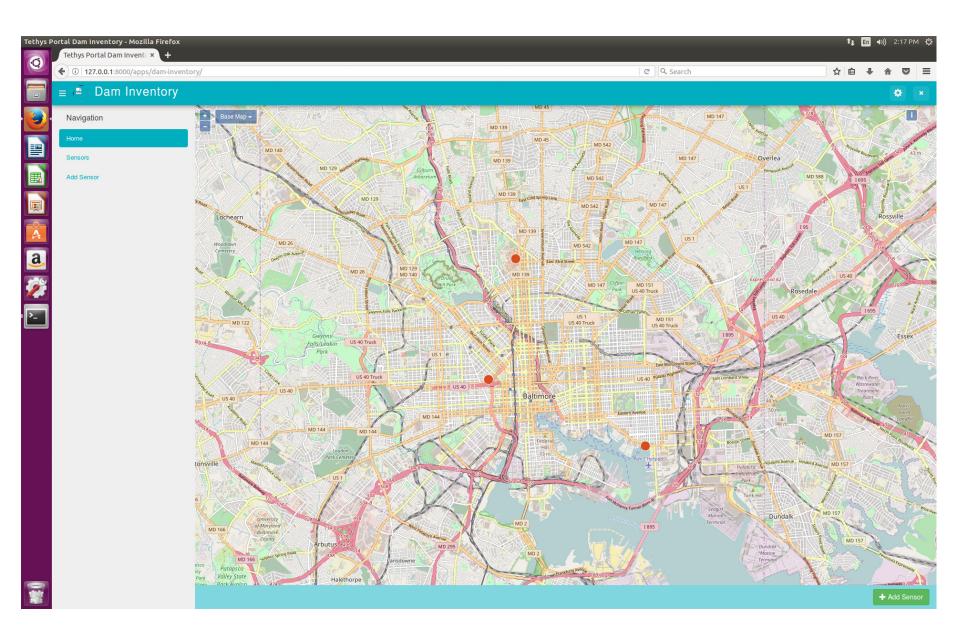


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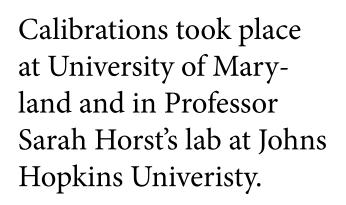
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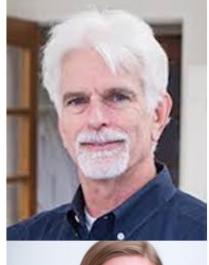


This spring, we have:

- >> Designed a wireless, solar powered air quality monitoring platform
- » Began laboratory calibrations of air quality sensors
- » Created computer code to upload data to Amazon Web Services (AWS) database DynamoDB
- » Began writing code to utilize AWS IoT lambda rule engine
- » Hosted community workshops
- » Began coordinating with site hosts for monitor installation
- » Continued outreach online: website, twitter

CALIBRA-TION

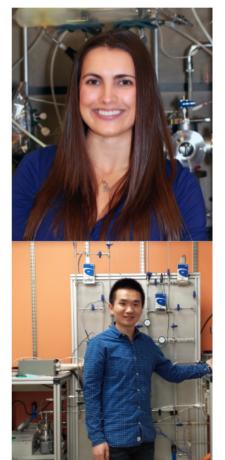




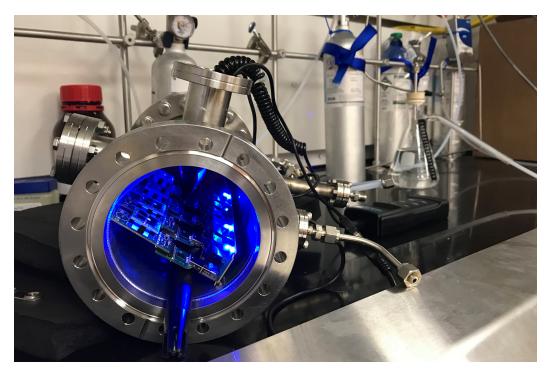












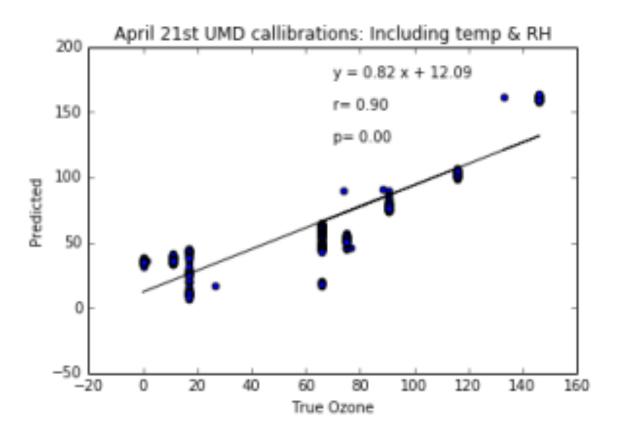


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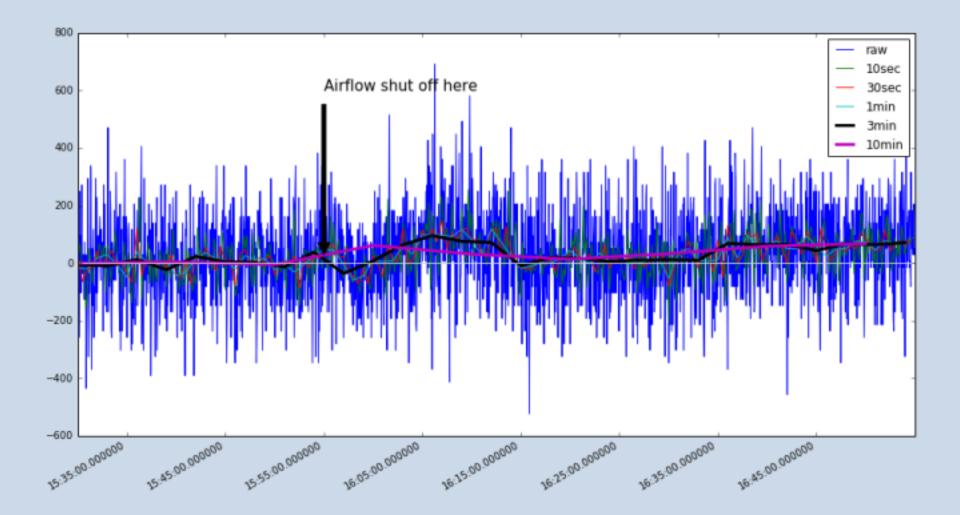
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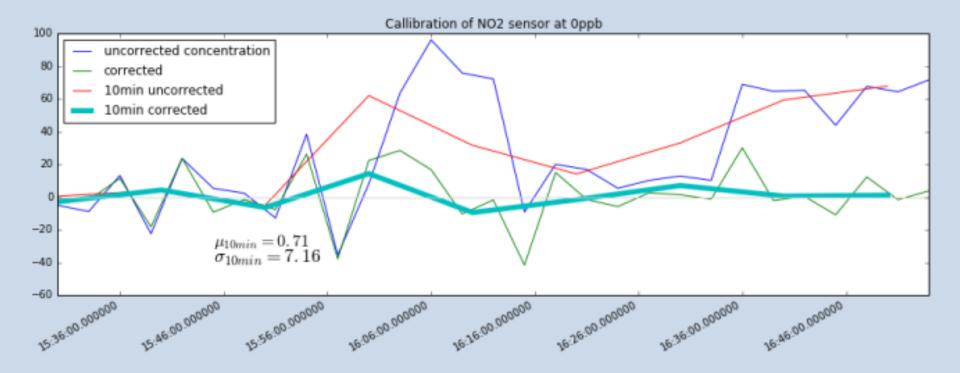
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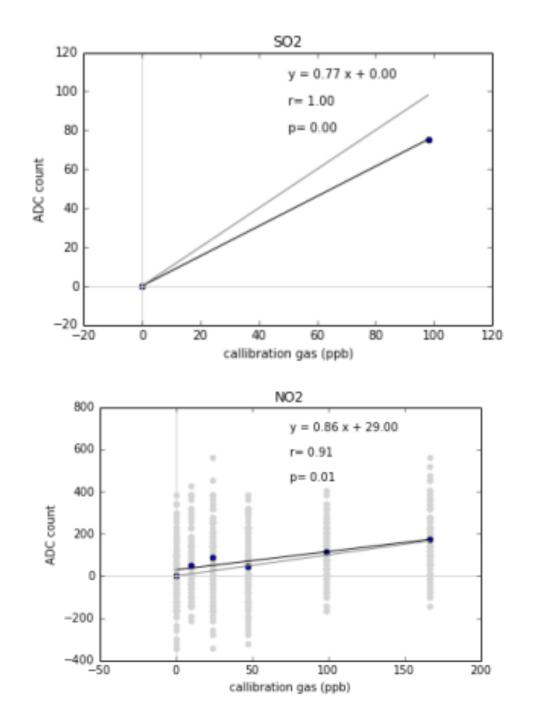
Sensor Calibrations



Protocol following: McElroy, F. F. "Transfer standards for calibration of air monitoring analyzers for ozone." EPA Technical Assistance Document (1979).



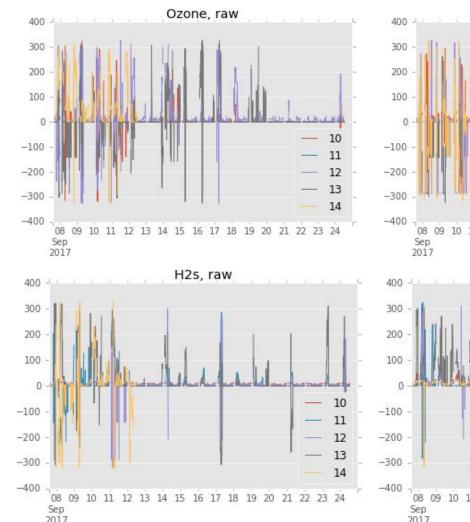


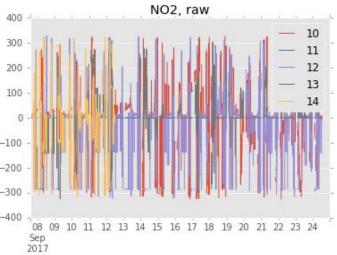


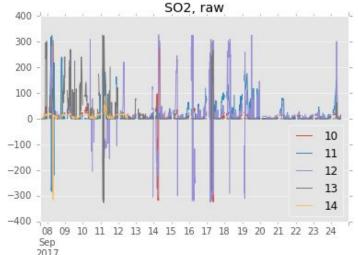
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Raw data

Raw ADC counts are <u>very</u> noisy.







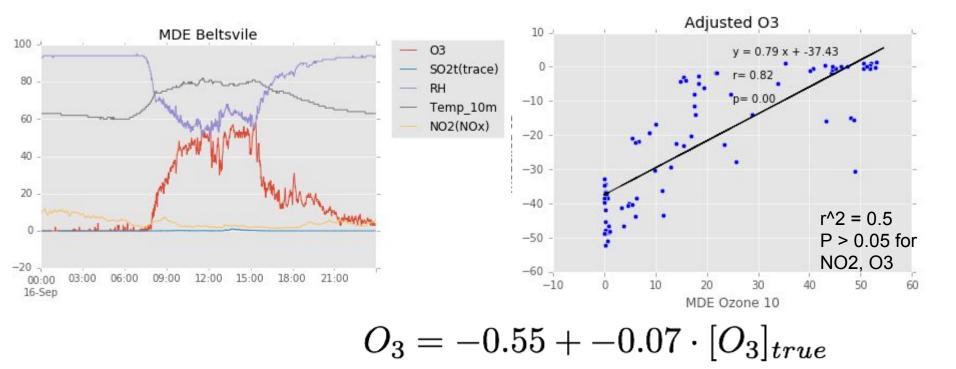
Sensor calibrations

$$[NO_2]_{sensor} = x_1[NO_2]_{true} + x_2[O_3] + x_3[H_2S] + x_4[SO_2] + \dots$$

Sensor values are a function of the target gas, but also other gasses. We want to solve for:

$$[NO_2]_{true} = 1/x_1 \cdot (-[NO_2]_{sensor} + x_2[O_3] + x_3[H_2S] + x_4[SO_2] + \dots)$$

Ozone sensor calibration



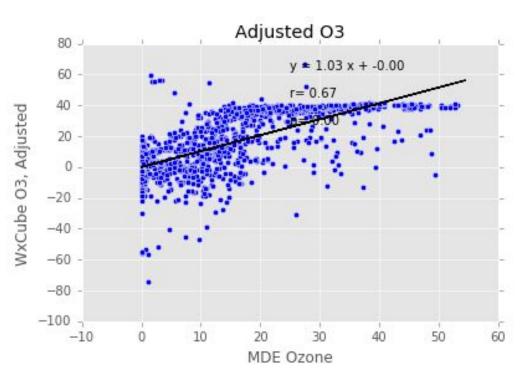
 $+0.036 \cdot [NO2] + 0.187 \cdot [SO_2] + 3.62 \cdot [H_2S]$

Ozone sensor calibration

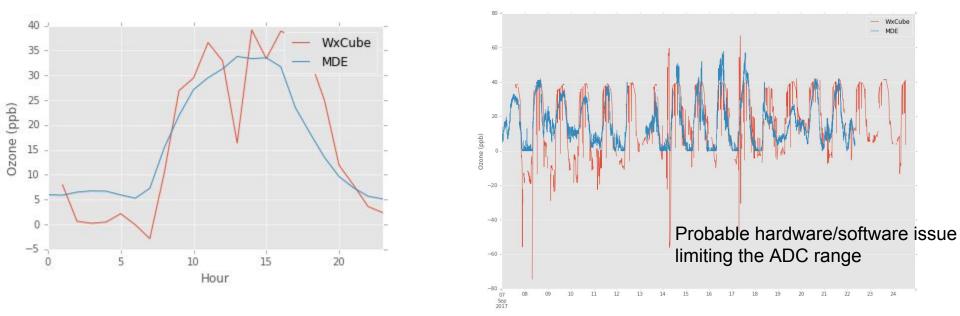
The previous result assumes that the true ozone is known. Here, we remove known ozone and apply the regression coefficients:

 $O_3 = -0.55 + 0.036 \cdot [NO2]$ +0.187 \cdot [SO_2] + 3.62 \cdot [H_2S]

Mean error = 1.05 ppb.

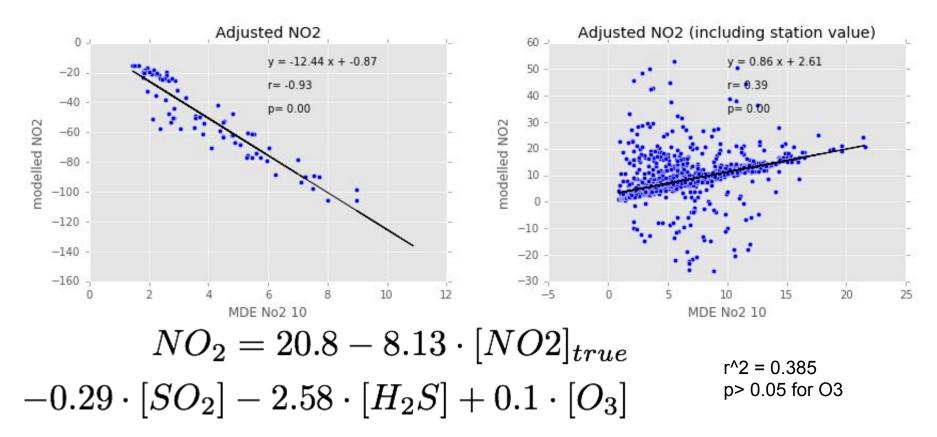


Ozone sensor calibration

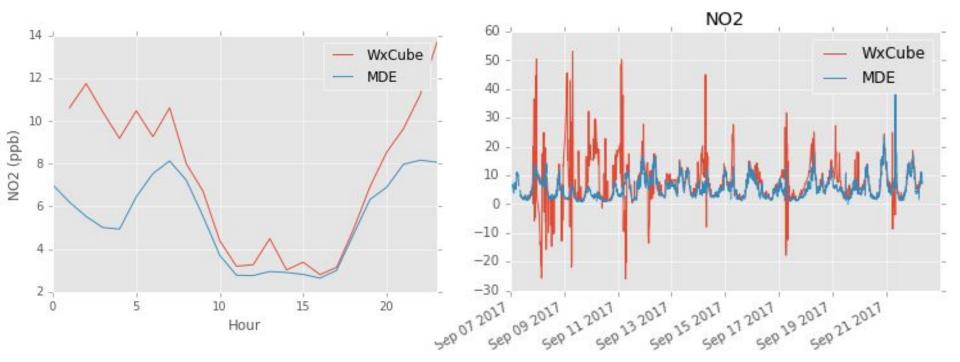


Final regression captures the diurnal cycle of ozone well, but not the range

NO2 sensor calibration



NO2 sensor calibration



Mean difference = -1.91 ppb

Sensor calibrations

We used a day of data for one sensor and compared it to Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE) data.

Sensors were co-located.

Our sensors report 3 minute averages every 12 minutes.

MDE samples at 1 minute frequency (data has not undergone QA procedures).

A linear regression was computed in Python (statsmodels ols function).

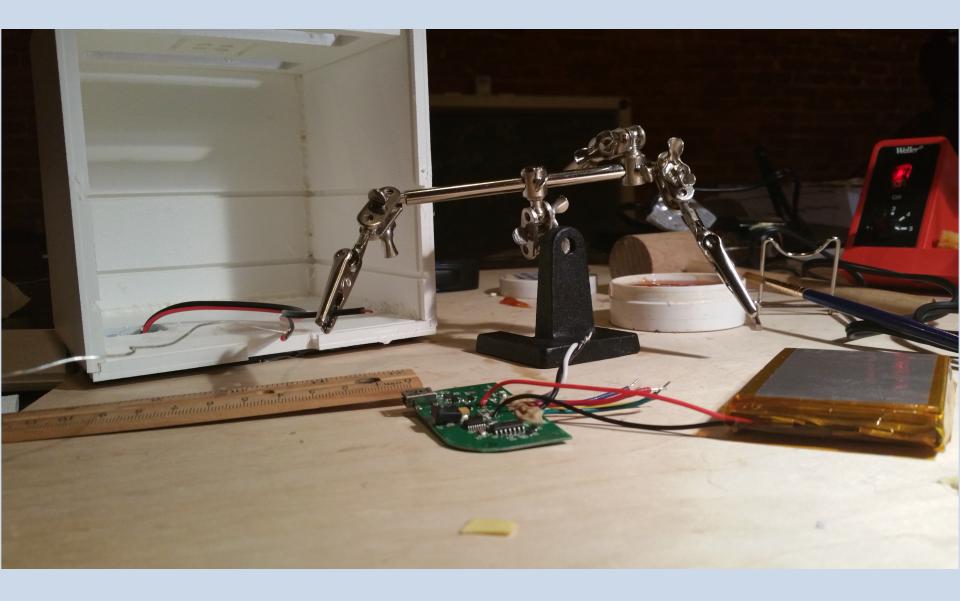


ASSEM-BLY









Upcoming challenges:

Manufacturing July 19-Field calibration August X-Deployment with community centers in August Visualization website in late July bmoreopenair@gmail.com ascott47@jhu.edu @bmoreopenair