

APPENDIX D
System Modification Requests

WAIVER REQUEST

Central San Bernardino Mountains Air Monitoring Station AQS Site Code 06-071-0005

Background

The Central San Bernardino Mountains air monitoring station (AMS) has been operational since October 1973. This site is located adjacent to Lake Gregory in the City of Crestline within San Bernardino County Regional Parks property. The surrounding area is mixed-use residential and recreational and is characterized by heavy tree coverage. Despite the proximity of trees to the monitoring equipment, the site remains a critical ozone (O_3), $PM_{2.5}$ (non-FEM), and PM_{10} monitoring location with a long history as the O_3 Design Value (DV) site for the region.

The South Coast Air Quality Management District (South Coast AQMD) requests a waiver for Ozone and PM_{10} at Crestline from the 10-meter minimum and 2:1 rule spacing from trees and the continuous arc of at least 270 degrees from obstructions as stipulated in 40 CFR Part 58, Appendix E section 2.3 and 2.4. Figure 1 and the aerial views (Figure 6 & 7) demonstrate that the Central San Bernardino Mountains AMS is representative of the monitoring area due to the fact that the monitoring area is mountainous and forested.



Figure 1 Central San Bernardino Mountains AMS Satellite View.

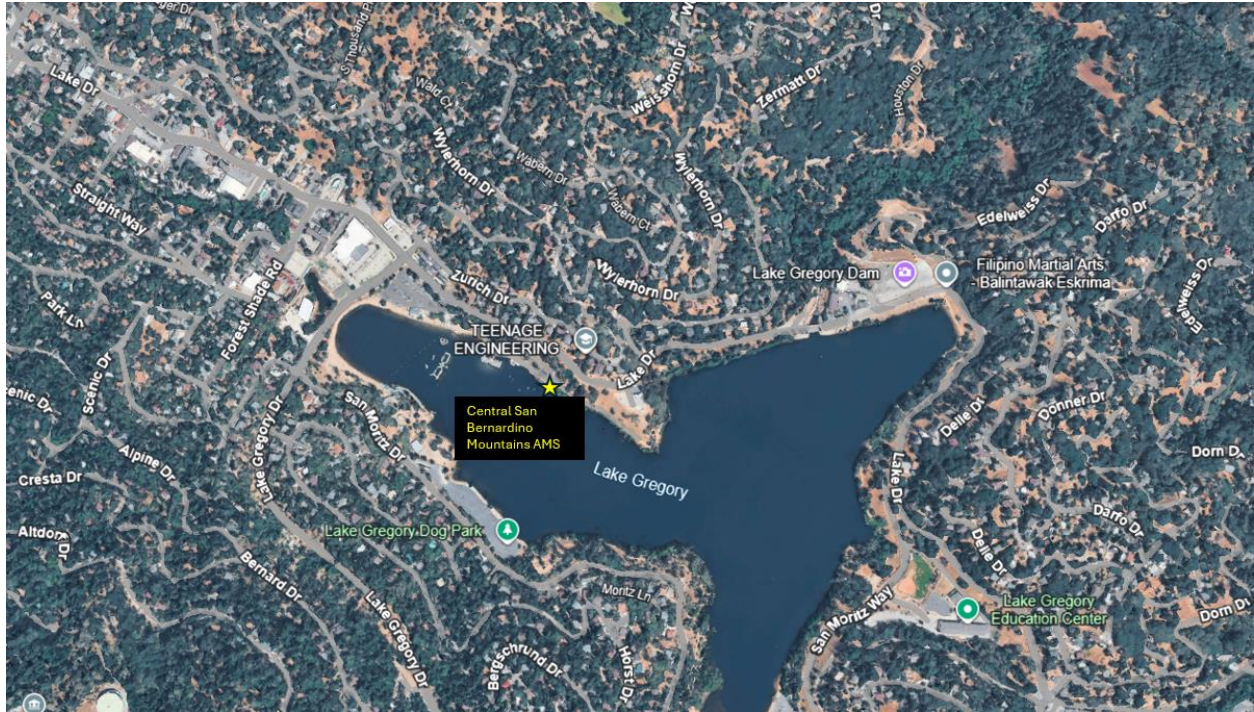


Figure 2 Central San Bernardino Mountains AMS Street Map.

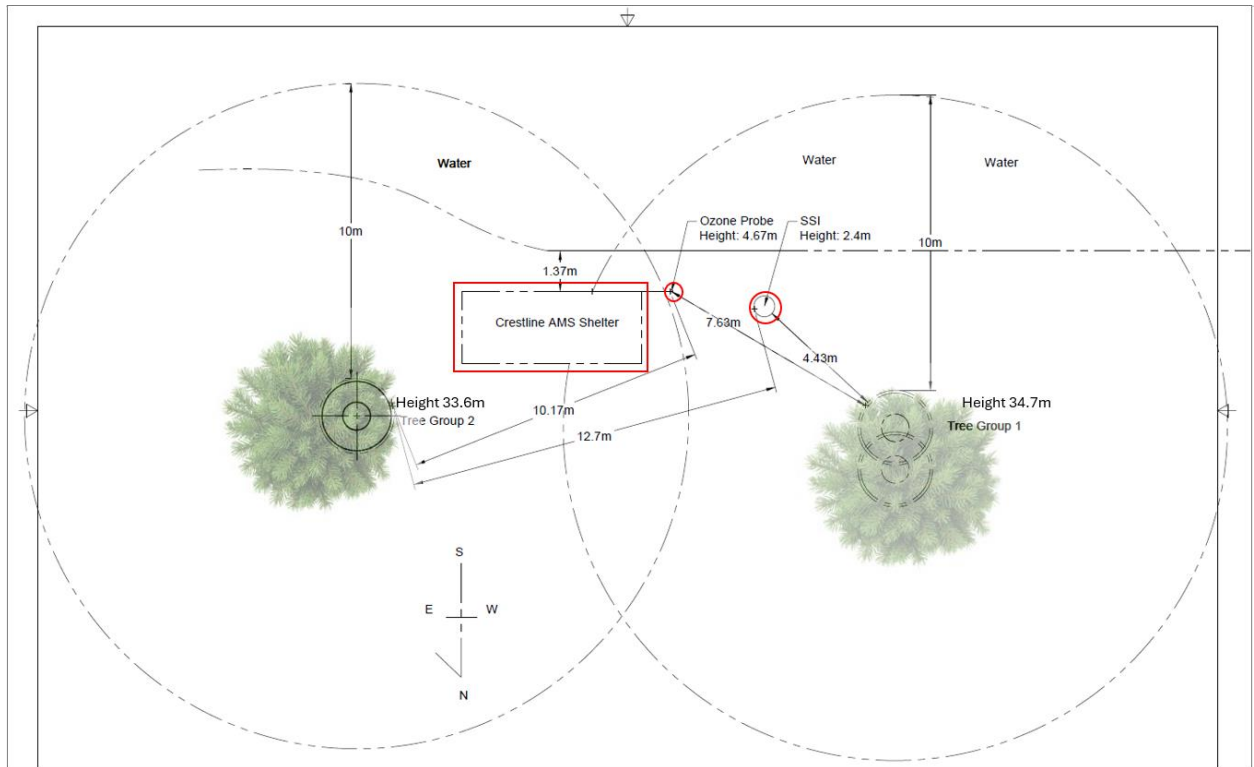


Figure 3 Distances between trees and the Ozone Inlet and PM10 Hi-Vol sampler.

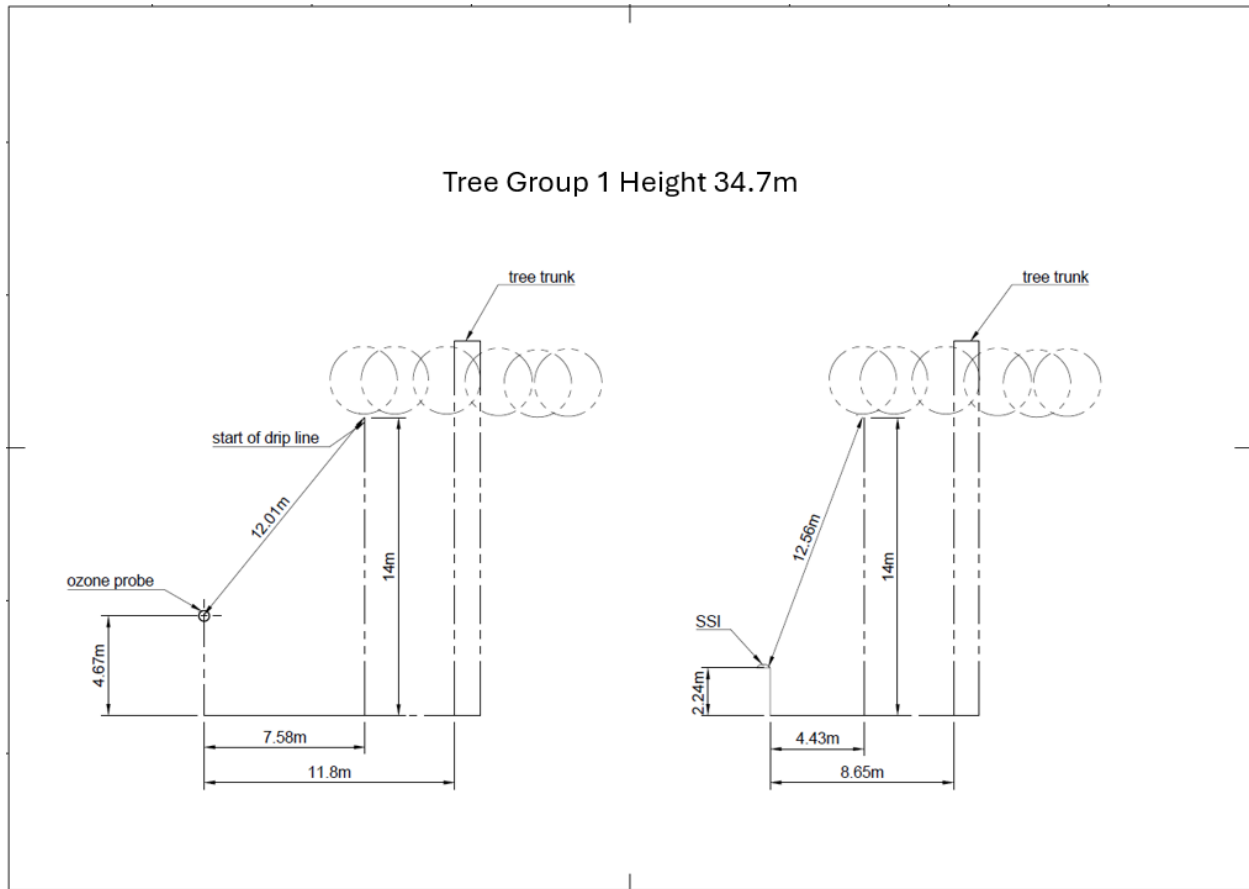


Figure 4 PM10 SSI Hi-Vol sampler horizontal and vertical distance between probe and drip line.

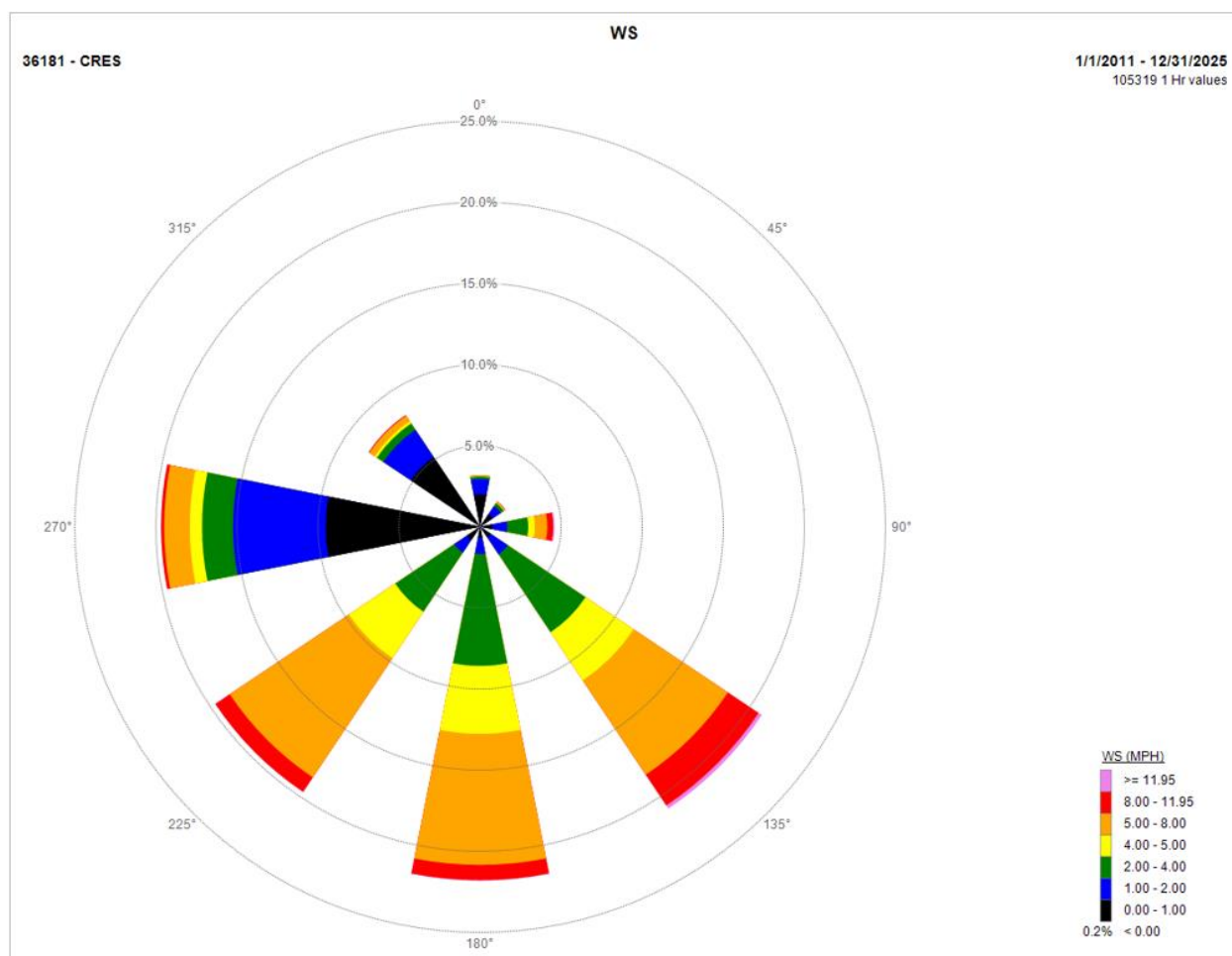


Figure 5 Wind Rose from January 2011 to December 2025 illustrates consistency in predominant wind direction and speed over the last 15 years.

Justification for Waiver Request

Regulatory Basis for Waiver

According to 40 CFR Part 58, Appendix E, a waiver may be granted for existing sites if either of the following conditions are met:

1. The site is as representative of the monitoring area as it would be if the siting criteria were met (Section 4.1.1).
2. The probe cannot reasonably be relocated to meet siting criteria due to physical constraints (Section 4.1.2).

This waiver request satisfies both conditions:

- **Representativeness:** The arial views (Figure 6 & 7) confirm that the Central San Bernardino Mountains AMS is representative of the monitoring area since the monitoring area is mountainous and forested. The site is considered a Neighborhood scale which represents air quality conditions throughout some relatively uniform land use areas with dimensions in the 0.5-to-4.0-kilometer range (40 CFR Appendix-D-to-Part-58(a)(3)).
- **Physical Constraints:** The inability to relocate the monitoring site to a location where trees are not within 10 meters and/or present an obstruction is due to the surrounding dense forest area, as well as the proximity of roadways and other obstructions that further compromise siting criteria. Additionally, the site is located on San Bernardino County land,

where it has operated under a no-cost lease since 1973. The expected cost to relocate the site is prohibitive and would disrupt historical data continuity that is invaluable for long-term trend analysis.

Representativeness and Data Continuity Considerations

Appendix E acknowledges that long-established monitoring locations may remain representative even when physical surroundings evolve over time. The station has served as one of the highest-concentration locations for ozone in the basin and as the ozone design-value (DV) site for over four decades, providing critical data continuity required for long-term trend analysis. The Crestline station provides a long-term record of PM₁₀ measurements in a mountainous, forested environment, providing critical data continuity required for long-term trend analysis.

Appendix E, Section 1.1 emphasizes that monitoring stations must serve their intended data purpose. Because Crestline station has long served as the design-value indicator location and continues to reflect peak exposure patterns, relocation would diminish the station's ability to fulfill that monitoring objective.

Consistent with Appendix D Section 1(c) and Appendix E Sections 1.1, 4.1.1, and 4.3, the value of maintaining a continuous record at a historically high site strengthens representativeness. Although long-term trend value alone is not sufficient basis for a waiver (4.3), EPA guidance acknowledges that disruption of such records can undermine analysis of progress toward NAAQS attainment and interpretation of control-strategy effectiveness. Maintaining continuity at this location ensures comparability of DV calculations and supports the statutory objectives of trend evaluation, exposure assessment, and SIP performance tracking.

Physical Constraints and Feasibility Considerations

Appendix E Section 4.1.2 provides that relocation is not required when siting modifications are not reasonable, technically feasible, or are limited by land-use constraints. The Central San Bernardino Mountains AMS sits within a densely forested area where tree coverage is continuous across the surrounding landscape. Alternative areas located beyond the 10-meter obstruction distance also contain similar vegetation patterns or would require construction of infrastructure in sensitive terrain and public-access areas. In addition, any new sites would require electrical installation, site permitting, foundation or shelter placement, and long lead-time coordination with San Bernardino County, resulting in substantial cost and operational disruption.

The site currently operates under a no-cost lease held since 1973. Relocating the station would introduce new recurring land-use expenses and site development capital expenditures. Although cost alone is not sufficient justification under Appendix D Section 1(a), U.S. EPA guidance notes that cost feasibility (Appendix E Section 4.3), when combined with demonstrated representativeness, supports granting waivers where relocation does not materially improve siting compliance.

The waiver request considers the following conditions:

- Per Appendix D Section 1(a)(5), relocation feasibility must consider capital cost, recurring lease obligations, permitting requirements, and installation timelines relative to the incremental improvement gained. In this case, there is no alternative area that eliminates vegetation impacts without extensive disturbance and cost.

- Although the presence of trees within 10 meters is not ideal per Appendix E Section 2, the site continues to capture peak ozone exposures consistent with the intended monitoring objective (population exposure and DV representativeness).
- Maintaining alignment with historical DV reporting supports the continuity expectations described in Appendix D Section 1(c), particularly for evaluating emission-reduction progress.

Loss of continuity at one of the basin’s highest ozone concentration locations would compromise interpretability of historical DV trends and regression analyses used in SIP development and attainment demonstration modeling. Therefore, maintaining the existing site—with waiver approval under Appendix E Sections 4.1.1 and 4.1.2—preserves both scientific value and regulatory continuity.

Central San Bernardino Mountains AMS Data Evaluation

Pollutant Trends and Design Value Status

The Central San Bernardino AMS has served as the DV site, or the second highest site for O₃, providing critical data for NAAQS compliance

| Central San Bernardino Mountains AMS | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Year | O ₃ 8-Hour DV (ppb) |
| 2020 | 109 |
| 2021 | 110 |
| 2022 | 109 |
| 2023 | 106 |
| 2024 | 107 |
| 5 Yr. DV Avg. | 108 |

The Central San Bernardino AMS has served as a long-term PM₁₀ data representative of particulate matter concentrations within a mountainous, forested mountains.

| Central San Bernardino Mountains AMS | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Year | PM ₁₀ 24-Hour DV (µg/m ³) |
| 2021 | 27 |
| 2022 | 26 |
| 2023 | 28 |
| 2024 | 35 |
| 2025 | 26 |
| 5 Yr. DV Avg. | 28.4 |

Conclusion and Waiver Request

Key Findings Supporting the Waiver

1. Central San Bernardino Mountains AMS remains representative of the monitoring area, meeting 40 CFR Part 58, Appendix E, Section 4.1.1.
2. Physical constraints prevent probe relocation, as the site is in a dense forested area, and there are no feasible alternative locations that meet siting criteria per 40 CFR Part 58, Appendix E, Section 4.1.2.

3. The site provides a long-term record of PM₁₀ data supporting air quality trends evaluation and trend analysis.
4. Central San Bernardino Mountains AMS has been the region's DV site for O₃, making its continued operation critical for regulatory and scientific purposes.
5. The cost-benefit analysis supports maintaining the site at its current location, given that it operates on a no-cost lease from San Bernardino County and relocation would be cost-prohibitive.

Request for Waiver

The South Coast Air Quality Management District (South Coast AQMD) requests a waiver for Ozone and PM₁₀ at Crestline from the 10-meter minimum and 2:1 rule spacing from trees and the continuous arc of at least 270 degrees from obstructions as stipulated in 40 CFR Part 58, Appendix E section 2.3 and 2.4.

Per 40 CFR Part 58, Appendix E, Section 4.3, this waiver will be subject to renewal every five years and documented in the Annual Monitoring Network Plan as required under 40 CFR Part 58.10.

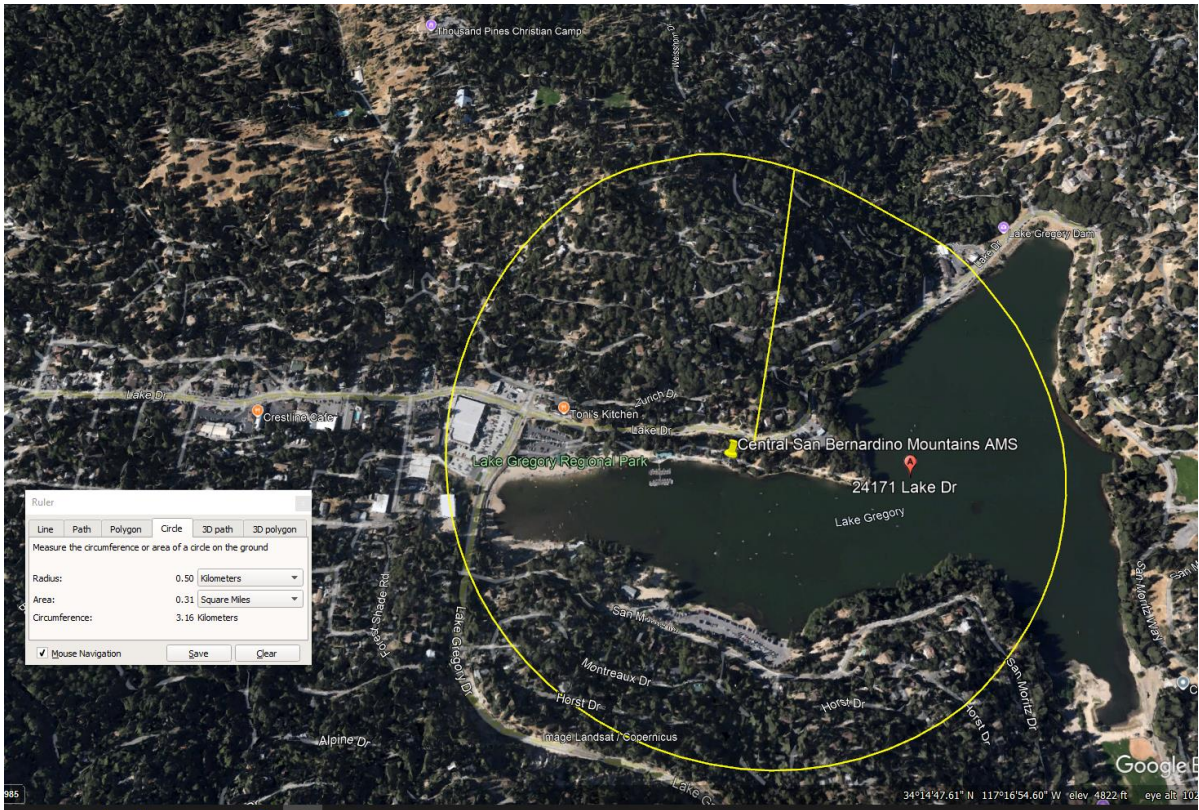


Figure 6. Indicates that area within 500 meters of current site is mountainous and forested.

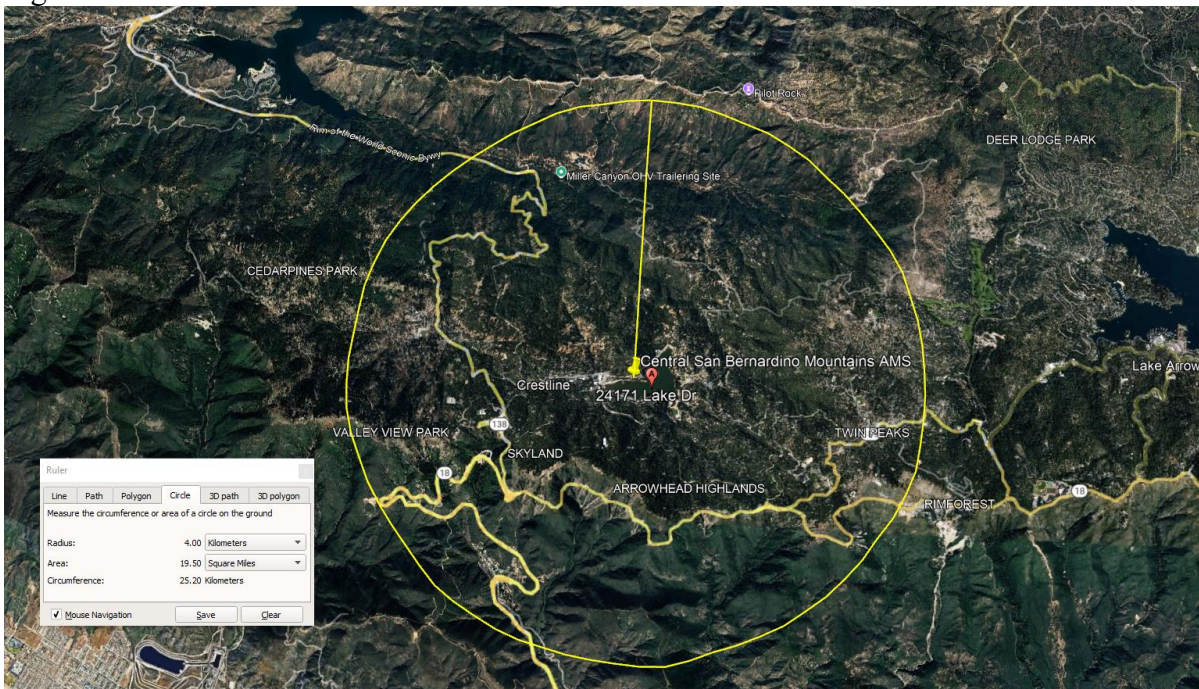


Figure 7. Indicates that area within 4.0 kilometers of current site is mountainous and forested.

SYSTEM MODIFICATION REQUEST

**Palm Springs 590 E Racquet Club Avenue Monitoring Site
AQS Site Codes 06-065-5002**

The monitoring site located at 590 E. Racquet Club Road has been in operation since April 1971. The site was originally located at the Palm Springs Fire Department Station 3 at 590 E. Racquet Club Road, Palm Springs, CA 92262. The station was initially established to monitor ozone (O₃) and coarse particulate matter (PM₁₀) to characterize ambient air quality in the Palm Springs and Coachella Valley region.

In 2025, the City of Palm Springs notified South Coast AQMD that Fire Station 3 would undergo facility renovations and could no longer accommodate the air monitoring station. Due to this loss of site access, monitoring operations at 590 E. Racquet Club Road officially discontinued on March 31, 2026.

The City of Palm Springs proposed several alternative locations; however, none satisfied the siting criteria specified in 40 CFR Part 58, Appendix E. In response, South Coast AQMD coordinated with the Center of Spiritual Living and identified a suitable replacement location at 2100 E. Racquet Club Road, Palm Springs, CA 92262, as depicted in Figure 1. The proposed probe coordinates are 33.852547, -116.522458. The new site is situated approximately 1.01 miles east of the former Fire Station 3 monitoring location, as shown in Figure 2.

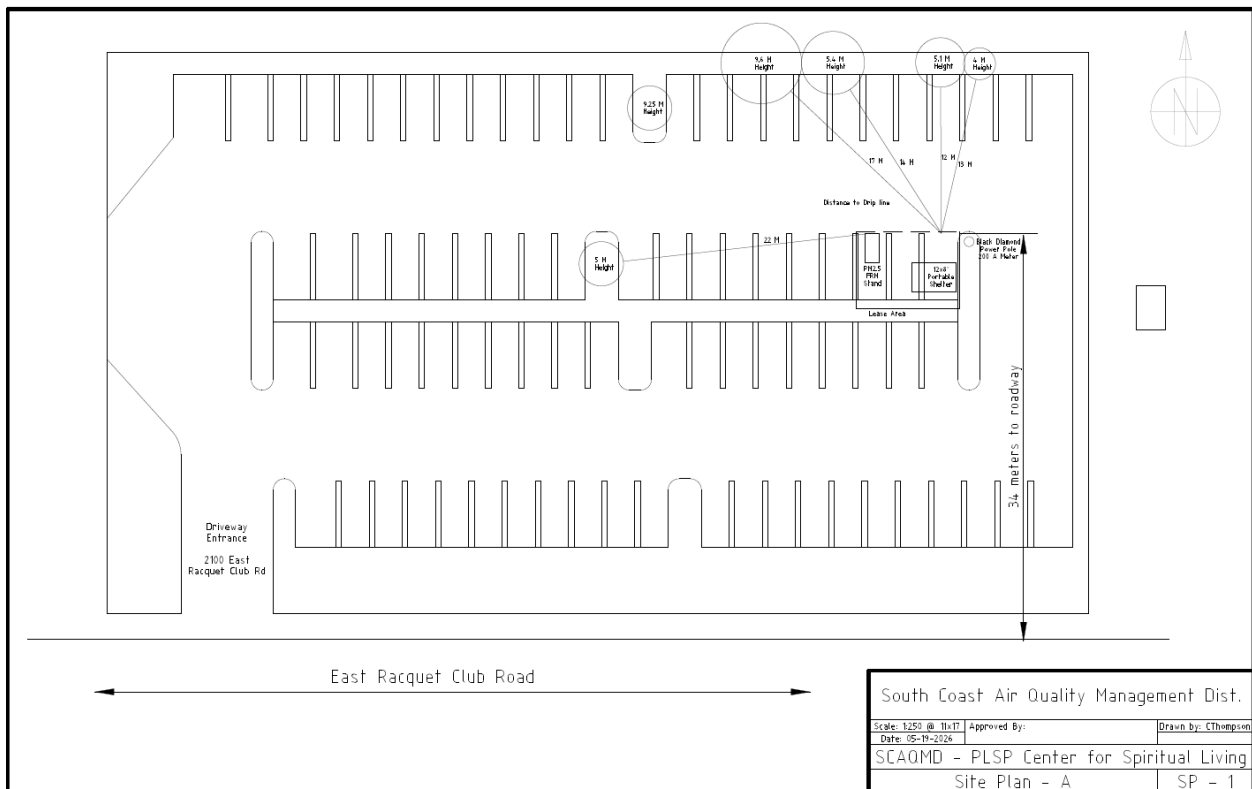


Figure 1 Palm Springs Center of Spiritual Living Monitoring Site Location



Figure 2 Distance Fire Station 3 and Center of Spiritual Living Monitoring Sites

The Center of Spiritual Living monitoring site is located within a secured parking lot space measuring approximately 28 feet by 18 feet. The enclosure is secured with perimeter fencing and accommodates a 12-foot by 8-foot criteria pollutant monitoring trailer and associated particulate monitoring equipment. A dedicated 200-amp electrical service meter has been installed to provide sufficient power for continuous operation of monitoring instruments. A detailed site drawing is available in Figure 3.

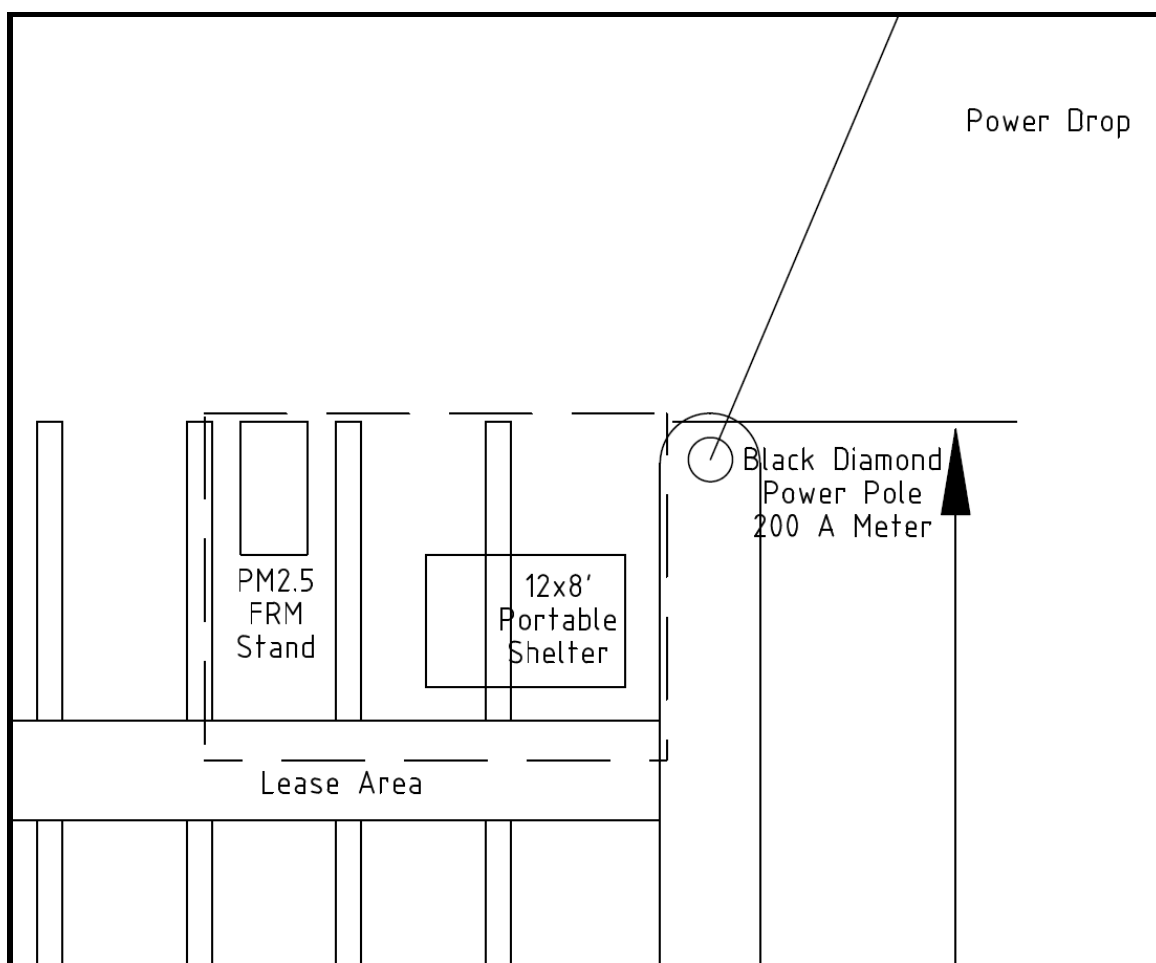


Figure 3 Center for Spiritual Living Monitoring Site Detail

The site details for the air monitoring location at Center for Spiritual Living aligns with 40 CFR 58, Appendix E siting requirements, as outlined in Table 1. Comprehensive site information is provided within the South Coast AQMD 2026 Annual Network Plan.

Table 1 Center of Spiritual Living Selected Site Information

| Pollutants – O ₃ , NO ₂ , PM ₁₀ , PM _{2.5} | Scale of Representativeness | Measured Value | Meets Minimum Requirements (Yes/No) |
|--|-----------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Horizontal and Vertical Probe Placement | Neighborhood | 4.8 Meters | Yes |
| Distance from obstructions (building) | N/A | 16 Meters | Yes |
| Spacing from Trees | N/A | 12 Meters | Yes |
| Spacing from Roadway | Neighborhood | ~ 34 Meters - 2100 E. Racquet Club Rd. – AADT 7800 (2020); N Cerritos Rd – AADT 405 (2020) | Yes |

Following consultation with the EPA Region 9 and receiving preliminary confirmation that the new monitoring site met the required siting criteria, South Coast AQMD proceeded with relocating the monitors and began monitoring on April 1, 2026. The new monitoring location has been assigned AQS

ID 06-065-5002 and measures O₃, NO₂, continuous PM₁₀, and PM_{2.5} which is consistent with the monitoring objectives of the former Palm Springs Monitoring site at Fire Station 3.

Palm Springs System Modification Request Summary

Due to unforeseen logistical circumstances beyond the control of South Coast AQMD, the Palm Springs 590 E. Racquet Club Road monitoring facility ceased operations on March 31, 2026. Pursuant to 40 CFR Part 58.14(c), South Coast AQMD formally requests EPA approval to relocate O₃, NO₂, PM₁₀, and PM_{2.5}, monitoring activities to the Center of Spiritual Living site located at 2100 E. Racquet Club Road, Palm Springs, CA.

The Center of Spiritual Living site is:

- Located approximately 1.01 miles east of the former monitoring location.
- Meets all applicable 40 CFR Part 58, Appendix E siting requirements.
- Maintains the same neighborhood scale of representativeness.
- Expected to produce pollutant measurements consistent with those historically observed at the former site and representative of ambient air quality conditions in the Palm Springs area.

South Coast AQMD requests EPA approval of this system modification in accordance with 40 CFR 58.14(c).