

# Field Evaluation PM Monitor – iMonPM



# Background

- From 03/17/2022 to 05/17/2022, three **PM Monitor – iMonPM** (hereinafter **iMonPM**) sensors were deployed at the South Coast AQMD stationary ambient monitoring site in Rubidoux and were run side-by-side with Federal Equivalent Method (FEM) instruments measuring the same pollutants
- iMonPM (3 units tested):
  - Particle sensor: **optical; non-FEM (Wuhan Cubic PM3006S)**
  - Each unit reports:  $PM_{1.0}$ ,  $PM_{2.5}$  and  $PM_{10}$  ( $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ ), T ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ), RH (%)
  - **Unit cost: \$1,995**
  - Time resolution: 1-min
  - Units IDs: 0028, 0029, 0030



- GRIMM EDM180 (reference instrument):
  - Optical particle counter (**FEM  $PM_{2.5}$** )
  - Measures  $PM_{1.0}$ ,  $PM_{2.5}$ , and  $PM_{10}$  ( $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ )
  - **Cost: ~\$25,000 and up**
  - Time resolution: 1-min
- Teledyne API T640 (reference instrument):
  - Optical particle counter (**FEM  $PM_{2.5}$** )
  - Measures  $PM_{1.0}$ ,  $PM_{2.5}$  and  $PM_{10}$  ( $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ )
  - **Cost: ~\$21,000**
  - Time resolution: 1-min
- Met Station (T, RH, P, WS, WD):
  - **Cost: ~\$5,000**
  - Time resolution: 1-min



FEM GRIMM



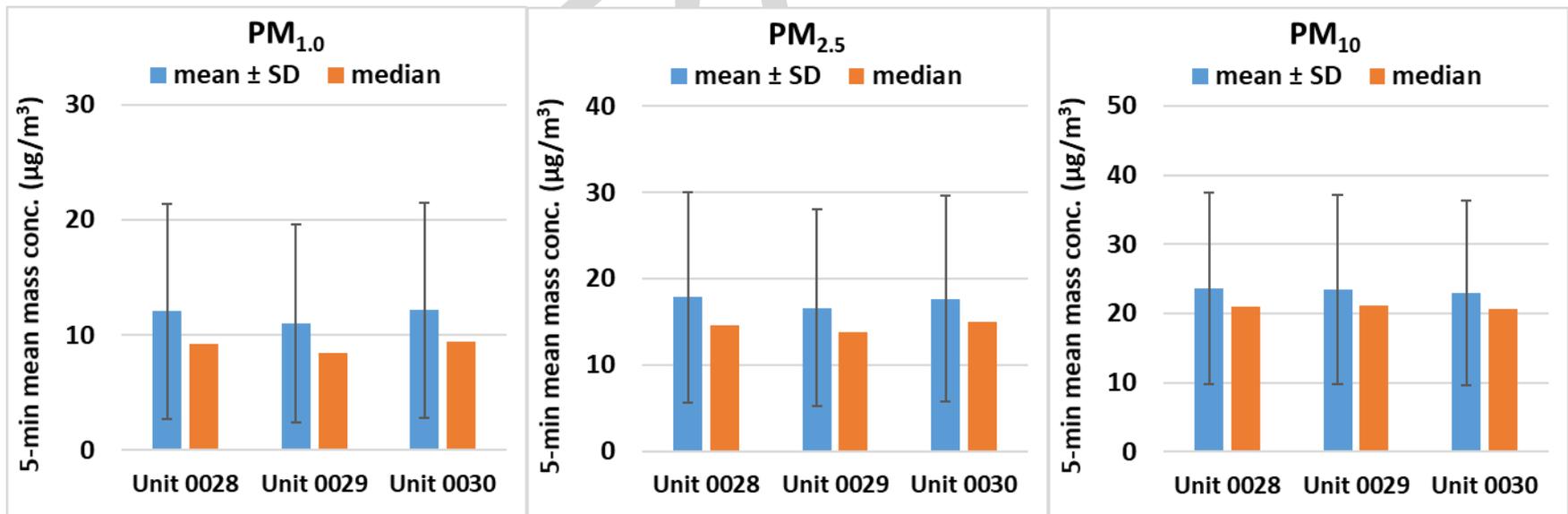
FEM T640

# Data validation & recovery

- Basic QA/QC procedures were used to validate the collected data (i.e. obvious outliers, negative values and invalid data-points were eliminated from the data-set)
- Data recovery from Unit 0028, Unit 0029 and Unit 0030 was ~97.5%, respectively for all PM measurements

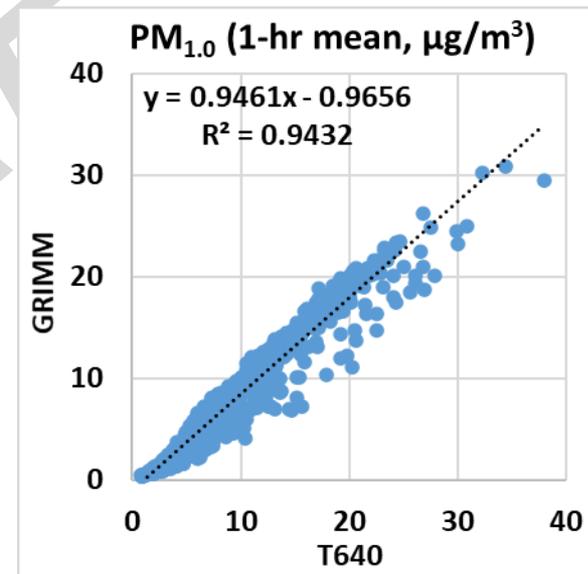
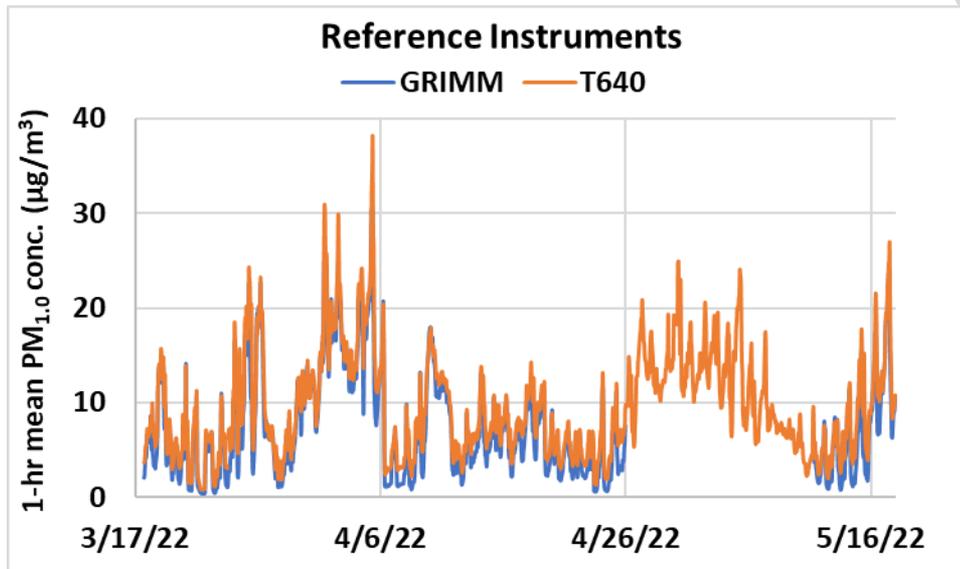
## iMonPM; intra-model variability

- Absolute intra-model variability was ~0.53, ~0.55 and ~0.27  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$  for  $\text{PM}_{1.0}$ ,  $\text{PM}_{2.5}$  and  $\text{PM}_{10}$ , respectively (calculated as the standard deviation of the three sensor means)
- Relative intra-model variability was ~4.5%, ~3.2% and ~1.2% for  $\text{PM}_{1.0}$ ,  $\text{PM}_{2.5}$  and  $\text{PM}_{10}$ , respectively (calculated as the absolute intra-model variability relative to the mean of the three sensor means)



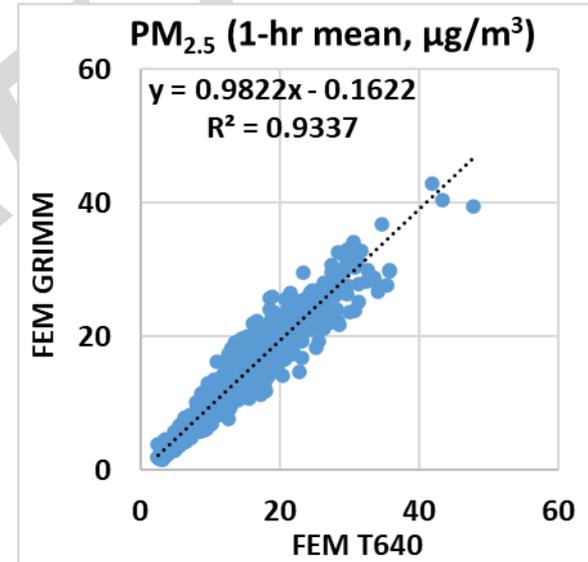
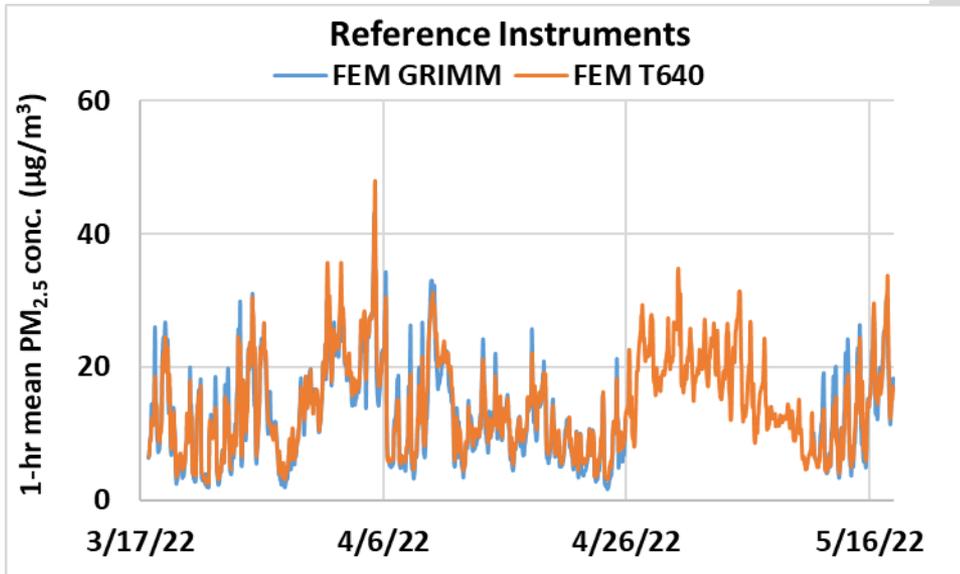
# Reference Instruments: PM<sub>1.0</sub> GRIMM and T640

- Data recovery for PM<sub>1.0</sub> from GRIMM and T640 was ~100%.
- Very strong correlations between the reference instruments for PM<sub>1.0</sub> measurements ( $R^2 \sim 0.94$ ) were observed.



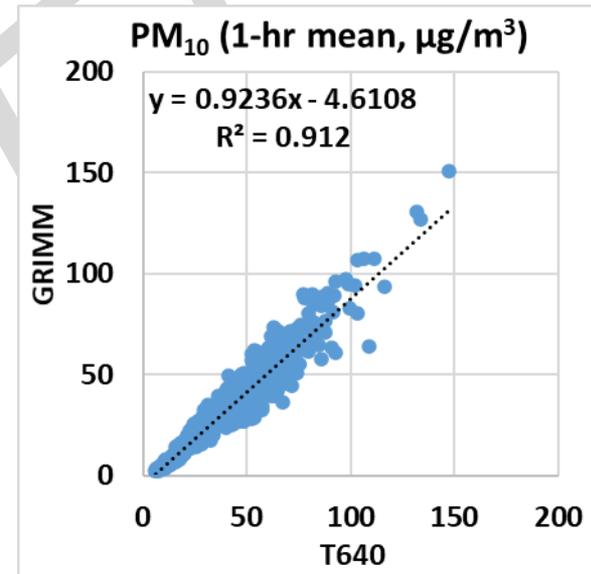
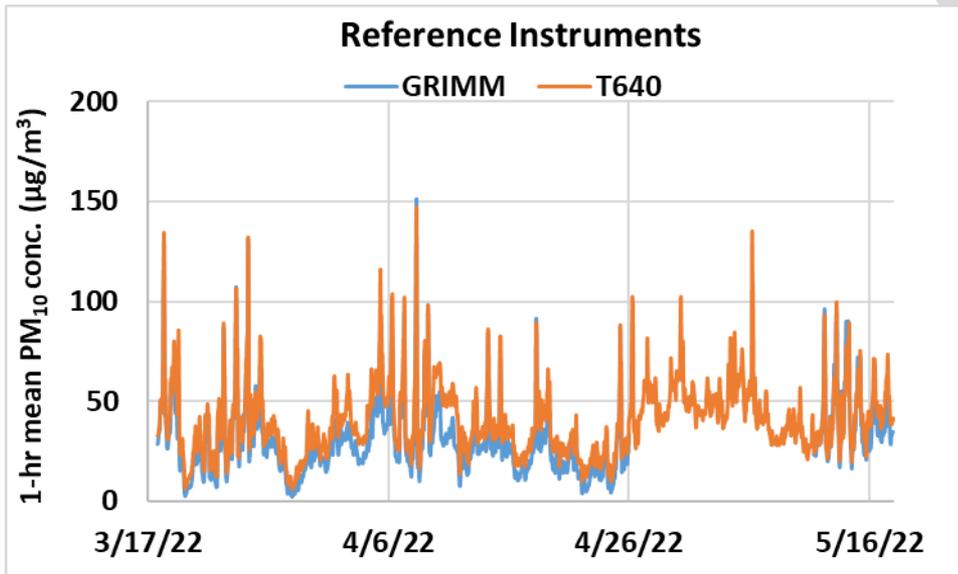
# Reference Instruments: PM<sub>2.5</sub> FEM GRIMM and FEM T640

- Data recovery for PM<sub>2.5</sub> from FEM GRIMM and FEM T640 was ~100%.
- Very strong correlations between the reference instruments for PM<sub>2.5</sub> measurements ( $R^2 \sim 0.93$ ) were observed.

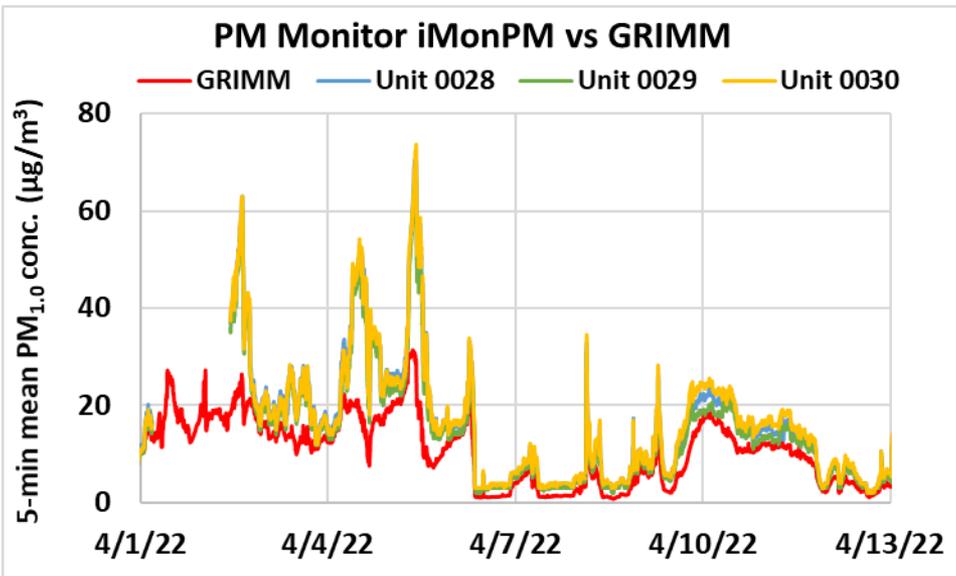


# Reference Instruments: PM<sub>10</sub> GRIMM and T640

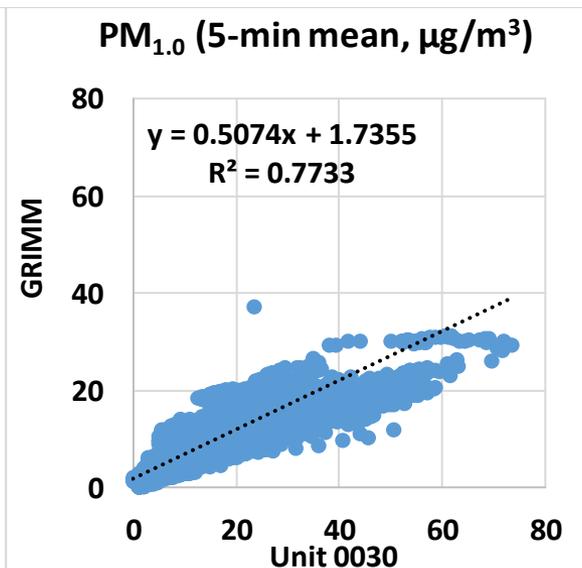
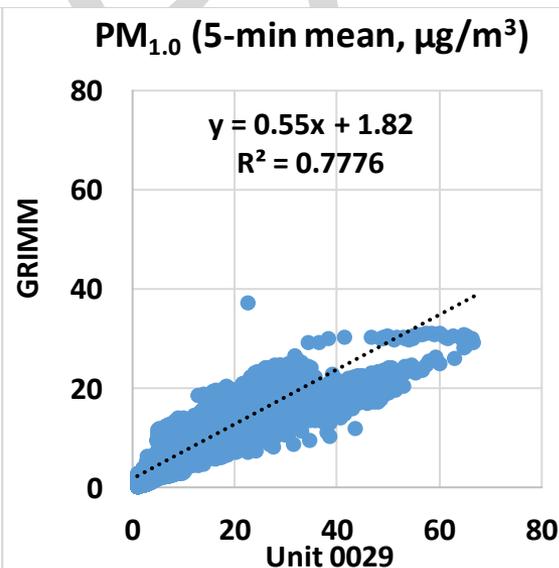
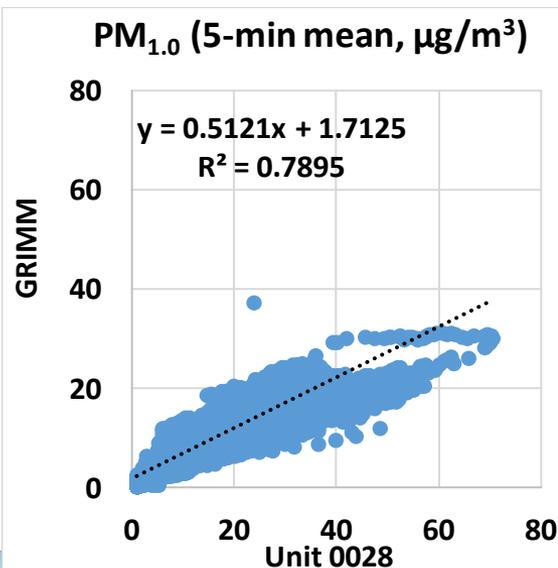
- Data recovery for PM<sub>10</sub> from GRIMM and T640 was ~100%.
- Very strong correlations between the reference instruments for PM<sub>10</sub> measurements ( $R^2 \sim 0.91$ ) were observed.



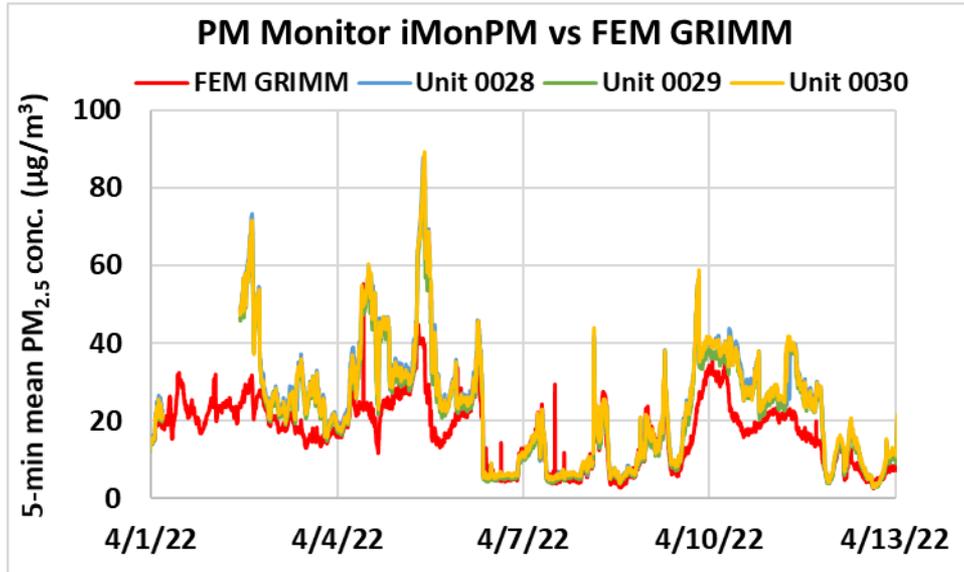
# iMonPM vs GRIMM (PM<sub>1.0</sub>; 5-min mean)



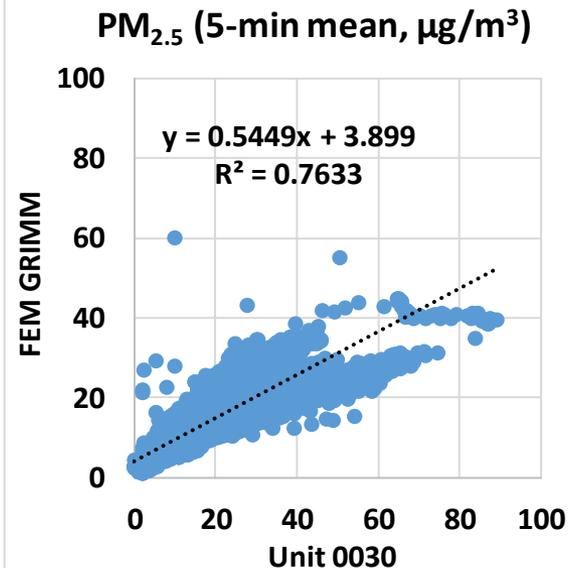
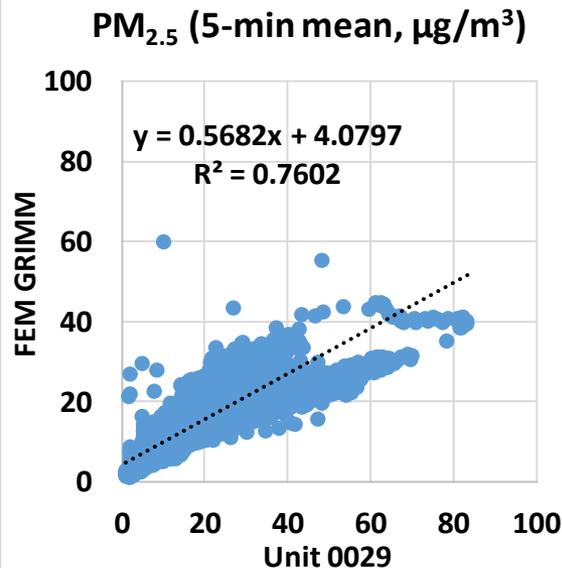
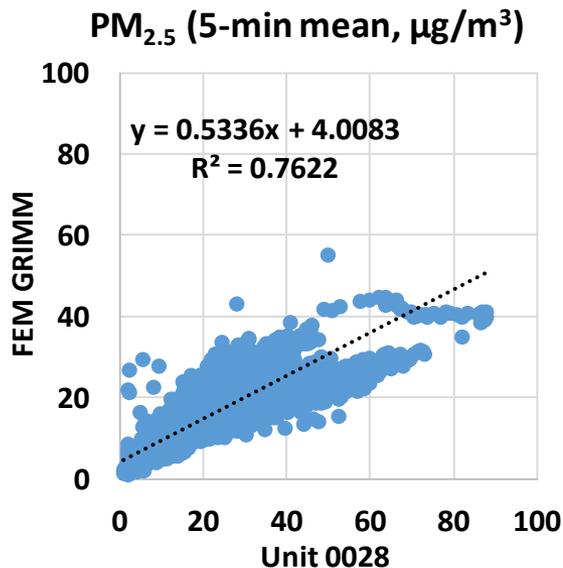
- The iMonPM sensors showed strong correlations with the corresponding GRIMM data ( $0.77 < R^2 < 0.79$ )
- Overall, the iMonPM sensors overestimated the PM<sub>1.0</sub> mass concentrations as measured by GRIMM
- The iMonPM sensors seemed to track the PM<sub>1.0</sub> diurnal variations as recorded by GRIMM



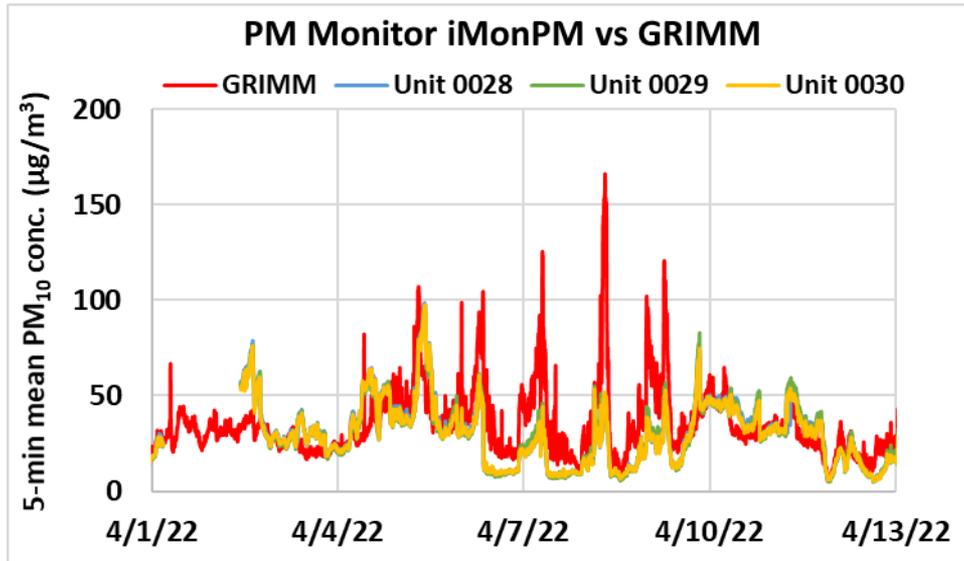
# iMonPM vs FEM GRIMM (PM<sub>2.5</sub>; 5-min mean)



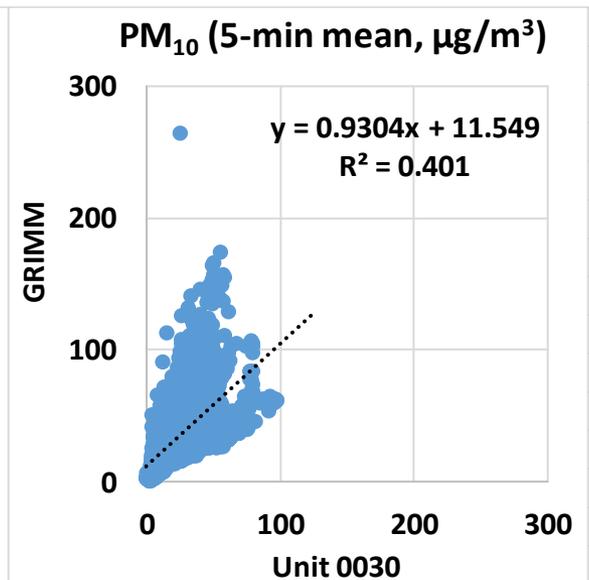
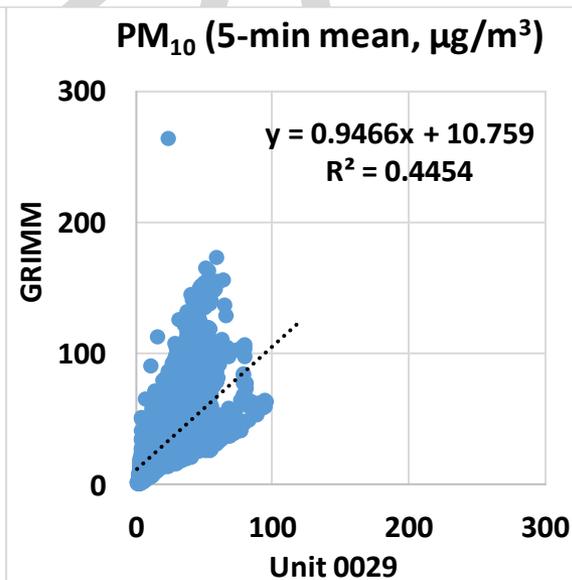
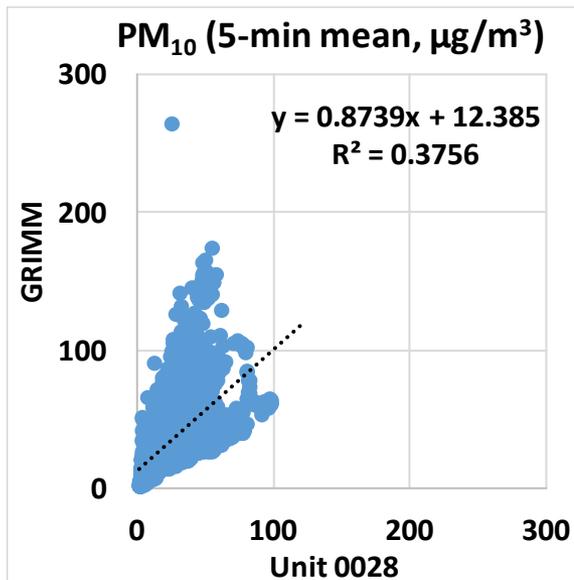
- The iMonPM sensors showed strong correlations with the corresponding FEM GRIMM data ( $0.76 < R^2 < 0.77$ )
- Overall, the iMonPM sensors overestimated the PM<sub>2.5</sub> mass concentrations as measured by FEM GRIMM
- The iMonPM sensors seemed to track the PM<sub>2.5</sub> diurnal variations as recorded by FEM GRIMM



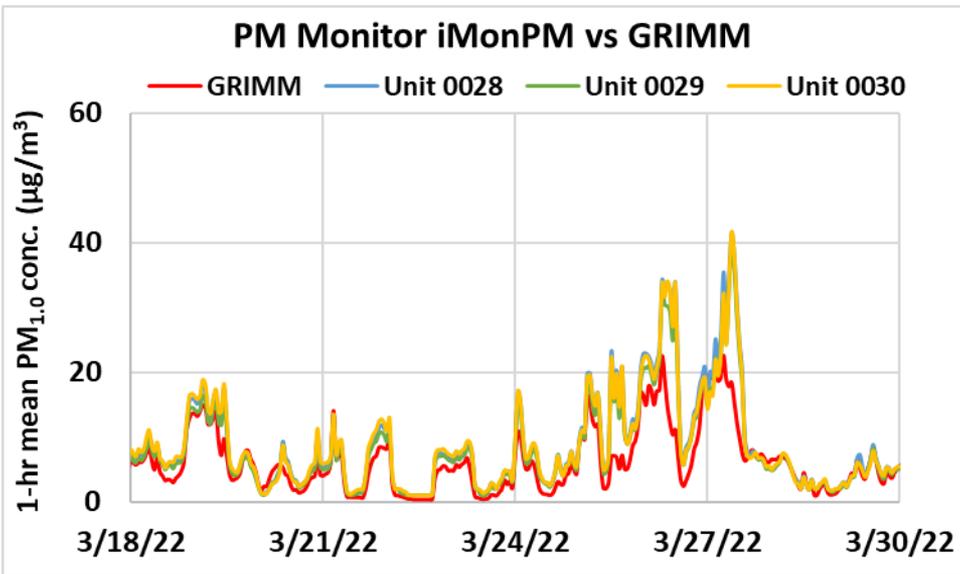
# iMonPM vs GRIMM (PM<sub>10</sub>; 5-min mean)



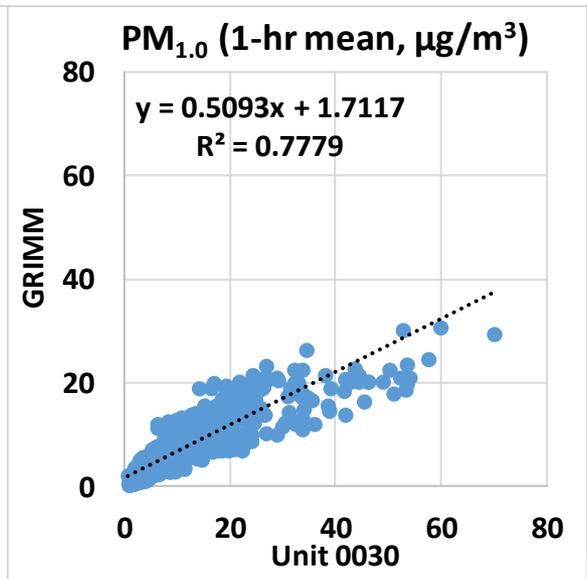
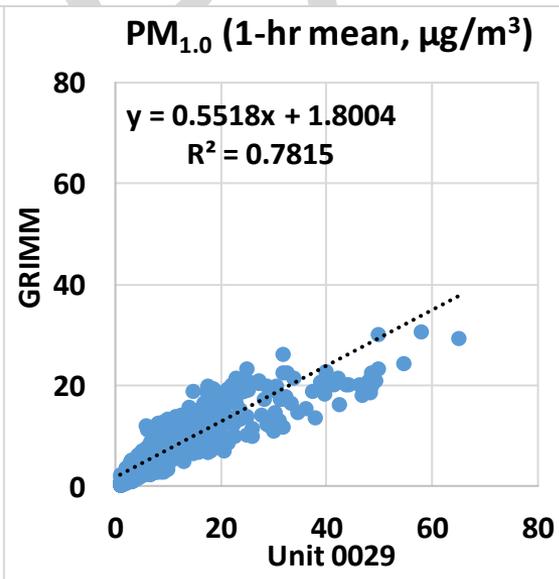
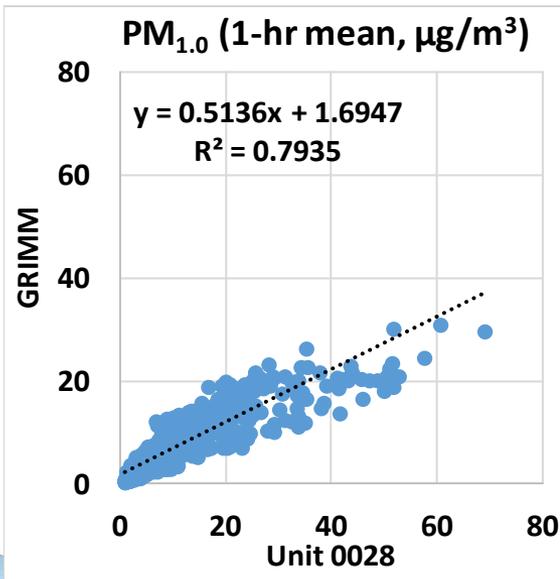
- The iMonPM sensors showed weak correlations with the corresponding GRIMM data ( $0.37 < R^2 < 0.45$ )
- Overall, the iMonPM sensors underestimated the PM<sub>10</sub> mass concentrations as measured by GRIMM
- The iMonPM sensors sometimes seemed to track the PM<sub>10</sub> diurnal variations as recorded by GRIMM



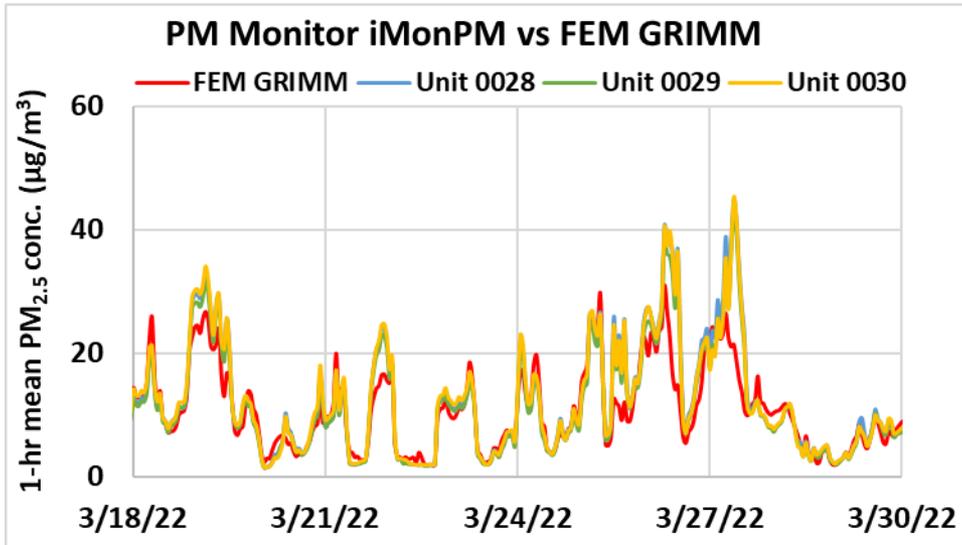
# iMonPM vs GRIMM (PM<sub>1.0</sub>; 1-hr mean)



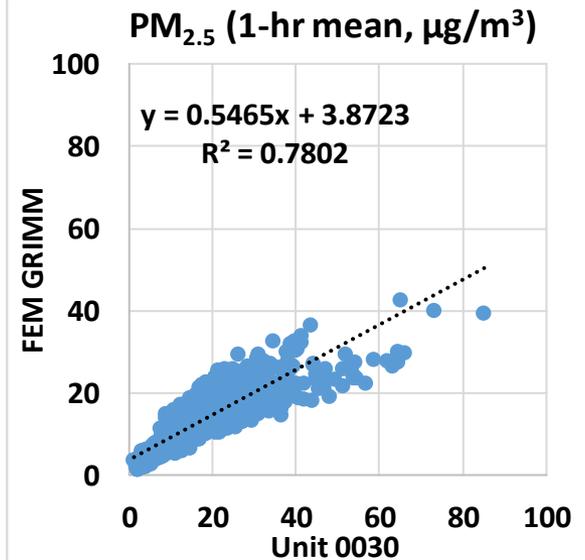
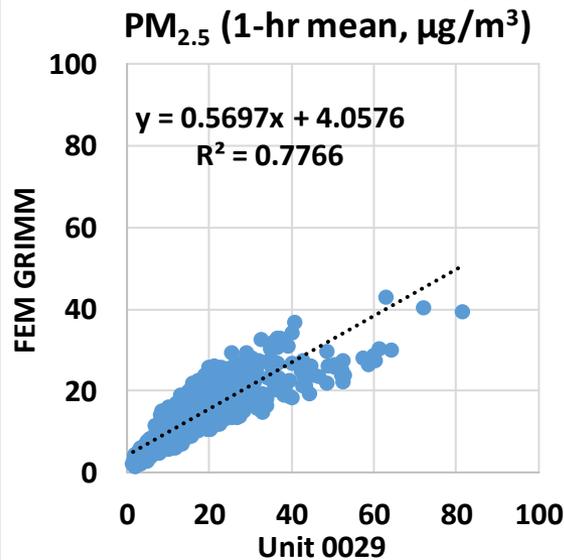
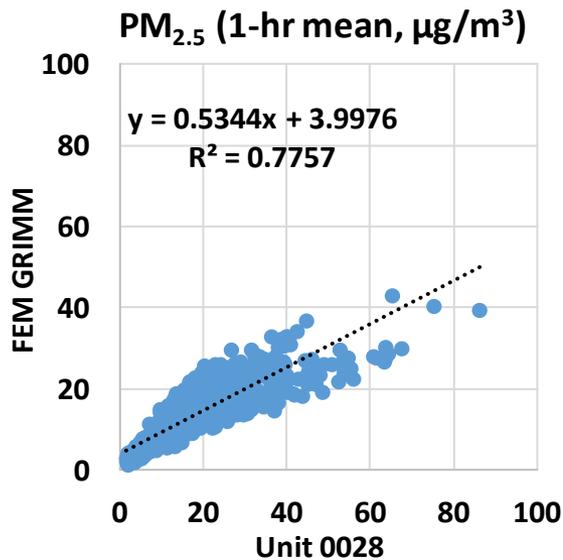
- The iMonPM sensors showed strong correlations with the corresponding GRIMM data ( $0.77 < R^2 < 0.80$ )
- Overall, the iMonPM sensors overestimated the PM<sub>1.0</sub> mass concentrations as measured by GRIMM
- The iMonPM sensors seemed to track the PM<sub>1.0</sub> diurnal variations as recorded by GRIMM



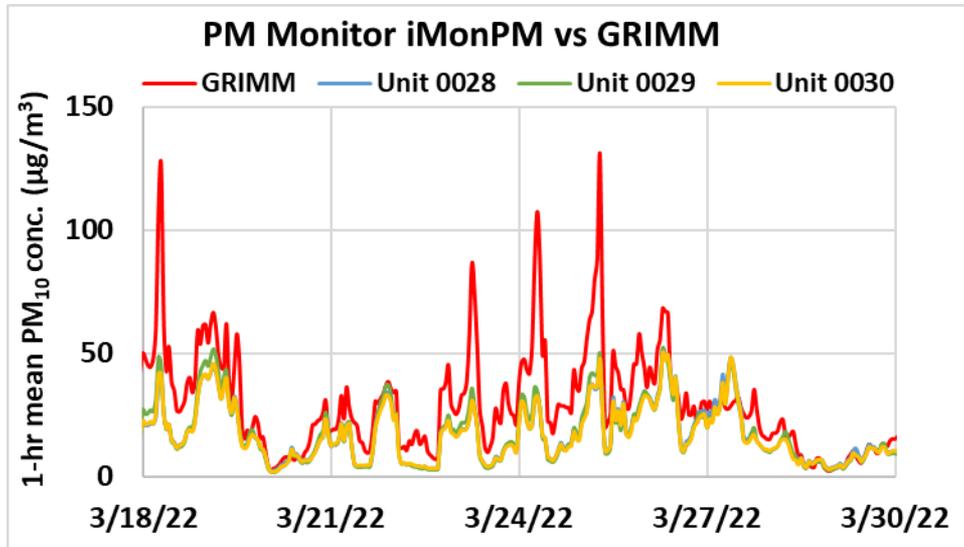
# iMonPM vs FEM GRIMM (PM<sub>2.5</sub>; 1-hr mean)



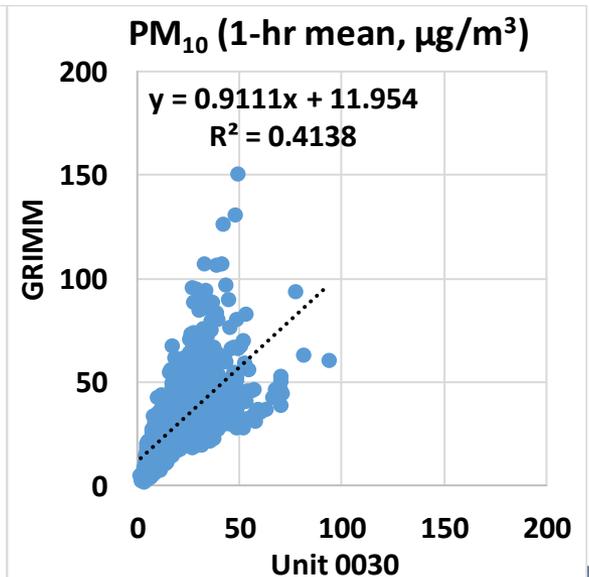
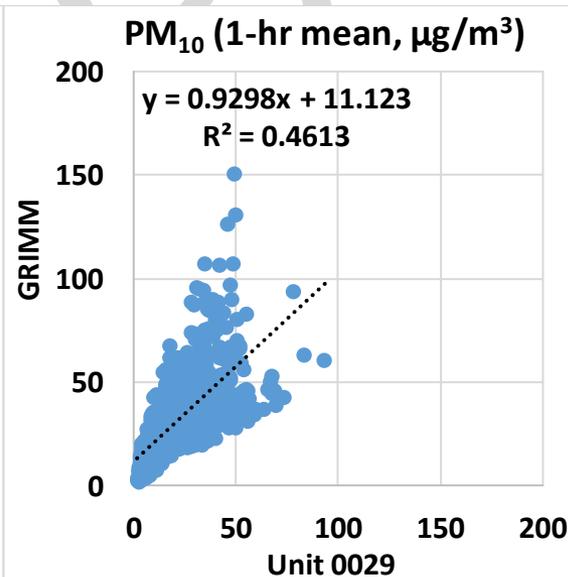
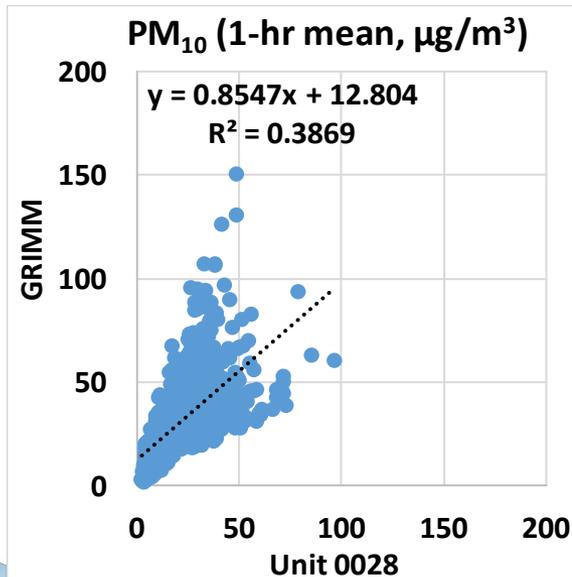
- The iMonPM sensors showed strong correlations with the corresponding FEM GRIMM data ( $0.77 < R^2 < 0.79$ )
- Overall, the iMonPM sensors overestimated the PM<sub>2.5</sub> mass concentrations as measured by FEM GRIMM
- The iMonPM sensors seemed to track the PM<sub>2.5</sub> diurnal variations as recorded by FEM GRIMM



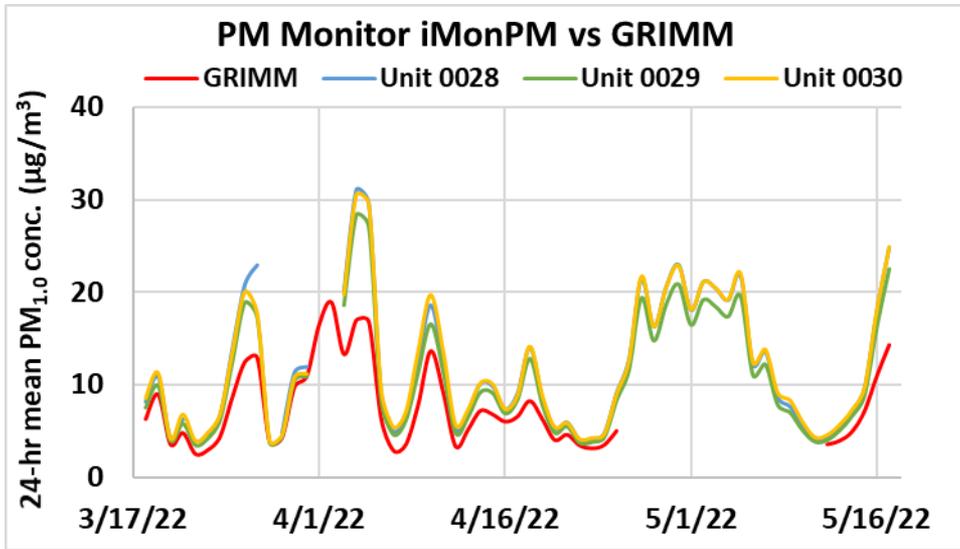
# iMonPM vs GRIMM (PM<sub>10</sub>; 1-hr mean)



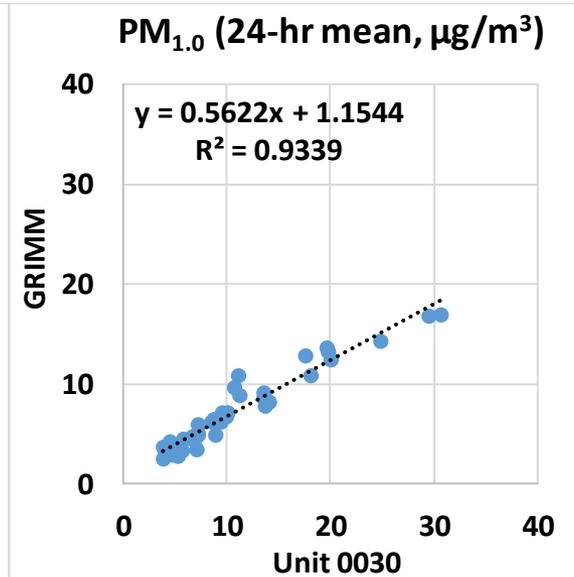
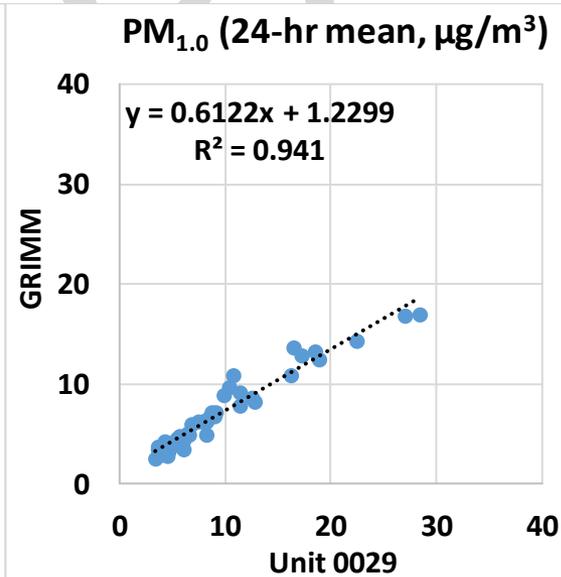
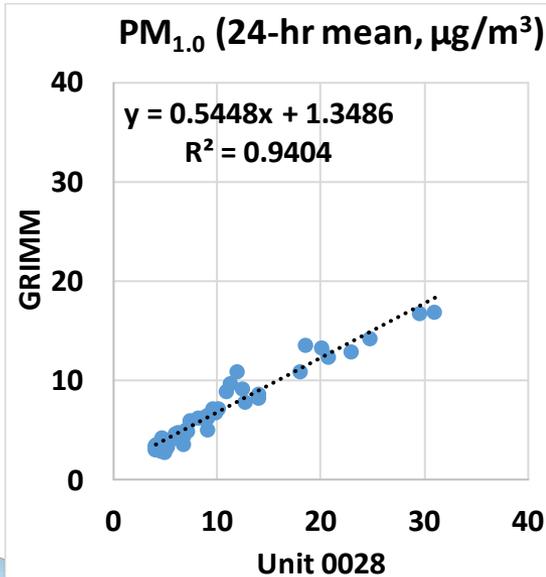
- The iMonPM sensors showed weak correlations with the corresponding GRIMM data ( $0.38 < R^2 < 0.47$ )
- Overall, the iMonPM sensors underestimated the PM<sub>10</sub> mass concentrations as measured by GRIMM
- The iMonPM sensors sometimes seemed to track the PM<sub>10</sub> diurnal variations as recorded by GRIMM



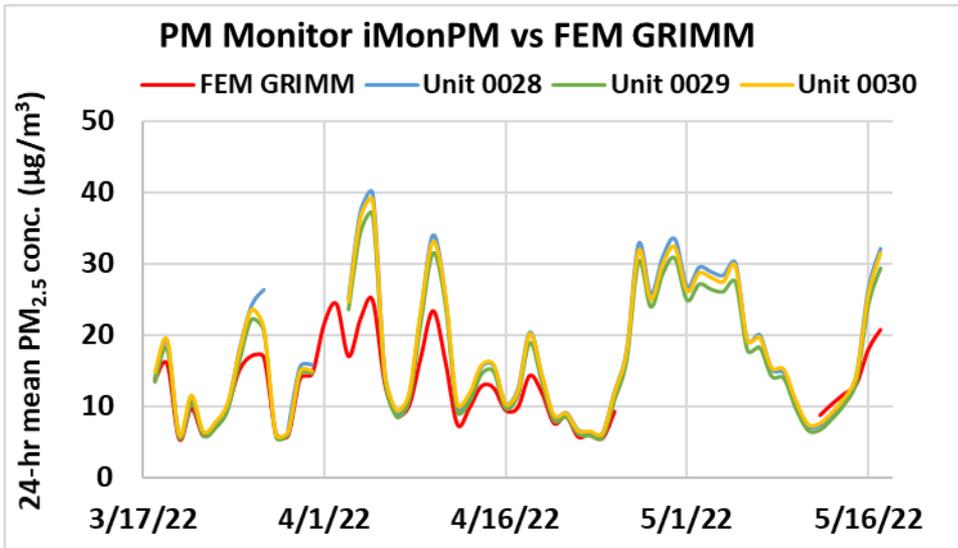
# iMonPM vs GRIMM (PM<sub>1.0</sub>; 24-hr mean)



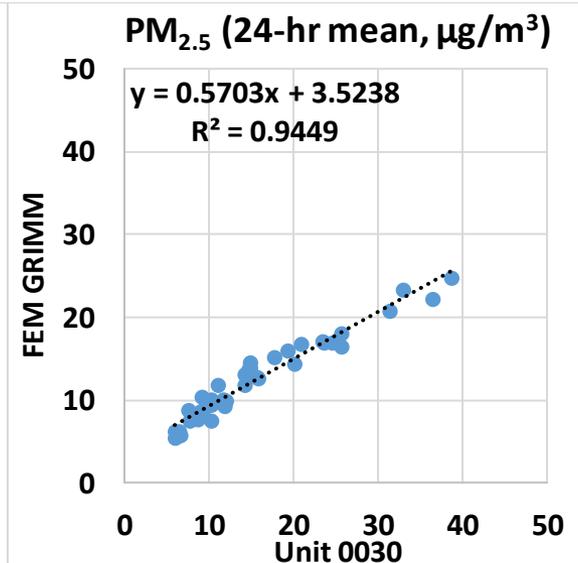
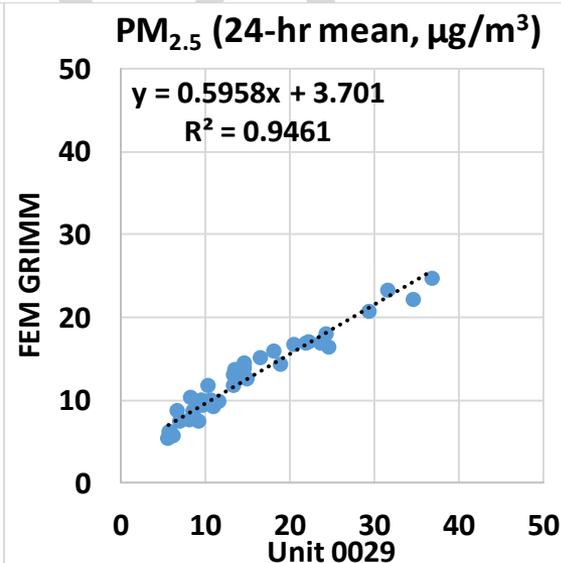
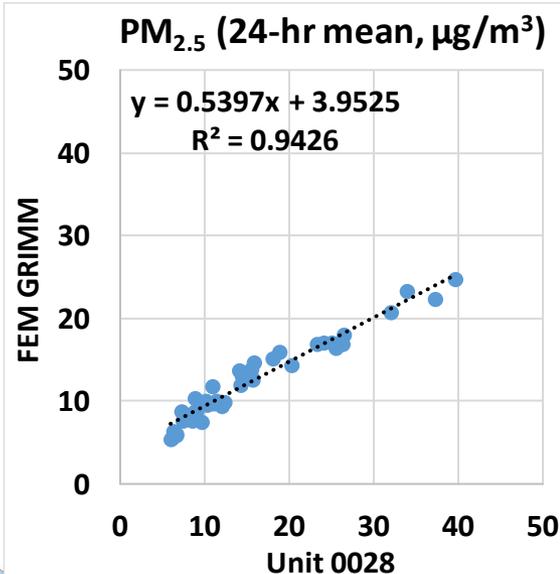
- The iMonPM sensors showed very strong correlations with the corresponding GRIMM data ( $0.93 < R^2 < 0.95$ )
- Overall, the iMonPM sensors overestimated the PM<sub>1.0</sub> mass concentrations as measured by GRIMM
- The iMonPM sensors seemed to track the PM<sub>1.0</sub> daily variations as recorded by GRIMM



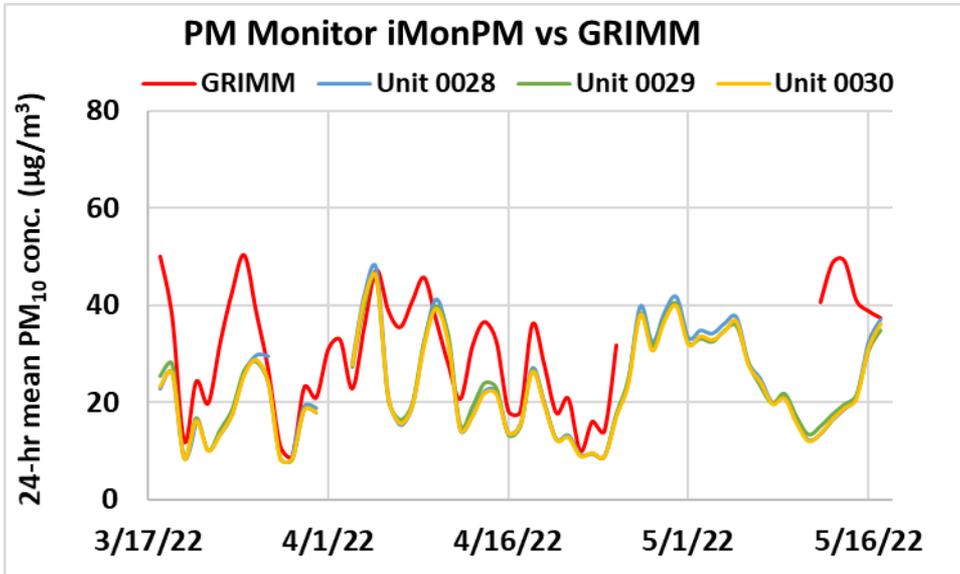
# iMonPM vs FEM GRIMM (PM<sub>2.5</sub>; 24-hr mean)



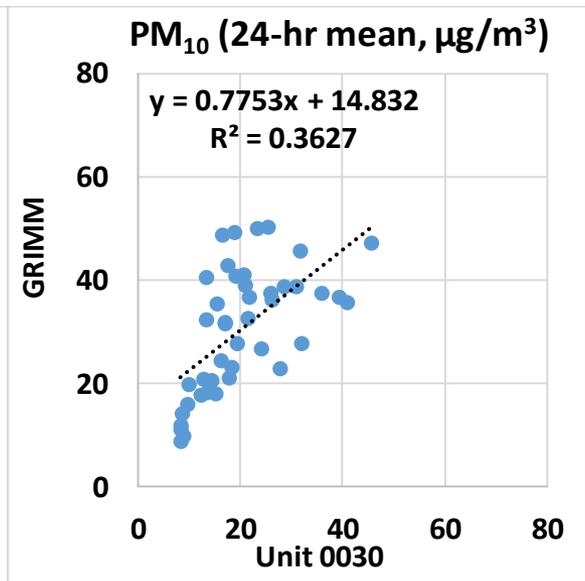
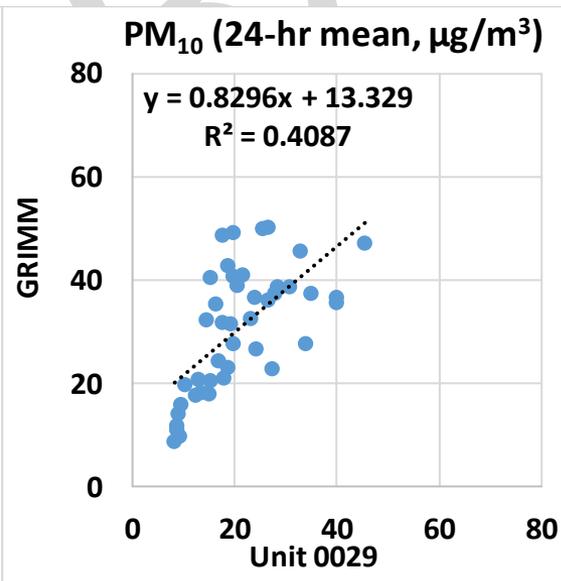
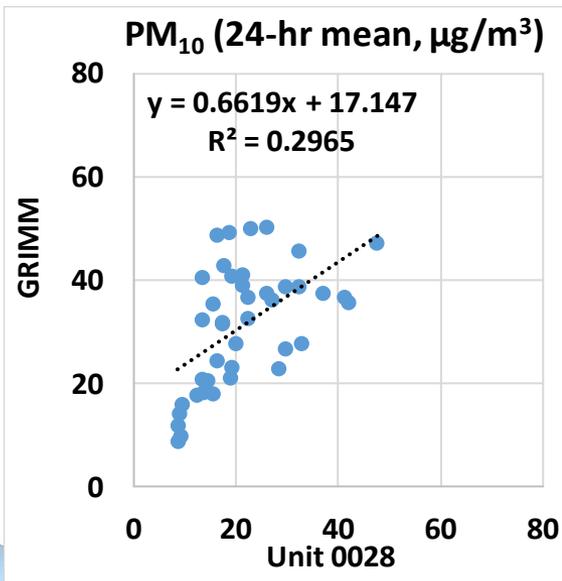
- The iMonPM sensors showed very strong correlations with the corresponding FEM GRIMM data ( $0.94 < R^2 < 0.95$ )
- Overall, the iMonPM sensors overestimated the PM<sub>2.5</sub> mass concentrations as measured by FEM GRIMM
- The iMonPM sensors seemed to track the PM<sub>2.5</sub> daily variations as recorded by FEM GRIMM



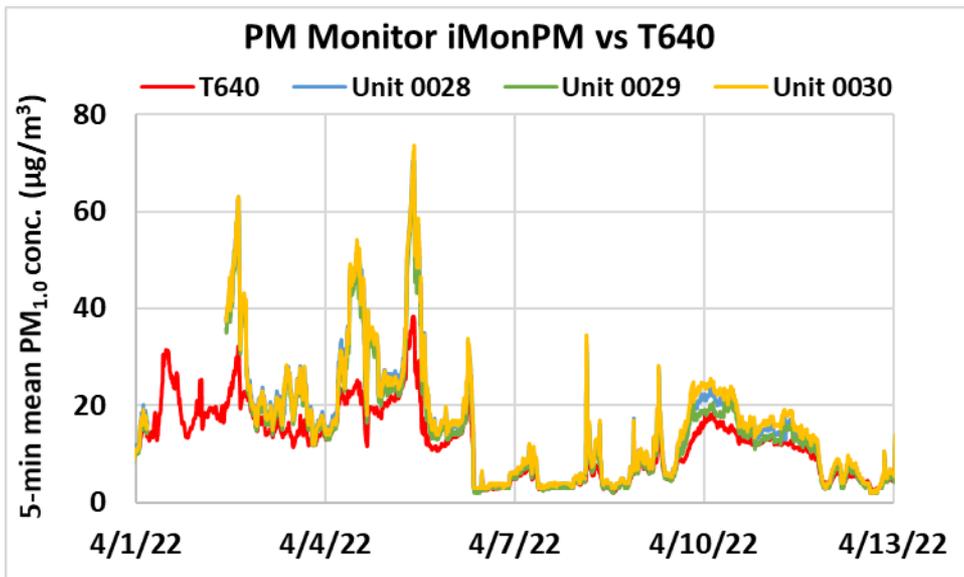
# iMonPM vs GRIMM (PM<sub>10</sub>; 24-hr mean)



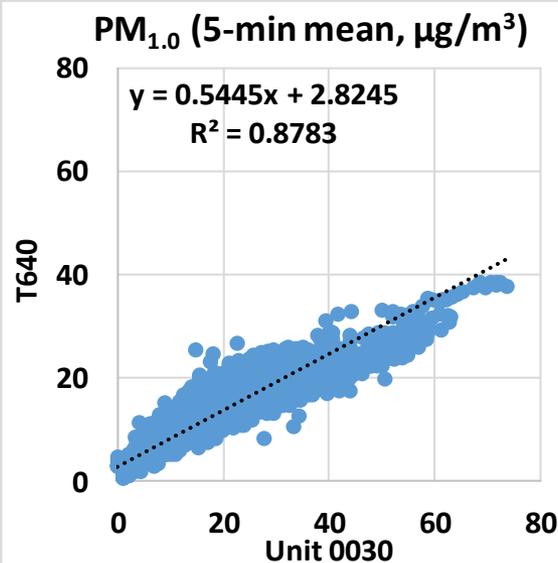
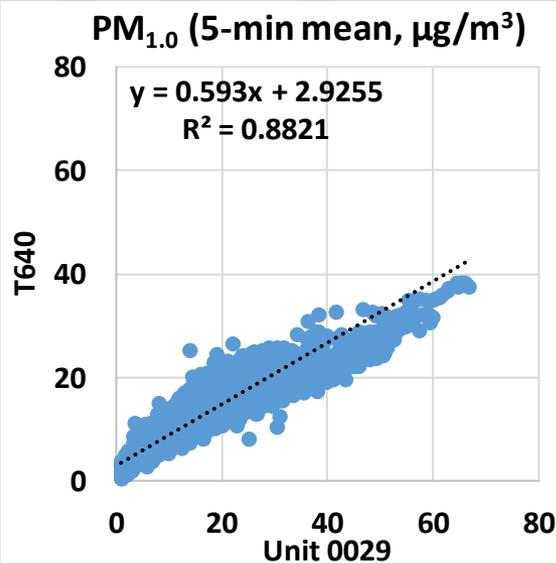
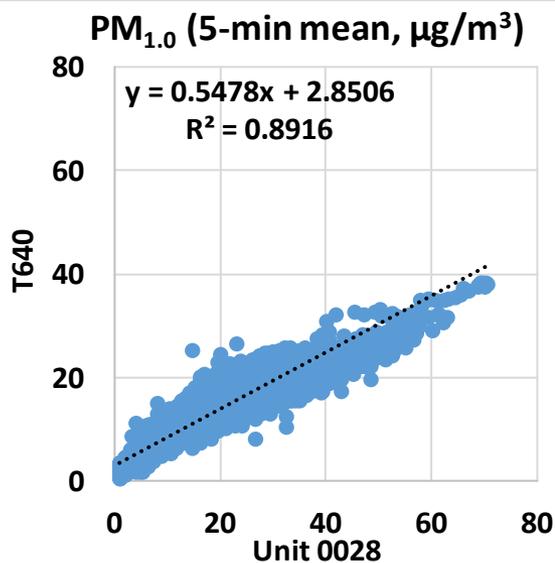
- The iMonPM sensors showed very weak to weak correlations with the corresponding GRIMM data ( $0.29 < R^2 < 0.41$ )
- Overall, the iMonPM sensors underestimated the PM<sub>10</sub> mass concentrations as measured by GRIMM
- The iMonPM sensors sometimes seemed to track the PM<sub>10</sub> daily variations as recorded by GRIMM



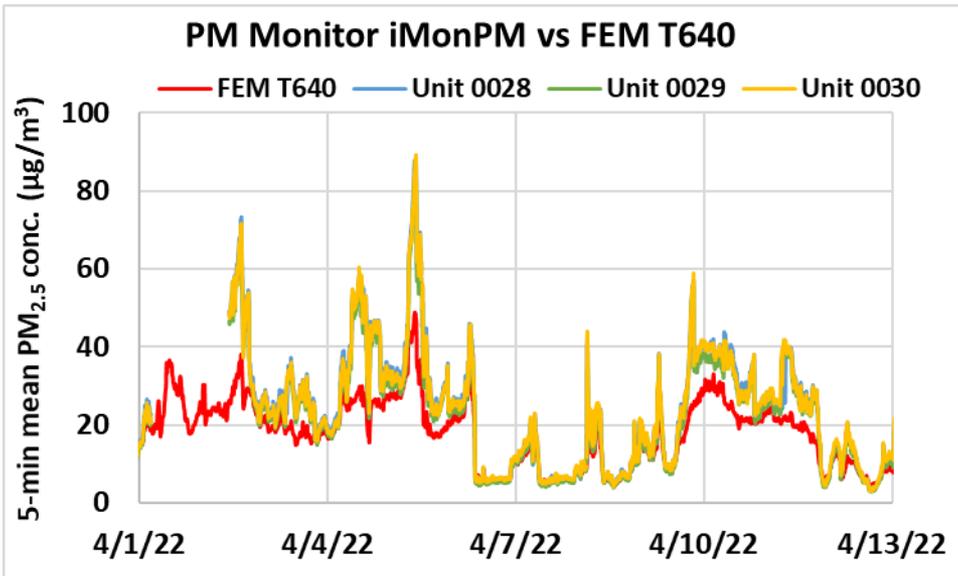
# iMonPM vs T640 (PM<sub>1.0</sub>; 5-min mean)



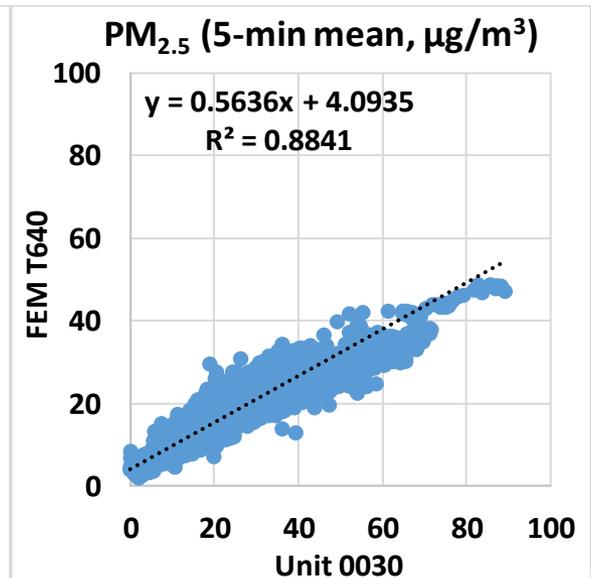
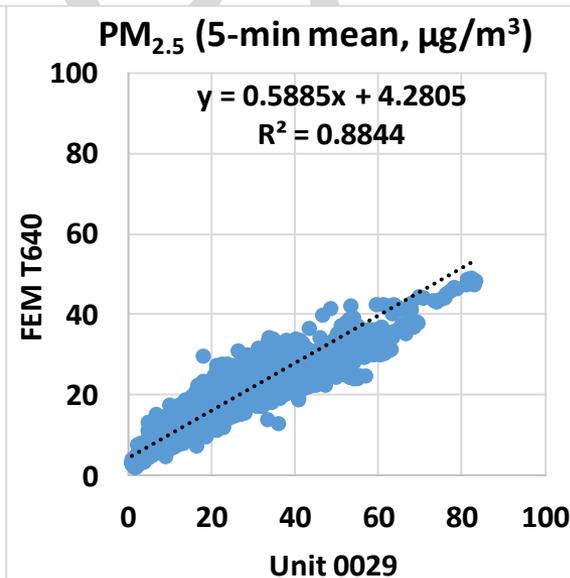
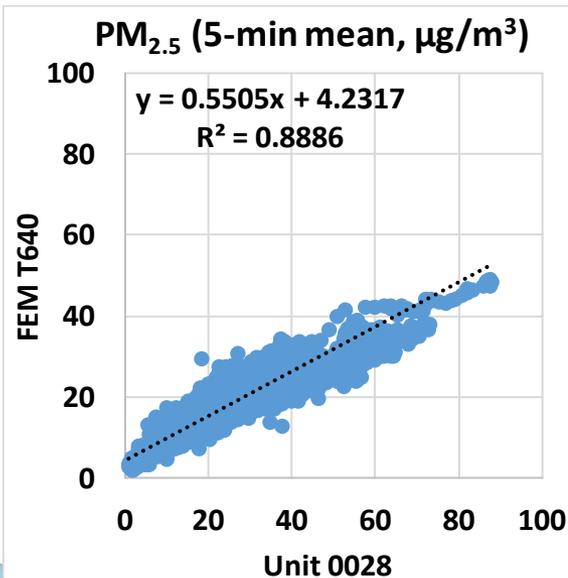
- The iMonPM sensors showed strong correlations with the corresponding T640 data ( $0.87 < R^2 < 0.90$ )
- Overall, the iMonPM sensors overestimated the PM<sub>1.0</sub> mass concentrations as measured by T640
- The iMonPM sensors seemed to track the PM<sub>1.0</sub> diurnal variations as recorded by T640



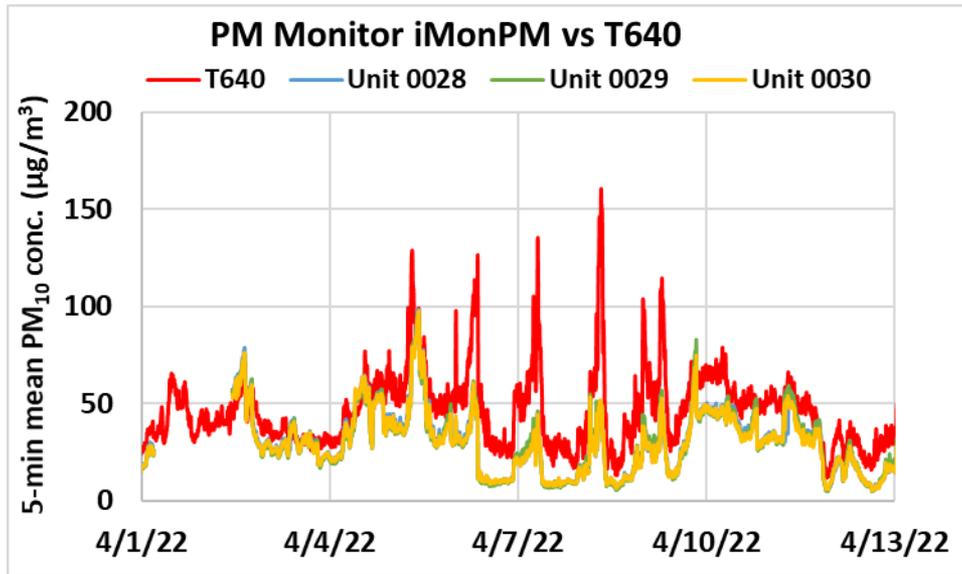
# iMonPM vs FEM T640 (PM<sub>2.5</sub>; 5-min mean)



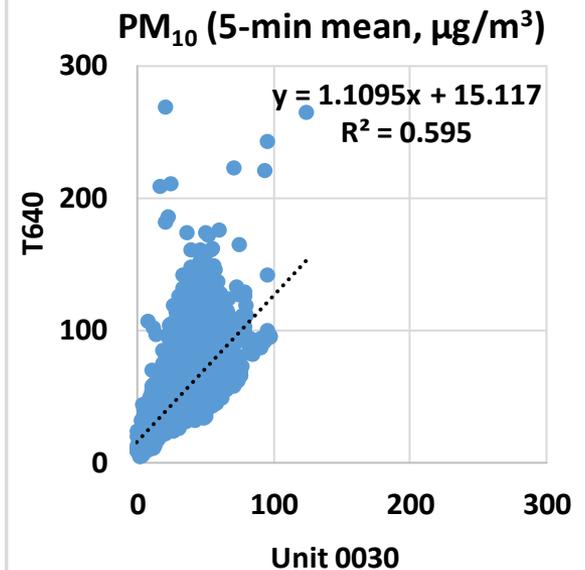
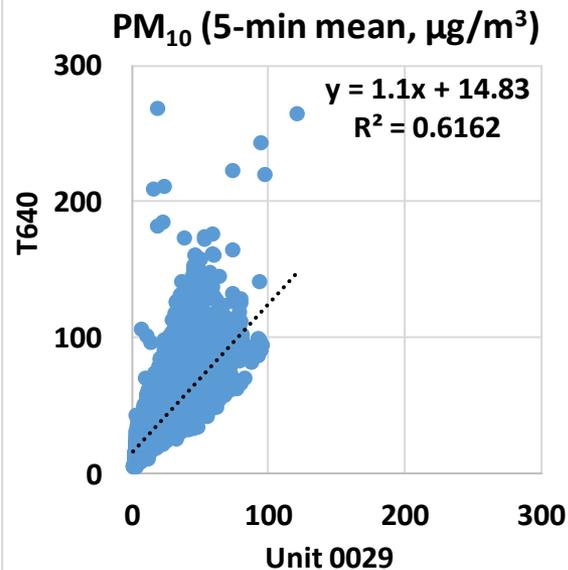
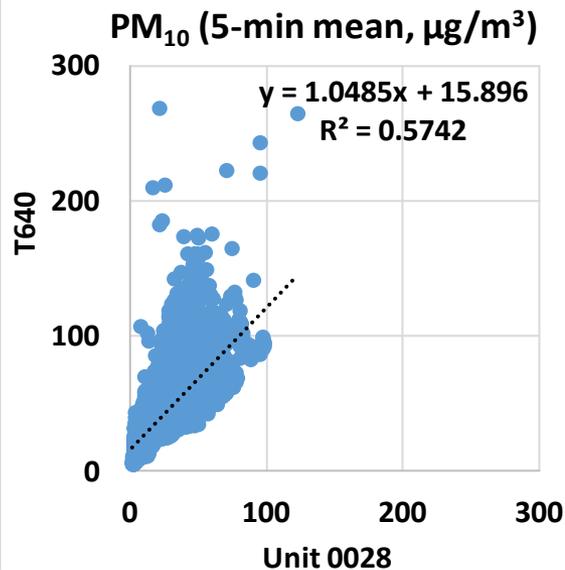
- The iMonPM sensors showed strong correlations with the corresponding FEM T640 data ( $0.88 < R^2 < 0.89$ )
- Overall, the iMonPM sensors overestimated the PM<sub>2.5</sub> mass concentrations as measured by FEM T640
- The iMonPM sensors seemed to track the PM<sub>2.5</sub> diurnal variations as recorded by FEM T640



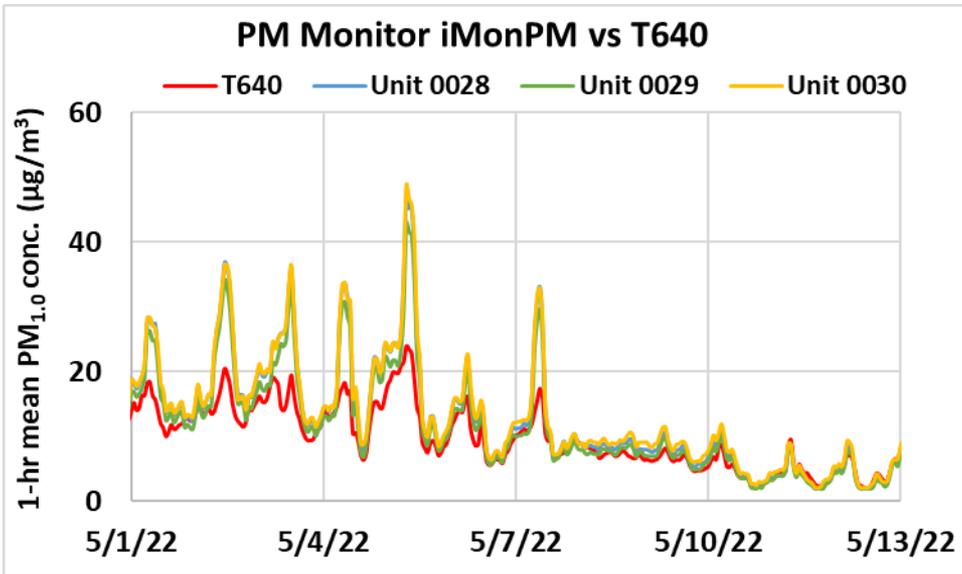
# iMonPM vs T640 (PM<sub>10</sub>; 5-min mean)



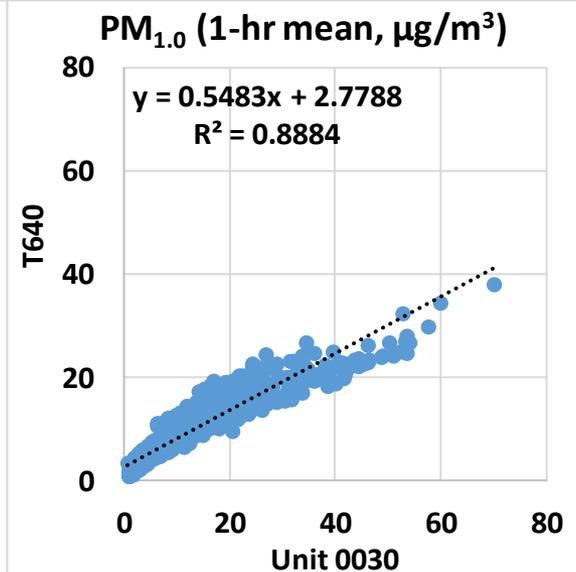
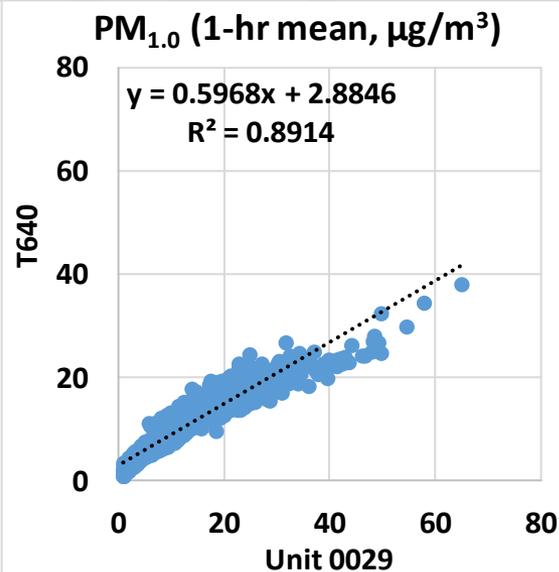
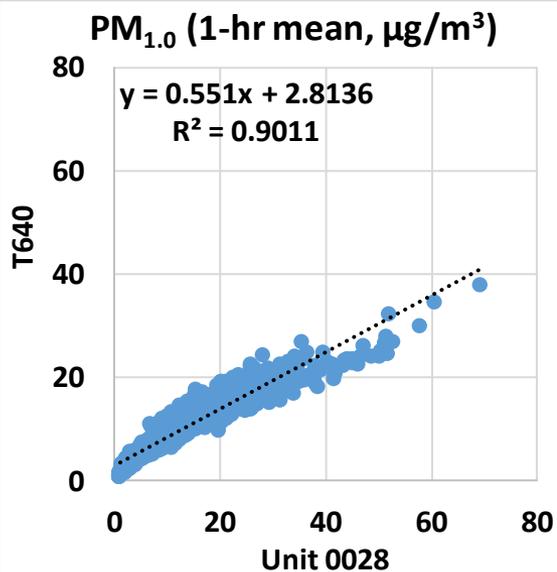
- The iMonPM sensors showed moderate correlations with the corresponding T640 data ( $0.57 < R^2 < 0.62$ )
- Overall, the iMonPM sensors underestimated the PM<sub>10</sub> mass concentrations as measured by T640
- The iMonPM sensors seemed to track the PM<sub>10</sub> diurnal variations as recorded by T640



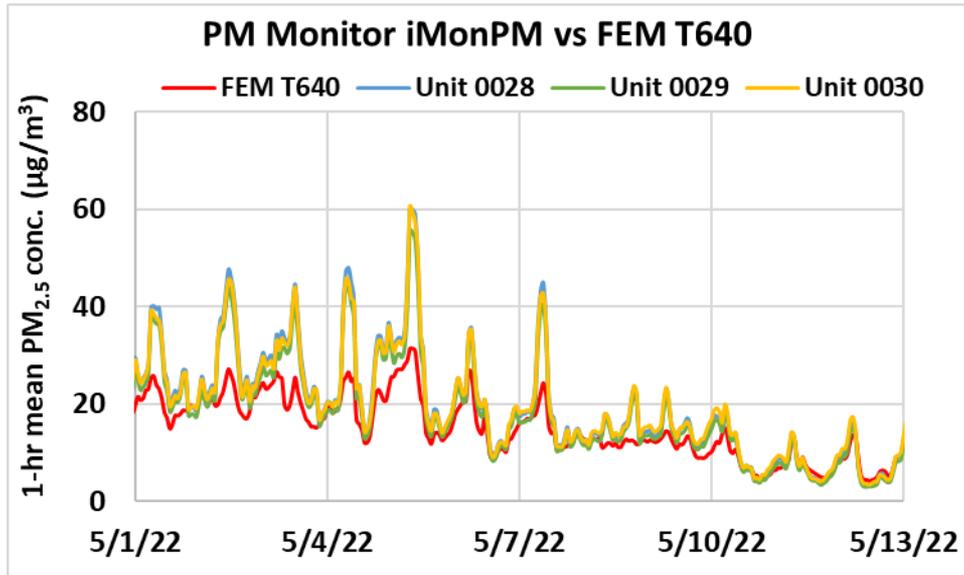
# iMonPM vs T640 (PM<sub>1.0</sub>; 1-hr mean)



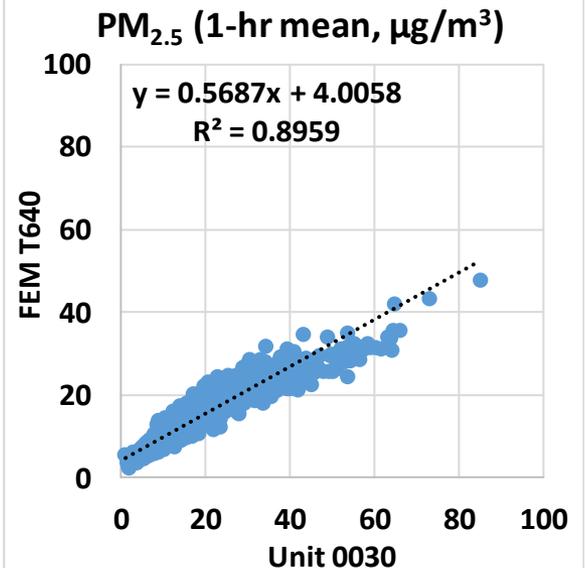
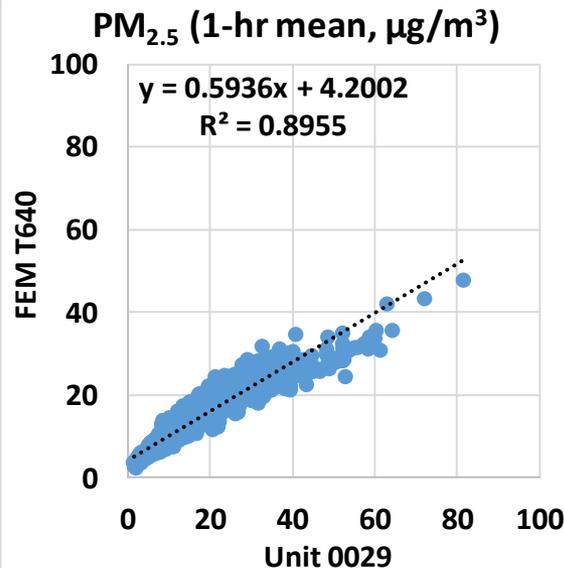
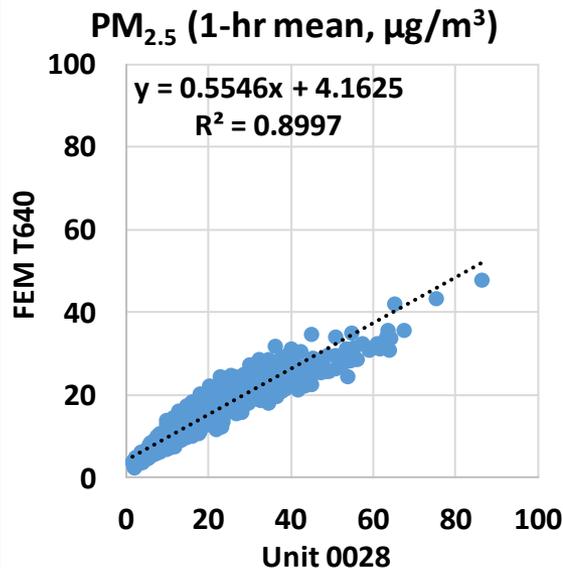
- The iMonPM sensors showed strong to very strong correlations with the corresponding T640 data ( $0.88 < R^2 < 0.91$ )
- Overall, the iMonPM sensors overestimated the PM<sub>1.0</sub> mass concentrations as measured by T640
- The iMonPM sensors seemed to track the PM<sub>1.0</sub> diurnal variations as recorded by T640



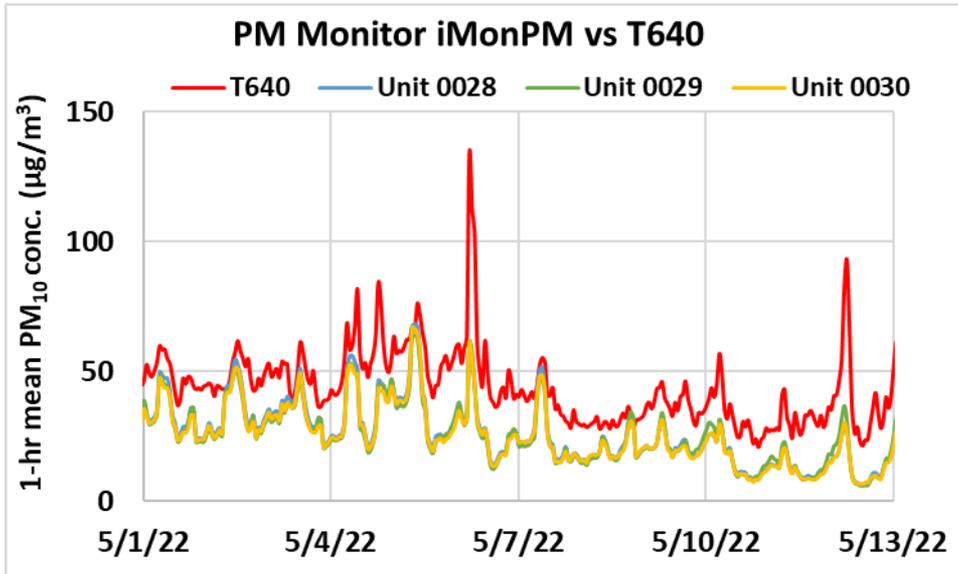
# iMonPM vs FEM T640 (PM<sub>2.5</sub>; 1-hr mean)



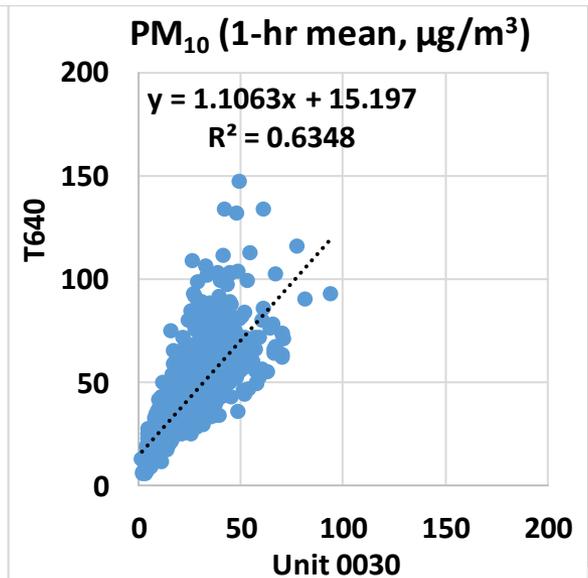
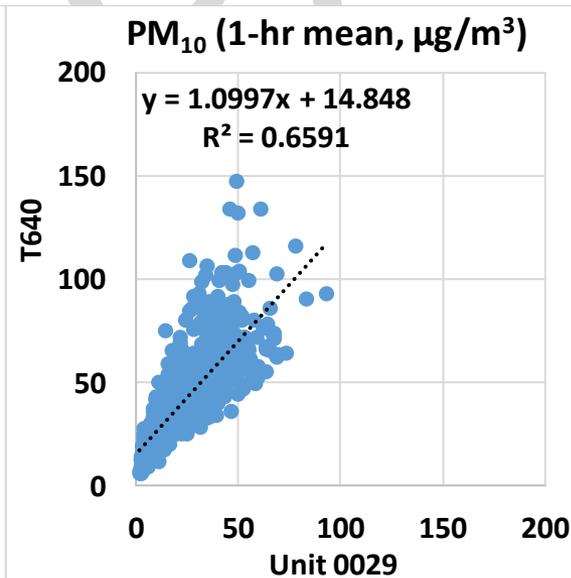
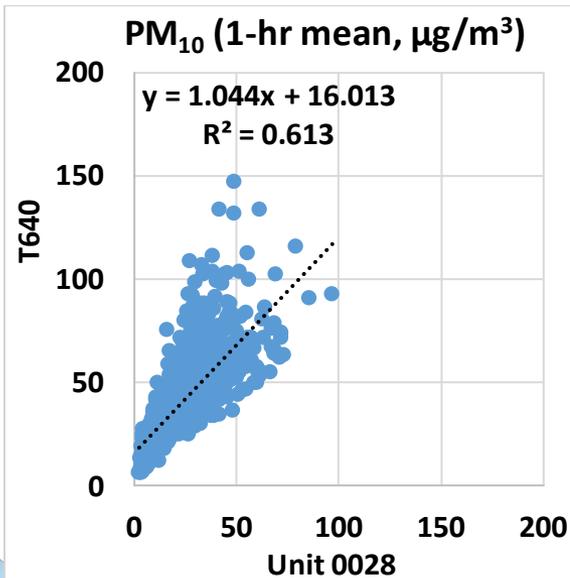
- The iMonPM sensors showed strong correlations with the corresponding FEM T640 data ( $0.89 < R^2 < 0.90$ )
- Overall, the iMonPM sensors overestimated the PM<sub>2.5</sub> mass concentrations as measured by FEM T640
- The iMonPM sensors seemed to track the PM<sub>2.5</sub> diurnal variations as recorded by FEM T640



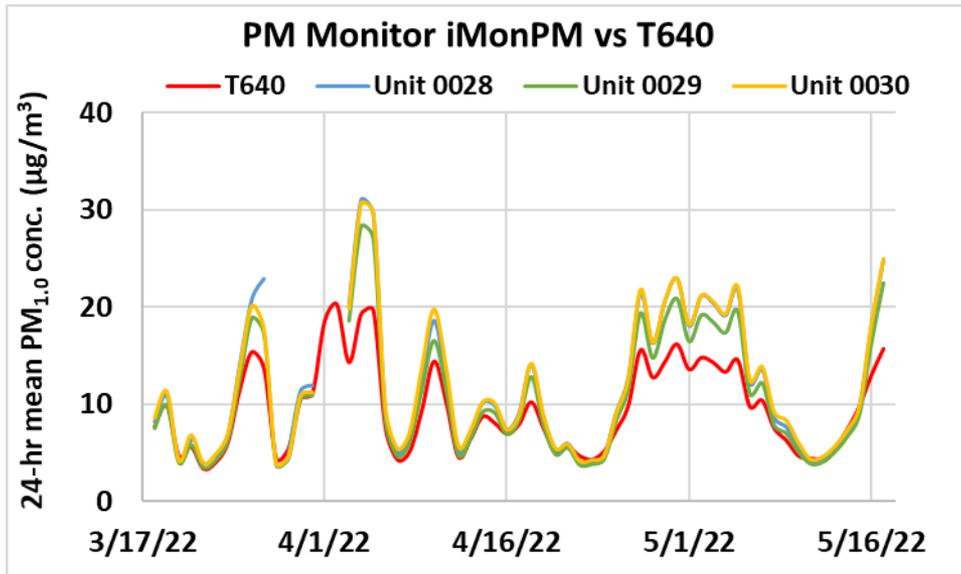
# iMonPM vs T640 (PM<sub>10</sub>; 1-hr mean)



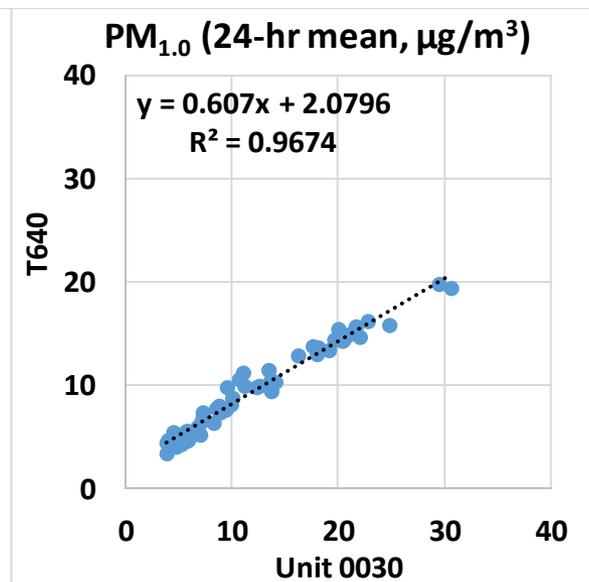
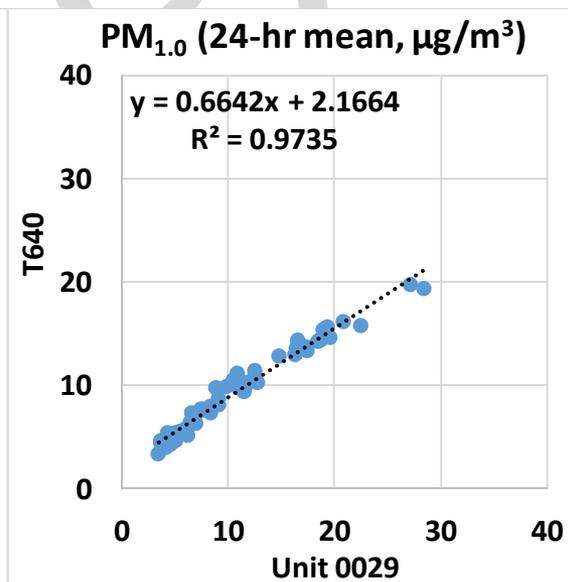
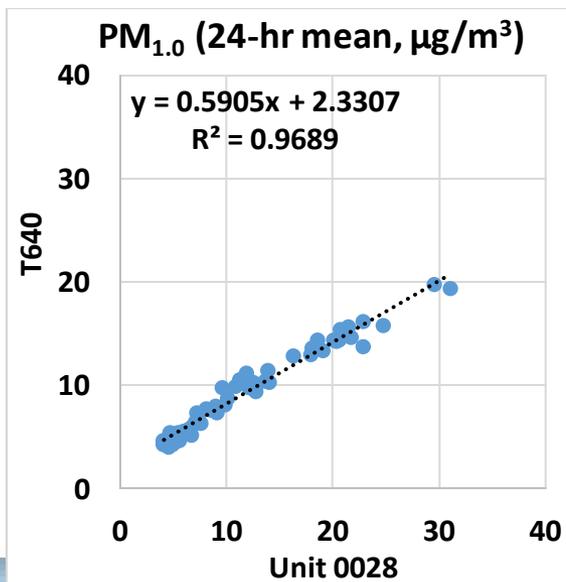
- The iMonPM sensors showed moderate correlations with the corresponding T640 data ( $0.61 < R^2 < 0.66$ )
- Overall, the iMonPM sensors underestimated the PM<sub>10</sub> mass concentrations as measured by T640
- The iMonPM sensors seemed to track the PM<sub>10</sub> diurnal variations as recorded by T640



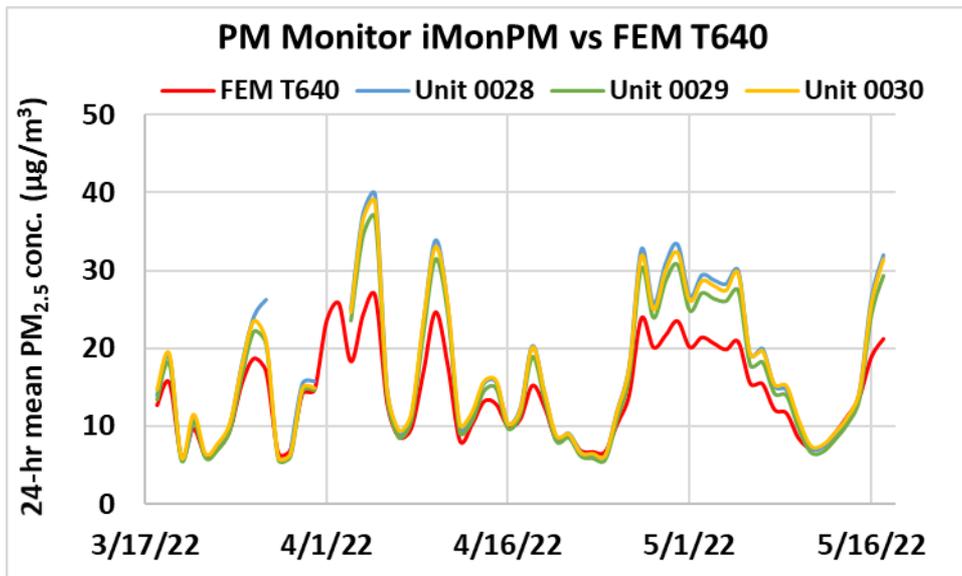
# iMonPM vs T640 (PM<sub>1.0</sub>; 24-hr mean)



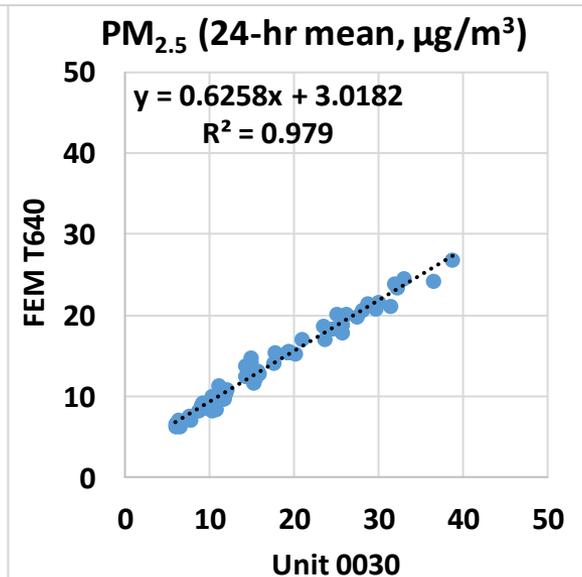
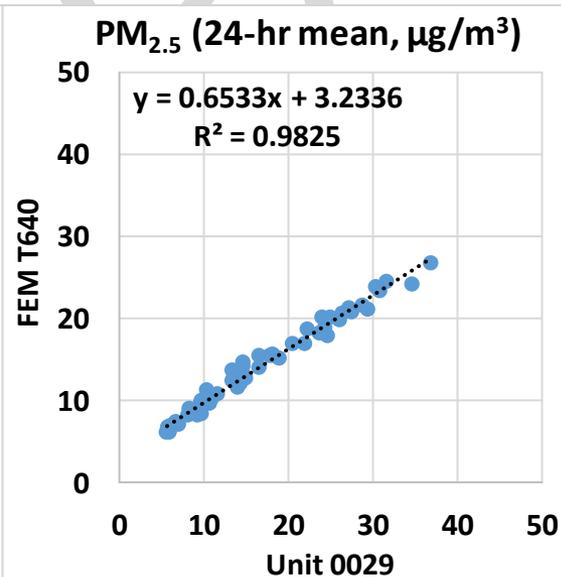
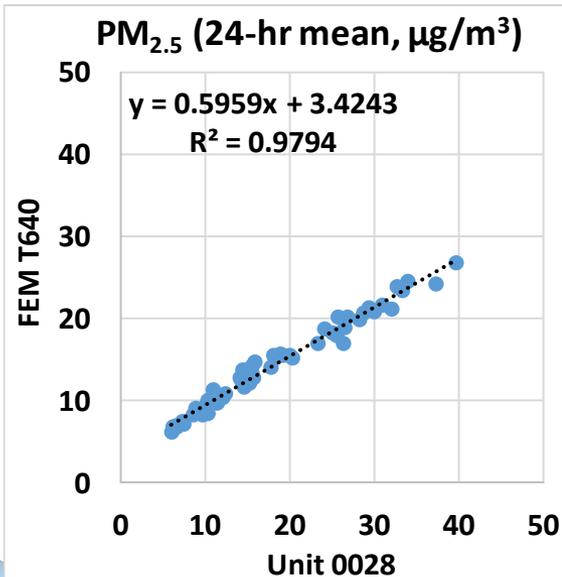
- The iMonPM sensors showed very strong correlations with the corresponding T640 data ( $0.96 < R^2 < 0.98$ )
- Overall, the iMonPM sensors overestimated the PM<sub>1.0</sub> mass concentrations as measured by T640
- The iMonPM sensors seemed to track the PM<sub>1.0</sub> daily variations as recorded by T640



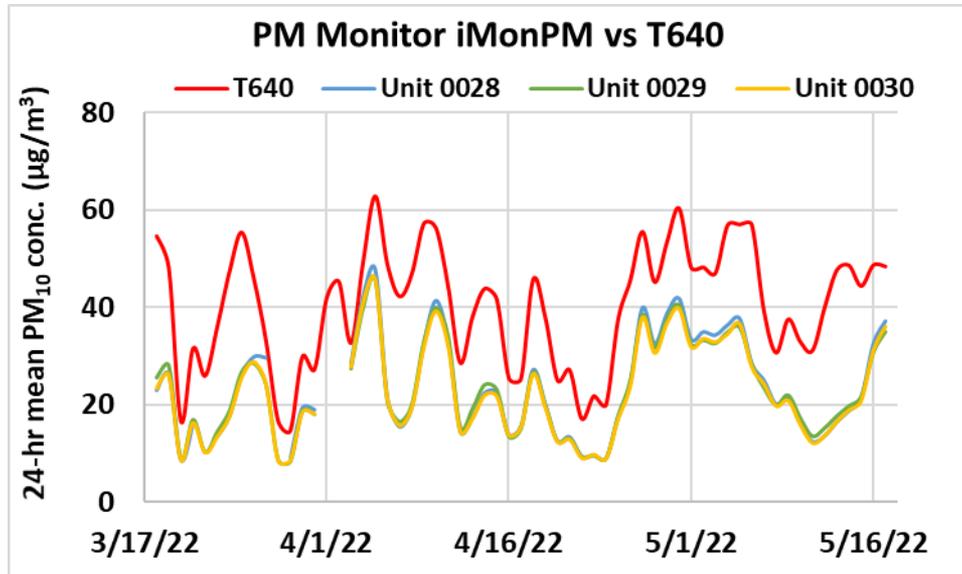
# iMonPM vs FEM T640 (PM<sub>2.5</sub>; 24-hr mean)



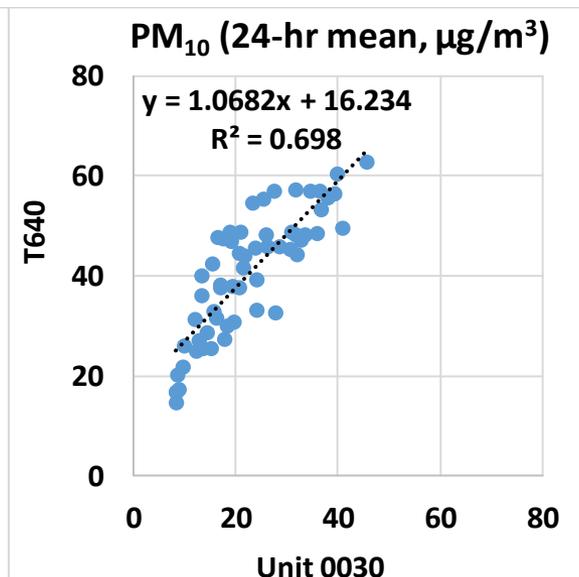
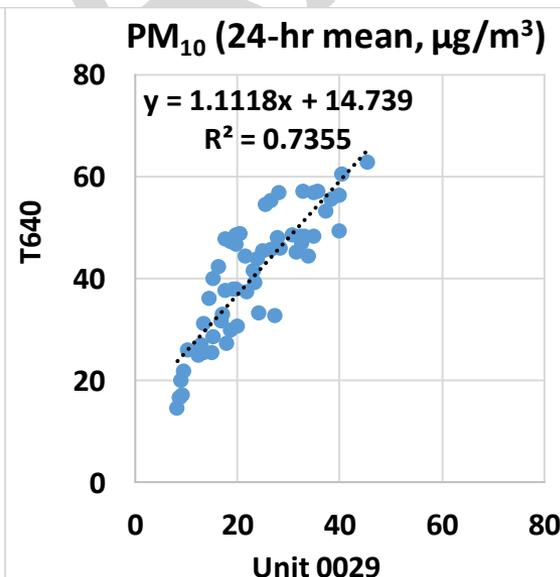
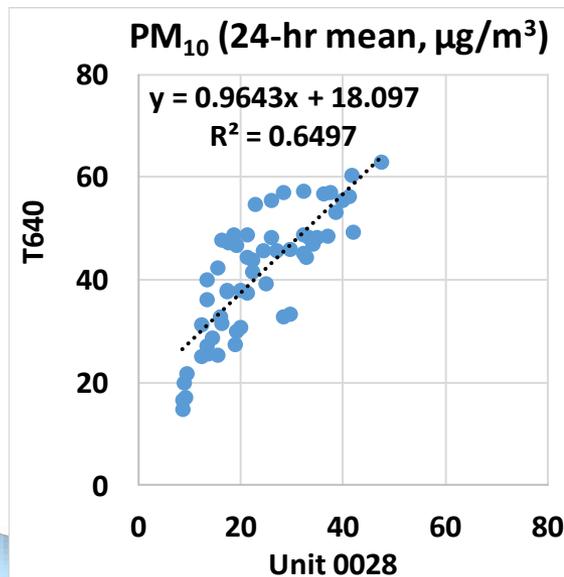
- The iMonPM sensors showed very strong correlations with the corresponding FEM T640 data ( $0.97 < R^2 < 0.99$ )
- Overall, the iMonPM sensors overestimated the PM<sub>2.5</sub> mass concentrations as measured by FEM T640
- The iMonPM sensors seemed to track the PM<sub>2.5</sub> daily variations as recorded by FEM T640



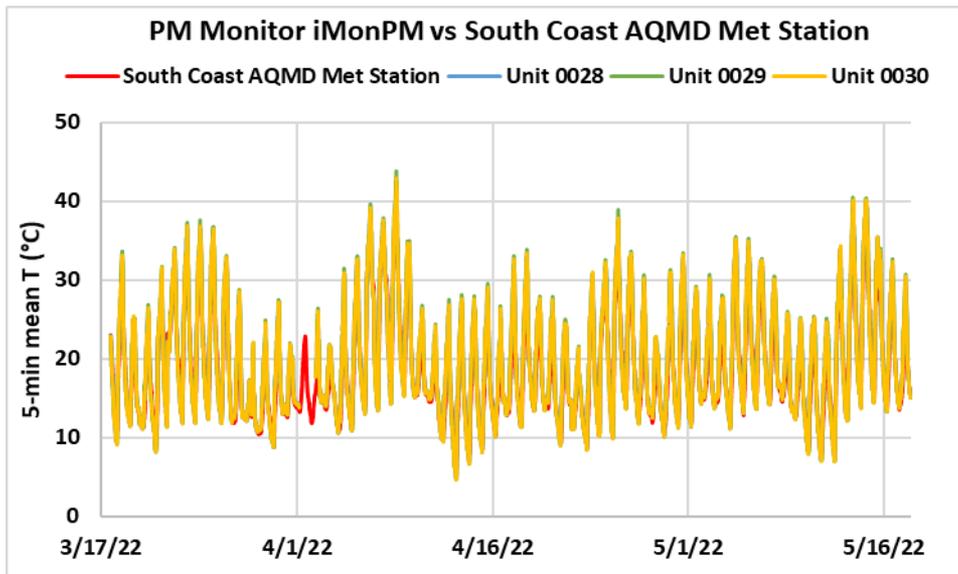
# iMonPM vs T640 (PM<sub>10</sub>; 24-hr mean)



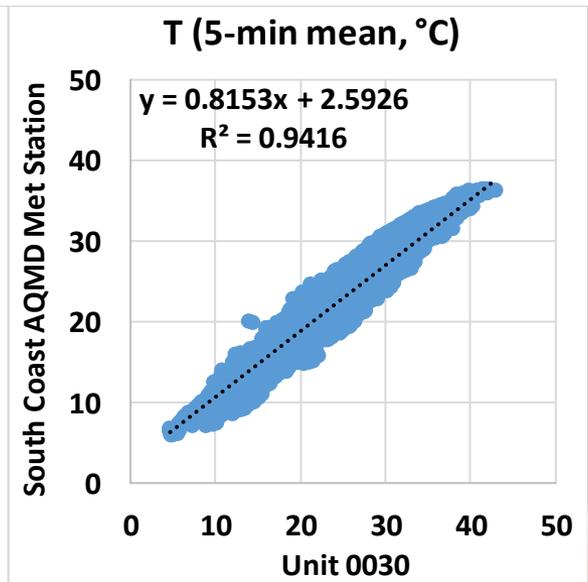
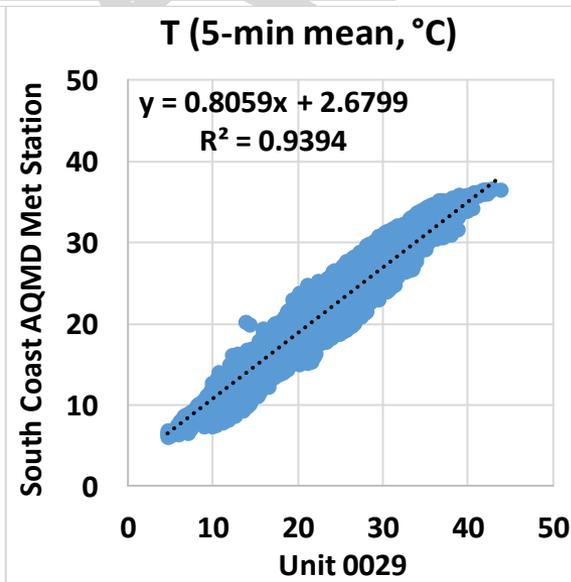
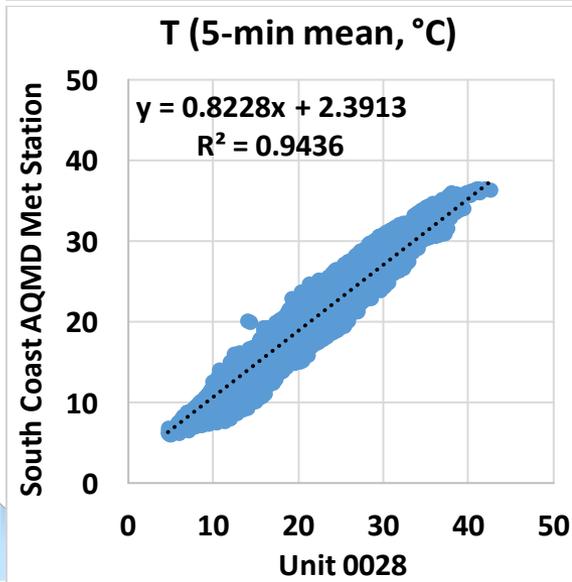
- The iMonPM sensors showed moderate to strong correlations with the corresponding T640 data ( $0.64 < R^2 < 0.74$ )
- Overall, the iMonPM sensors underestimated the PM<sub>10</sub> mass concentrations as measured by T640
- The iMonPM sensors seemed to track the PM<sub>10</sub> daily variations as recorded by T640



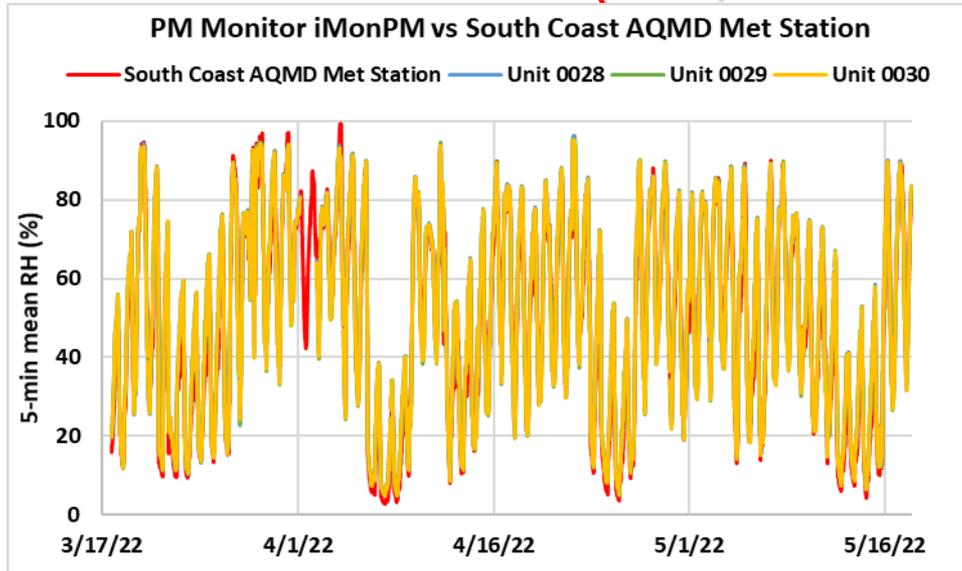
# iMonPM vs South Coast AQMD Met Station (Temp; 5-min mean)



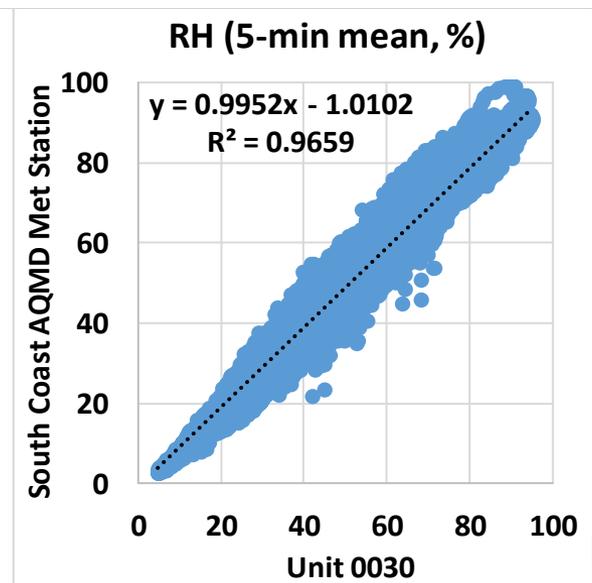
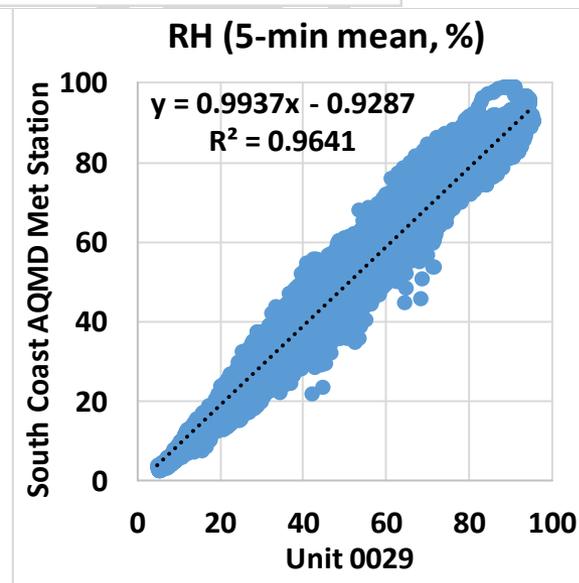
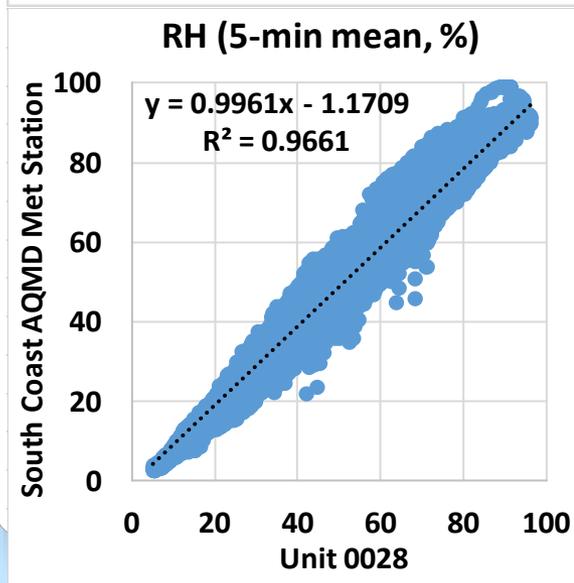
- The iMonPM sensors showed very strong correlations with the corresponding South Coast AQMD Met Station data ( $0.93 < R^2 < 0.95$ )
- Overall, the iMonPM sensors overestimated the temperature measurement as recorded by South Coast AQMD Met Station
- The iMonPM sensors seemed to track the diurnal temperature variations as recorded by South Coast AQMD Met Station



# iMonPM vs South Coast AQMD Met Station (RH; 5-min mean)



- The iMonPM sensors showed very strong correlations with the corresponding South Coast AQMD Met Station data ( $0.96 < R^2 < 0.97$ )
- Overall, the iMonPM sensors overestimated the RH measurement as recorded by South Coast AQMD Met Station
- The iMonPM sensors seemed to track the diurnal RH variations as recorded by South Coast AQMD Met Station



# Summary

Average of 3 Sensors, PM <sub>1.0</sub>		iMonPM vs GRIMM & T640, PM <sub>1.0</sub>							GRIMM & T640 (PM <sub>1.0</sub> , µg/m <sup>3</sup> )		
	Average (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	SD (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	R <sup>2</sup>	Slope	Intercept	MBE <sup>1</sup> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	MAE <sup>2</sup> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	RMSE <sup>3</sup> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Ref. Average	Ref. SD	Range during the field evaluation
<b>5-min</b>	11.7	9.1	0.77 to 0.89	0.51 to 0.59	1.7 to 2.9	1.5 to 3.5	2.2 to 3.8	4.2 to 6.0	7.5 to 9.6	5.5 to 5.6	0.3 to 38.4
<b>1-hr</b>	11.7	9.0	0.78 to 0.90	0.51 to 0.60	1.7 to 2.9	1.5 to 3.5	2.2 to 3.8	4.0 to 6.0	7.5 to 9.6	5.5	0.4 to 37.9
<b>24-hr</b>	11.6	6.7	0.93 to 0.97	0.54 to 0.66	1.2 to 2.3	1.4 to 3.6	1.8 to 3.6	2.7 to 4.9	7.5 to 9.6	4.4 to 4.6	2.5 to 20.3
Average of 3 Sensors, PM <sub>2.5</sub>		iMonPM vs FEM GRIMM & FEM T640, PM <sub>2.5</sub>							FEM GRIMM & FEM T640 (PM <sub>2.5</sub> , µg/m <sup>3</sup> )		
	Average (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	SD (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	R <sup>2</sup>	Slope	Intercept	MBE <sup>1</sup> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	MAE <sup>2</sup> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	RMSE <sup>3</sup> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Ref. Average	Ref. SD	Range during the field evaluation
<b>5-min</b>	17.3	11.8	0.76 to 0.89	0.53 to 0.59	3.9 to 4.3	2.2 to 3.8	3.4 to 4.3	5.8 to 7.1	12.6 to 14.2	7.2 to 7.3	1.2 to 60.1
<b>1-hr</b>	17.3	11.6	0.78 to 0.90	0.53 to 0.59	3.9 to 4.2	2.2 to 3.8	3.3 to 4.3	5.6 to 7.0	12.6 to 14.2	7.1 to 7.2	1.5 to 47.9
<b>24-hr</b>	17.2	8.9	0.94 to 0.98	0.54 to 0.65	3.0 to 4.0	2.1 to 3.8	2.5 to 3.9	3.9 to 5.4	12.6 to 14.2	5.4 to 5.9	5.5 to 26.7
Average of 3 Sensors, PM <sub>10</sub>		iMonPM vs GRIMM & T640, PM <sub>10</sub>							GRIMM & T640 (PM <sub>10</sub> , µg/m <sup>3</sup> )		
	Average (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	SD (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	R <sup>2</sup>	Slope	Intercept	MBE <sup>1</sup> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	MAE <sup>2</sup> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	RMSE <sup>3</sup> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Ref. Average	Ref. SD	Range during the field evaluation
<b>5-min</b>	23.2	13.7	0.38 to 0.62	0.87 to 1.11	10.8 to 15.9	-17.6 to -9.6	12.0 to 17.8	17.3 to 21.5	30.7 to 40.5	18.9 to 19.1	1.7 to 268.7
<b>1-hr</b>	23.2	13.4	0.39 to 0.66	0.85 to 1.11	11.1 to 16.0	-17.6 to -9.7	11.8 to 17.8	16.5 to 20.9	30.7 to 40.5	17.9 to 18.0	2.3 to 150.8
<b>24-hr</b>	23.2	9.7	0.30 to 0.74	0.66 to 1.11	13.3 to 18.1	-17.8 to -9.8	10.6 to 17.8	13.5 to 19.0	30.7 to 40.5	11.6 to 12.2	8.9 to 62.8

<sup>1</sup> Mean Bias Error (MBE): the difference between the sensors and the reference instruments. MBE indicates the tendency of the sensors to underestimate (negative MBE values) or overestimate (positive MBE values).

<sup>2</sup> Mean Absolute Error (MAE): the absolute difference between the sensors and the reference instruments. The larger MAE values, the higher measurement errors as compared to the reference instruments.

<sup>3</sup> Root Mean Square Error (RMSE): another metric to calculate measurement errors.

# Discussion

- The three **iMonPM** sensors' data recovery from Unit 0028, Unit 0029 and Unit 0030 was ~97.5% for all PM measurements
- The absolute intra-model variability was ~0.53, ~0.55 and ~0.27  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$  for  $\text{PM}_{1.0}$ ,  $\text{PM}_{2.5}$  and  $\text{PM}_{10}$ , respectively
- Reference instruments: very strong correlations between GRIMM and T640 for  $\text{PM}_{1.0}$  ( $R^2 \sim 0.94$ , 1-hr mean); very strong correlations between FEM GRIMM and FEM T640 for  $\text{PM}_{2.5}$  ( $R^2 \sim 0.93$ , 1-hr mean) and very strong correlations between GRIMM and T640 for  $\text{PM}_{10}$  ( $R^2 \sim 0.91$ , 1-hr mean) mass concentration measurements
- $\text{PM}_{1.0}$  mass concentrations measured by the iMonPM sensors showed strong to very strong correlations with the corresponding GRIMM and T640 data ( $0.77 < R^2 < 0.91$ , 1-hr mean). The sensors overestimated  $\text{PM}_{1.0}$  mass concentrations as measured by GRIMM and T640
- $\text{PM}_{2.5}$  mass concentrations measured by the iMonPM sensors showed strong correlations with the corresponding FEM GRIMM and FEM T640 data ( $0.77 < R^2 < 0.90$ , 1-hr mean). The sensors overestimated  $\text{PM}_{2.5}$  mass concentrations as measured by FEM GRIMM and FEM T640
- $\text{PM}_{10}$  mass concentrations measured by the iMonPM sensors showed weak to moderate correlations with the corresponding GRIMM and T640 data ( $0.38 < R^2 < 0.66$ ; 1-hr mean). The sensors underestimated  $\text{PM}_{10}$  mass concentrations as measured by GRIMM and T640
- No sensor calibration was performed by South Coast AQMD Staff for this evaluation
- Laboratory chamber testing is necessary to fully evaluate the performance of these sensors under known aerosol concentrations and controlled temperature and relative humidity conditions
- All results are still preliminary