



Lafayette Engagement
& Research Network

LEaRN: Lafayette Engagement and Research Network & the EPA Smart City Air Challenge

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CGI Federal

Making Sense of Sensors
Sept. 27-28, 2017
South Coast AQMD

Plan

1. About Lafayette Engagement and Research Network (LEaRN)
 - What is Lafayette, LA all about?
 - Where did LEaRN come from?
 - What is LEaRN trying to do?
2. LEaRN Air quality sensor platform;
3. Sensor validation methodology;
4. Software architecture of the Kinota™ open source data management solution;
5. LEaRN network topology;
6. Siting sensors in the community; and
7. Sensor fabrication and STEM education.

About Lafayette Engagement and Research Network



What is Lafayette, Louisiana all about?

- Cultural capital of Acadiana
- Heart of Cajun and Creole Louisiana
- Population ~127,000
- Est. growth ~90,000 new people by 2030
- Lafayette economy GDP: ~\$20 billion/year
- Major industries:
 - Energy Sector
 - Medical / Healthcare
 - Information Technology
 - Tourism and Culture





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SMARTGIGABIT
COMMUNITY



WillCodeforCrawfish

March 29 - April 1, 2017

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What Is CajunCodeFest?



Who Can Participate?

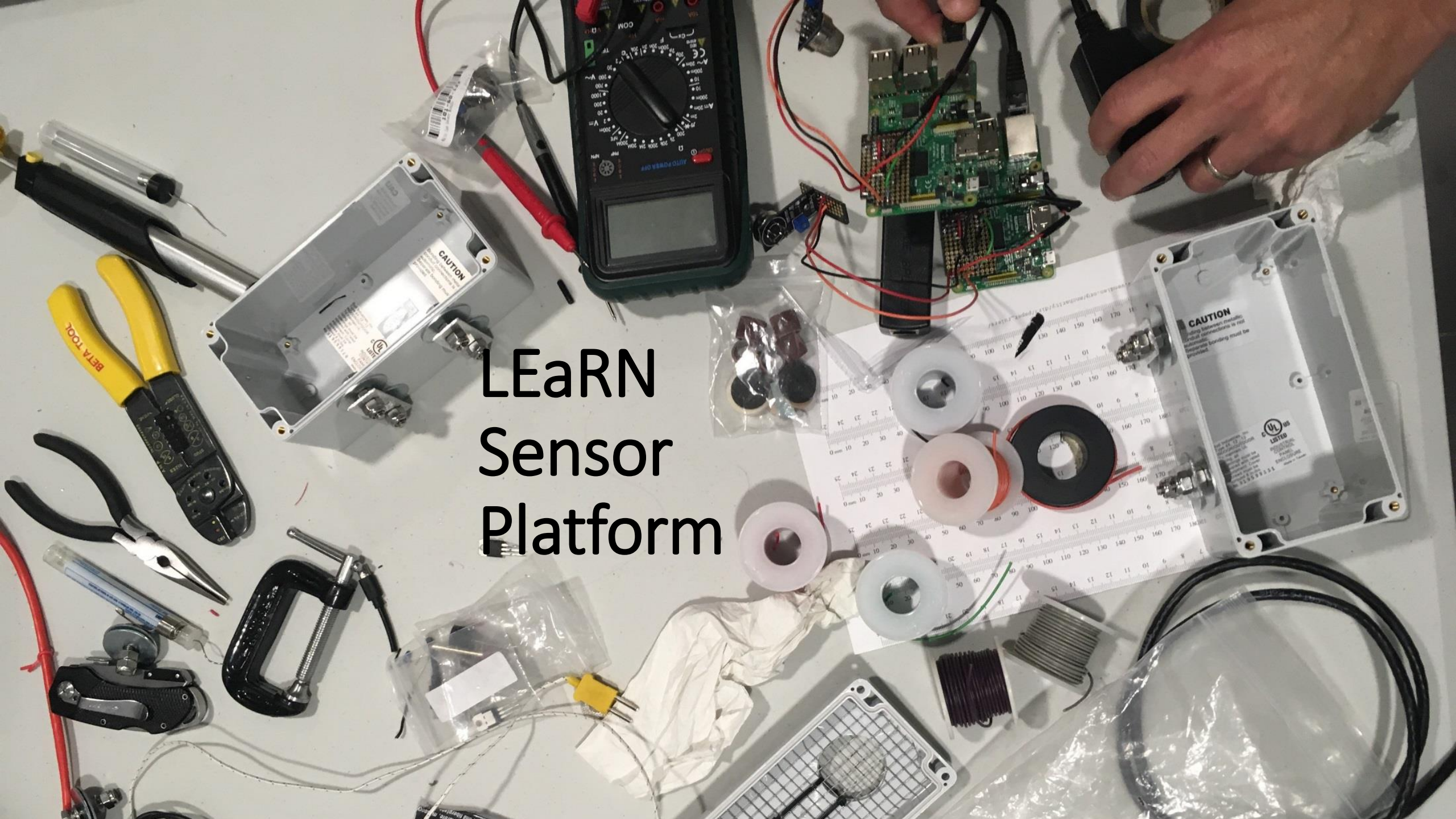


Why Participate?

Where did LEaRN come from?

- **Formed in response to U.S. EPA Smart City Air Challenge:** Fall 2016
- **Two cities awarded \$40,000:** Lafayette, Louisiana and Baltimore, Maryland
- **Deploy 250 to 500 air quality sensors in a community**
- **Community involvement in purchasing and using the sensors:** The community and its residents will provide funds for the sensors in order to ensure citizen engagement and better data quality.
- **Identification of partners and project sustainability:** EPA will provide prizes to the winning communities. The community and its residents will provide funds and establish partnerships to implement the strategy.
- **Be transparent in terms of making the data open and describing the data management plans:** The data from the sensors will be available for free and in machine-readable form. The data management plan describes how data will be managed in all parts of the information life cycle.

LEaRN Sensor Platform

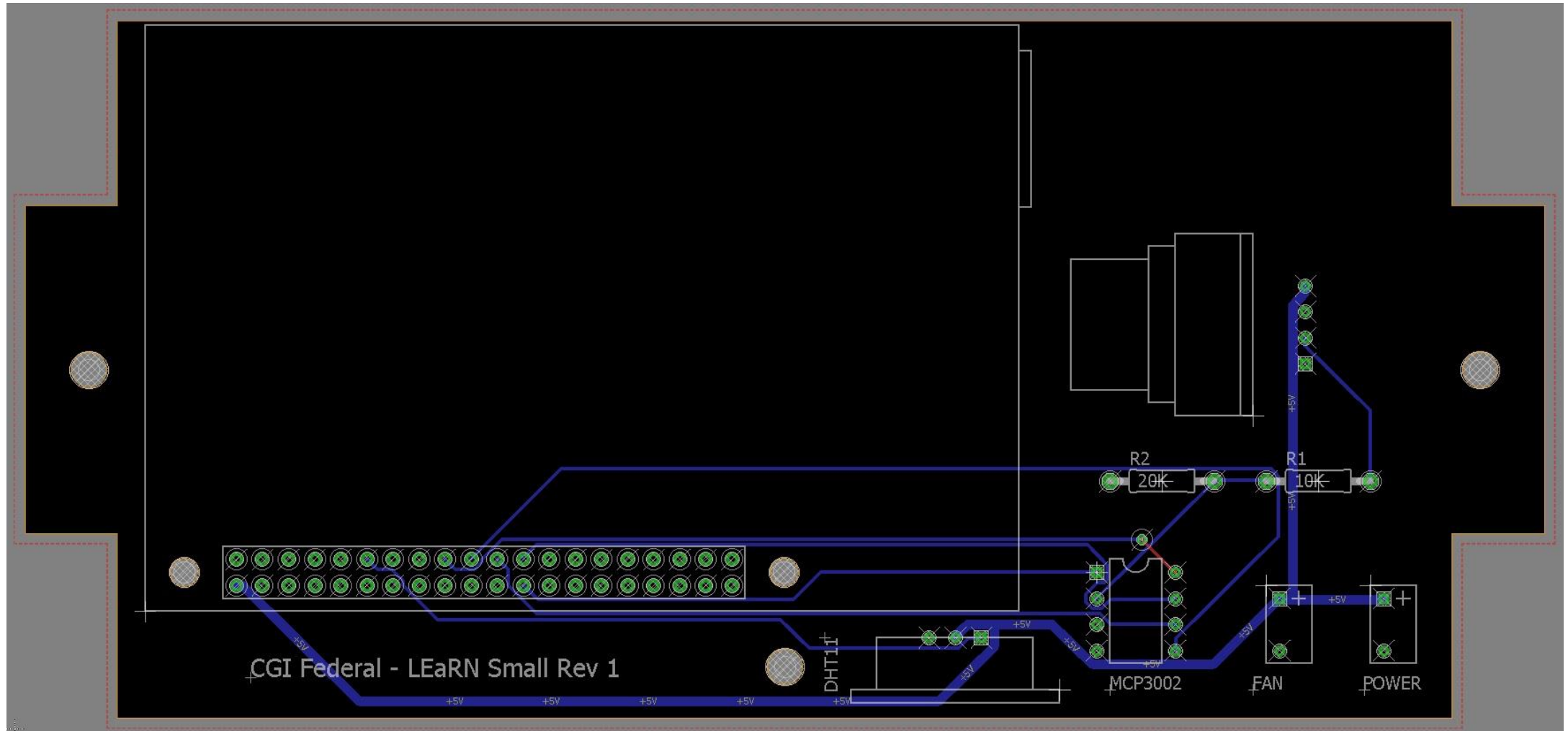


LEaRN Sensor Platform

- O_3
 - Low-cost: Sainsmart MQ131 (\$20)
 - Type: Metal oxide semiconductor (MOS)
 - Higher low-cost: Aeroqual SM50 (\$255)
 - Type: MOS
- PM2.5
 - Low-cost: DF Robot SEN 0177 (\$50)
 - Type: Light-scattering, particle counter
 - Higher low-cost: Alphasense OPC-N2 (\$535)
 - Type: Light-scattering, particle counter
- Air temperature and relative humidity
 - DHT11 (\$3.25)
 - Type: Thermistor (T), capacitive (RH)

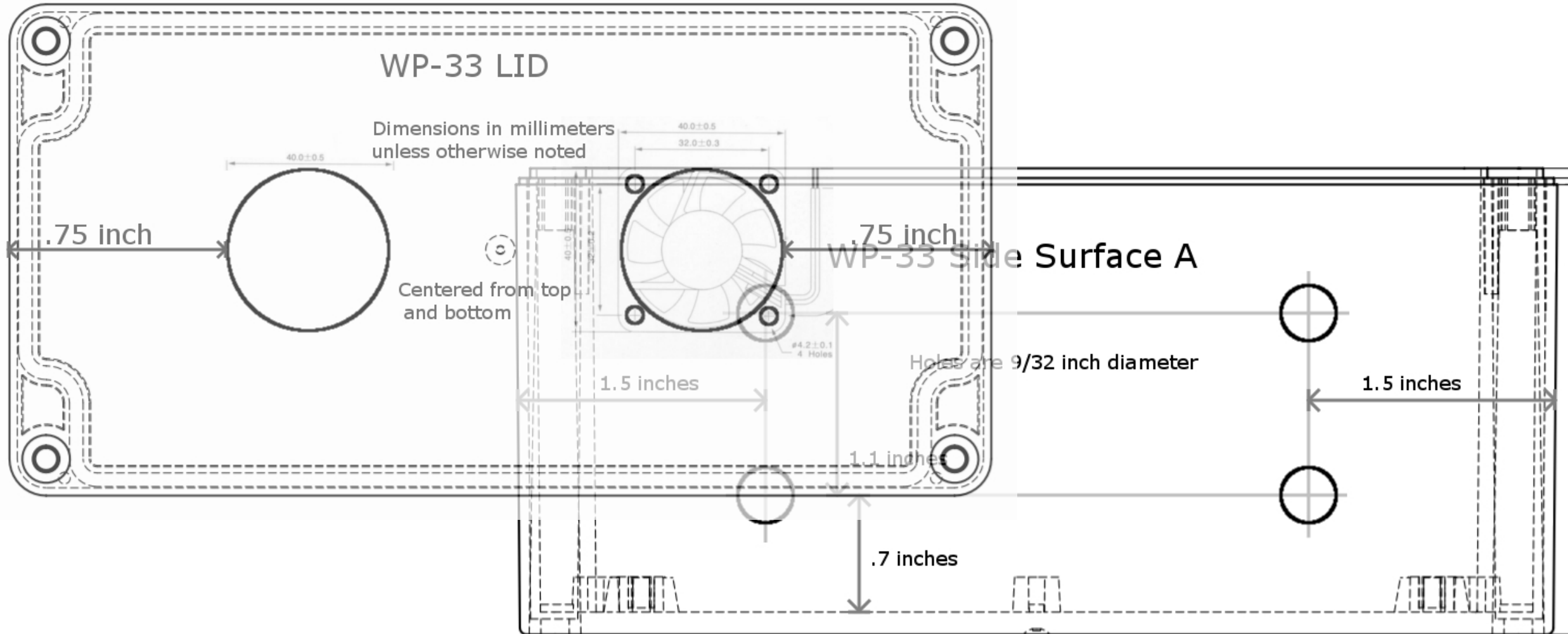


Sensor Platform



Power Control Board (PCB) design

Sensor Platform



LEaRN Sensor Platform



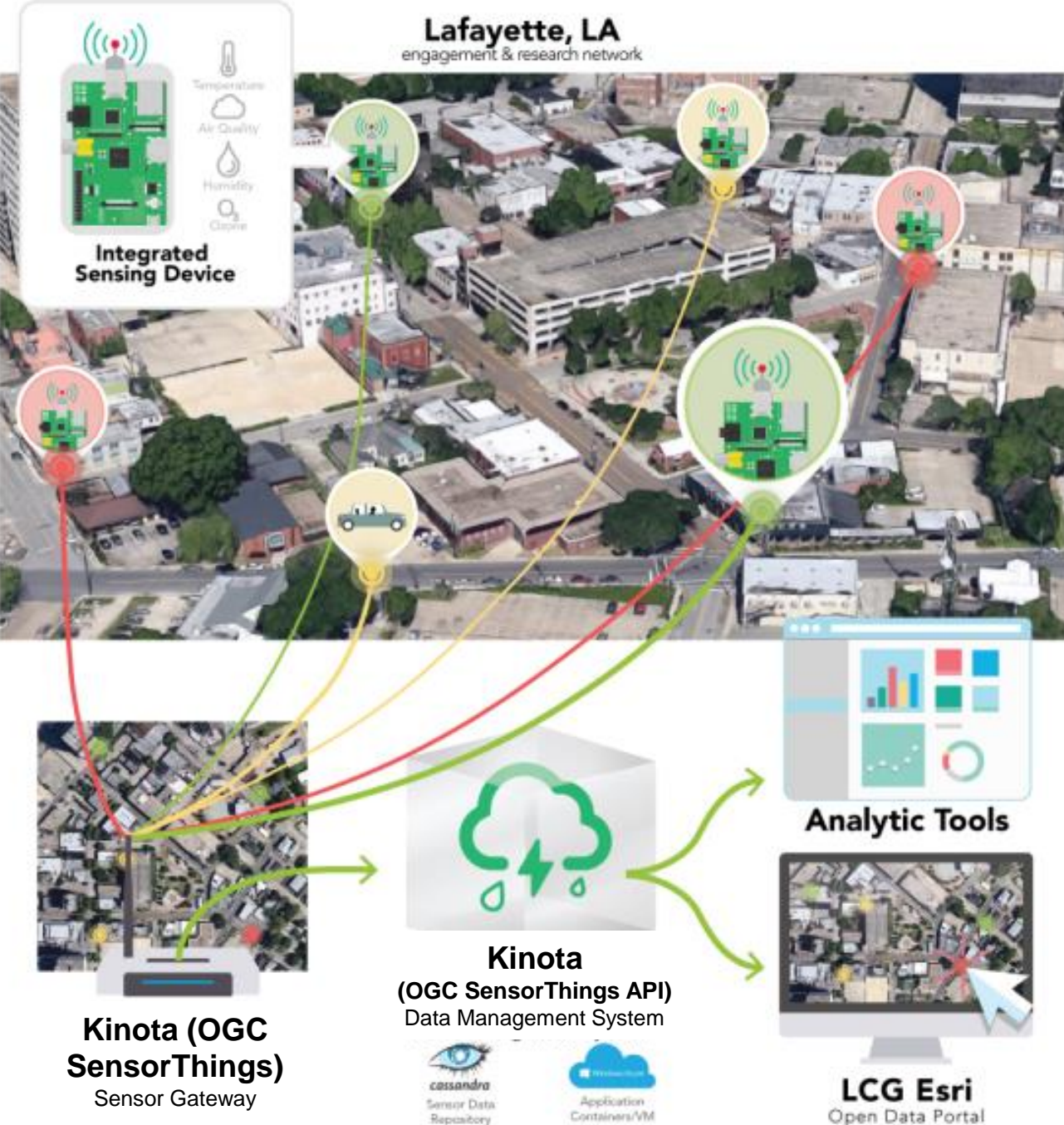
- 250 total Things
 - 175 Things with cheap ozone only (small boxes)
 - 75 large enclosure Things
 - 50 cheap O₃, expensive O₃, cheap PM
 - 25 cheap O₃, expensive O₃, expensive PM
 - All Things will also have a temperature and humidity sensor

Sensor validation/calibration methodology

- Place all sensors at Louisiana Dept. of Environmental Quality (LDEQ) AQ station for 7-14 days
- Compare data during calibration period to reference sensors, building calibration curve
- Apply calibration curve to raw data to produce QA/QC'ed datastreams



Software architecture of the Kinota™ open source data management solution



What is Kinota?

- Kinota is an open source implementation of OGC SensorThings API Part 1: Sensing
 - LGPL v3 license
 - Written in Java 8
- Kinota prioritizes:
 - Standards compliance
 - Modularity
 - Security
- Kinota can be found here!
 - <https://github.com/kinota/>



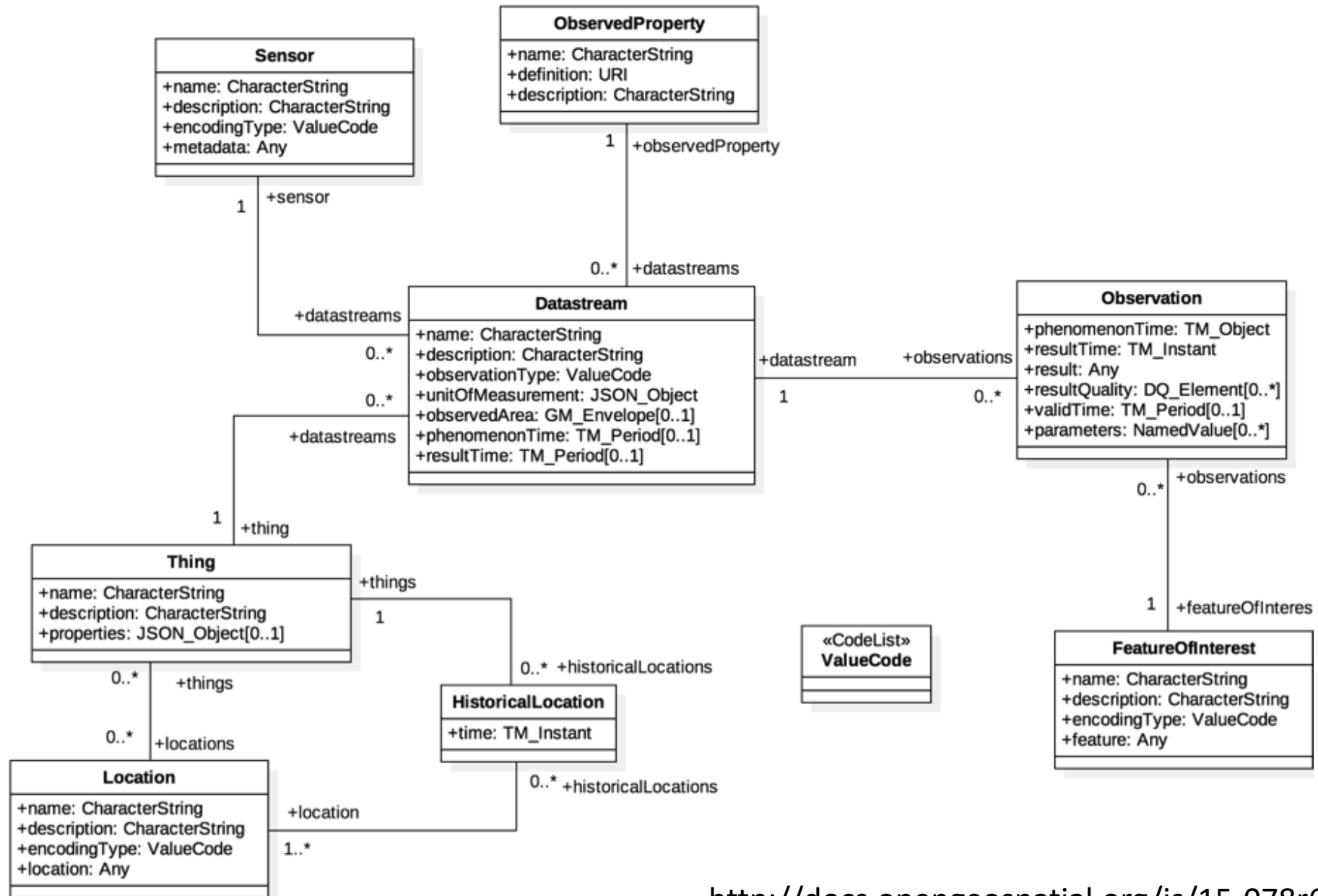
What is SensorThings?

The OGC SensorThings API provides an ***open, geospatial-enabled*** and unified ***way to interconnect the Internet of Things devices, data, and applications over the Web***. The OGC SensorThings API is an open standard, and that means ***it is non-proprietary, platform-independent, and perpetual royalty-free***. Although it is a new standard, it ***builds on a rich set of proven-working and widely-adopted open standards, such as the Web protocols and the OGC Sensor Web Enablement (SWE)*** standards, including the ISO/OGC Observation and Measurement data model [OGC 10-004r3 and ISO 19156:2011]. That also means the ***OGC SensorThings API is extensible and can be applied to not only simple but also complex use cases***.

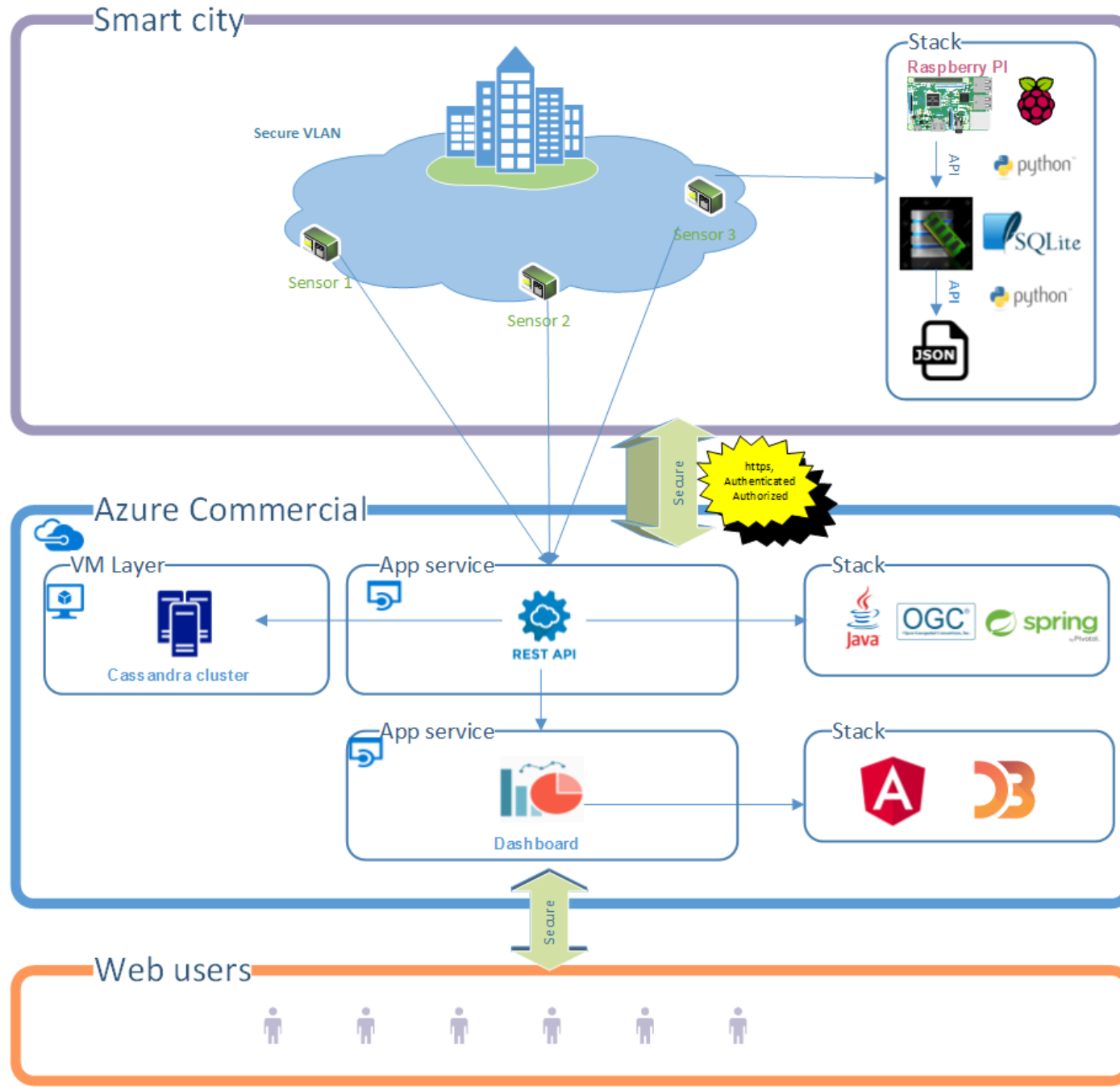
What is SensorThings?

- Components of the standard
 - SensorThings API Part 1: Sensing
 - Defines core data model and semantics for publishing, discovering, and downloading sensor data using HTTP REST or MQTT
 - Ratified 2016
 - SensorThing API Part 2: Tasking
 - Defines data model and semantics for parameterizing IoT devices
 - Two parts: Core, and Extended Tasking
 - Core tasking standard is being written and revised by the OGC SensorThings Standard Working Group now
 - ETA for ratified standard: Q2 2018

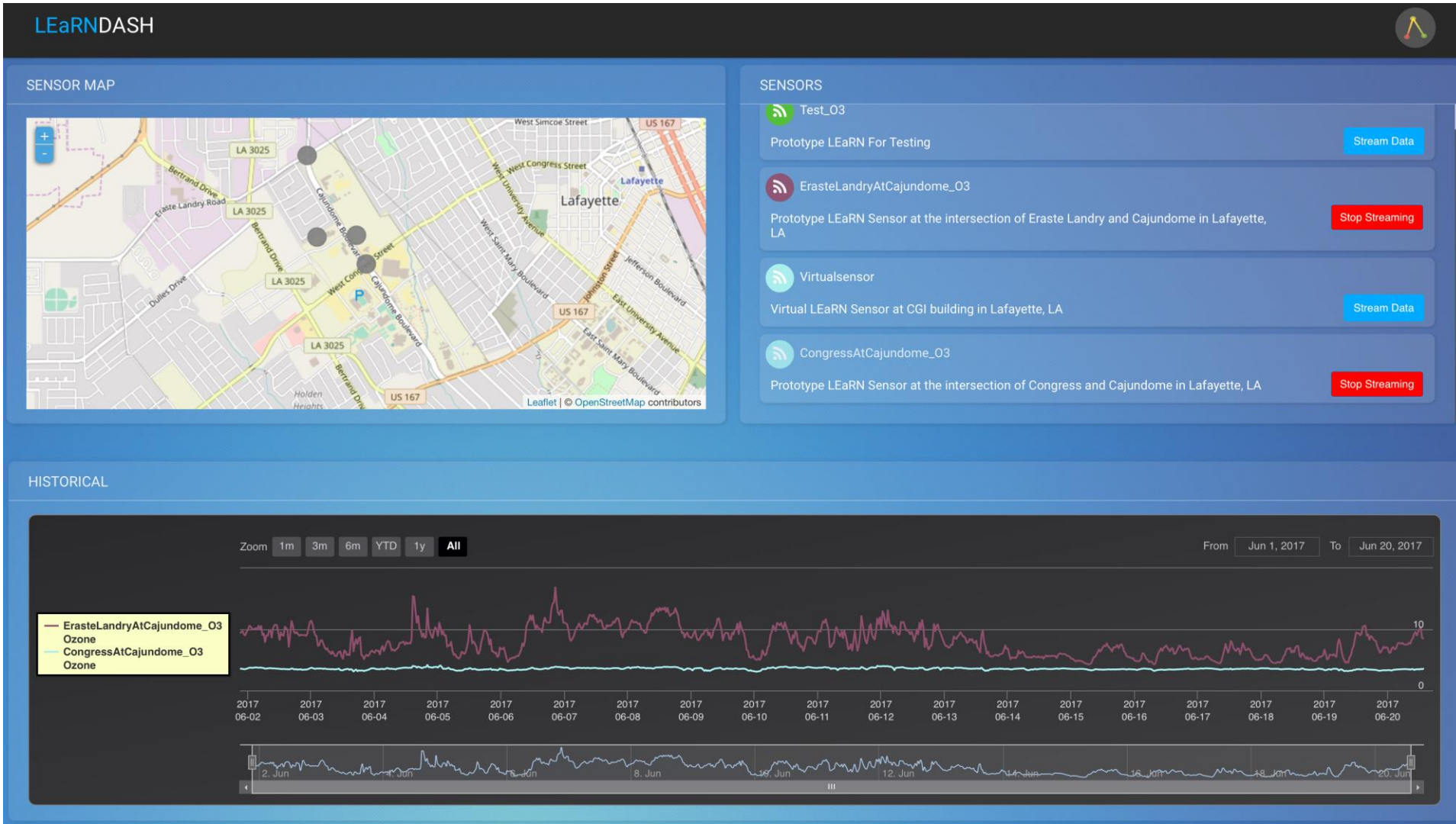
SensorThings API Part 1: Sensing – Data model



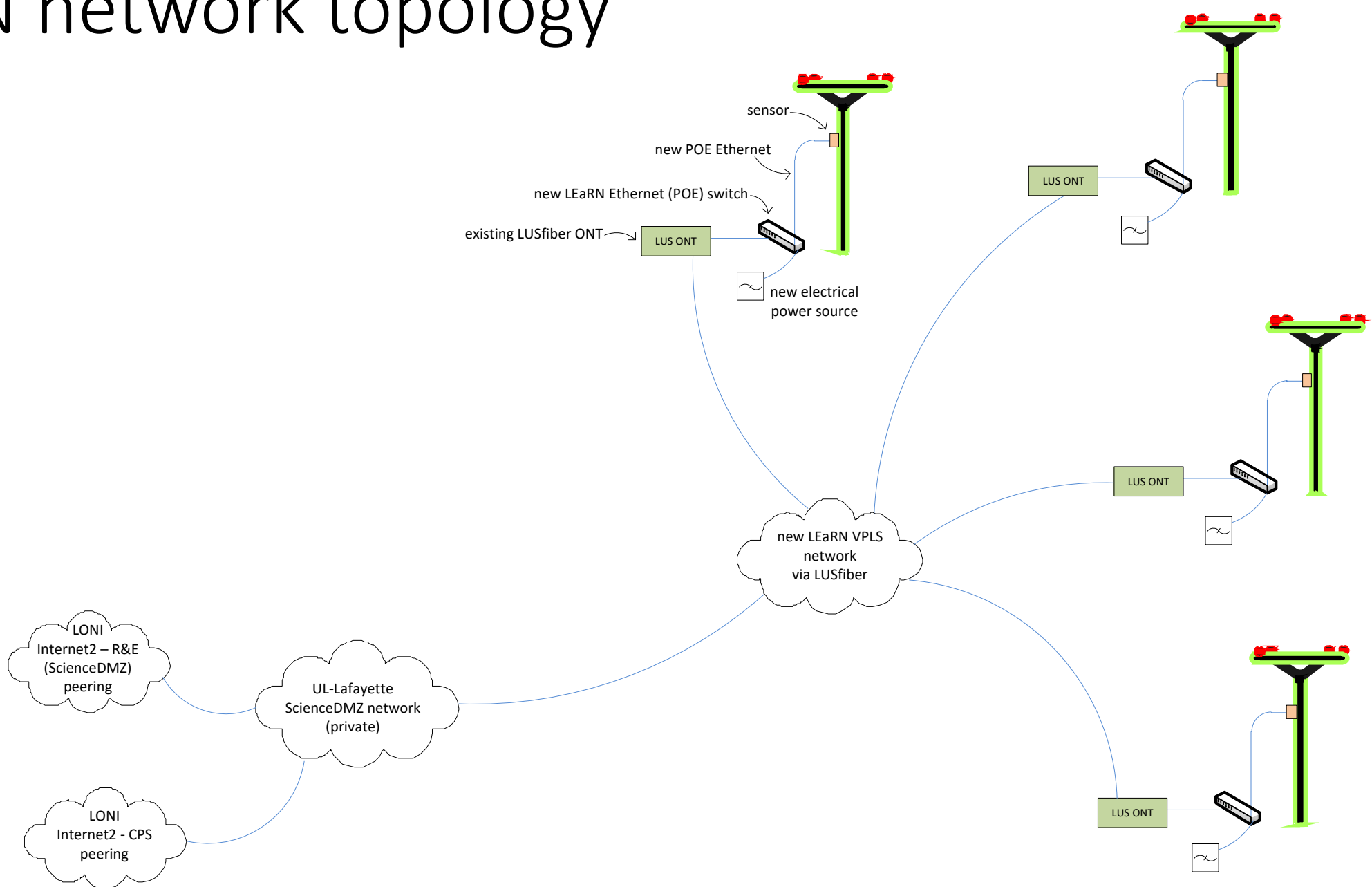
LEaRN – Data Architecture



Sample: Real-time Data Visualization in Browser



LEaRN network topology

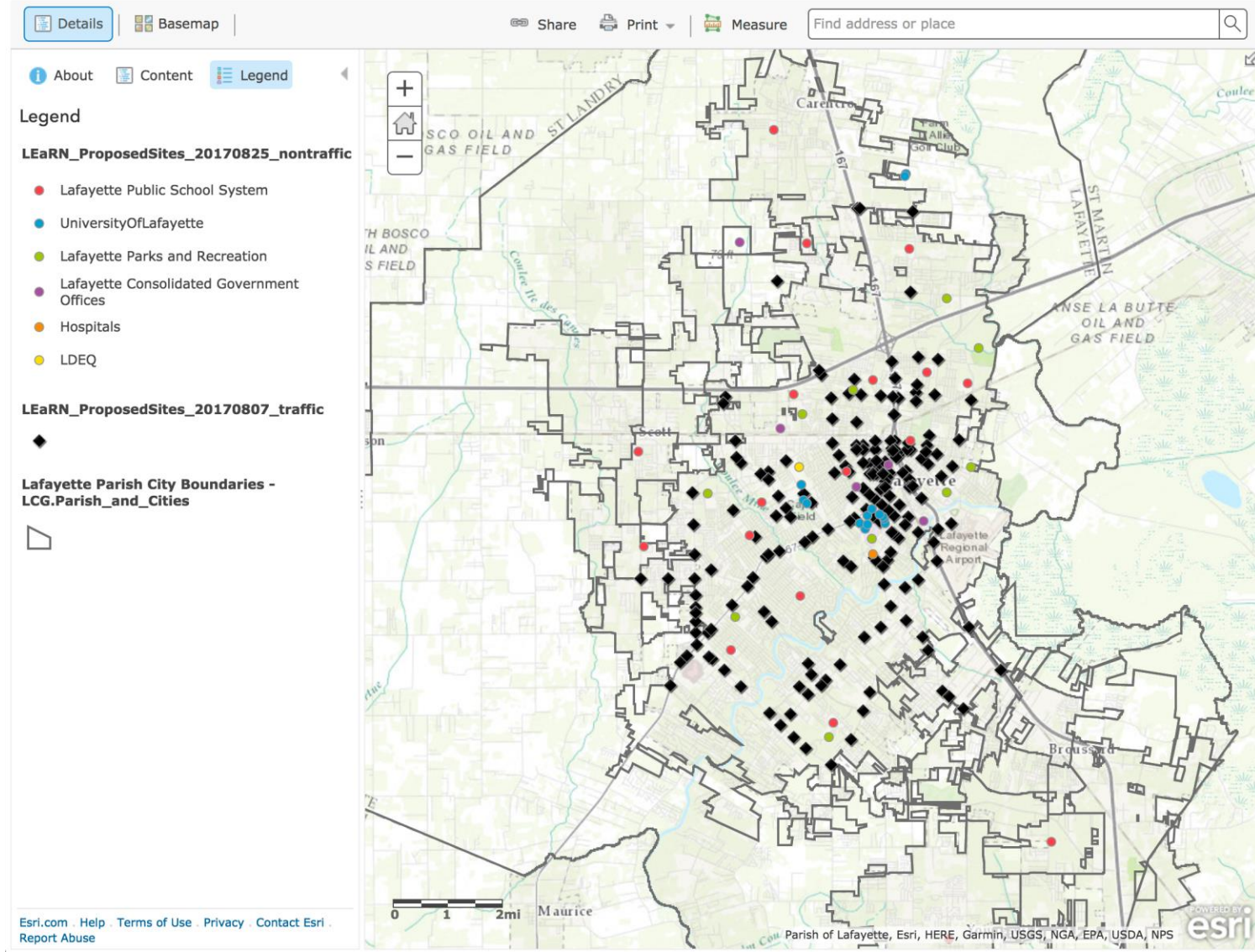


Siting sensors in the community

- Place sensors at partner sites
- Place sensors such that there is uniform spatial distribution of sensors, to the extent possible
- Include a range of land uses covering: transportation infrastructure (roads, parking), residential, commercial, agricultural, forest
- Place sensors in locations with network and power available
- Place sensors in areas with known or suspected air pollution or near populations vulnerable to air pollution (e.g. near schools, parks, hospitals)

ArcGIS ▾ LEaRN Air Quality Sensors - Proposed Sites

Modify Map  Sign In

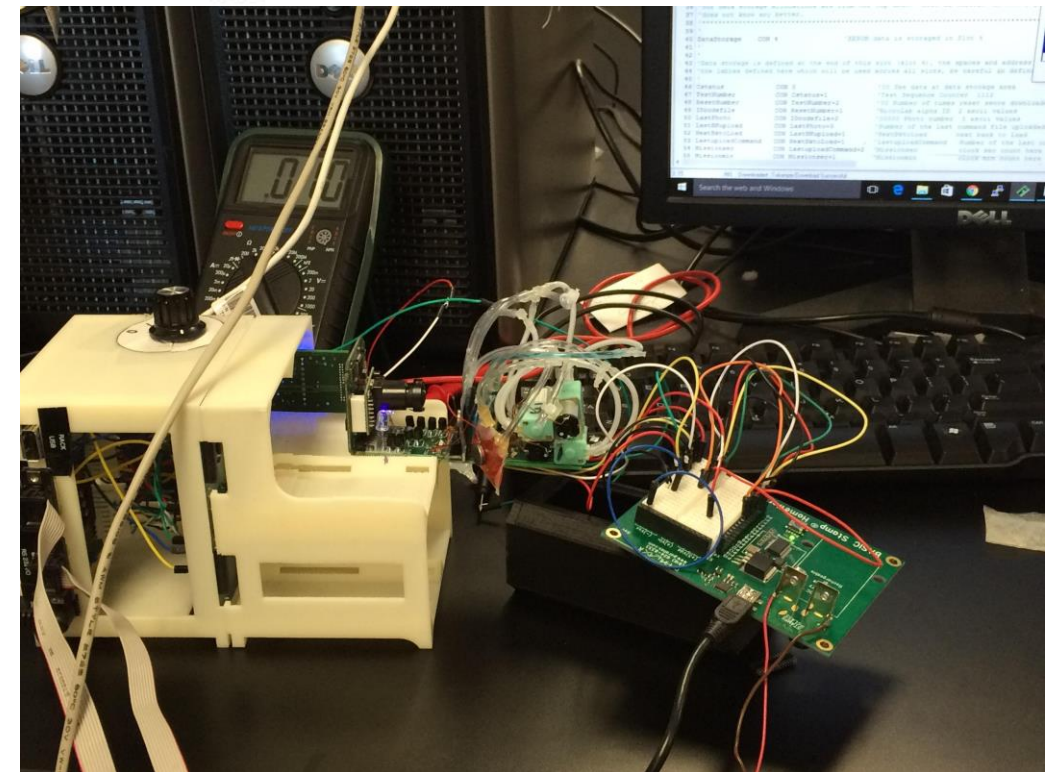


Sensor fabrication and STEM education

- LEaRN partner Lafayette Public School System will lead sensor fabrication
- Middle and High School students from David Thibodaux STEM Magnet Academy will be fabricating most of our sensors platforms
- Past students have participated in robotics competitions, and had an experiment flown on the International Space Station (ISS)
- Building LEaRN sensors will give a new class of students practical experience with electronics theory and skills (e.g. circuit design, soldering, etc.)



DAVID THIBODAUX
STEM MAGNET ACADEMY



ISS Experiment: Full Interface Test 1 for NanoRacks-David Thibodaux STEM Magnet Academy-Antibiotic Effectiveness on Escherichia Coli in Microgravity (NanoRacks-DTSM-A-Effectiveness of Antibiotics). Image courtesy of David Thibodaux STEM Magnet Academy.

https://www.nasa.gov/mission_pages/station/research/experiments/2388.html



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Questions?

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