



#### MISSION STATEMENT

The South Coast AQMD believes all residents have a right to live and work in an environment of clean air and is committed to undertaking all necessary steps to protect public health from air pollution with sensitivity to the impacts of its actions on the community and businesses.

# South Coast Air Quality Management District

Diamond Bar, California

## Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2006

Prepared by:
Finance Office
Patrick H. Pearce, Chief Financial Officer

## SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2006

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#### SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

#### **GOVERNING BOARD**

June 30, 2006

WILLIAM A. BURKE, Ed.D

Chairman

Speaker of the Assembly Appointee

S. ROY WILSON, Ed.D.

Vice-Chairman

County of Riverside Representative

MICHAEL D. ANTONOVICH

County of Los Angeles Representative

JAN PERRY

County of Los Angeles

Cities Representative

Western Region

JANE CARNEY

Senate Rules Committee Appointee

MIGUEL A. PULIDO

County of Orange

Cities Representative

BEATRICE J. S. LAPISTO-KIRTLEY

County of Los Angeles Cities Representative

Eastern Region

JAMES W. SILVA

County of Orange Representative

RONALD O. LOVERIDGE

County of Riverside

Cities Representative

CYNTHIA VERDUGO-PERALTA

Governor's Appointee

GARY OVITT

County of San Bernardino Representative

DENNIS YATES

County of San Bernardino

Cities Representative

BARRY R. WALLERSTEIN, D.Env. Executive Officer

November 8, 2006

Chairman, Governing Board and Citizens of the South Coast Air Quality Management District

State law requires that local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the South Coast Air Quality Management District (AQMD), Diamond Bar, California. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

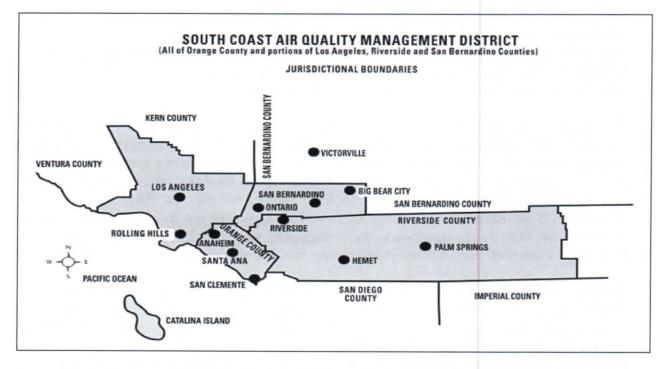
The AQMD's financial statements have been audited by Thompson, Cobb, Bazilio & Associates, Certified Public Accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the AQMD for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 are free of material misstatements. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified (clean) opinion that the AQMD financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the AQMD was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of Federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of Federal awards. These reports are available in the AQMD's separately issued Single Audit Report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### Profile of the South Coast Air Quality Management District

The South Coast Air Quality Management District began operation on February 1, 1977 as a regional governmental agency established by the California Legislature pursuant to the Lewis Air Quality Management Act. The AQMD encompasses all of Orange County and parts of Los Angeles, San Bernardino and Riverside Counties, representing over 15 million residents. It succeeded the Southern California Air Pollution Control District and its predecessor four county air pollution control districts, of which the Los Angeles County Air Pollution Control District was the oldest in the nation, having been formed in 1947.



The AQMD Governing Board is composed of 12 members, including four members appointed by the Boards of Supervisors of the four counties in AQMD's jurisdiction, five members appointed by cities in the AQMD's jurisdiction and three members appointed by the Governor, the Speaker of the State Assembly and the Rules Committee of the State Senate, respectively. The members appointed by the various Boards of Supervisors and cities consist of one member of the Board of Supervisors of Los Angeles, Orange, Riverside, and San Bernardino Counties, respectively, and a mayor or member of the city council of a city within Orange, Riverside and San Bernardino Counties. Los Angeles County cities have two representatives, one each from the western and eastern portions of the county. Each Board member serves a four year term. The Board appoints the agency's Executive Officer and District Counsel. The Executive Officer in turn appoints the heads of the various agency departments.

Southern California has the most serious air quality problem in the country. A combination of poor atmospheric ventilation, a capping temperature inversion, bordering mountains and sunny days act to enhance smog formation and effectively trap pollutants in the Basin. The AQMD is responsible for monitoring air pollution within the Basin and for developing and administering programs to reduce air pollution levels below the health-based standards established by the state and federal governments.

The AQMD provides a full range of air pollution control activities, including permitting, site inspection, air quality attainment planning, rule making, air quality monitoring and technology advancement. Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 requires that certain separate but related component units be included with the AQMD for reporting purposes. This report includes the South Coast Air Quality Management District Building Corporation (Corporation) as a discretely presented component unit. This is presented in a separate column in the basic financial statements to distinguish the financial position and operations of the AQMD from its component unit. The AQMD may impose its will on the component unit, including the ability to appoint, hire, reassign or dismiss management. There are also financial benefit/burden relationships between the AQMD and the Corporation. For additional information, see Note 1 to the financial statements.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the AQMD's financial planning and control. The Governing Board is required to adopt an annual budget by July 1 of each fiscal year. The AQMD's annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General Fund. Budgets are adopted on a budgetary basis that includes encumbrances as expenditures. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end to the extent they have not been expended or encumbered. Amendments to increase the budget must be approved by the Governing Board. Budgets for special revenue funds are not adopted due to the narrow focus (advance technology demonstration projects/emission reduction projects) and limited life of many of these special revenues. Expenditures from the special revenue funds are limited to contractual obligations that require Governing Board approval. All work to account for and track special fund projects is included within the General Fund budget.

The AQMD maintains budgetary controls through both signature authority and automated budget checking. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with the annual appropriated budget approved by the Governing Board. The AQMD maintains an encumbrance accounting system of purchase orders and contracts at the fund level as a means of accomplishing budgetary control. Open encumbrances are reported as a reservation of fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. Purchase orders and contracts are reviewed to ensure that funds are available and that requests are properly authorized prior to being released or executed.

The accounting principles applied in developing budgetary expenditures data differ from the amount reported on the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Reconciliation of the differences is presented in the Required Supplementary Information section of this report.

As reflected in the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the AQMD continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

#### Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The AQMD is a fee-supported agency and does not receive sales or property tax support. Approximately 66% of its funding is derived from fees paid by stationary sources that emit air pollution; 18% from auto registration fees collected by the Department of Motor Vehicles and distributed to air districts throughout the state in support of motor vehicle emission reduction programs; 10% from federal and state grants and subventions; and the remainder from general revenues such as penalties/settlements, lease revenue and interest earnings.

To meet its program commitments, despite increased workload complexity, the AQMD has successfully streamlined many of its operations, reducing the cost of its programs. Compared to the 1991-92 fiscal year, 2005-06 expenditures reflect staffing levels that are 31% (361 FTEs) below 1991-92 levels with expenditures \$1.1 million (0.1%) above 1991-92 levels. When adjusted for inflation, this year's expenditures were 30.4% less than the 1991-92 period.

This year's revenues and expenditures represent both significant expenditure savings as a result of higher employee vacancy rates, deferred contract and capital equipment expenditures, and revenues which exceeded estimates due to two significant one-time penalty settlements totaling \$9.2 million. While the AQMD does not recover its activity costs fully from fees, support in the form of state subvention, federal grants, and general revenues offset much of the shortfall.

For fiscal year 2006-07, the employer contribution rates to our pension systems will continue to increase due primarily to a three-year period of low or negative investment returns in pension system portfolios and changes to the actuarial assumptions reflecting AQMD's aging workforce. Beginning January 2006, current and new employees, with the exception of the Office Clerical and Maintenance unit, accepted a shift in the employer pick-up of employee retirement contributions (from the employer to the employee) of 3.25%.

#### Long-term Financial Planning

Unreserved fund balance in the general fund (46.8 % of total general fund revenues) is above the policy guidelines set by the Board for budgetary and planning purposes (i.e., to maintain an unreserved fund balance at 15% of General Fund revenues). Much of this large balance is due to several significant one-time penalty settlements reached in June 2004, May 2005, January 2006 and May 2006 with air pollution violators which resulted in combined penalties of approximately \$23.6 million to the General Fund. A substantial portion of this unreserved fund balance (69% of the undesignated) is planned for long-term debt reduction in fiscal year 2006-07, thereby reducing AQMD's overall program cost.

#### Relevant Financial Policies

#### Cash Management

The County of Los Angeles provides treasury management services to the AQMD. Cash resources of the individual AQMD funds are invested as part of Los Angeles County's Pooled Surplus Investment Portfolio and Special Purpose Investments. Investments are consistent with AQMD adopted investment policy, with the majority of the maturities under one year. The

investment policy authorizes investments in United States treasury bills, bonds and notes, obligations issued by agencies of the United States Government, bankers acceptances, commercial paper, medium term notes, certificates of deposit, and the State's Local Agency Investment Fund. The AQMD's portfolio at June 30, 2006 is \$330,449,237.

The AQMD Governing Board annually reviews and approves its investment policy and the appointment of its treasurer. Monthly investment reports are submitted by the Chief Financial Officer to the Governing Board detailing investment activities and portfolio balances. Quarterly reports are submitted to the Governing Board, Investment Oversight Committee and auditor. The primary objective of the AQMD's investment policy is to ensure money in the Treasury not required for the immediate needs of AQMD is prudently invested to preserve principal and provide necessary liquidity, while earning a market average rate of return.

#### Risk Management

AQMD manages its risks of property and liability losses through a combination of commercial insurance and self-insurance programs. Commercial insurance coverages are obtained with assistance from the experienced insurance brokerage firm of Kaercher Campbell & Associates. AQMD maintains All Risk Property coverage with replacement cost valuation for insurable values of approximately \$122 million and Difference in Conditions coverage (earthquake and flood) with \$25 million in limits.

AQMD has been self-insured since June 1, 1986 for workers' compensation, general liability, and automobile liability claims. AQMD utilizes the services of a state-certified third-party claims administrator (TPA) to manage claims with a dedicated claims examiner. General, employment and automobile liability claims are handled by Risk Management, District Counsel and AQMD selected legal defense firms. Due to the unpredictability of payments and awards on workers' compensation claims and judgments in tort liability lawsuits, AQMD also maintains excess liability coverage over self-insured retentions for individual workers' compensation claims in excess of \$750,000, employment liability claims in excess of \$100,000 and general liability claims in excess of \$1,000,000. Designations in the fund balance of \$2,000,000 for self-insurance and \$80,000 for unemployment claims are maintained.

Loss control activities are managed by AQMD's Risk Management staff. Staff performs loss prevention inspections, risk identification, loss analysis and employee safety training to minimize potential human and property losses, and establish compliance with Cal/OSHA regulations.

#### Pension Benefits

The AQMD provides its full-time employee's retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to members and their beneficiaries through two multi-employer defined benefit pension plans; the San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association (SBCERA) and the Los Angeles County Employees' Retirement Association (LACERA). The AQMD makes contributions to the plans based on amounts determined by each retirement plan actuary. The AQMD does not have safety employees and does not provide postretirement health care benefits. In June 2004, the AQMD issued \$47 million in taxable pension obligation bonds to retire the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability due to SBCERA. The AQMD realized a reduction of 5.61% in its FY 2004-05 retirement rates.

#### Major Initiatives

To continue our progress toward meeting federal and state health standards, the AQMD has implemented several innovative programs in recent years such as market-based incentives (RECLAIM), permit streamlining, source education, business assistance, and technology advancement.

During the next year and beyond, the AQMD will continue to develop control measures to reduce smog-forming and toxic air pollutants; pursue a federal waiver allowing for the continued implementation of all of its fleet rules; expand its Environmental Justice programs and pursue its legislative goals.

#### Goods Movement & Air Quality Issues

AQMD's Clean Port Initiative, announced by Chairman William Burke at a special Board meeting in Long Beach in November 2005, includes four guiding principles and seven action items outlining steps that the AQMD, along with federal and state agencies and local and international ports, can take to help reduce port pollution in the region. A work plan to carry out the new initiatives was adopted by the Board in January 2006. The plan calls for the development and adoption this year of AQMD "backstop" rules that would take effect if the ports and other agencies did not take sufficient actions in a timely manner to reduce emissions. Such AQMD rules could:

- Prohibit emissions increases from new or expanded port facilities unless state-of-theart pollution controls are used and compensating emission reductions are obtained from other port sources;
- Limit cancer and other health risks from port facilities; and
- Reduce port-related emissions to levels needed to achieve air quality standards.

#### Locomotive Efforts

During the past year AQMD adopted three rules to address emissions from locomotives. In October 2005 the Board adopted Rule 3503 – Emissions Inventory and Health Risk Assessment for Railyards – to require the 19 freight railyards in the Los Angeles Basin to conduct detailed studies of the cancer risks posed to nearby residents from their toxic emissions. Two other rules adopted by the Board in February 2006 address pollution from idling trains. Under Rule 3501, railroads will be required to keep records of all locomotive idling lasting more than 30 minutes. These records will provide information on the amount of emissions from idling trains and assist in identifying ways to reduce these emissions. Trains equipped with an anti-idling device or using alternative technology are exempt from the rule requirements. Rule 3502 is designed to eliminate air pollution from unnecessary idling by prohibiting unattended locomotives from idling more than 30 minutes for crew changes, meal breaks, queuing in railyards or performing maintenance or testing that does not require the train to operate.

#### Technology Advancement/Accelerated Fleet Turnover

Remote Sensing Program for Passenger Cars: In September 2005 the Board approved a program to conduct remote sensing of one million vehicles in the region. The program will then provide incentives to the owners of the most highly polluting vehicles to either repair, scrap, or replace them. Beginning in 2006, remote sensing devices will be placed in multiple locations throughout

the region to measure a vehicle's emissions. An independent foundation will contact owners of the dirtiest vehicles tested. Residents who meet state low-income guidelines will be eligible to qualify for additional funding. The program is expected to last about 12 months.

Five Cities Hydrogen Demonstration Project: AQMD dedicated the region's first municipal hydrogen fueling stations along with hydrogen-powered Priuses in the first half of 2006. Five cities in the region are partnering with AQMD to demonstrate five hydrogen fueling stations and a total of 30 hybrid Priuses with internal combustion engines that have been modified to burn gaseous hydrogen. The cities include Burbank, Ontario, Riverside, Santa Ana and Santa Monica. Each city and AQMD will operate five hydrogen-fueled Priuses for five years. The five cities program is aimed at stimulating demand for hydrogen fueling, accelerating the expansion of the region's hydrogen fueling network, and educating the public on hydrogen-fueled vehicles. The cities will use the vehicles in everyday city fleet driving as well as showcase them to community groups, neighborhood associations and schools. All five stations are expected to be open by spring 2006.

<u>Lawn Mower and Leaf Blower Exchange Programs:</u> Since 2003, the AQMD has annually conducted a series of lawn mover exchange events, where residents of the South Coast air basin exchanged their operable gasoline-powered lawn mowers for zero-emission cordless electric lawn mowers. A total of 15,560 mowers have been exchanged (4,060 in 2006).

AQMD held its first leaf blower exchange program in February and March 2006 where professional landscapers and gardeners exchanged their gas-powered, backpack blower for a new gas-powered, 4-cycle, low-emission, low-noise model. A total of 1,500 blowers were exchanged at seven locations throughout the region. The new blowers are nearly five times cleaner than CARB's standard for new blowers.

#### Multiple Air Toxics Exposure Study III (MATES III)

The AQMD started collecting air samples in 2004 for some two dozen toxic air contaminants and four other substances as part of its follow-up to the landmark MATES II study conducted in 1998-1999. The goal of MATES III is to update toxic air pollution levels and toxic emission inventories, and then, through computer modeling, determine the cancer, as well as non-cancer, health risk from air toxics across the region. The study investigates potential toxic "hot spots" in communities. The monitoring frequency during MATES III is double that of MATES II. In addition, a number of compounds related to vehicle emissions are also being measured as possible tracers of exhaust. Monitoring has been ongoing since 2004. However, due to unusually wet weather during the fall and winter months of sampling, the monitoring was extended for one additional year to compare results with a more typical year's meteorology. A draft report is expected by the end of 2006.

#### Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the South Coast Air Quality Management District for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local

government financial reports. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. The Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of our comprehensive annual financial report was made possible by the dedicated services of the accounting, financial analyst and management staff of the Finance Office. These members have our sincere appreciation for the contribution made in the preparation of this report.

Recognition is also given to the Governing Board for their leadership and support and to all employees of the AQMD who continue to push technology and improve operations to accomplish AQMD's mission of protecting public health from air pollution with sensitivity to the impacts of its actions on the community and businesses.

Respectfully submitted,

Barry R. Wallerstein, D.Env.

Executive Officer

Patrick H. Pearce, CGFM Chief Financial Officer

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## South Coast Air Quality Management District, California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

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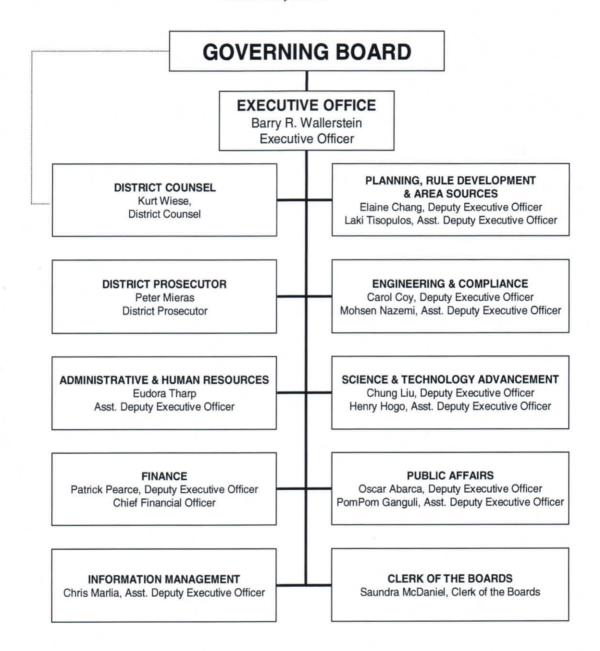
President

Care Eperge

**Executive Director** 

# South Coast Air Quality Management District, California Organizational Chart

June 30, 2006



#### THOMPSON, COBB, BAZILIO & ASSOCIATES, PC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND MANAGEMENT, SYSTEMS, AND FINANCIAL CONSULTANTS

21250 HAWTHORNE BOULEVARD SUITE 500 TORRANCE, CA 90503 310-792-7001 FAX: 310-792-7004 1101 15<sup>TH</sup> STREET, N.W. SUITE 400 WASHINGTON, DC 20005 202-737-3300 FAX: 202-737-2684

100 PEARL STREET
14<sup>TH</sup> FLOOR
HARTFORD, CT 06103
203-249-7246
FAX: 203-275-6504

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

The Governing Board of South Coast Air Quality Management District

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, and each major fund of the South Coast Air Quality Management District (AQMD), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the AQMD's basic financial statements as listed in the accompanying table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the AQMD's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, and each major fund of the AQMD, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows of its proprietary funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated November 8, 2006 on our consideration of the AQMD's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) on pages 3 through 19 and the required supplementary information other than MD&A, as listed in the accompanying table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures that consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the AQMD's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information identified in the accompanying table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the AQMD. Such information have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The information identified in the accompanying table of contents as the introductory and statistical sections is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the AQMD. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the AQMD's basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Torrance, California Thompson, Cobb, Bazilio D Associatio, PC November 8, 2006

#### SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2006

As management of the South Coast Air Quality Management District (AQMD), we offer readers of the AQMD's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the AQMD for fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Please read it in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter, the basic financial statements, and the accompanying notes to those financial statements.

#### A. Financial Highlights

- The assets of AQMD exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$286.7 million (net assets). Of this amount, \$24 million (unrestricted net assets), may be used to finance the AQMD's day-to-day operations.
- The AQMD's total net assets increased by \$45.1 million primarily due to one-time payment of penalties and settlements for air pollution violations, payment of emission reduction fees, and receipt of new grants for Carl Moyer AB 923 and SB 1107 programs.
- As of the close of the fiscal year, the AQMD's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$315.2 million, an increase of \$41.4 million in comparison to the prior year.
- Of the \$315.2 million combined ending fund balances, \$61.3 million represents the fund balance of the General Fund.
- Out of the total General Fund balance of \$61.3 million at the end of the fiscal year, \$56.5 million represents the unreserved fund balance of which \$14.6 million represents designated uses. The undesignated balance was \$41.9 million, or 38.0 percent of general fund expenditures.
- The AQMD's long term debt decreased by \$6.4 million or 5%.

#### B. Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the AQMD's basic financial statements. The AQMD's basic financial statements have three components: 1) Government-wide Financial Statements; 2) Fund Financial Statements; and 3) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

In general, the purpose of financial reporting is to provide the external parties that read financial statements with information that will help them make decisions or draw conclusions about an entity. In order to address the needs of as many parties as reasonably possible, the

AQMD, in accordance with required reporting standards, presents government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the AQMD. These financial statements are constructed around the concept of a primary government and its component unit, excluding fiduciary funds. The financial statements of the AQMD's fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements because these funds cannot be used to finance the AOMD's activities.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the AQMD's finances in a manner similar to commercial enterprises or a private sector business. These financial statements include the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Net Assets reports all assets held and liabilities owed by the AQMD using the accrual basis of accounting which is similar to the accounting method used by most private sector companies. The difference between assets and liabilities is reported as net assets. Net assets may serve as a useful indicator of AQMD's financial position.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how AQMD's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods such as earned but unused vacation leave.

The AQMD's Government-wide Financial Statements are presented on pages 20 to 21.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The AQMD, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the AQMD can be divided into three categories:

- a. governmental funds
- b. proprietary funds
- c. fiduciary funds

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Non-financial assets such as land and building and long-term liabilities such as pension obligation bonds payable or long term liabilities that will not be paid with current assets are excluded. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. Information from the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances is used to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The reconciliation between the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets can be found on page 23. The reconciliation of the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net assets can be found on page 25.

The AQMD maintains 24 individual special revenue funds in addition to the General Fund. Seven of the special revenue funds are considered major funds. The information for the major special revenue funds is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund balances. Data for the other 17 non-major special revenue funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is reported in the Other Supplementary Information section of this report.

The AQMD adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. This is presented in the Required Supplementary Information section of this report.

The Basic Governmental Fund Statements can be found on pages 22 and 24 of this report.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

When the AQMD charges for Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) fuel, whether to outside customers or within the AQMD, the transactions are reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements only in more detail. A statement of cash flows, for instance, is presented at the fund financial statement level for proprietary funds but no equivalent statement is presented in the government-wide financial statements for either governmental activities or business-type activities.

The AQMD's Proprietary Fund Financial Statements for the CNG Fueling Station are presented on pages 26 to 28.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside AQMD. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the AQMD's own programs. The fund financial statements consist of a Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The AQMD's Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements for the Agency Funds and Retirement Benefit Trust Fund are presented on pages 29 and 30.

#### **Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements can be found on pages 31 to 53 of this report.

#### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents Required Supplementary Information section concerning the General Fund's budgetary comparison schedule and budgetary reconciliation. The Required Supplementary Information section can be found on pages 54-56 of this report.

Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is included in the Other Supplementary Information section. This section can be found on pages 57-70 of this report.

#### C. Government-wide Financial Analysis

Our analyses focus on the net assets and changes in net assets of the AQMD's governmental and business-type activities.

The schedule below presents a condensed Statement of Net Assets as of June 30, 2006 compared with the prior fiscal year. It should be noted that for FY 2004-05, Net Assets and Other Liabilities for Governmental Activities have been restated from previously issued financial statements to correct a prior year understatement of the current portion of interest due for the 1995 and 2004 Pension Obligation Bonds and the understatement of accrual of the AB 2766 pass-through expenditures. The effect of the restatement is to increase Other Liabilities and decrease Net Assets by \$4,692,249.

#### Net Assets (In Thousands)

	Governmental Ac			Activities Business-Type Activities					TOTAL				
	<u>F</u>	Y 2005-06	F	Y 2004-05	<b>FY</b>	2005-06	FY	2004-05	F	Y 2005-06	F	Y 2004-05	
Current and other assets	\$	355,112	\$	304,996	\$	82	\$	89	\$	355,194	\$	305,085	
Prepaid pension assets		46,756		46,630		-		_		46,756	4	46,630	
Capital assets		51,908		54,784		313		400		52,221		55,184	
Total assets	-	453,776		406,410	_	395	_	489		454,171	_	406,899	
Long-term liabilities outstanding		125,381		131,816		-				125,381		131,816	
Other liabilities		42,059		33,457		9		7		42,068		33,464	
Total liabilities		167,440		165,273		9		7		167,449		165,280	
Net Assets:				5									
Invested in capital assets,													
net of related debt		7,712		6,049		313		400		8,025		6,449	
Restricted		254,604		223,953		_				254,677		223,953	
Unrestricted		24,020		11,135		73		82		24,020		11,217	
Total net assets	\$_	286,336	\$	241,137	\$	386	\$	482	\$	286,722	\$	241,619	

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the AQMD's financial position. At the close of the most recent fiscal year, the AQMD's assets exceeded liabilities by \$286.3 million.

The largest portion of the AQMD's net assets (89%) represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The revenue in special revenue funds is restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Approximately 3% of the AQMD's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets used by AQMD (e.g. land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The AQMD uses these capital assets in carrying out its mission of protecting public health while being sensitive to the economic needs of local businesses. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the AQMD's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The remaining portion of the AQMD's net assets (8%) is unrestricted which may be used to meet AQMD's ongoing operations and obligations to creditors. At the end of the current fiscal year, the AQMD is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the District as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The net assets for governmental activities increased by \$45.2 million during the current fiscal year. Most of the increase represents the one-time receipt of penalties and settlements for air pollution violations, payment of emission reduction fees, and receipt of new grants from the Carl Moyer AB 923 and SB 1107 programs.

Program revenue increased by \$16.6 million, largely due to emission fee revenue, an increase in Special Fund revenue and a further refinement of non-specific Mobile Source revenue that supports Clean Air Act Activities. General revenue decreased by \$2.3 million, which can be attributed to the mobile source revenue change, and a decrease in Other Revenue, offset by increases in Penalties and Settlements, and Interest.

A condensed Changes in Net Assets schedule for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006 compared with the prior fiscal year can be found on the the following page.

# South Coast Air Quality Management District Changes in Net Assets (In Thousands)

	Governmen	Governmental Activities	Business-ty	<b>Business-type Activities</b>	I	TOTAL	
	FY 2005-06	FY 2004-05	FY 2005-06	FY 2004-05	FY 2005-06	FY 2004-05	-05
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
Fees and charges – stationary sources	\$ 68,792	\$ 64,925	\$	5	\$ 68.792	\$	1 925
Fees and charges – mobile sources	20,992	14,717		,	20.992		14.717
Operating grants and subventions	8,035	8,101	ı		8,035	•	8.101
Restricted special revenue sources	94,223	87,747	ı	1	94,223	00	87.747
Clean Air Store/CNG fuel sales	1	1	123	76	123	)	97
General Revenues:							
Grants and subventions - not restricted to specific programs	2,963	2,965	•	i.	2,963		2,965
Mobile sources - not restricted to specific programs	1	6,283	.1	í			5,283
Penalties and settlements	16,074	11,296		í	16,074	1	1,296
Interest	2,887	1,274	•	ř.	2,887		1,274
Other revenues	930	3,361	1	ī	930		3,361
Total revenues	214,896	200,669	123	76	215,019	20	200,766
Expenses:							
Advance clean air technology	5,809	5,012	,	1	5.809		5.012
Ensure compliance with clean air rules	36,727	37,666	1	ī	36,727	33	999.7
Customer service	11,593	10,532	1	î	11,593	1	0.532
Develop programs to achieve clean air	7,812	7,106		î	7,812		7,106
Develop rules to achieve clean air	8,046	8,130		î	8,046		3,130
Monitoring air quality	11,794	11,592	1	ï	11,794	1	1,592
Permit review	23,192	21,404		•	23,192	2	1,404
Policy support	2,948	2,955	ľ		2,948		2,955
Special funds activities	64,309	59,526		٠	64,309	5	9,526
Other expenses	1	1	202	165	202		165
Total expenses	172,230	163,923	202	165	172,432	16	164,088
Increase (decrease) in net assets, before transfers	42,666	36,746	(79)	(89)	42,587	6,	36,678
Transfers	17		(17)	1			
Increase (decrease) in net assets, June 30, 2006	\$ 42,683	\$ 36,746	(96)	(89)	\$ 42,587	\$	36,678

#### **Governmental Activities**

The objective of the statement of activities is to report the full cost of providing government services for that year. The format also permits the reader to ascertain the extent to which each function is either self-financing or draws from the general funds of the government.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the AQMD's net assets changed during FY 2005-06. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event occurs regardless of the timing of the cash flows.

The Statement of Activities distinguishes governmental activities from business type activities. Governmental activities of the AQMD are predominantly supported by fees, grants, state subvention, penalties, and settlements. The penalties and settlements are one-time revenues which are over and above the regular revenues directly related to the programs. The primary governmental activities of the AQMD are: Advance Clean Air Technology, Ensure Compliance with Clean Air Rules, Customer Service, Develop Programs to Achieve Clean Air, Develop Rules to Achieve Clean Air, Monitoring Air Quality, Permit Review, Policy Support, and Special Funds activities.

There was an increase in program revenues in the restricted special revenue sources. The program revenues in the Restricted Special Revenue Sources category are made up of revenues from several special revenue funds. Following are explanations of the significant revenue variances from FY 2004-05 to FY 2005-06:

- Carl Moyer Fund was established to account for the money received from the California Air Resources Board (CARB) and the Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) to provide funds on an incentive basis for the incremental cost of cleaner-than-required engines and equipment. Revenue in this fund increased by \$11.3 million which was due to receiving a full year of AB 923 revenue and increased interest earnings. AB 923 legislation was enacted in FY 2004-05 that assessed an additional \$2 fee per car registration in the District for Carl Moyer-type projects. The amount collected in FY 2004-05 represents fee revenue for only May & June 05 (the first two months of collections) and the amount collected in FY 2005-06 represents a full 12 months. The increase in interest earnings can be attributed to higher cash balances in the fund along with an approximate 2% increase in the rate of return.
- Clean Fuels Fund in FY 2005-06 revenue in this account increased by \$2 million due to a decrease in transfers to the General Fund for clean fuels-related staff work. In FY 2004-05, \$1.6 million was transferred to the General Fund for staff work from prior fiscal years that had not been previously reimbursed.
- Mobile Source Air Pollution Reduction Fund in FY 2005-06, revenue increased by \$0.78 million as result of an increase in interest earnings which can be attributed to higher cash balances in the fund along with an approximate 2% increase in the rate of return. This fund is used to account for 30 percent of the vehicle registration fees received by the AQMD under the provisions of Sections 44243 and 44244 of the California Health and Safety Code. The revenue received is to be used to provide contracts/grants to fund projects for the purpose of reducing air pollution from motor vehicles in the South Coast Basin.

- Lower Emission School Bus Fund in FY 2005-06, revenue increased by \$3.8 million as result of new grant funding. In FY 2005-06, lower emission school bus grant funding of \$5.4 million was received from the state to retrofit school buses with PM trap filters and an EPA grant of \$0.2 million was received to replace school buses and retrofit school buses with PM trap filters. In addition, a program that was funded in FY 2004-05 with state Proposition 40 funding to replace older school buses with CNG buses had ended prior to FY 2005-06.
- Rule 1309.1 Priority Reserve Fund in FY 2005-06, revenue increased by \$14 million and can be attributed to one large fee of \$13.3 million that was received from GE Energy for the purchase of emission reduction credits (ERCs) needed for a permit to construct an electrical generating facility in the South Coast District. In FY 2004-05, there were no purchases of ERCs in the fund. The remaining increase in revenue is due to an increase in interest earnings which can be attributed to higher cash balances in the fund along with an approximate 2% increase in the rate of return.

#### **Business-type Activities**

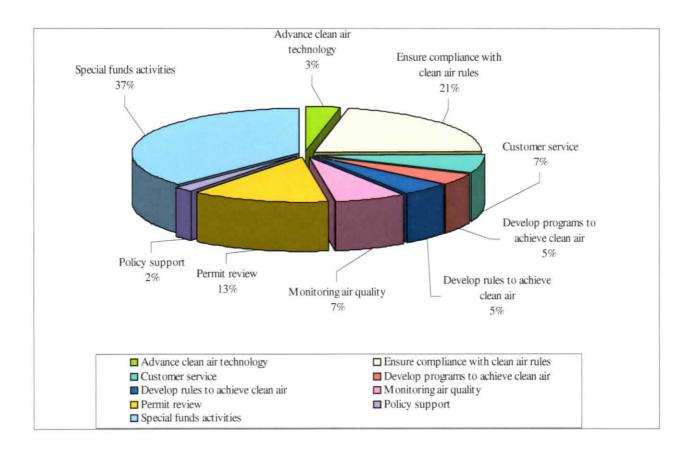
The Business-type Activities section reports transactions relating to the CNG fueling station. The CNG fueling station expenditures are reported on a cash basis and are offset by sales. The net assets of the business-type activities decreased by \$96,000 from \$482,000 to \$386,000. The decrease is primarily due to the closure of the Clean Air Store and the depreciation of the Business-type Activities capital assets.

## SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

#### EXPENSES BY ACTIVITY

## **Governmental Activities**

#### FY 2005-06



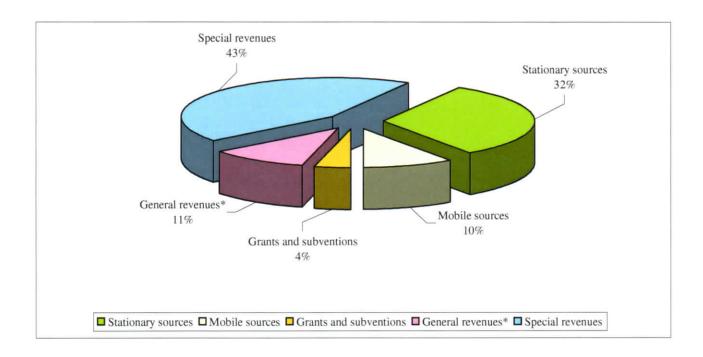
Activity	J	FY 05-06	J	FY 04-05	J	FY 03-04	]	FY 02-03	]	FY 01-02
Advance clean air technology	\$	5,808,530	\$	5,011,874	\$	7,255,854	\$	5,933,504	\$	4,509,988
Ensure compliance with clean air rules	\$	36,727,226		37,666,189		38,536,722		33,440,503		33,020,627
Customer service	\$	11,592,984		10,532,066		10,965,904		10,035,584		9,557,298
Develop programs to achieve clean air	\$	7,811,791		7,106,133		7,910,778		6,213,755		5,654,636
Develop rules to achieve clean air	\$	8,046,177		8,130,305		7,915,483		6,563,362		6,618,208
Monitoring air quality	\$	11,794,227		11,591,430		11,883,527		10,032,083		9,889,813
Permit review	\$	23,191,423		21,403,924		21,408,261		18,937,964		20,714,836
Policy support	\$	2,948,274		2,954,538		2,523,809		2,559,042		2,238,319
Special funds activities	\$	64,308,902		59,525,817		62,422,513		94,144,240		85,826,567
Total	\$	172,229,534	\$	163,922,276	\$	170,822,851	\$	187,860,037	\$	178,030,292

## SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

#### REVENUES BY MAJOR SOURCE

#### **Governmental Activities**

#### FY 2005-06



Source	FY 05-06	FY 04-05	FY 03-04	FY 02-03	FY 01-02
Stationary sources	\$ 68,792,294	\$ 64,925,373	\$ 61,932,425	\$ 62,835,710	\$ 65,737,827
Mobile sources	20,991,833	14,716,865	10,787,342	10,245,290	10,272,434
Grants and subventions	8,035,387	8,100,573	9,679,283	7,434,924	10,434,312
General revenues*	22,853,273	25,178,600	23,479,027	16,732,092	16,429,959
Special revenues	94,223,386	87,747,227	60,731,099	81,194,075	118,891,866
Total	\$ 214,896,173	\$ 200,668,638	\$ 166,609,176	\$ 178,442,091	\$ 221,766,398

<sup>\*</sup> General Revenues include Penalties/Settlements, Interest, and Grants and Subvention dollars that are not restricted to specific programs.

The following schedule presents the cost of each AQMD program as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities):

#### **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

#### Net (Expense) Revenue (In Thousands)

#### FY 2005-06 Total Cost of Net Cost of Program Program Activities Activities Advance clean air technology \$ 5,809 \$ 1,102 Ensure compliance with clean air rule 36,727 (1,711)Customer service 11,593 (512)Develop programs to achieve clean air 7,812 (206)Develop rules to achieve clean air 8,046 (392)Monitoring air quality 11,794 (209)Permit review 23,192 (8,042)Policy support 2,948 (131)Special funds activities 64,309 29,914 Total \$ 172,230 19,813

The program activities are described as follows:

- Advance Clean Air Technology Identify technologies from anywhere in the world that
  may have application in reducing emissions from mobile and stationary sources in the
  AQMD's jurisdiction.
- Ensure Compliance with Clean Air Rules Perform inspections, source tests, emissions
  audits and respond to and resolve public complaints to ensure compliance with AQMD
  rules.
- Customer Service Provide local government, business, and the public with access and input into the regulatory and policy processes of the AQMD. Assist cities and others with AB 2766 projects. Interact with local, state and federal agencies and others to share air quality information, resolve jurisdictional questions, and implement joint programs. Implement comprehensive public information, legislative and customer service programs.
- **Develop Programs to Achieve Clean Air** Develop a regional Air Quality Management Plan (AQMP) to achieve federal and state ambient air quality standards and to meet all other requirements of the federal and California Clean Air Acts.

- Develop Rules to Achieve Clean Air Develop emission reduction regulations for sulfur dioxide, nitrogen dioxide, organic gases, particulate matter, toxics, and other pollutants to implement the regional AQMP, Tanner Air Toxics Process (AB 1807), National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPS), and Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) requirements.
- Monitoring Air Quality Operate and maintain a network of air quality monitoring sites
  for ozone, nitrogen oxides, sulfur oxides, particulate matter, carbon monoxide and other
  pollutants to obtain data regarding public exposure to air contaminants.
- Permit Review Ensure timely processing of permits for new sources based on compliance with New Source Review and other applicable local, state and federal air quality rules and regulations.
- Policy Support Provide support staff to the Governing Board, Board committees, and various ad hoc committees.
- Special Funds Activities Generate funding for long-term projects that reduce emissions in the South Coast Air Basin. Funding for special funds activities are recognized when received and projects carried out may extend over multiple fiscal years.

#### D. Financial Analysis of the AQMD's Funds

As noted earlier, the AQMD uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of AQMD's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the AQMD's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the fiscal year, the AQMD's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$315.2 million, an increase of \$41.4 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 81% of these fund balances (\$253.9 million) constitutes the portion pertaining to special revenue funds. Expenditures under these funds are restricted for specific purposes. The long-term contractual commitments related to these special fund programs, such as replacement of diesel-fueled school buses, involve multiple-year spending.

• The General Fund is the operating fund of the AQMD. At the end of the fiscal year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$61.3 million. The unreserved fund balance was \$56.5 million; designations were \$14.6 million or 24.0%. These designated amounts represent the AQMD's intended use of the financial resources in future periods. Its components are presented under Notes to the Basic Financial Statements on page 39.

One measure of the General Fund's liquidity is the comparison of both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total expenditures. The unreserved fund balance (designated and undesignated combined) represents 52% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 56% of the total General Fund expenditures. In the General Fund, the unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the AQMD's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

In a continued effort to more fully recover the cost of the AQMD programs, fee rates for FY 2005-06 were increased by 6%. In addition, selected Hearing Board fees for excess emission fees were increased to more fully recover Hearing Board costs. Overall, the FY 2005-06 adopted budget represented a \$2.8 million (2.7%) increase over the FY 2004-05 adopted budget. The adopted budget included a 3% salary savings, which represents 23 unfilled positions; a proposal to unfund five positions; and an increase of approximately \$1.1 million in services, supplies, and equipment budget. The adopted budget relied on \$850,850 from the Undesignated Fund Balance to balance the budget. On a budgetary basis, actual FY 2005-06 General Fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$11.3 million.

Fund balance changes in other major governmental funds are noted below:

- Mobile Sources Air Pollution Reduction Fund The fund balance showed an increase
  compared with the prior year due to increased revenue in FY 2005-06. Revenues
  exceeded expenditures because many of the contracts executed in this special revenue
  fund are multi-year and the projects are often long-term and expenditures can vary
  significantly from year to year.
- Clean Fuels Program Fund The fund balance showed a decrease compared with the
  prior year due to expenditures exceeding revenues in FY 2005-06. Many of the contracts
  executed in this special revenue fund are multi-year and the projects are often long-term
  and expenditures can vary significantly from year to year.
- Carl Moyer Program Fund The fund balance increased due to an increase revenues received in FY 2005-06. The revenue increase can be attributed to new legislations (AB 923 and SB 1107), which began late in FY 2004-05. In FY 2004-05 only two months of AB 923 revenue was collected, where as, in FY 2005-06 there were a full 12 months of collections. In addition, most projects in this fund cover multiple fiscal years and expenditures can vary significantly from year to year.
- Rule 1309.1 Priority Reserve Fund The fund balance increase can be attributed to an
  electric generating facility paying \$13.3 million for the purchase of emission reduction
  credits (ERCs) needed for a permit to construct an electrical generating facility in the
  South Coast District. The ERCs are required to offset the increased emissions from
  generating additional megawatts on a new facility.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

As noted earlier, the AQMD's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail. A Statement of Cash Flows is included in the Proprietary Fund Statement.

#### E. General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The FY 2005-06 adopted budget compared to the amended budget reflects an increase in appropriations of \$11.9 million. The changes to the budget were the result of Governing Board actions that allocated additional funding after the budget was adopted. Also, changes can be attributed to Governing Board-approved transfers from other funds and the use of a portion of Undesignated Fund Balance for program needs that were unknown at the time the budget was developed.

Additional funding was received and appropriated in Fiscal Year 2005-06 from the following agencies:

<u>EPA</u> - \$2,357,000 for the following programs: truck stop electrification projects, Photochemical Assessment Monitoring Stations (PAMS), PM 2.5 Monitoring, Special Particulate Air Monitoring Program, and the National Air Toxics Monitoring Program.

<u>Department of Defense</u> - \$596,000 to demonstrate feasibility to measure low-level pollutant concentrations.

The following amounts were transferred from other funds and designations to the General Fund:

<u>Clean Fuels Fund</u> - \$1,451,000 was allocated for various Clean Fuels program activities such as the purchase of hybrid vehicles to convert into plug-in hybrid vehicles, the Multiple Air Toxics Exposure Study (MATES III), technical assistance, expert consultations, public outreach, technical conference sponsorship, and advance technology vehicle leases.

<u>Air Toxics "Hot Spots" Fund</u> - \$125,000 was transferred for the continuation of privatization of portions of the Annual Emissions Reporting (AER) program.

<u>Air Quality Investment Fund</u> - \$116,000 was transferred for the outreach and administrative expenses of the Mow Down Air Pollution exchanged gas-powered lawn mowers with electric mowers.

<u>Designation for Litigation and Enforcement</u> - \$1,150,000 was allocated for outside counsel to represent and advise both AQMD and AQMD Hearing Board on legal matters related to environmental law.

<u>Designation for Facility Refurbishing</u> - \$110,000 was allocated for boiler repairs at the AQMD Diamond Bar Headquarters.

The remaining \$5,994,000 increase can be attributed to transfers from the Undesignated Fund Balance for employee relations litigation and negotiation services, to organize and conduct the February 2006 Asthma Conference, to determine the feasibility of using remote sensing technology to measure locomotive emissions, new labor agreements for the AQMD staff and Board Assistants, and an amendment to Hearing Board compensation.

For FY 2005-06, actual revenues exceeded the final budget by \$12,897,000 or 12% and expenditures savings were \$7,657,000 or 6.5%.

The main reason that actual revenue exceeded the final revenue budget was due to several large cash penalties/settlements that were not anticipated at the time the FY 2005-06 budget was prepared which included penalty settlements from several refineries totaling over \$9.2 million. In addition, during FY 2005-06 the Federal Reserve raised interest rates several times, which along with increased cash balances resulted in interest earnings exceeding the FY 2005-06 projected interest revenue. Other factors included: a new state grant, Carl Moyer SB 1107 which was not budgeted in FY 2005-06. AB 2766 mobile source revenue came in above budgeted levels due to an increase in vehicle registrations, and revenue from federal grants/awards received during the fiscal year were not realized due to the late receipt of the EPA Section 105 PAMS grant.

The continued economic constraints facing the AQMD have necessitated expenditure reductions, such as not filling all authorized vacant positions. In addition, savings were achieved by delaying budgeted contract work to the following year, and efficiencies gained by a policy change in Public Notice and Advertising. The savings in the capital outlay account were due to expenditures coming in lower than estimated with the purchases of some items being deferred until FY 2006-07. In addition, the expenditures appropriated for the EPA Section 105 PAMS grant which arrived in May 2006 were not entirely spent. The unspent portion of the EPA Section 105 PAMS grant was deferred and spent in the first quarter of FY 2006-07.

#### F. Capital Assets and Debt Administration

#### **Capital Assets**

The AQMD's investment in capital assets is mostly for its governmental activities. The book value was \$51.9 million (net of accumulated depreciation of \$51.6 million) as of June 30, 2006. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, laboratory equipment, air monitoring stations, and AQMD fleet vehicles.

The increase in capital assets primarily reflects increased spending during the fiscal year for the replacement of a portion of the aging AQMD vehicle fleet.

Additional information on the capital assets can be found in the Notes to Financial Statements on page 45.

#### Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the AQMD had a total long-term debt outstanding of \$125.4 million, including the current portion of \$8.6 million. Of this amount, \$44.2 million represents the Installment Sale Revenue Bonds issued by the AQMD Building Corporation (Corporation) and the AQMD is required to make debt service payments. This is in accordance with the Installment Purchase Agreement between the Corporation and the AQMD. The amount of \$67.5 million represents the Pension Obligation Bonds. The 1995 series (outstanding balance of \$21.4 million) and \$46 million issued as of June 2004 retired the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability due to San Bernardino County Employees Retirement Association as of June 30, 2004. Other long-term debt includes general claims and workers' compensation claims payable of \$1.4 million and compensated absences of \$12.3 million.

Additional information on the AQMD's long-term debt can be found in Note VI to the Basic Financial Statements on pages 46-49 of this report.

#### G. Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

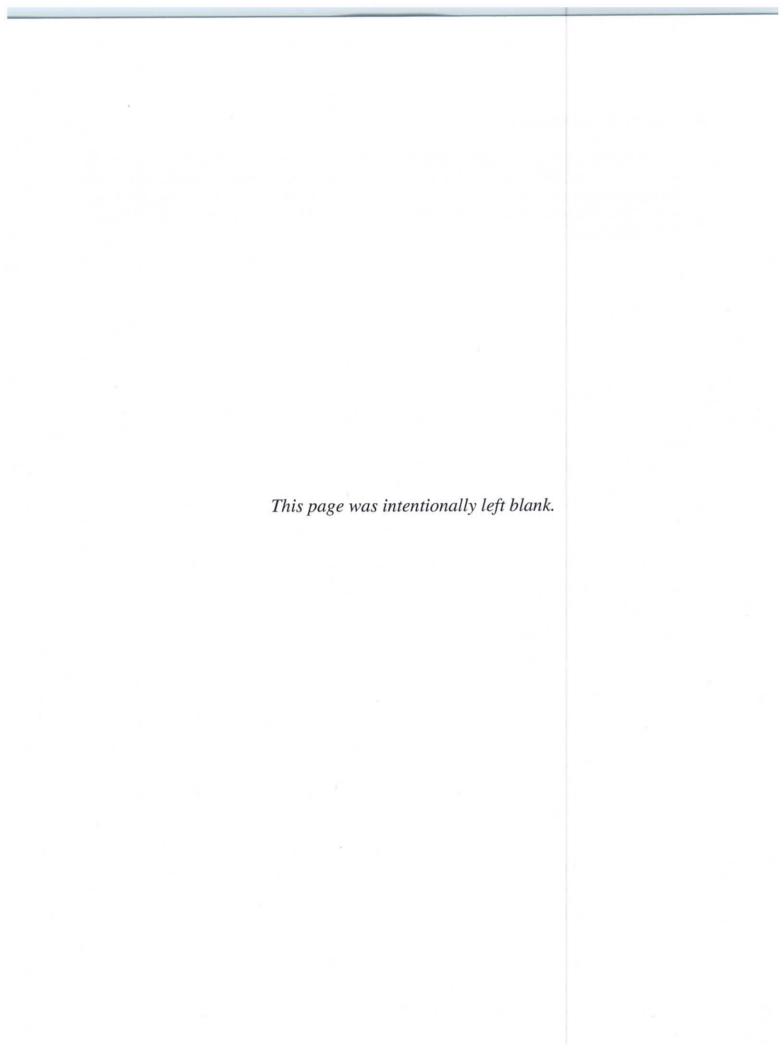
The FY 2006-07 expenditure budget increases by 1.8% compared to the FY 2005-06 amended budget. The budget reflects an increase of \$2.1 million in expenditures from the FY 2005-06 amended budget and a \$14.0 million increase over the FY 2005-06 Adopted Budget. This budget request includes the full cost increase associated with new labor agreements (the FY 2005-06 Budget included only six months of salary and benefit increases for most employees), which in the long term will reduce the agency's overall retirement cost by shifting a portion of the cost of retirement to its employees and reducing retirement benefits for new employees.

In recent years, AQMD's revenues have not kept pace with program costs. Increases in retirement rates as the result of market losses to the retirement system and court decisions which have increased benefits to employees and retirees, increasing expenditures. Emission fees revenues have been decreasing reflecting lower emissions as a result of additional emission controls placed on the Basin's emitters. In order to finance the FY 2006-07 Budget, a 30% cost recovery fee increase phased in over three years (10 percent annually) is included to recover the program cost supported by permit processing fees, annual operating and emissions fees, and a 3.65% increase for all other stationary source fees. Estimated revenues for FY 2006-07 are \$117.1 million, which with the addition of approximately \$2.0 million from the undesignated fund balance brings funding in balance with expenditures.

Moreover, since FY 1991-92, the AQMD has reduced staffing and program costs despite increased program requirements. The FY 2006-07 expenditure budget is \$119.1 million and includes 804 authorized positions. Compared to FY 1991-92, this reflects 32% less staffing. Program costs, however, will exceed by \$6.1 million (approximately 5.4%) the 1991-92 Budget, which is the first time the FY 1991-92 Budget has been exceeded in 15 years. Using inflation adjusted dollars, however, this year's budget request is 36.1% less than the budget approved in FY 1991-92.

#### H. Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the AQMD's finances for readers of the financial statements. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Chief Financial Officer, South Coast Air Quality Management District, 21865 Copley Drive, Diamond Bar, CA 91765-4182.





# SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2006

		Primary Government							
Assets		Governmental		Business- type				Unit SCAQMD Building	
Assets		Activities	-	Activities		Total		Corporation	
Current Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	314,156,325	\$	81,465	\$	314,237,790	\$	965,292	
Investments		14,000,000	1000	-		14,000,000	Ψ.	703,272	
Interest receivable		3,785,370		-		3,785,370		649,525	
Due from other governmental agencies		20,984,166		_		20,984,166		047,525	
Accounts receivable, net		2,136,476		-		2,136,476			
Inventories		49,856		-		49,856			
Other assets		-		_		42,030		402,654	
Total current assets		355,112,193		81,465		355,193,658	-	2,017,471	
Noncurrent Assets:									
Prepaid pension assets Capital assets:		46,756,200				46,756,200		-	
Land  Depreciable building and improvements		8,829,792		-		8,829,792			
and equipment, net	_	43,077,623	_	313,177		43,390,800		-	
Total capital assets		51,907,415		313,177		52,220,592			
Total noncurrent assets	_	98,663,615		313,177	_	98,976,792	-	-	
Total assets and other debits	_	453,775,808		394,642	_	454,170,450	_	2,017,471	
Liabilities									
Current Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		22,224,150		8,518		22,232,668		6,237	
Interest payable		2,130,999		-		2,130,999		649,525	
Salaries and benefits payable		4,773,284		-		4,773,284		0.7,525	
Unearned revenue		12,930,171		-		12,930,171		_	
Long term debt - due within one year		8,589,687		-		8,589,687			
Total current liabilities		50,648,291		8,518	_	50,656,809	_	655,762	
Noncurrent Liabilities:									
Long term debt - due in more than one year		116,791,753		-		116,791,753		72	
Total noncurrent liabilities		116,791,753		-	_	116,791,753	_	12	
Total liabilities	_	167,440,044	_	8,518	_	167,448,562	_	655,762	
Net Assets									
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:		7,712,415		313,177		8,025,592			
Pension assets		736,200				736,200		_	
Special projects/programs		253,867,453		-		253,867,453		-	
Unrestricted		24,019,696		72,947		24,092,643		1,361,709	
Total net assets	\$		\$		\$ -		s –	1,361,709	

# SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Functions/Programs.  Primary Government: Governmental A city tites: A dvance clean air technology Ensure compliance with clean air rules Customer service Develop programs to achieve clean air Develop rules to achieve clean air									
Primary Government: Governmental Activities: A dyance clean airtechnology Ensure compliance with clean airtules Customer service Develop programs to achieve clean air Develop rules to achieve clean air	Frances	Stationary	M obile Sources	Operating Grants and Subventions	Restricted Special Revenues Sources *	Governmental Activities	Business - Type Activities	Total	SCAQMD Building Corporation
Governmental Activities: A dvance clean air technology Ensure compliance with clean air rules Customer service Develop programs to achieve clean air Develop rules to achieve clean air									
A dvance clean airtechnology Ensure compliance with clean airules Customer service Develop programs to achieve clean air Develop rules to achieve clean air									
Ensure compliance with clean air rules Customer service Develop programs to achieve clean air Develop rules to achieve clean air	\$ 5,808,530 \$	264,777 \$	5,630,807 \$	1,014,827 \$	\$ .	1,101,881 \$		1,101,881 \$	•
Customer service Develop programs to achieve clean air Develop rules to achieve clean air	36,727,226	29,914,253	1,720,950	3,381,285		(1,710,737)		(1,710,737)	
Develop programs to achieve clean air Develop rules to achieve clean air	11,592,984	8,308,945	2,558,726	212,867		(512,445)		(512,445)	
Develop rules to achieve clean air	7,811,791	3,343,181	4,011,673	250,750		(206,187)		(206,187)	
	8,046,177	6,361,037	1,126,994	165,836	19	(392,310)	*	(392,310)	
Monitoring air quality	11,794,227	3,384,086	5,248,441	2,952,990	,	(208,710)		(208,710)	•
Permit review	23,191,423	15,092,921	. (1)	56,832		(8,041,670)		(8,041,670)	
Policy support	2,948,274	2,123,094	694,241		,	(130,940)		(130,940)	
Special funds activities	64,308,902				94,223,386	29,914,484		29,914,484	
Total governmental activities	172,229,535	68,792,294	20,991,833	8,035,387	94,223,386	19,813,366		19,813,366	
Business-type Activities:									
Clean A ir Store	3,653		•		à.	14	(3,653)	(3,653)	
CNG fueling station	198,788		•		1		(198,788)	(198,788)	
Total business-type activities	202,441		. 1		7		(202,441)	(202,441)	
Total primary government	\$ 172,431,976 \$	68,792,294 \$	20,991,833 \$	8,035,387 \$	94,223,386	19,813,366	(202,441)	19,610,925	
Component Unit:									
SCA QM D Building Corporation	s - s	\$ .	\$		0				(1,654,287)
Total component unit	s -	\$	-	,	*				(1,654,287)
	General Revenues:	neral Revenues:				2 962 539	,	2 962 539	
	Mobile source	Grants and subventions - not restricted to specific mobile source programs	stricted to spec	inc stationary son	ice programs				
						2 887 305	,	2 887 395	34.758
	100000					364 326		364 326	
	Dana leise / cattleman	lement				16 074 370		16.074.370	
	Subscriptions					19.214	,	19.214	
	Other					545,430		545,430	1,563,220
	Clean A ir Sto	Clean A ir Store/CNG fuel sales					123,625	123,625	•
	Totalgeneralrevenues	cnues				22,853,273	123,625	22,976,898	1,597,978
	Change in net as	Change in net assets before transfers	ers			42,666,638	(78,816)	42,587,822	(56,309)
	Other financial sources:	ources:							
	Transferin (out)	0				16,595	(16,595)	•	
	Net assets - July	Net assets - July 1, 2005 - as restated	ed			243,652,531	481,535	244,134,066	1,418,018
	Net assets - June 30, 2006	30, 2006			8	286,335,764 \$	386,124 \$	286,721,888	\$ 1,361,709

\* Restricted Special Revenue Sources consist of pass-through and/or one-time or limited duration funding sources that are restricted for specific programs such as Carl Moyer Program Fund, Clean Fund, Mobile Source A ir Pollution Reduction Fund and the Air Quality Investment Fund.

# SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2006

	General	Air Quality Improvement Fund	Mobile Sources Air Pollution Reduction Fund	Air Quality Investment Fund	Clean Fuels Program Fund	Carl Moyer Program Fund	Rule 1309.1 Priority Reserve Fund	BP ARCO Settlement Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
€9	71,405,797 \$ 3,000,000 874,438 7,310,973 2,950,368 745,386 49,856	1,597,372 \$	42,512,505 \$ 3,000,000 520,706 2,631,039	306,285	3,000,000 511,604 2,190,609 121,250	56,625,401 \$ 619,328 5,320,993 - 55,445	21,145,767 \$	20,659,581 5,000,000 370,711	\$ 31,776,090 \$ - 312,029 22,500 - 1,145,272	314,156,325 14,000,000 3,785,370 20,984,166 3,071,618 2,136,476 49,856
∞   ×	86,336,818 \$ 	5,128,657 \$	48,664,250 \$	27,266,544 \$	2,861,484 \$	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	346,862 \$	26,030,292	\$\frac{33,255,891}{5}\$.	358,183,811
6	121,780 12,930,171 25,019,683	3,508,052	2.500.872	209,079	4,180	1,296,652	346.862	255	1,440,457	4,773,284 3,072,148 12,930,171 47,000,273
	4,791,958		17,523,250	7,600,614	13,268,960	37,321,169	762,763		15,246,991	96,515,705
1,  -	56,475,321	1,620,605	28,640,128 46,163,378	- 17,400,732 25,001,346	31,352,765	22,369,842	20,283,178	26,030,037	14,446,419 29,693,410	56,475,321 162,143,706 315,184,588
8	86,336,818 \$	5,128,657 \$	48,664,250 \$	27,266,544 \$	47,487,389 \$	62,621,167 \$	21,392,803 \$	26,030,292	\$ 33,255,891 \$	358,183,811

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

# SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2006

Total fund balances - total go	vernmental funds
--------------------------------	------------------

\$315,184,588

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:

Pension assets and related AQMD costs resulting from contributions in excess of the annual required contribution are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

46,756,200

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. These capital assets net of accumulated depreciation are reported in the Statement of Net Assets as capital assets of AQMD as a whole.

51,907,415

Interest payable on long-term debt does not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable is not reported as a liability in Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.

(2,130,999)

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the Statement of Net Assets.

Long-term debt	(111,651,896)
General and auto liability	(13,160)
Workers' compensation	(1,415,412)
Compensated absences	(12,300,972)

Net assets of governmental activities

\$286,335,764

# SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Revenues:	General Fund	Air Quality Improvement Fund	Mobile Sources Air Pollution Reduction Fund	Air Quality Investment Fund	Clean Fuels Program Fund	Carl Moyer Program Fund	Rule 1309.1 Priority Reserve Fund	BP ARCO Settlement Project Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Emission fees	\$ 20,229,322						Process Comment of the World Comment			
Annual renewal fees	30,991,226	•	,		,		13,333,100 \$	, - 3		
Permit processing fees	14,765,144				-	-	-	-	-	30,991,226
Clean fuels/mobile/stationary sources	20,361,416	15,906,925	14,561,233		7,850,029	23,642,210		-		14,765,144
Air Toxics "Hot Spots"	1,440,457	13,900,923	14,301,233	-	7,830,029	23,042,210				82,321,813
	895,194	-	-	-		-	-	-		1,440,457
Transportation programs State subvention	4,022,094		-	-	-	-		-		895,194
Federal grant	5,643,540	-	-	-	-				222 500	4,022,094
		-		-	100,000			-	232,500	5,876,040
State grant	1,014,827	72.710	1 702 701	002 206	100,000	1 707 210	751 577	000 725	5,449,000	6,563,827
Interest	2,887,395	72,710	1,702,701	992,306	1,818,480	1,787,310	751,577	980,735	1,094,632	12,087,846
Lease revenue	364,326			-					-	364,326
Source test/analysis fees	401,487					-	-	-	-	401,487
Hearing Board fees	655,553	-	-	-	-	-			•	655,553
Penalties/settlements	16,074,370					(2)				16,074,370
Subscriptions	19,214				-	-	-	-	-	19,214
RECLAIM & executive order mitigation	-	-	-	842,214	-	-		-	-	842,214
Other revenues	907,222			2,432,964					652,760	3,992,946
Total revenues	120,672,787	15,979,635	16,263,934	4,267,484	9,768,509	25,429,520	14,104,677	980,735	7,428,892	214,896,173
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Salaries and employee benefits	77,858,212									77,858,212
Insurance	1,193,345	1.0		2						1,193,345
Rent	776,438		-		-					776,438
Supplies	2,274,844									2,274,844
Contract and special services	8,836,193	16,541,805	14,596,918	3,838,879	12,155,262	6,255,752	434,926	1,603	9,925,341	72,586,679
Maintenance	1,120,620	10,541,005	14,590,910	5,050,075	12,133,202	0,233,732	454,520	1,003	9,920,041	1,120,620
Travel and auto	478,091									478,091
Utilities	1,680,754									1,680,754
Communications	463,665			-	-	-	-	-	-	463,665
Uncollectible accounts	144,972	-		-	-	-		-	(190.071)	
		-	452.250	-	102 226				(180,071)	(35,099)
Other expenditures	595,320		453,250	-	192,226			-	39,154	1,279,950
Capital outlay	1,076,407		-	-	-	-	-	-	53,857	1,130,264
Debt service:								-		
Principal	7,510,000			-	-	-	-		*	7,510,000
Interest	5,165,067	-		-					-	5,165,067
Total expenditures	109,173,928	16,541,805	15,050,168	3,838,879	12,347,488	6,255,752	434,926	1,603	9,838,281	173,482,830
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures										
before transfers	11,498,859	(562,170)	1,213,766	428,605	(2,578,979)	19,173,768	13,669,751	979,132	(2,409,389)	41,413,343
Other Financing Sources (uses):										
Transfers in	16,595	-		-	-	2			88,500	105,095
Transfers out					(78,500)			-	(10,000)	(88,500)
Total other financing sources (uses)	16,595				(78,500)		-		78,500	16,595
No. 1	11.515.45	(5/2 170)	1.212.766	120 505		10.173.746	12.660.75	070 122		
Net change in fund balance	11,515,454	(562,170)	1,213,766	428,605	(2,657,479)	19,173,768	13,669,751	979,132	(2,330,889)	41,429,938
Fund balances, July 1, 2005	49,801,681	2,182,775	44,949,612	24,572,741	47,279,204	40,517,243	7,376,190	25,050,905	32,024,299	273,754,650
Fund balances, June 30, 2006	\$ 61,317,135	1,620,605 \$	46,163,378 \$	25,001,346 \$	44,621,725 \$	59,691,011 \$	21,045,941 \$	26,030,037 \$	29,693,410 \$	315,184,588

# SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$41,413,343

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Government-wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital outlays recorded in the current period.

1,130,264

Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the Government-wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

(4,306,053)

Amortization of prepaid pension asset is reported in the Governmentwide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, amortized amount is not reported in governmental funds.

126,020

Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds. For AQMD as a whole, principal payments reduce the liabilities in the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets and do not result in an expense in the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets.

7,510,000

Accrued interest expense on long-term debt is reported in the Government-wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets, but it does not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, accrued interest expense is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.

(2,130,999)

Long-term compensated absences and general liability/workers' compensation claims are reported in the Government-wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, they are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following amounts represent the change from the prior year:

Compensated absences General and auto liability/workers' compensation claims (995,276)

(80,661)

Change in net assets of governmental activities

\$42,666,638

# SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2006

	Busin	ness-typ	e Acti	vities - Enter	prise	Funds
A	Clean Air		C	NG Fueling Station Fund		Total
Assets						
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	81,465	\$	81,465
Inventories			_	-		- 01.165
Total current assets		-	_	81,465		81,465
Noncurrent Assets:						
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		-		313,177		313,177
Total noncurrent assets		-		313,177		313,177
Total assets		-	_	394,642		394,642
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		-		8,518		8,518
Total liabilities		-		8,518		8,518
Net Assets						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt				313,177		313,177
Unrestricted		-		72,947		72,947
Total net assets	\$	-	\$ _	386,124	\$	386,124

# SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Business-	type A	ctivities - Ente	erprise !	Funds
	-		C	NG Fueling		
	Clea	an Air Store		Station		
		Fund		Fund		Total
Revenue:						
Merchandise sales	\$	3,742	\$	119,883	\$	123,625
Total operating revenue		3,742		119,883		123,625
Expenses:						
Depreciation		_		87,198		87,198
Other expenses		3,653		111,590		115,243
Total operating expenses		3,653		198,788		202,441
Operating income (loss)		89		(78,905)		(78,816)
Other Financing Sources: Transfer in						
Transfer out		(16,595)				(16,595)
Total other financing sources:		(16,595)		-	_	(16,595)
Total net assets, July 1, 2005	_	16,506	_	465,029		481,535
Total net assets, June 30, 2006	\$	_	\$	386,124	\$	386,124

# SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

# For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Business-type	Activities - Enterpri	se Funds
		CNG Fueling	
	Clean Air Store	Station	
	Fund	Fund	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Cash received from merchandise sales	\$ 4,047 \$	123,117 \$	127,164
Cash payment for goods and services	(408)	(113,639)	(114,047)
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,639	9,478	13,117
Other financing sources-transfer out	(16,595)		(16,595)
Net cash provided by operating activities and			
other financing source	(12,956)	9,478	(3,478)
Beginning cash balance, July 1, 2005	12,956	71,987	84,943
Ending cash balance, June 30, 2006	\$ \$	81,465 \$	81,465
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:			
Operating income	\$ 89 \$	(78,905) \$	(78,816)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities			
Depreciation	_	87,198	87,198
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	-	-	-
Decrease (increase) in inventory	3,653	-	3,653
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(103)	1,185	1,082
Total adjustments	3,550	88,383	91,933
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 3,639 \$	9,478 \$	13,117

# SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS – FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2006

<u>Assets</u>	_	Agency Funds	Retirement Benefit Trust Fund
Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable Due from other funds	\$	550,516 6,063	\$ 1,660,931 18,860 530
Total assets	\$_	556,579	1,680,321
<u>Liabilities</u> Liabilities:			
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities	\$_	556,579	
Total liabilities	\$_	556,579	-
Net Assets			
Net assets held in trust for retirement benef	it		1,680,321
Total net assets			\$ 1,680,321

# SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS – FIDUCIARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Retirement Benefit Trust Fund
Additions:		
Contributions	\$	2,064
Interest		62,712
Total additions		64,776
Deductions: Other expenditures Total deductions Change in net assets	_	- - 64,776
Net assets held in trust for retirement benefits, July 1, 2005	_	1,615,545
Net assets held in trust for retirement benefits, June 30, 2006	\$	1,680,321



### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# A. Description of the Reporting Entity

The South Coast Air Quality Management District (AQMD) was established pursuant to the Lewis Air Quality Management Act on February 1, 1977, commencing at Section 40400 of the Health and Safety Code of the State of California. The AQMD encompasses all of Orange County and parts of Los Angeles, San Bernardino, and Riverside Counties. The AQMD operates a network of air monitoring stations, analyzes air quality data and establishes maximum emission levels for stationary, commercial, and industrial facilities that are enforced through the AQMD's permit system.

The accompanying financial statements present the financial activities of the AQMD (primary government) and its discretely presented component unit, South Coast Air Quality Management District Building Corporation (Corporation), an entity for which the AQMD is considered to be financially accountable. Legally separate from the AQMD and as a tax-exempt entity, the Corporation is reported in a separate column within the government-wide financial statements.

The Corporation was incorporated as a nonprofit corporation under the laws of the State of California on September 21, 1978. The purpose of the Corporation is to finance the acquisition and improvement of a building complex/headquarters of the AQMD. Although the Corporation is a legally separate entity, the AQMD Governing Board approves the appointment of the Corporation's Board of Directors. The AQMD has had significant transactions with the Corporation for the construction and improvement of the AQMD's headquarters facility. Hence, there is a financial benefit/burden relationship between the AQMD and the Corporation.

Separate financial statements for the Corporation may be obtained from the AQMD Finance Office located at 21865 Copley Drive, Diamond Bar, California 91765.

# B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements of the AQMD are prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The AQMD applies all applicable GASB pronouncements (including all National Council on Governmental Accounting (NCGA) statements and interpretations currently in effect). Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that these standards do not conflict with or contradict the guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this

same limitation. The AQMD has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

The basic financial statements of the AQMD are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Governmental fund financial statements
- Notes to the basic financial statements

### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The AQMD government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of governmental and business-type activities for the AQMD as a whole, excluding fiduciary activities. The primary government and component unit are presented separately within the financial statements with the focus on the primary government.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. There are no internal service fund transactions; as a result, no eliminations were made for internal balances.

These statements are presented on an economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the AQMD's assets and liabilities including capital assets and long-term liabilities are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements rather than reporting them as expenditures. Proceeds of long-term debt are also recorded in the government-wide financial statements as a liability, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given functional activity are offset by program revenues directly related to the functional activity. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific functional activity.

The types of transactions reported as program revenues are reported in three categories: 1) fees and charges including stationary source fees from permitted facilities and mobile source fees from motor vehicle registrations; 2) operating grants and subventions that are in support of air pollution program activities; and 3) restricted special revenue sources which include capital grants and contributions which are mostly restricted. Program expenditures are subtracted from program revenues to present the net cost of each

functional activity. Interest income and other miscellaneous items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

The AQMD's functional activities are broken down into the following nine categories:

- Advance clean air technology
- Ensure compliance with clean air rules
- Customer service
- Develop programs to achieve clean air
- · Develop rules to achieve clean air
- Monitoring air quality
- Permit review
- · Policy support, and
- Special funds activities

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is AQMD's policy to use restricted resources first within the restricted activities, then use the unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements.

### **Governmental Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operation fund or meets both of the first two criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. The government has determined that a fund is important to the financial statement user.

The AQMD has presented all major funds that met those qualifications. These major funds are the Air Quality Improvement Fund, Mobile Sources Air Pollution Reduction Fund, Air Quality Investment Fund, Clean Fuels Program Fund, Carl Moyer Program Fund, Rule 1309.1 Priority Reserve Fund and BP Arco Settlement Projects Fund in addition to the General Fund.

A reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences as a result of the integrated approach of GASB Statement No. 34 reporting.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Using the current financial resources measurement focus means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included in the balance sheets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the AQMD considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end to be available to finance the expenditures accrued for the reporting period. The primary revenue sources which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the AQMD are as follows: emissions flat fees, permit fees, air toxics "Hot Spots" fees, and source test/analysis fees from stationary sources; clean fuels revenues from stationary sources; federal and state grants under grants and subventions and interest under general revenues. All other revenue items are considered measurable and available only when cash is received by the AQMD. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, which are recognized when payment is due.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as capital outlay expenditures in the year that resources were expended rather than recording them as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as other financing sources rather than as fund liability. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as debt service expenditures.

### **Proprietary Fund Statements**

Proprietary Fund financial statements include a Statement of Fund Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows. These funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. The revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

### **Fiduciary Fund Statements**

Fiduciary Fund financial statements include a Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets. These funds represent agency funds which are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the recording of revenues and expenses or the measurement of results of operations. The accrual basis of accounting is used for Agency Funds.

# C. Fund Types and Major Funds

As noted earlier, the funds designated as major funds are determined in accordance with GASB Statement 34.

The AQMD reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – This is the primary operating fund of the AQMD and is used to record transactions relating to its general business operations. It is also used to account for all revenues and expenditures that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – These funds are used to record transactions applicable to specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The following are the AQMD's major special revenue funds:

- Air Quality Improvement Fund Used to account for 40% of the revenue received by the AQMD from motor vehicle registration fees under the provisions of Sections 44243 and 44244 of the California Health and Safety Code. This money is distributed on a quarterly basis to cities and counties within the South Coast Air Basin to implement programs to reduce air pollution from motor vehicles.
- Mobile Sources Air Pollution Reduction Fund Used to account for 30% of the revenue received by the AQMD from the motor vehicle registration fees under the provisions of Sections 44243 and 44244 of the California Health and Safety Code. This money is used to provide grants to fund projects for the purpose of reducing air pollution from motor vehicles within the South Coast Air Basin. Total projects to date amount to over \$220 million and over 7,200 tons of emissions reduced. This special fund was established in FY 1991-92.
- Air Quality Investment Fund Is one of the compliance options available to employers with 250 or more employees at a worksite who are subject to Rule 2202. This revenue is used to purchase emissions reductions credits to meet the required target. To date, \$35.58 million in projects have been awarded to purchase over 23,782 tons of emission reductions. During fiscal year 2006, 13 contracts were awarded in the amount of \$3.965 million.

<u>RECLAIM AQIP</u> - Established in fiscal year 2001 to separately account for the generation of NOx (Oxides of Nitrogen) credits at stationary and mobile sources for use by certain small or new RECLAIM (Regional Clean Air Incentives Market) participants. AQIP stands for Air Quality Investment Program.

<u>RECLAIM</u> and <u>Executive Order Mitigation</u> - Established in fiscal year 2001 to account for mitigation fee payments made by power generators in lieu of emission offsets. Proceeds are used to generate RECLAIM Trading Credits (RTCs) to offset excess emissions.

<u>Rule 1121 Mitigation Fee Program</u> – Established in fiscal year 2004 to issue program announcements for projects under the Rule 1121 Mitigation Fee Program. Under Rule 1121 – Control of Nitrogen Oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>) from Residential Type, Natural Gas Fired Water Heaters, emission mitigation fees are collected from water heater manufacturers to fund stationary and mobile source emission reduction projects targeted at offsetting NO<sub>x</sub> emissions from water heaters that do not currently meet Rule 1121 emissions standards.

- <u>Clean Fuels Program Fund</u> Established as a special revenue fund in fiscal year 2000 to account for contract activities and revenues of the Clean Fuels Program. These are activities associated with implementing clean fuels stationary and mobile sources development and demonstration projects approved by the Governing Board. Since 1988, the Clean Fuel program has provided funds for 791 projects totaling \$128.9 million.
- <u>Carl Moyer Program Fund</u> Established in fiscal year 1999 to account for activities related to the administering of state funds set aside for the replacement of diesel-powered vehicles with cleaner-technology vehicles. It has funded over 2,900 vehicles and 33 infrastructure/charging stations, totaling \$86 million. It provides incentive funds for the replacement of diesel-fueled on- and off-road vehicles such as refuse haulers, heavy duty trucks, transit and school buses, construction equipment, and marine vessels.
- Rule 1309.1 Priority Reserve Fund Established in fiscal year 2001 to account for mitigation fees paid for Particulate Matter ≤ 10 microns (PM<sub>10</sub>) credits. Due to the state energy crisis, Rule 1309.1 was amended to allow new electric generating facilities temporary access to AQMD's Priority Reserve Account to offset their PM<sub>10</sub> emission increases provided that they meet specific criteria and pay appropriate mitigation fees.
- BP Arco Settlement Projects Fund Established in fiscal year 2005 to account for the \$25 million civil penalties received in 2005 as part of the settlement with BP Arco for air pollution violations.

Details of various non-major governmental funds are presented under the section "Other Supplementary Information."

The AQMD reports the following major proprietary fund:

 Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) Fueling Station Fund – Established during fiscal year 2002 to administer all activities, transactions, and funding relating to the public and the AQMD use of CNG fueling facilities at the AQMD's headquarters. The

fueling station will help accommodate the growing number of alternative-fuel vehicle fleets.

The AQMD also reports the following fund types:

 Agency Funds - Used to account for funds received and held by the AQMD as an agent and then disbursed to other governmental agencies, businesses or persons. The following are the AQMD's agency funds:

<u>SCAQMD Building Corporation Fund</u> - Used to account for funds required to be deposited in a separate fund by the installment purchase agreement between the AQMD and the Corporation. Note VI provides for more information regarding this agreement.

<u>General Purpose Fund</u> - Used to account for funds due to others that are not accounted for in the other funds.

Retirement Benefit Trust Fund - Used to account for funds contributed by the AQMD and interest earned on its principal for the future payment of medical, dental and burial costs of the AQMD employees retiring subsequent to June 30, 1982, who are members of the Los Angeles County Employees Retirement Association. Note VIII contains more information about the AQMD's retirement plans.

# D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

### 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The AQMD considers highly liquid investments with an original maturity of less than a year when purchased to be cash equivalents.

### 2. Investments

The AQMD's investments are reported at fair value, except for certain short-term money market investments, which are carried at amortized cost.

# 3. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Land, equipment, buildings and improvements are valued at cost unless obtained by donation in which case the assets are recorded at the appraised value at the date of receipt. Capital Asset purchases with values of at least \$5,000 and with an expected useful life of three years or more are capitalized.

Repair and maintenance costs are charged to current expenditures as incurred. Equipment disposed of or no longer required for its existing use is removed from the records at actual or estimated cost.

Depreciation is charged as an expense against operations, and accumulated depreciation is reported on the respective balance sheet. Property, plant, and equipment of the AQMD are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Assets Years
Buildings and Improvements 15-30 years
Equipment 5-7 years

### 4. Inventories

Inventories consist principally of office, computer, cleaning and laboratory supplies. Inventories are valued at cost using the first in/first out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

# 5. Compensated Absences

Regular full-time employees accumulate vacation time, sick leave, compensatory time, and other leave time. Certain restrictions apply with respect to the accumulation of leave time and its payment at termination. All vacation, sick leave, compensatory time, and other leave time are accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignation and retirement.

### 6. Self-Insurance

The AQMD is self-insured for general, automobile, and workers' compensation liabilities (See note VII).

# 7. Long-term Obligation

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

# 8. Reserves and Designations

Portions of fund balances are reserved for future use and are, therefore, not available for appropriation. Designation of unreserved fund balances in the general fund indicates the AQMD's tentative plans for use of the financial resources in future periods.

The following table shows reserved and unreserved fund balances as of June 30, 2006:

		General <u>Fund</u>	G	Major overnmental <u>Funds</u>	G	Other overnmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
Reserved for:								
Encumbrances	\$	4,791,958	\$	76,476,756	\$	15,246,991	\$	96,515,705
Inventories		49,856		-	_	:=		49,856
Total reserved fund balances		4,841,814	_	76,476,756	_	15,246,991	_	96,565,561
Unreserved, designated for:								
Self-insurance		2,000,000						2,000,000
Litigation/Enforcement		850,000		-				850,000
Equipment replacement		2,000,000				-		2,000,000
Facility refurbishing		1,390,000		-		-		1,390,000
Budget stabilization		8,000,000		-		-		8,000,000
Unemployment claims Enhanced		80,000		-		-		80,000
compliance activities		291,061		_				291,061
Unreserved, undesignated	_	41,864,260		147,697,287	_	14,446,419	_	204,007,966
Total unreserved fund balances		56,475,321		147,697,287		14,446,419		218,619,027
Total fund balances	\$_	61,317,135	\$_	224,174,043	\$_	29,693,410	\$_	315,184,588

### E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### F. Adoption of New GASB Pronouncements

During fiscal year 2005, AQMD adopted the following new GASB pronouncements:

# GASB Statement 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures"

This statement establishes and modifies disclosure requirements related to investment and deposit risks. Accordingly, the note disclosure on cash and investments has been revised to conform to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 40.

# GASB Statement 44, "Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section, an amendment of NCGA Statement 1"

This statement amends portions of NCGA Statement 1, "Government Accounting and Financial Reporting Principles," to improve understandability and usefulness of the information that state and local governments present as supplementary information in the statistical section. AQMD elected to implement GASB 44 beginning fiscal year 2005.

# II. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The following is a summary of the cash and cash equivalent balances for the primary government (including fiduciary funds) and component unit at June 30, 2006.

	Primary Government	Component Unit
Cash on hand	\$ 799,806	-
Cash in bank	60,000	\$ 965,292
Cash equivalents in pooled investments	315,589,431	
	\$ 316,449,237	\$ 965,292

### DEPOSITS

At June 30, 2006, the carrying amount of the AQMD's bank deposits was \$60,000 and the bank balance was \$79,852. The entire amount was covered by federal depository insurance.

At June 30, 2006, the carrying amount and bank balance of the AQMD's component unit bank deposits was \$965,292 of which \$100,000 was covered by federal depository insurance. The remaining \$865,292 in excess of \$100,000 was collateralized as required by state law.

### INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2006 the carrying amount of AQMD's cash equivalents held in Los Angeles County's Pooled Surplus Investment Fund and State of California Local Agency Investment Fund amounting to \$316,449,237 is stated at fair value. Investments in the amount of \$14,000,000 are reported at amortized cost which approximates market value.

Changes in 1996 to the California Government Code require that a statement of investment policy be transmitted annually to the oversight committee and legislative body of a local agency for consideration at a public meeting. California Government Code Section 53607 requires that a local agency's legislative body annually renew its delegation of authority to its treasurer to invest or to reinvest funds of the local agency.

For the past 29 years, the County of Los Angeles has provided treasury management services to the AQMD. These services are limited to the processing of payroll and accounts payable warrants and the investment of available cash balances. Annually, the Governing Board reviews the treasury management options available to the AQMD and renews its delegation of authority to its appointed Treasurer to invest or re-invest AQMD funds.

Available cash is invested in investments legally allowable under state law. Income from such investments is allocated on the basis of average monthly cash balances to the respective funds based on the source of funds invested.

In accordance with the State of California Government Code, the AQMD adopts an investment policy annually that, among other things, authorizes types and concentrations of investments and maximum investment terms. Statutes and investment policy authorize the AQMD to invest in:

- U.S. Treasuries
- Federal agencies and U.S. government sponsored enterprises
- Los Angeles County Pooled Surplus Investment Portfolio
- State of California Local Agency Investment Fund
- State of California and local agency obligations not allowed as Special Purpose Investments.
- Shares of money market mutual funds shall be limited to ratings of AAA by two of the three largest nationally recognized rating services.
- Bankers acceptances credit requirements shall be a minimum of 2-A/B for Fitch or P-1/Aaa for Moody's Investors Service.
- Negotiable certificates of deposit shall be a minimum of 2-A/B for Fitch or P-1/Aaa for Moody's Investors. The Los Angeles County has A-1 by Standard & Poor's (S&P) and P-1 by Moody's.
- Commercial paper short term rating of A-1 by S&P or better and Moody's Investors Service short term rating of P-1 or better. The Los Angeles County has A-1 by S&P and P-1 by Moody's.
- Medium term maturity corporate securities shall be limited to a minimum of AA from S&P or Aa3 from Moody's.
- Mortgage securities or asset-backed securities shall be rated AA or its equivalent or better by a nationally recognized rating service and issued by an issuer having A or better rating by a nationally recognized rating service for its long-term debt.
- Repurchase agreements with maximum maturity of 30 days and must be collateralized by the U.S. Treasury or Agencies with a market value of 102%

- Reverse purchase agreements are not allowed except as part of investments in the County of Los Angeles Pooled Surplus Investment Portfolio and the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund
- Variable and floating rate securities
- Derivative securities not allowed as Special Purpose Investments

The following table summarizes AQMD's cash, cash equivalents and investments at June 30, 2006.

				Investment M	latu	rities		
		Fair		<1		1-2		2-3
	_	<u>Value</u>		Year		<u>years</u>	_	years
Cash:								
On hand	\$	799,806		-		-		
In bank		60,000		-		-		-
Total cash		859,806		-		-		-
Pooled investments:								
Investment in Los Angeles County's								
Pooled Surplus Investment (PSI) Fund	\$	275,695,619	\$	275,695,619	\$	-	\$	-
Investment in Local Agency								
Investment Fund		39,893,812		39,893,812		-		-
Total cash equivalents		315,589,431		315,589,431		-		
Investments:								
U.S. Government Securities		14,000,000		-		14,000,000		_
Total Investments		14,000,000		-		14,000,000	_	-
Sub-total pooled investments/ investments	\$_	329,589,431	\$	315,589,431	\$	14,000,000	\$	-
Total cash, cash equivalents & investments	\$_	330,449,237	\$_	315,589,431	\$	14,000,000	\$	_

### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is associated with price volatility introduced by extending the maturity of instruments purchased. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the AQMD investment policy limits its investment portfolio of Pooled Surplus Investments (PSI) with the County of Los Angeles to maturities of less than five years at time of purchase. The maximum maturity of any SPI (Special Purpose Investments) shall be five years. The weighted average maturity of the SPI separate account portfolio may not exceed three years.

### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of default or the inability of a debt issuer to fulfill its obligation when due. The AQMD mitigates its credit risk generally by following its three primary investment objectives, in order of safety, liquidity, and yield. The AQMD's policy further restricts the

investing in only permitted investments; the portfolio is diversified so that no one type of issuer or issue will have a disproportionate impact on the portfolio.

### **Custodial Credit Risk**

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk, that, in the event of failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government or an agency will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

As of June 30, 2006, none of the AQMD's deposits or investments were exposed to custodial credit risk.

### State Treasurer's Local Agency Investment Fund

The AQMD is a voluntary participant in the California State Treasurer's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. At June 30, 2006, the AQMD had \$39,893,812 deposited in LAIF. The amount invested is unrated as to credit quality.

LAIF is part of the Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA) and has oversight provided by the Pooled Money Investment Board (PMIB) and an in-house Investment Committee. The PMIB Board members are the State Treasurer, Director of Finance and the State Controller. Additionally, LAIF has oversight by the Local Investment Advisory Board, which consists of five members, as designated by statute. The Chairman is the State Treasurer, who appoints the other four members to two-year terms.

The fair value of the AQMD's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the AQMD's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records of LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

# III. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENT AGENCIES AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Due from other government agencies at June 30, 2006 consists of the following:

State Air Resources Board	\$	935,928
Department of Defense		
US Army Robery Morris Acquisition Center		317,465
U.S. Treasury, GSA (Lease)		21,932
Diamond Bar Chamber of Commerce (Lease)		937
Environmental Protection Agency		4,362,100
Department of Motor Vehicles	1	5,345,804
Total	\$2	0,984,166

Accounts Receivable consist of the following at June 30, 2006:

Air toxics "Hot Spots", emission fees, permits,	
annuals and source testing	\$2,034,501
Clean fuels/stationary sources	195,373
Miscellaneous receivables	_236,602
Subtotal	2,466,476
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(330,000)
Total	\$ <u>2,136,476</u>

# IV. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The components of interfund balances as of June 30, 2006 is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		<b>Amount</b>
General Fund	Clean Fuels Program Fund	\$	4,180
Clean Fuels Program Fund	General Fund		121,250
General Fund	Carl Moyer Program Fund		1,296,652
General Fund	Air Quality Investment Fund		209,079
General Fund	Air Toxics Special Revenue Fund		1,440,457
Retirement Benefit Trust Fund	General Fund		530
Total		\$_	3,072,148

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that: (1) interfund reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2006, consisted of the following amounts:

	Fund Transferred To Governmental									
Fund Transferred From		ean Fuels nference <u>Fund</u>	(	General <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>				
Clean Fuels Program Fund Natural Gas Vehicle Partnership Fund Clean Air Store Enterprise Fund	\$	78,500 10,000	\$	16,595	\$	78,500 10,000 16,595				
Total	\$_	88,500	. \$_	16,595	\$_	105,095				

The AQMD Governing Board approved the transfer of \$78,500 from the Clean Fuels Fund to the Clean Fuels Conference Fund to cover the budget for the Ultrafine Particles Conference. The conference was held on April 30 through May 2, 2006.

The AQMD Executive Officer approved the transfer of \$10,000 from California Natural Gas Vehicle Partnership Fund (CNGVP) to the Clean Fuels Conference Fund. This is for cosponsorship of CNGVP in the Ultrafine Particles 2006 Conference.

In June 2004, as part of the FY 2004-05 Budget process, the Board directed the staff to work with a Stakeholder Working Group consisted of business, environmental, local government, and community members to identify and recommend discretionary programs/activities that could be enhanced, maintained, scaled back, or eliminated. One of the recommendations during the Governing Board Budget Workshop on April 29, 2005 was the elimination of the Clean Air Store. Upon closing of the Clean Air Store in FY 2005-06, \$16,595 was transferred to the General Fund.

### V. CAPITAL ASSETS

In compliance with GASB Statement 34 reporting, the AQMD has reported all capital assets in the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets. Changes in capital assets of the AQMD for the year ended June 30, 2006 are as follows:

		Balance July 1, 2005		Increase		Decrease		Balance June 30, 2006
Governmental Activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	8,829,792	\$	0	\$ _	0	\$	8,829,792
Total capital assets not being depreciated		8,829,792		0		0		8,829,792
Capital Assets being Depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		73,771,340		80,647		(22,223)		73,829,764
Equipment		20,793,034		1,216,962		(1,122,975)		20,887,021
Total capital assets being depreciated		94,564,374		1,297,609		(1,145,198)		94,716,785
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		(33,067,286)		(2,471,792)		10,274		(35,528,804)
Equipment		(15,542,981)		(1,834,261)		1,266,884		(16,110,358)
Total accumulated depreciation		(48,610,267)		(4,306,053)		1,277,158		(51,639,162)
Net capital assets being depreciated		45,954,107		(3,008,444)		(131,960)	. ,	43,077,623
Net capital assets, governmental activities	\$	54,783,899	\$	(3,008,444)	\$	(131,960)	\$	51,907,415
Business-type Activities:								
Compressed natural gas (CNG) Fueling station	\$	610,200	\$	0	\$	0	\$	610,200
ruening station	Ψ	010,200	Ψ.	-	. Ψ -			
Total capital assets being depreciated		610,200		0		0		610,200
Less accumulated depreciation		(209,825)		(87,198)		0		(297,023)
Net capital assets, business-type activities	\$	400,375	\$.	(87,198)	\$_	0	\$	313,177

For the year ended June 30, 2006, the depreciation expense of \$4,306,053 was charged to the AQMD's functions/programs in the governmental activities as follows:

Advance clean air technology	\$ 204,017
Ensure compliance with clean air rules	1,595,559
Customer service	296,828
Develop programs to achieve clean air	201,031
Develop rules to achieve clean air	253,231
Monitoring air quality	1,059,771
Permit review	635,958
Policy support	59,658
Total depreciation expense	\$4,306,053

### VI. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the AQMD for the year ended June 30, 2006:

Governmental Activities:		lance 1, 2005	<u>A</u>	ddition	Re	eduction	Balan June 30.		Due	within e Year	in N	ounts Due More Than ne Year
Claims payable:												
General liability	\$	44,168	\$	(331)	\$	30,677	5	313,160	\$	13,160	\$	_
Workers' compensation	1,	303,743		501,770		390,101	1,4	15,412		340,000		1,075,412
Compensated absences	11,	305,696	1,	422,168		426,892	12,3	300,972		366,527		11,934,445
Installment Sale Obligation:												
Building	48,	735,000		-	4	,540,000	44,1	95,000	4,	565,000		39,630,000
Installment pension												
obligation bonds	70,	426,896	_		2	,970,000	67,4	56,896	3,	305,000	9	54,151,896
Total	\$ <u>131,</u>	815,503	\$ <u>1,</u>	923,607	\$ <u>8</u>	,357,670	\$125,3	81,440	\$ <u>8</u> ,	589,687	\$ <u>1</u>	16,791,753

In prior years, claims payable and compensated absences have been liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

# 1995 Pension Obligation Bonds

On December 1, 1995, the AQMD, jointly with the County of San Bernardino, issued bonds to retire the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) due to San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association (SBCERA). The AQMD issued a \$34,261,896 aggregate principal amount to refund its portion of the obligation to SBCERA. The purpose of this refunding was to lower the cost to the AQMD through the issuance of bonds at rates that are lower than those assessed by SBCERA and to restructure its debt service from an ascending to a level-debt-service schedule. These changes will result in estimated total gross debt service savings of \$20,151,420 through June 30, 2022. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, \$1,960,000 in principal and \$1,106,022 in interest were paid on the bonds. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2006 amounted to \$21,436,896.

The annual payment requirements under the 1995 installment pension bond obligation are as follows:

Year Ending <u>June 30</u>		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>
2007	\$	2,095,000	\$	969,859	\$	3,064,859
2008		2,245,000		822,816		3,067,816
2009		2,400,000		663,933		3,063,933
2010		2,575,000		492,141		3,067,141
2011		2,760,000		306,326		3,066,326
2012-2016		6,136,014		9,187,925		15,323,939
2017-2021		2,784,001		12,540,999		15,325,000
2022		441,881	_	2,623,119	_	3,065,000
Total	\$_	21,436,896	\$_	27,607,118	\$_	49,044,014

### **Series 2004 Pension Obligation Bonds**

On June 29, 2004, the AQMD issued and sold taxable pension obligation bonds to retire the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) due to the SBCERA. The issuance and sale of \$47,030,000 will result in estimated total gross debt service savings of \$22.4 million through August 1, 2023.

The Series 2004 Pension Obligation Bonds are payable on a parity with the 1995 Pension Obligation Bonds. The AQMD may, from time to time, enter into supplemental indentures without the consent of the Bond Owners of the 1995 Bonds or Series 2004 Bonds for the purpose of providing for the issuance of additional series of Pension Obligation Bonds or to refund any other evidences of indebtedness of the AQMD arising pursuant to the Retirement Law.

The annual payment requirements under installment pension bond obligation, Series 2004, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30		Principal		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>
2007	\$	1,210,000	\$	2,486,340	\$	3,696,340
2008		1,430,000		2,423,640		3,853,640
2009		1,670,000		2,350,014		4,020,014
2010		1,925,000		2,264,633		4,189,633
2011		1,955,000		2,172,483		4,127,483
2012-2016		11,415,000		9,219,472		20,634,472
2017-2021		15,060,000		5,573,577		20,633,577
2022-2024	_	11,355,000	_	1,030,875	_	12,385,875
Total	\$_	46,020,000	\$_	27,521,034	\$_	73,541,034

### **Installment Sale Revenue Bonds**

On September 1, 1989, the Corporation issued Installment Sale Revenue Bonds, 1989 Series B in the amount of \$60,000,000. The bonds are secured by a pledge of the semiannual payments to be made by the AQMD pursuant to an Installment Purchase Agreement between the Corporation and the AQMD, whereby the AQMD is required to make debt service payments on the Corporation's bonds. The principal portion of these payments was used for the purchase of furnishings and equipment for the AQMD in conjunction with the construction of its new headquarters. Title to such assets transferred to the AQMD simultaneously with the Corporation's purchase. As of June 30, 2006, the remaining balance is \$11,070,000.

The Series 1992 Installment Sale Revenue Bonds, original issuance amount of \$69,745,000 were issued on December 1, 1992, to refund portions of the 1988 Series A and 1989 Series B bonds. As of June 30, 2006, the remaining principal balance on the Series 1992 bonds is \$8,615,000. This remaining balance in the amount of \$5,375,000 and \$3,240,000 are due on August 1, 2010 and August 1, 2011, respectively. Interest is payable on each February 1st and August 1st and is computed based upon a 6% interest rate.

On June 1, 2002, the Corporation issued \$26,820,000 in Installment Sale Revenue Bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.75% to 4.25% to refund \$25,460,000 of the Series 1992 bonds with interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 6.00%. As of June 30, 2006, the remaining balance is \$24,510,000.

Principal payments on the Series 2002 bonds are due in installments ending August 1, 2014. Interest is payable on each February 1 and August 1.

The annual payment requirements under the installment purchase agreement are as follows:

Year Ending	Delegated	Testament	Tetal
<u>June 30</u>	<b>Principal</b>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2007	\$ 4,565,000	\$ 1,494,105	\$ 6,059,105
2008	4,595,000	1,464,011	6,059,011
2009	4,625,000	1,428,342	6,053,342
2010	4,665,000	1,316,342	5,981,342
2011	5,375,000	1,061,793	6,436,793
2012-2015	20,370,000	1,641,129	22,011,129
Total	\$	\$ <u>8,405,722</u>	\$
	44,195,000,0		52,600,72222
	00		

### **Allocation of Interest Expenses**

Total interest expenses on long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2006 amounted to \$7,296,066. The following is the interest expense allocated to the various functional activities categories:

Advance clean air technology	\$ 372,099
Ensure compliance with clean air rules	2,524,439
Customer service	787,975
Develop programs to achieve clean air	525,317
Develop rules to achieve clean air	539,909
Monitoring air quality	700,422
Permit review	1,692,687
Policy support	153,218
Total interest on long-term debt	\$ <u>7,296,066</u>

### VII. RISK MANAGEMENT

The AQMD's risk management program is responsible for purchasing insurance when available and cost-effective, self-insuring other exposures to loss when feasible.

The AQMD carries \$122,320,452 of property insurance including business income, boiler and machinery (with \$25 million of earthquake and flood coverage), \$10 million for Directors and Officers liability (including employment practice liability), \$1 million for employee dishonesty and theft, \$10 million for excess general, automobile, and employer's liability losses in excess of self-insured/retained amount of \$1 million, and \$25 million excess workers' compensation for losses over \$750,000. In addition, AQMD maintains \$1 million automobile liability/physical damage coverage for hybrid vehicles under its possession. As of June 30, 2006, \$1,415,412 and \$13,160, respectively, had been accrued for workers' compensation and general liability claims.

An appropriate amount has been recorded in the General Fund's financial statements to the extent that the AQMD anticipates that these amounts will be paid from current resources. While the ultimate amount of losses incurred through June 30, 2006, is dependent on future development based upon information from the independent claims' administrator and others involved with the administration of the programs, the AQMD management believes that the aggregate accrual is adequate to cover such losses.

No significant reduction in insurance coverage occurred during the last three fiscal years. Also, during this period, no claim settlement exceeded insurance coverage.

The following represents changes in the aggregate liabilities for claims of the AQMD's general liability and workers' compensation for the years ended June 30, 2005 and 2006:

		General and uto Liability	C	Workers' ompensation	Totals
Claims payable, July 1, 2004	\$	77,160	\$	925,052	\$ 1,002,212
Current year claims and					
changes in estimates		72,076		676,143	748,219
Claims payments		(105,068)		(297,452)	(402,520)
Claims payable, June 30, 2005	\$_	44,168	\$	1,303,743	\$ 1,347,911
Claims payable, July 1, 2005 Current year claims and	\$	44,168	\$	1,303,743	\$ 1,347,911
changes in estimates		(331)		501,770	501,439
Claims payments		(30,677)		(390,101)	(420,778)
Claims payable, June 30, 2006	\$	13,160	\$	1,415,412	\$ 1,428,572

### VIII. RETIREMENT PLANS

Substantially all of the AQMD's employees are members of either the Los Angeles County Employees' Retirement Association (LACERA) or the San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association (SBCERA). Benefits are funded by the AQMD and employee contributions. The AQMD's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2006 amounted to \$11,065,386 (\$19,815 to LACERA and \$11,045,571 to SBCERA).

In 1977, AQMD employees who were members of the LACERA system were given the option to transfer to the SBCERA system. Some employees decided to stay with LACERA. Most have already left employment and during FY 2005-06 there were only two active LACERA members.

# Los Angeles County Employees' Retirement Association

The AQMD contributes to the LACERA, a cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit plan. This public employee retirement system acts as a common investment and administrative agent for the County of Los Angeles and other participating agencies including the AQMD. The AQMD's payroll for two employees covered by LACERA for the year ended June 30, 2006 was \$103,192. The AQMD's contribution for the same period was \$19,815. Copies of LACERA's annual financial report may be obtained from their executive office: 300 N. Lake Avenue, Pasadena, CA 91101.

### San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association

### Plan Description

The AQMD contributes to the SBCERA, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan operating under the California County Employees Retirement Act of 1937. SBCERA is controlled by its own board, the Board of Retirement. It acts as a fiduciary agent

for the accounting and control of employer and employee contributions, and investment income for San Bernardino County and other participating members including the AQMD. SBCERA issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report. Copies of SBCERA's annual financial report may be obtained from their executive office: 348 W. Hospitality Lane  $-3^{rd}$  Floor, San Bernardino, CA 92415.

All full-time employees become eligible to participate in SBCERA and related benefits, on their first day of regular employment and become fully vested after five years of service. General members are eligible for retirement benefits upon completion of ten years of service and attaining age 50, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Retirement benefits are calculated at 2% of final compensation for each completed year of service based on a normal retirement age of 55 for general members. The plan also provides disability benefits to members and death benefits to beneficiaries of members.

# **Funding Policy**

Participants are required to contribute a percentage of their annual compensation to the plan based on the participant's age at entry into the plan. The AQMD (a participating member) contributes an amount based on actuarial assumptions that, together with employee contributions, is intended to provide sufficient reserves for payment of all prospective benefits to members. The AQMD is required to contribute at an actuarially-determined rate. The required employer contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2006 were 20.85% for management, confidential and any employee who started before July 1, 1979 and 17.91% for non-Management and non-Confidential employees who started on or after July 1, 1979. Effective January 2, 2006, AQMD employees with the exception of the Office Clerical and Maintenance unit, contribute an additional 3.25% toward retirement. The AQMD Governing Board adopted this new provision in January 2006 as per Resolution No. 06-03 for Management and Confidential employees and the ratified Memorandum of Understanding between the AQMD and the remaining represented employee bargaining units. additional 3.25% employee contribution reduces the employer's pick-up by 3.25%. additional 3.25% employee pick-up is over and above whatever the employee contribution was prior to this change. The contribution requirements of the Plan members are established by State statute and may be amended by SBCERA Board of Retirement.

### **Annual Pension Cost**

For the year ended June 30, 2006, the AQMD's annual pension cost and actual contributions for its 736 employees who are SBCERA members were \$11,045,571. The AQMD employee contributions to the plan amounted to \$2,566,844. The required contributions for the year ended June 30, 2005 were determined as part of the June 30, 2004 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method with the contributions determined as a percent of pay. The actuarial assumptions included: (a) investment rate of return, compounded semi-annually, 8.00% per annum; (b) projected salary increases of 4.25% per annum; and (c) cost of living adjustments for retirees contingent upon CPI with a 2% maximum. Both (a) and (b) include an inflation component of 4%.

The actuarial value of the Plan's assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effect of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five year period (smoothed market value). Components of SBCERA's unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) are amortized as a level percentage of payrolls over a twenty-year period. Future components of the UAAL will be amortized over separate twenty-year periods.

### Three-Year Trend Information for the Plan

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
2006	\$11,045,571	100%	-
2005	\$9,122,867	100%	_
2004	\$9,823,094	100%	-

### IX. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The AQMD offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. These funds are not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseen emergency.

The deferred compensation plan monies are invested in various investment funds as selected by the participating employees. The available investment options include a fixed return fund, stock fund, bond fund and a money market fund. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan and all income attributed to those amounts are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries.

Effective January 1, 1999, federal legislation requires the Section 457 plan assets to be placed in trust for the exclusive use of the plan participants and their beneficiaries. The AQMD's deferred compensation administrator Hartford Life Insurance Co. qualifies as the plan trustee to meet the federal requirements. In accordance with GASB Statement 32, the AQMD no longer reports the plan assets and liabilities in its financial statements. As of June 30, 2006, investments with a fair value of \$65,988,541 are held in trust.

### X. COMMITMENTS

### **Guaranteed Loans**

The Air Quality Assistance Fund (AQAF) was originally established to comply with state legislation which required the AQMD to allocate a portion of the funds it receives as penalties and settlements from violators of air pollution regulations and to provide financing assistance to small businesses that require financing in order to comply with the AQMD requirements. This was repealed by its own terms on January 1, 1999. In June 2000, the Governing Board authorized staff to continue to use the funds to assist small businesses with an improved program for greater participation. Financing assistance includes guaranteeing or

### SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

otherwise reducing the financial risks of lenders in providing financial assistance to small businesses. The funds are not used for direct loans to small businesses.

In June 2001, the AQMD entered into an agreement with the California Pollution Control Financing Authority (CPCFA) to be an "independent contributor" to the California Capital Access Program (CalCAP). The AQMD transferred \$100,000 to the CPCFA to cover borrower fees on any qualified small business CalCAP loans for air quality-related equipment or processes. As of June 30, 2003, all loans that were guaranteed by the AQAF have already matured. As of June 30, 2004, AQMP provided a 50% partial guarantee on defaulted loans in the amount of \$30,779; no recoveries were made on these defaulted loans. AQAF's fund balance amounted to \$2,509,562 at fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

### **Operating Leases**

Rental expense for noncancelable operating leases was \$455,929 for the year ended June 30, 2006. Future minimum lease payments under noncancelable operating leases of the AQMD total as follows:

Year Ending June 30, 2012

\$1,292,157

The lease for the office equipment expires in November 2006 and June 2011 while the lease of the South Bay satellite office expires September 30, 2006. This has been renewed effective October 1, 2006 through September 30, 2011.

### XI. PENDING LITIGATION

Two lawsuits have been filed, Communities for a Better Environment v. South Coast Air Quality Management District and Valdez v. South Coast Air Quality Management District, which include a claim for attorneys' fees which could amount to \$750,000. The AQMD has set aside the amount to cover the claim for attorneys' fees. The costs are recognized as they are incurred. In addition, there is a lawsuit, Engine Manufacturers Association v AQMD, which includes a claim for attorney's fees which could amount to \$3,000,000. The AQMD has recognized an accrual for such probable liability. The AQMD is also defending a lawsuit involving the adoption of several rules, Association of American Railroads v. AQMD, for which there are no claims for monetary damages or attorneys' fees. However, AQMD has determined that the defense of this lawsuit may amount to \$4,000,000. This amount has been set aside by AQMD part of which has already been recognized and accrued. Any additional costs will be recognized as they are incurred. Finally, a number of other lawsuits and claims are pending against the AQMD for alleged damages to persons and property and for other alleged liabilities arising out of its normal operations. The AQMD's management believes that any liability that may arise from the ultimate resolution of such legal actions will not have a material adverse impact on the financial position as of June 30, 2006.





### SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT GENERAL FUND - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgete	d An	nounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive
Revenues:	Original	u An	Final		Budgetary Basis	(Negative)
Emission fees \$	20,352,000	s -	20,352,000	\$	20,229,322	\$ (122,678)
Annual renewal fees	31,408,000	1,992	31,408,000	500	30,991,226	(416,774)
Permit processing fees	14,818,133		14,818,133		14,765,144	(52,989)
Clean fuels mobile / stationary sources	18,778,000		20,345,000		20,361,416	16,416
Air toxics "Hot Spots"	1,490,000		1,615,000		1,440,457	(174,543)
Transportation programs	769,524		769,524		895,194	125,670
State subvention	4,022,000		4,022,000		4,022,094	94
Federal grant	5,983,500		6,930,955		5,643,540	(1,287,415)
State grant	-		-		1,014,827	1,014,827
Interest	934,700		934,700		2,887,395	1,952,695
Lease income	328,200		328,200		364,326	36,126
Source test/analysis fees	318,000		318,000		401,487	83,487
Hearing Board fees	1,119,500		1,119,500		655,553	(463,947)
Penalties/settlements	3,500,000		3,500,000		16,074,370	12,574,370
Subscriptions	36,400		36,400		19,214	(17,186)
Other revenue	402,000		1,278,000		907,222	(370,778)
Total revenues	104,259,957	_	107,775,412		120,672,787	12,897,375
Expenditures:			1			
Current:						
Salaries and employee benefits	74,814,671		80,494,580		77,858,212	2,636,368
Insurance	1,211,400		1,243,084		1,193,345	49,739
Rent	747,886		826,120		775,943	50,177
Supplies	2,433,585		2,956,753		2,316,097	640,656
Contract and special services	7,751,483		11,713,619		8,874,268	2,839,351
Maintenance	1,106,336		1,535,316		1,187,742	347,574
Travel and auto	447,300		664,844		478,091	186,753
Utilities	1,669,240		1,677,839		1,680,754	(2,915)
Communications	628,600		648,620		463,665	184,955
Uncollectible accounts			440		144,972	(144,532)
Other	887,240		980,747		605,029	375,718
Capital outlays	738,000		1,593,028		1,100,222	492,806
Debt service:						
Principal	7,510,000		7,510,000		7,510,000	-
Interest	5,165,066	_	5,165,067		5,165,067	 -
Total expenditures	105,110,807	-	117,010,057		109,353,407	7,656,650
Net change in budgetary fund balances \$	(850,850)	\$ _	(9,234,645)	\$	11,319,380	\$ 20,554,025

### SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2006

### NOTE 1 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The AQMD has a comprehensive annual budget process which establishes goals and objectives and monitors expenditures associated with meeting those goals and objectives.

Up to and including the budget adoption hearing by AQMD's Governing Board, the public and the business community have several opportunities to participate in the budget process. These opportunities include: Budget Advisory Committee meetings made up of business and environmental representatives, a public workshop, a Governing Board workshop and a two public hearings.

Following input from the public, Budget Advisory Committee, and Governing Board, the draft budget for Fiscal Year 2005-06 was prepared and subsequently adopted at the June 2005 meeting of the Governing Board. The Fiscal Year 2005-06 Adopted Budget and the final fee schedules became effective on July 1, 2005.

The AQMD's annual budget is adopted for the General Fund at the Major Object levels of Salaries & Employee Benefits, Services & Supplies, Capital Outlays, and Building Remodeling. The Governing Board has delegated expenditure authority to the Executive Officer for all budgeted expenditures of \$50,000 or less within a major object. All appropriations to the budget and transfers between major objects must be approved by the Governing Board. Transfers within a major object are delegated to the Executive Officer. Monthly expenditure reports are issued to each Office. The Governing Board receives detailed semi-annual reports regarding contract activity, along with a fiscal year-end report of all budget transfers and Board appropriations.

The AQMD presents a comparison of annual budget to actual results for the General Fund. The budgeted expenditure amounts represent the adopted budget adjusted for Governing Board approved supplemental appropriations. The budgeted revenue amounts represent the adopted budget modified for Governing Board approved adjustments which were based upon new or additional revenue sources. Supplemental expenditure appropriations of \$11,899,250 and revenue adjustments of \$3,515,455 were approved by the Governing Board in FY 05-06.

### SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2006

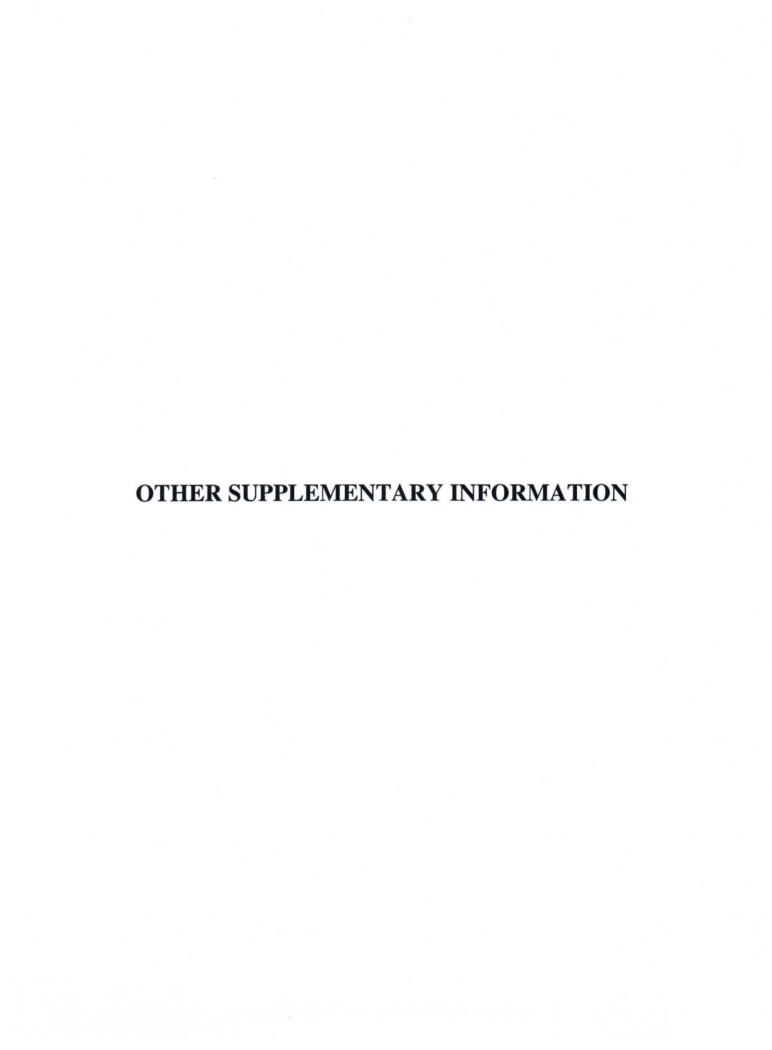
### NOTE 2 - GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY BASIS RECONCILIATION

The General Fund Budgetary Basis on page 54 presents comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data on a budgetary basis. Since accounting principles applied for purposes of developing expenditures data on a budgetary basis differ from those used to present financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the following is a reconciliation of differences for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006:

Expenditures and encumbrances (budgetary basis), June 30, 2006	\$109,353,407
Add: payments on encumbrances open at July 1, 2005	2,601,041
Less: encumbrances open at June 30, 2006	(2,780,520)
Expenditures (GAAP basis), June 30, 2006	\$109,173,928

A reconciliation of revenue is not presented since budgetary practices and GAAP do not differ with respect to revenue.





### SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2006

### Non-major Governmental Funds

### Special Revenue Funds:

- Air Quality Studies Fund Used to account for contributions made by outside
  organizations to fund various air quality studies. An independent Planning
  Review Panel recommends the types of studies to be undertaken and the
  Executive Officer approves all studies prior to funding. The purpose of the
  studies is to quantify the cost effectiveness of air pollution control measures.
- <u>Air Toxics Fund</u> Used to account for fees received from industrial toxic air emitters. These funds are spent on planning and performing health risk evaluations for the purpose of developing a toxic emissions inventory for the South Coast Air Basin.
- Advanced Technology, Outreach and Education Fund Used to account for monies contributed by companies in lieu of paying fines for violating AQMD rules. Contributed amounts must be used to pay costs associated with AQMD-sponsored research and development in cleaner burning fuels and other advanced technologies and public outreach and education related to advanced technology and air pollution and its impacts.
- Air Quality Assistance Fund Used to account for funds set aside for the purpose of underwriting, guaranteeing, or otherwise participating in the provision of financial assistance to small businesses as required by Section 40448.7 of the California Health and Safety Code. (This section was repealed by its own terms January 1, 1999). In June 2000, the Governing Board authorized staff to revise the program to increase participation of small businesses. Certain revisions, including participation in the California Capital Access Program (CalCAP) to assist small businesses, were implemented in June 2001.
- <u>Clean Fuels Conference Fund</u> Used to account for monies received to fund all Clean Fuels related conferences. These conferences are held to facilitate the development of hydrogen-powered technologies, including motor vehicles, refueling infrastructure, and stationary applications.
- <u>Lower Emission School Bus Fund</u> Established in fiscal year 2001 to account for activities related to the administering of state funds set aside for the

### SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2006

replacement and retrofit of high-emitting diesel-fueled school buses in the South Coast Air Basin. Funding for a total of \$58.6 million for school bus replacement and particulate matter (PM) trap retrofit has been provided for the period of fiscal years 2000 through 2006. This has enabled public school districts to purchase 286 new Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) buses and 86 new lower emitting diesel buses. It has also enabled public school districts and private contractors to retrofit PM traps on 2,101 diesel buses.

- Zero Emission Vehicle Incentive Program Established in fiscal year 2001 to administer the State funds set aside for the implementation of the Zero Emission Vehicle (ZEV) Incentive Program.
- <u>State Emissions Mitigation Fund</u> Established during fiscal year 2002 to account for the funds received from California Air Resources Board (CARB) to fund CARB selected projects on emission reductions within the South Coast Air Basin. This is in response to the Governor's statewide program to mitigate excess emissions from peaker power generation units to alleviate the power crisis in California.
- AES Settlement Projects Fund Established in fiscal year 2001 for the purpose of accounting for the one-time penalty settlement with AES Corporation for air pollution violations.
- <u>CARB ERC Bank Fund</u> Established in fiscal year 2001 to account for the proceeds
  from the issuance of the Emission Reduction Credits (ERCs) to natural gas turbine
  power plant peaker units. CARB established the ERC Bank for peaker power plants
  that need emission offsets to add new or expanded capacity. Proceeds from the
  issuance of these ERCs will fund emission reduction programs where the new or
  expanded facility is located.
- <u>LADWP Settlement Projects Fund</u> Established in fiscal year 2001 for the purpose
  of accounting for the monies received from the Los Angeles Department of Water
  and Power as part of the settlement agreement.
- <u>Natural Gas Vehicle Partnership Fund</u> Established during fiscal year 2002 for creation of the Natural Gas Vehicle Partnership to facilitate the advancement of natural gas vehicle technology and deployment. The contributions received from participating members are accounted for in this fund as well as the expenditures for activities and projects selected by the Partnership.
- <u>State Backup Generators (BUG) Program Fund</u> Established in fiscal year 2003 to account for the funds received from CARB's Diesel-Fueled Electrical Backup Generator Emissions Mitigation Program. This program funds emission related projects as part of an ongoing effort to expeditiously reduce public exposure to air toxics and other pollutants.

### SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2006

- SCAQMD Asthma and Brain Cancer Research Fund Established in fiscal year 2003
  to assist in funding research projects relating to asthma and outdoor air quality and
  the potential link between air pollution and brain cancer.
- <u>Dry Cleaner Financial Incentives Grant Program</u> Established in fiscal year 2003 to provide financial incentives to dry cleaners to purchase non-toxic alternative dry cleaning equipment.
- Rule 1173 Mitigation Fee Fund Established in fiscal year 2004 to account for Rule 1173 mitigation fee payments to be used in funding air quality projects which directly benefit the community surrounding the facility. Amendments in December 2002 to Rule 1173 for Refineries and Chemical Plants established a mitigation fee payment provision relating to the release of Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) from an atmospheric Pressure Relief Device (PRD).
- Communities for Better Environment (CBE)/Our Children's Earth (OCE) Settlement
   Agreement Fund Established in FY 2004 as part of the settlement agreement to fund
   PM<sub>10</sub> (Particulate Matter ≤ 10 microns) and/or NO<sub>x</sub> (Oxides of Nitrogen) reduction
   projects in disproportionately impacted areas.

 $\underline{\text{Capital Projects Fund}}$  – Used to record transactions relating to the acquisition and construction of capital assets.

	Special Revenue									
Assets		Air Quality Judies Fund	Air Toxics Fund		Advanced Technology Fund	_	Air Quality Assistance Fund	_	Clean Fuels Conference Fund	
Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable Due from other governmental agency Due from other funds Accounts receivable, net	\$	55,231 \$ 643 -	1,912,592 23,415 - 1,119,872	\$	57,098 880 - -	\$	2,480,959 S 28,603	\$	243,503 - 10,000 - 25,400	
Total assets	\$	55,874 \$	3,055,879	\$	57,978	\$_	2,509,562	\$_	278,903	
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u>										
Liabilities: Accounts payable & accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$	- \$	479,830 1,440,457	\$	29,800	\$_	- \$ 	\$ _	7,466	
Total liabilities	_		1,920,287	-	29,800	_	-	_	7,466	
Fund Balances: Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved	_	55,874	1,135,592	-	69,429 (41,251)	_	2,509,562		6,175 265,262	
Total fund balances	_	55,874	1,135,592	-	28,178	_	2,509,562	_	271,437	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	55,874 \$	3,055,879	\$_	57,978	\$_	2,509,562 \$	S_	278,903	

	Special Revenue									
Assets		Lower-Emission School Bus Fund		Zero Emission Vehicle Incentive Fund		AES Settlement Projects Fund				
Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable Due from other governmental agency Due from other funds Accounts receivable, net	\$	12,992,830 96,291 12,500	\$	544,692 6,337 - -	\$	3,616,103 47,924				
Total assets	\$_	13,101,621	\$	551,029	\$	3,664,027				
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u>										
Liabilities: Accounts payable & accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$	1,306,037	\$	-	\$	16,150				
Total liabilities	-	1,306,037				16,150				
Fund Balances: Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved	-	5,566,151 6,229,433		60,000 491,029		2,542,881 1,104,996				
Total fund balances	-	11,795,584		551,029		3,647,877				
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	13,101,621	\$	551,029	\$	3,664,027				

	Special Revenue									
Assets		CARB ERC Bank Fund	LADWP Settlement Fund		State-Emissions Mitigation Fund		Natural Gas Vehicle Partner Fund		State BUG Program Fund	
Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable Due from other governmental agency Due from other funds	\$	485,236 \$ 5,645	339,999 3,977	\$	5,683,768 68,428	\$	291,846 3,607	\$	288,623 3,357	
Accounts receivable, net					-	١.	-			
Total assets	\$_	490,881 \$	343,976	\$_	5,752,196	\$	295,453	\$_	291,980	
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u>										
Liabilities: Accounts payable & accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$	- \$ -	-	\$	172,170	\$	13,400	\$	-	
Total liabilities	-			_	172,170	-	13,400	-	_	
Fund Balances:										
Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved	_	27,696 463,185	7,263 336,713	_	6,128,107 (548,081)	-	37,600 244,453	_	291,980	
Total fund balances	_	490,881	343,976	_	5,580,026	-	282,053	_	291,980	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	490,881 \$	343,976	\$_	5,752,196	\$_	295,453	\$_	291,980	

				Spec	cial Revenue	N.			_	
<u>Assets</u>	Cancer	a & Brain Research	Dry Cleaners Financial Incentiv Grant Prog Fund			CBE / OCE Settlement Agreement Fun	Pr	apital rojects Fund		Total
Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable Due from other governmental agency Due from other funds Accounts receivable, net	\$ 3	341,026 \$ 4,085 - - -	112,836 1,656 - -		1,489,297 \$ 17,183 - - -	840,449 - - - -	\$	-	\$	31,776,090 312,029 22,500 0 1,145,272
Total assets	\$3	345,111 §	114,492	2 \$	1,506,480 \$	840,449	\$	-	_\$_	33,255,891
Liabilities and Fund Balances  Liabilities:  Accounts payable & accrued liabilities	\$	46,581 \$	· -	\$	- \$	50,590	\$		\$	2,122,024
Due to other funds		-	-	_	-	-	_	-		1,440,457
Total liabilities		46,581		_		50,590	_	-		3,562,481
Fund Balances: Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved		235,150 63,380	114,492	2	1,506,480	566,539 223,320		-		15,246,991 14,446,419
Total fund balances	2	98,530	114,492	2	1,506,480	789,859		-	_	29,693,410
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$3	45,111 \$	114,492	2_\$.	1,506,480_\$	840,449	\$	_	\$_	33,255,891

### SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue								
	Air Quality Studies Fund	Air Toxics Fund	Advanced Technology Fund	Air Quality Assistance Fund	Clean Fuels Conference Fund				
Revenues:									
State grant	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-				
Federal grant			-		10,000				
Interest	2,111	45,754	6,966	94,416	-				
RECLAIM & executive order mitigation	_	-	12	_	-				
Other revenue		262,204	-		210,199				
Total revenues	2,111	307,958	6,966	94,416	220,199				
Expenditures:									
Contract and special services		10,523	241,971	-	122,608				
Other operating expenditures	-	-	-		36,159				
Capital outlay		-	-	-	-				
Uncollectible accounts		(180,071)	-	-	-				
Total expenditures		(169,548)	241,971		158,767				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures									
before transfers	2,111	477,506	(235,005)	94,416	61,432				
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in		-	-		88,500				
Transfers out		-							
Total other financing sources (uses)				-	88,500				
Net change in fund balances	2,111	477,506	(235,005)	94,416	149,932				
Fund balances, July 1, 2005	53,763	658,086	263,183	2,415,146	121,505				
Fund balances, June 30, 2006	\$ 55,874 \$	1,135,592 \$	28,178 \$	2,509,562 \$	271,437				

### SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue									
		Lower-Emission School Bus Fund	Zero Emission Vehicle Incentive Fund	AES Settlement Projects Fund						
Revenues:										
State grant	\$	5,449,000 \$	- \$	-						
Federal grant		222,500		-						
Interest		375,189	20,861	163,643						
RECLAIM & executive order mitigation		-								
Other		101,500	-	<u> </u>						
Total revenues		6,148,189	20,861	163,643						
Expenditures:										
Contract and special services		5,478,594		2,059,919						
Other operating expenditures										
Capital outlay			-	-						
Uncollectible accounts		-								
Total expenditures		5,478,594	-	2,059,919						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures										
before transfers		669,595	20,861	(1,896,276)						
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in			-	-						
Transfers out		2	-							
Total other financing sources (uses)			-							
Net change in fund balances		669,595	20,861	(1,896,276)						
Fund balances, July 1, 2005		11,125,989	530,168	5,544,153						
Fund balances, June 30, 2006	\$	11,795,584 \$	551,029 \$	3,647,877						

### SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

				Special Revenue		
		CARB ERC Bank Fund	LADWP Settlement Fund	State-Emissions Mitigation Program Fund	Natural Gas Vehicle Partner Fund	State BUG Program Fund
Revenues:						
State grant	\$	- \$	- \$		\$ - \$	-
Federal grant		-	-	-	-	-
Interest		18,542	16,511	233,666	13,396	11,029
RECLAIM & executive order mitigation					V-	-
Other		-	-		25,000	-
Total revenues		18,542	16,511	233,666	38,396	11,029
Expenditures:						
Contract and special services		-	37,608	1,266,634	121,782	-
Other operating expenditures		-	-	-	2,995	-
Capital outlay			-	-	-	-
Uncollectible accounts		-		-	-	-
Total expenditures			37,608	1,266,634	124,777	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures						
before transfers		18,542	(21,097)	(1,032,968)	(86,381)	11,029
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		-	-		-	-
Transfers out		-	<u> </u>	-	(10,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)				-	(10,000)	
Net change in fund balances		18,542	(21,097)	(1,032,968)	(96,381)	11,029
Fund balances, July 1, 2005		472,339	365,073	6,612,994	378,434	280,951
Fund balances, June 30, 2006	\$_	490,881 \$	343,976 \$	5,580,026	\$ 282,053 \$	291,980

### SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue									
		Asthma & Brain Cancer Research Fund	Dry Cleaners Financial Incentives Grant Prog Fund	Rule 1173 Mitigation Fee Fund	CBE/OCE Settlement Agreement Fund					
Revenues:										
State grant	\$	- :	\$ - \$	- \$	-					
Federal grant		-	-		-					
Interest		15,852	8,912	67,784						
RECLAIM & executive order mitigation Other		-		-	<u> </u>					
Total revenues		15,852	8,912	67,784						
Expenditures:										
Contract and special services		130,561	245,000		210,141					
Other operating expenditures		-	-0		-					
Capital outlay		_	-		-					
Uncollectible accounts		34		-	-					
Total expenditures		130,561	245,000		210,141					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(114.700)	(226,000)	(7.704	(210.11)					
before transfers		(114,709)	(236,088)	67,784	(210,141)					
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in		-			8					
Transfers out		-		-						
Total other financing sources (uses)										
Net change in fund balances		(114,709)	(236,088)	67,784	(210,141)					
Fund balances, July 1, 2005		413,239	350,580	1,438,696	1,000,000					
Fund balances, June 30, 2006	\$_	298,530	114,492 \$	1,506,480 \$	789,859					

### SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

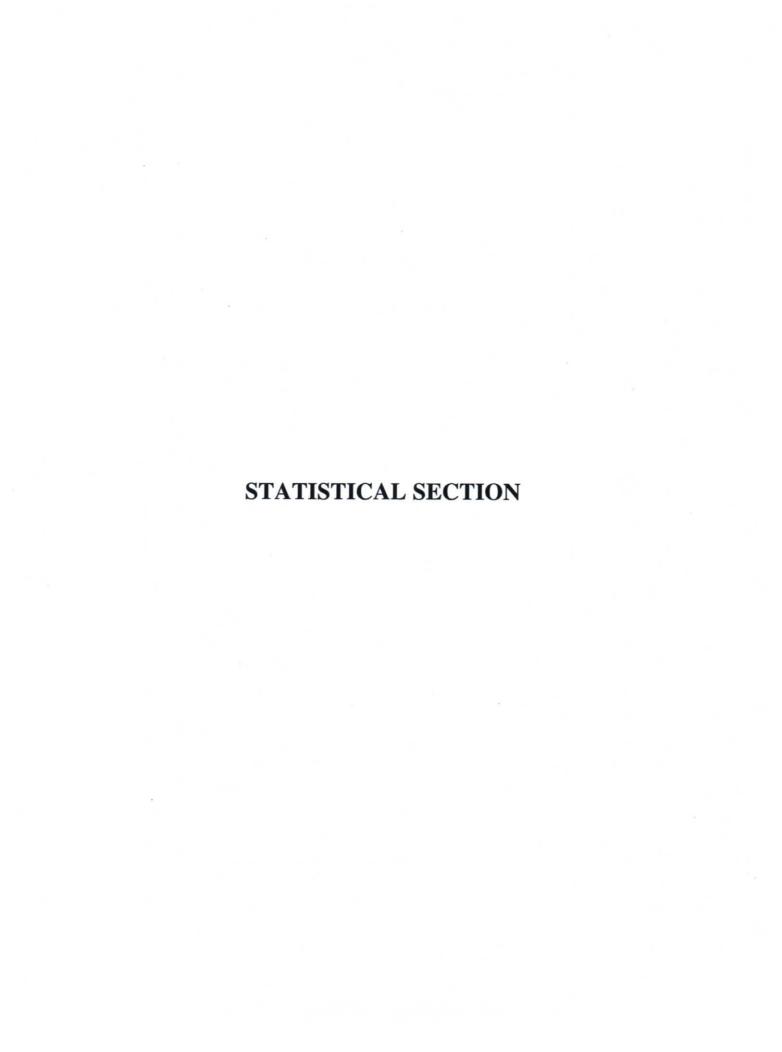
	S	Special Revenue	
	_	Capital Projects Fund	Total
Revenues:			
State grant	\$	- \$	5,449,000
Federal grant		-	232,500
Interest		-	1,094,632
RECLAIM & executive order mitigation		-	0
Other	-	53,857	652,760
Total revenues	_	53,857	7,428,892
Expenditures:			
Contract and special services		-	9,925,341
Other operating expenditures		-	39,154
Capital outlay		53,857	53,857
Uncollectible accounts	_	-	(180,071)
Total expenditures	_	53,857	9,838,281
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures			
before transfers	_	-	(2,409,389)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in		-	88,500
Transfers out	-		(10,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)			78,500
Net change in fund balances		-	(2,330,889)
Fund balances, July 1, 2005		_	32,024,299
Fund balances, June 30, 2006	\$_	\$	29,693,410

### SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS AGENCY FUNDS June 30, 2006

		CAQMD	,			
		uilding rporation		General Purpose		
	Co	Fund	r	Fund		Total
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	534,603	\$	15,913	\$	550,516
Interest receivable		6,063		-		6,063
Due from other funds		_		7-		-
Total assets	\$	540,666	\$	15,913	\$	556,579
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		540,666		15,913		556,579
Total liabilities	\$	540,666	\$	15,913	\$	556,579

### SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS

Assets         Cash         \$ 42,530         \$ 123,669         \$ 150,286         \$ 15,913           Due from other funds         -	General Purpose Fund	_Ju	Balance ly 1, 2005		Additions	D	eductions		Balance ne 30, 2006
Cash Due from other funds Total assets         \$ 42,530         \$ 123,669         \$ 150,286         \$ 15,913           Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         \$ 42,530         \$ 123,669         \$ 150,286         \$ 15,913           SCAOMD Building Corporation Fund Assets         \$ 42,530         \$ 123,669         \$ 150,286         \$ 15,913           Cash Social Interest receivable Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Social Interest receivable Accounts payable and accrued Interest receivable Accounts payable and accrued Interest receivable Accounts payable Accounts Interest receivable Accounts Payable and Accounts Interest Receivable Accounts Payable Acc	•								
Due from other funds									
Total assets         42,530         \$ 123,669         \$ 150,286         \$ 15,913           Liabilities         Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         \$ 42,530         \$ 123,669         \$ 150,286         \$ 15,913           Total liabilities         \$ 42,530         \$ 123,669         \$ 150,286         \$ 15,913           SCAQMD Building Corporation Fund           Assets         \$ 517,017         \$ 17,586         \$ -         \$ 534,603           Interest receivable         3,493         6,063         3,493         540,666           Total assets         \$ 520,510         \$ 23,649         \$ 3,493         \$ 540,666           Liabilities         \$ 520,510         \$ 23,649         \$ 3,493         \$ 540,666           Total liabilities         \$ 520,510         \$ 23,649         \$ 3,493         \$ 540,666           Total liabilities         \$ 520,510         \$ 23,649         \$ 3,493         \$ 540,666           Total liabilities         \$ 520,510         \$ 23,649         \$ 3,493         \$ 540,666           Total laterest receivable         3,493         6,063         3,493         5,50,516           Interest receivable         3,493         6,063         3,493         6,063           Due from other funds		\$	42,530	\$	123,669	\$	150,286	\$	15,913
Liabilities			-		-		-		-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Total assets		42,530	\$	123,669	\$	150,286	\$	15,913
SCAQMD Building Corporation Fund									
SCAQMD Building Corporation Fund           Assets         \$ 517,017         \$ 17,586         \$ -         \$ 534,603           Interest receivable         3,493         6,063         3,493         6,063           Total assets         \$ 520,510         \$ 23,649         \$ 3,493         \$ 540,666           Liabilities         \$ 520,510         \$ 23,649         \$ 3,493         \$ 540,666           Total liabilities         \$ 520,510         \$ 23,649         \$ 3,493         \$ 540,666           Total All Agency Funds           Assets         Cash         \$ 559,547         \$ 141,255         \$ 150,286         \$ 550,516           Interest receivable         3,493         6,063         3,493         6,063           Due from other funds         -         -         -         -           Total assets         563,040         \$ 147,318         \$ 153,779         \$ 556,579           Liabilities         Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         \$ 563,040         \$ 147,318         \$ 153,779         \$ 556,579	2 5	\$	42,530	\$	123,669	\$	150,286	\$	15,913
Assets         Cash         \$ 517,017         \$ 17,586         \$ -         \$ 534,603           Interest receivable         3,493         6,063         3,493         6,063           Total assets         \$ 520,510         \$ 23,649         \$ 3,493         \$ 540,666           Liabilities         \$ 520,510         \$ 23,649         \$ 3,493         \$ 540,666           Total liabilities         \$ 520,510         \$ 23,649         \$ 3,493         \$ 540,666           Total All Agency Funds         \$ 520,510         \$ 23,649         \$ 3,493         \$ 540,666           Assets         Cash         \$ 559,547         \$ 141,255         \$ 150,286         \$ 550,516           Interest receivable         3,493         6,063         3,493         6,063           Due from other funds         -         -         -         -           Total assets         563,040         \$ 147,318         \$ 153,779         \$ 556,579           Liabilities         Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         \$ 563,040         \$ 147,318         \$ 153,779         \$ 556,579	Total liabilities	\$	42,530	\$	123,669	\$	150,286	\$	15,913
Assets         Cash         \$ 517,017         \$ 17,586         \$ -         \$ 534,603           Interest receivable         3,493         6,063         3,493         6,063           Total assets         \$ 520,510         \$ 23,649         \$ 3,493         \$ 540,666           Liabilities         \$ 520,510         \$ 23,649         \$ 3,493         \$ 540,666           Total liabilities         \$ 520,510         \$ 23,649         \$ 3,493         \$ 540,666           Total All Agency Funds         \$ 520,510         \$ 23,649         \$ 3,493         \$ 540,666           Assets         Cash         \$ 559,547         \$ 141,255         \$ 150,286         \$ 550,516           Interest receivable         3,493         6,063         3,493         6,063           Due from other funds         -         -         -         -           Total assets         563,040         \$ 147,318         \$ 153,779         \$ 556,579           Liabilities         Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         \$ 563,040         \$ 147,318         \$ 153,779         \$ 556,579									
Cash Interest receivable Interest receivable Total assets         \$ 517,017   \$ 17,586   \$ -   \$ 534,603   \$ 3,493   \$ 6,063   \$ 3,493   \$ 540,666   \$ \$ 520,510   \$ 23,649   \$ 3,493   \$ 540,666   \$ \$ 520,510   \$ 23,649   \$ 3,493   \$ 540,666   \$ \$ 520,510   \$ 23,649   \$ 3,493   \$ 540,666   \$ \$ 520,510   \$ 23,649   \$ 3,493   \$ 540,666   \$ \$ 520,510   \$ 23,649   \$ 3,493   \$ 540,666   \$ \$ 520,510   \$ 23,649   \$ 3,493   \$ 540,666   \$ \$ 540,666   \$ \$ 520,510   \$ 23,649   \$ 3,493   \$ 540,666   \$ \$ 540,666   \$ \$ 540,666   \$ 540,	SCAQMD Building Corporation Fund								
Cash Interest receivable Interest receivable Total assets         \$ 517,017   \$ 17,586   \$ -   \$ 534,603   \$ 3,493   \$ 6,063   \$ 3,493   \$ 540,666   \$ \$ 520,510   \$ 23,649   \$ 3,493   \$ 540,666   \$ \$ 520,510   \$ 23,649   \$ 3,493   \$ 540,666   \$ \$ 520,510   \$ 23,649   \$ 3,493   \$ 540,666   \$ \$ 520,510   \$ 23,649   \$ 3,493   \$ 540,666   \$ \$ 520,510   \$ 23,649   \$ 3,493   \$ 540,666   \$ \$ 520,510   \$ 23,649   \$ 3,493   \$ 540,666   \$ \$ 540,666   \$ \$ 520,510   \$ 23,649   \$ 3,493   \$ 540,666   \$ \$ 540,666   \$ \$ 540,666   \$ 540,									
Total assets									
Total assets		\$		\$		\$	-	\$	
Liabilities       \$ 520,510       \$ 23,649       \$ 3,493       \$ 540,666         Total liabilities       \$ 520,510       \$ 23,649       \$ 3,493       \$ 540,666         Total All Agency Funds         Assets       Cash       \$ 559,547       \$ 141,255       \$ 150,286       \$ 550,516         Interest receivable       3,493       6,063       3,493       6,063         Due from other funds       -       -       -       -         Total assets       563,040       \$ 147,318       \$ 153,779       \$ 556,579         Liabilities         Accounts payable and accrued liabilities       \$ 563,040       \$ 147,318       \$ 153,779       \$ 556,579		_							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         \$ 520,510         \$ 23,649         \$ 3,493         \$ 540,666           Total liabilities         \$ 520,510         \$ 23,649         \$ 3,493         \$ 540,666           Total All Agency Funds           Assets         Cash         \$ 559,547         \$ 141,255         \$ 150,286         \$ 550,516           Interest receivable         3,493         6,063         3,493         6,063           Due from other funds         -         -         -         -           Total assets         563,040         \$ 147,318         \$ 153,779         \$ 556,579           Liabilities           Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         \$ 563,040         \$ 147,318         \$ 153,779         \$ 556,579	Total assets	\$	520,510	\$	23,649	\$	3,493	\$	540,666
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         \$ 520,510         \$ 23,649         \$ 3,493         \$ 540,666           Total liabilities         \$ 520,510         \$ 23,649         \$ 3,493         \$ 540,666           Total All Agency Funds           Assets         Cash         \$ 559,547         \$ 141,255         \$ 150,286         \$ 550,516           Interest receivable         3,493         6,063         3,493         6,063           Due from other funds         -         -         -         -           Total assets         563,040         \$ 147,318         \$ 153,779         \$ 556,579           Liabilities           Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         \$ 563,040         \$ 147,318         \$ 153,779         \$ 556,579	Liabilities				*				
Total liabilities         Total All Agency Funds         Assets         Cash       \$ 559,547       \$ 141,255       \$ 150,286       \$ 550,516         Interest receivable       3,493       6,063       3,493       6,063         Due from other funds       -       -       -       -         Total assets       563,040       \$ 147,318       \$ 153,779       \$ 556,579         Liabilities         Accounts payable and accrued liabilities       \$ 563,040       \$ 147,318       \$ 153,779       \$ 556,579		\$	520 510	\$	23 640	\$	3 403	•	540 666
Total All Agency Funds								_	
Assets  Cash \$ 559,547 \$ 141,255 \$ 150,286 \$ 550,516  Interest receivable 3,493 6,063 3,493 6,063  Due from other funds		Ψ	520,510	Ψ	23,047	Ψ	3,473	Ψ	340,000
Assets  Cash \$ 559,547 \$ 141,255 \$ 150,286 \$ 550,516  Interest receivable 3,493 6,063 3,493 6,063  Due from other funds									
Assets  Cash \$ 559,547 \$ 141,255 \$ 150,286 \$ 550,516  Interest receivable 3,493 6,063 3,493 6,063  Due from other funds									
Cash       \$ 559,547       \$ 141,255       \$ 150,286       \$ 550,516         Interest receivable       3,493       6,063       3,493       6,063         Due from other funds       -       -       -       -       -         Total assets       563,040       \$ 147,318       \$ 153,779       \$ 556,579         Liabilities         Accounts payable and accrued liabilities       \$ 563,040       \$ 147,318       \$ 153,779       \$ 556,579	Total All Agency Funds								
Cash       \$ 559,547       \$ 141,255       \$ 150,286       \$ 550,516         Interest receivable       3,493       6,063       3,493       6,063         Due from other funds       -       -       -       -       -         Total assets       563,040       \$ 147,318       \$ 153,779       \$ 556,579         Liabilities         Accounts payable and accrued liabilities       \$ 563,040       \$ 147,318       \$ 153,779       \$ 556,579	Assets								
Interest receivable 3,493 6,063 3,493 6,063  Due from other funds  Total assets 563,040 \$ 147,318 \$ 153,779 \$ 556,579  Liabilities  Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 563,040 \$ 147,318 \$ 153,779 \$ 556,579		\$	559 547	\$	141 255	\$	150 286	2	550 516
Due from other funds       -		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		φ	
Total assets         563,040         \$ 147,318         \$ 153,779         \$ 556,579           Liabilities           Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         \$ 563,040         \$ 147,318         \$ 153,779         \$ 556,579			-		-		5,495		0,003
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 563,040 \$ 147,318 \$ 153,779 \$ 556,579			563,040	\$	147.318	\$	153.779	-\$	556 579
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 563,040 \$ 147,318 \$ 153,779 \$ 556,579			,		, 3	_	200,117		200,577
4 200(51)									
Total liabilities \$ 563,040 \$ 147,318 \$ 153,779 \$ 556,579						_		\$	
	Total liabilities	\$	563,040	\$	147,318	\$	153,779	\$	556,579



### Schedule 1

### Net Assets by Component Last Five Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	_			_	Fiscal Year	_			
		2002	2003		2004		2005		2006
Governmental Activities									
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	4,829,117	4,007,380		5,234,119		6,048,899		7,712,415
Restricted for pension assets		-	-		-		-		736,200
Restricted for special projects/programs		208,910,138	197,959,973		195,731,559		223,952,969		253,867,453
Unrestricted		2,948,477	5,322,562		2,696,301		11,135,334		24,019,696
Total governmental activities net assets	\$	216,687,732	207,289,915	\$	203,661,979	\$	241,137,202	\$_	286,335,764
Business-type Activities									
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		-	565,013		487,546		400,375		313,177
Unrestricted		40,714	47,319		62,362		81,160		72,947
Total business-type activities net assets	\$	40,714	612,332	\$.	549,908	\$	481,535	=	386,124
Primary Government									
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		4,829,117	4,572,393		5,721,665		6,449,274		8,025,592
Restricted for pension asset		-	-		-		-		736,200
Restricted for special projects/programs		208,910,138	197,959,973		195,731,559		223,952,969		253,867,453
Unrestricted		2,989,191	5,369,881		2,758,663		11,216,494	_	24,092,643
Total primary government net assets	\$	216,728,446	207,902,247	\$	204,211,887	\$	241,618,737 \$	=	286,721,888

### Schedule 2

### Changes in Net Assets Last Five Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

						Fiscal Year				
		2002		2003		2004		2005		2006
Expenses										
Governmental Activities	520									
Advance clean air technology	\$	4,509,988	\$	5,933,504	\$		\$	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	\$	5,808,530
Ensure compliance with clean air rules		33,020,627		33,440,503		38,536,722		37,666,189		36,727,226
Customer service		9,557,298		10,035,584		10,965,904		10,532,066		11,592,984
Develop programs to achieve clean air		5,654,636		6,213,755		7,910,778		7,106,133		7,811,791
Develop rules to achieve clean air		6,618,208		6,563,362		7,915,483		8,130,305		8,046,177
Monitoring air quality		9,889,813		10,032,083		11,883,527		11,591,430		11,794,227
Permit review		20,714,836		18,937,964		21,408,261		21,403,924		23,191,423
Policy support		2,238,319		2,559,042		2,523,809		2,954,538		2,948,274
Special funds activities	_	85,826,567		94,144,240		62,422,513	_	59,525,817		64,308,902
Total governmental activities expenses	_	178,030,292		187,860,037	4 1	170,822,851	_	163,922,276	_	172,229,535
Business-type Activities:									-	
Clean Air Store		1,807		908		936		662		3,653
CNG fueling station	-	-		81,005	-0 9	152,547		165,135	_	198,788
Total business-type activities expenses	_	1,807		81,913		153,483		165,797	1	202,441
Total primary government expenses	\$_	178,032,099	\$_	187,941,950	\$	170,976,334	\$	164,088,073	\$_	172,431,976
Program Revenues										
Government Activities:										
Fees and Charges										
Stationary sources	\$	65,737,827	\$	62,835,710	\$	61,932,425	\$	64,925,373	\$	68,792,294
Mobile sources		10,272,434		10,245,290		10,787,342	150	14,716,865	1	20,991,833
Operating grants and subventions		10,434,312		7,434,924		9,679,283		8,100,573		8,035,387
Restricted special revenues sources	_	118,891,866		81,194,075		60,731,099		87,747,227		94,223,386
Total governmental activities program revenues	_	205,336,439	-	161,709,999		143,130,149		175,490,038	-	192,042,900
	_	Boote C.	=	101,102,2	=	140,100,1		1/0/7/0/0	=	172,072,000
Business-type Activities:				100 100 1000						
Clean Air Store/CNG fueling station	_	1,437		45,055		89,947		97,424	_	123,625
Total business-type activities program revenues	_	1,437		45,055		89,947		97,424	_	123,625
Total primary government program revenues	s <u></u>	205,337,876	\$ =	161,755,054	\$	143,220,096	\$	175,587,462	\$=	192,166,525
Net (Expense) Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$	27,306,147		(26,150,038)		(27,692,702)	\$	11,567,762	\$	19,813,365
Business-type activities	_	(370)		(36,858)		(63,536)		(68,373)	-	(78,816
Total primary government net (expenses) revenue	s	27,305,777 \$	5 =	(26,186,896)	\$	(27,756,238)	\$	11,499,389	\$_	19,734,549
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets										
Governmental Activities:										
Grants and subventions - restricted to non-specific										
stationary source programs	S	2,956,739 \$	5	2,965,584	\$	2,962,415	\$	2,964,713	\$	2,962,539
Mobile sources - restricted to non-specific mobile		TV								
source programs		6,285,053		5,621,411		6,229,842		6,282,933		-
Interest		1,605,953		1,547,626		845,849		1,273,901		2,887,395
Lease revenue		231,099		348,743		372,707		338,961		364,326
Penalties/settlement	9	4,559,936		5,795,147		12,232,181		11,295,895		16,074,370
Subscriptions		55,628		46,565		36,301		29,512		19,214
Other		760,551		407,016		799,732		2,992,685		545,430
Transfers	_	(25,000)	_	(608,476)	_	-		-	_	16,595
Total governmental activities		16,429,959		16,123,616		23,479,027		25,178,600		22,869,869
Business-type Activities Interest					-	1 112	-			
Transfers		25,000		609 176		1,112		-		(16.505
Total business-type activities	_	25,000 25,000	_	608,476	-	1,112			_	(16,595
Total primary government revenue	s	16,454,959 \$	5	16,732,092	s	23,480,139	\$	25,178,600	s —	22,853,274
					=		=		=	
Change in Net Assets					Co.	(A 212 (7E)	2	26216262	0	42,683,233
Governmental activities	\$	43,736,106 \$	5	(10,026,422)	2	(4,213,675)	P	36,746,362	D.	42,000,200
	s 	43,736,106 \$ 24,630	· _	(10,026,422) 571,618	2	(62,424)	Φ_	(68,373)	٠ -	(95,411

Fund Balances of Government Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

			1997	1998		1999	2000	2001	2002	75	2003	2004	2005	100		2006
<b>5</b> 1	General Fund Reserved Unreserved	↔ '	20,390,490 \$	23,247,196	363		4,985,280 \$ 20,491,915				7,616,882 \$	7,732,923 \$	- 1	4,778,503 \$		4,841,814 56,475,321
Ic	Total general fund	<del>,</del> "	38,615,179 \$	40,255,559 \$	- 11	41,709,185 \$	25,477,195 \$	33,603,285		44,120,390 \$	44,794,010 \$	41,442,014 \$		49,801,681 \$		61,317,135
A	All Other Governmental Funds															
,	Reserved	€9	•		<del>59</del>	\$	· ·	-	\$ 82,39	8,441 \$	82,398,441 \$ 75,231,282 \$ 70,495,534 \$ 78,570,628	70,495,534	78,570	3,628	0,	91,723,747
73	Unreserved, reported in:															
,	Special revenue funds		45,646,129	43,597,523	523	47,643,548	84,472,743	175,866,922	126,511,697		122,728,691	125,236,025	145,382,341	2,341	1	162,143,706
	Capital Projects funds		1		1	76,840	,	4			1					r
To	Total all other governmental funds	↔	\$ 45,646,129 \$ 43,597,523 \$ 47,720,388 \$	3, 43,597,	523 \$		84,472,743 \$	84,472,743 \$ 175,866,922 \$ 208,910,138 \$ 197,959,973 \$ 195,731,559 \$	\$ 208,91	0,138 \$	197,959,973 \$	195,731,559	\$ 223,952,969 \$	\$ 6965		253,867,453

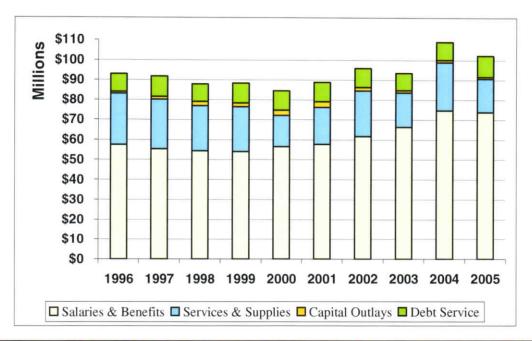
## SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT Schedule 4 Changes in Fund Balances of Government Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year	ear				
Revenues:	1997	1998	1999	0000	1000	0000	6			
Emission fees	\$ 21.471.830	\$ 21.497.065	\$ 20 387 407	\$ 24 755 98E	24 24 0 0 40	2002	1	ı	1	1
Annual operating fees	22,759,235		23,601,408	23.127.214	23,106,243	26,342,903	27 422 224	497,850		\$ 33,582,422
Permit fees	5,489,596	6,379,855	6.162.848	8 925 225	9 9 18 394	12 001 140	100,324,12	528,104,02	718,078,07	30,991,226
Clean fuel / Mobile / Stationary Sources	46,707,508	48,105,783	52,380,059	53.517.207	53 876 089	25,000,000	010,11,01	1,202,030	14,114,680	14,765,144
Emission reduction fees					17 223 928	000 005 6	100,342,007	174,171,80	65,197,128	82,389,525
Air Toxics	3,153,185	1,452,413	1.098.478	1 233 376	4 759 000	443,000	0004,400	3/3/000		
Transportation	1,057,499	602,159	771,013	717.368	649 664	664 733	960,070,1	7429,658	1,614,851	1,186,492
State subvention	3,035,134	2,965,942	2.960.026	2 962 521	R 080 854	004,700	877'000	748,006	869,554	895,194
Federal grant	4,527,415	4,080,561	3,540,119	4 722 731	4 201 547	6 534 263	4,384,638	4,021,970	4,024,268	4,022,094
State grant				1,725,731	4,501,04,5	202,150,0	6,005,869	8,443,715	6,988,187	5,876,040
Interest	5,322,164	5.574.096	5 755 521	5 038 718	020,042,020	40,707,602	6,666,447	10,425,742	11,253,989	6,514,346
Lease revenue	371,065	124.454	158 917	110 060	0,048,230	9,070,807	6,384,743	3,678,244	5,444,958	12,087,846
Source test/analysis fees	224.956	261 412	100,001	112,303	141,172	231,099	348,743	372,707	338,961	364,326
Hearing Board	302.301	374 061	343,072	0/8/87	258,535	308,169	382,502	342,909	321,526	401,487
Penalties/settlements	1.602.509	2 534 038	3 217 263	118,202	427,769	319,969	276,677	373,924	251,212	655,553
Contracts	11.323	13.757	11,000	100,200,4	77,180,727	4,583,093	5,795,147	12,232,181	36,295,895	16,074,370
Subscriptions	180,511	112,230	98,258	64.236	63 113	86 898	46 565	100 00	0	
Reclaim & executive order mitigation						18 524 066	000,04	36,301	21,62	19,214
Contributions	718,838	1,347,834	588,855	535,463		000,420,01	020,187	980,109	172,526	842,214
Other revenue	1,010,556	9,026,901	3,112,065	12,923,404	6.826.109	13.053.128	14 602 070	R 189 453	G 04E 74G	V000 000 F
lotal revenues	117,945,625	126,991,961	124,380,051	144,449,080	231,207,212	222,001,083	178,442,091	166,609,176	202,774,329	214.896.173
Expenditures:										
	55,391,589	54,400,689	53,982,139	56,450,869	57,712,043	61.650.177	66 242 716	74 539 634	79 701 697	77 959 040
Insurance	825,800	788,917	961,746	1,002,590	963,050	1.034.296	1 031 651	1 110 014	1 044 640	1 4 600 , 1
Hent	1,263,120	1,188,716	1,115,376	1,202,269	1.078.350	721.083	725 320	709 158	783 674	776 430
Supplies & merchandise purchased	2,714,061	2,750,937	2,475,922	2,487,057	2.845.119	3.024.880	3 093 574	2 045 772	000,000	0 0 1 4 0 4 4 0 0 0
Contract and special services	23,445,209	29,638,831	27,854,429	31,456,841	36.764.224	74 035 983	00 410 200	74 643 072	200,000,000	449,4777
Maintenance	1,037,360	870,240	925,734	794.871	786.547	979 146	002,014,00	0,00,010,1	107,108,07	600,000,000
I ravel and auto	393,770	418,433	462,841	457,998	446.901	437.566	452 749	445 745	420,024	478.050
Offittes	1,388,202	1,259,348	1,116,489	1,152,793	1.203.225	1 633 992	1 863 243	1 482 770	100,000	4 000 4 4
Communications	634,538	597,709	673,373	772,237	589.937	527.902	524 011	863 238	401,130	40,000,1
Settlement expense	200,000	310,000					0.50	0001000	100'-01	403,000
Oncollectione accounts	197,197	271,068	199,678	225,396	156,094	100.779	121.849	374 719	210 871	(78 037)
Capital cutton	16,490,163	16,353,414	16,588,759	15,925,973	16,122,103	22,016,693	4.289.650	4.201.304	(815,944)	933 008
Debt service:	1,400,168	2,633,998	2,440,548	2,188,225	3,166,714	2,656,041	1,393,713	2,135,572	1,010,373	1,130,264
Principal	4.803.780	10 020 493	5 101 064	0 20 20 3	000					
Interest	5,552,231	5,506,960	4.905.462	4 475 778	4 170 347	2,737,655	6,025,000	6,040,000	6,350,000	7,510,000
Total expenditures	115,737,188	127,009,753	118,803,560	123,928,715	131,686,943	178,415,762	188.718.636	172.189.586	166 193 252	173 482 830
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)										
expenditures	2,208,437	(17,792)	5,576,491	20,520,365	99,520,269	43,585,321	(10,276,545)	(5,580,410)	36.581.077	41.413.343
Other financing sources (uses);										
Transfer in	70,000			21 408 545	004 050	077	0000	4 4 4		
Transfer out	(70,000)	(390,434)		(21,406,545)	(291,950)	(572,149)	7,398,853	14,700,000	291,950	105,095
Total other financing sources (uses)		(390,434)				(25,000)	(000,000,1)	, , , , , , , ,	(008,185)	16.595
Net change in fund balances	\$ 2,208,437	\$ (408,226)	\$ 5,576,491	\$ 20,520,365	\$ 99,520,269 \$	43,560,321	\$ (10,276,545)	\$ (5,580,410) \$	36,581,077	\$ 41,429,938
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	0 1%	40 64	000							
		0.0.3	0.0%	8.1%	1.7%	2.5%	4.7%	5.3%	6.4%	7.4%

### Schedule 5

Expenditures by Major Object General Fund (Budgetary Basis) Last Ten Fiscal Years

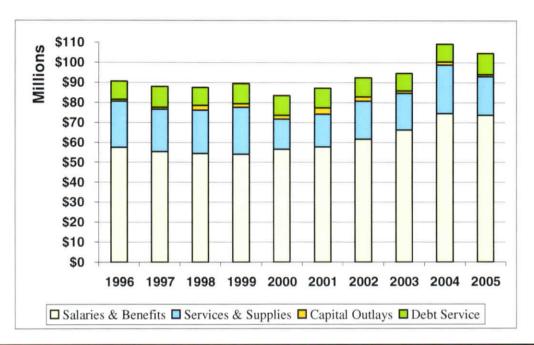


	Salaries &	Services &	Capital		
Year	Benefits	Supplies	Outlays	Debt Service	<b>Total Expenditures</b>
1996	\$ 57,394,804	\$ 25,567,685	\$ 971,499	\$ 9,061,432	\$ 92,995,420
1997	55,391,589	24,694,376	1,377,936	10,356,011	91,819,912
1998	54,400,689	22,365,484	2,139,131	8,981,803	87,887,107
1999	53,982,139	22,428,955	1,916,009	10,006,526	88,333,629
2000	56,450,869	15,541,026	2,639,293	9,857,197	84,488,385
2001	57,712,043	18,438,222	2,778,896	9,852,641	88,781,802
2002	61,650,177	22,773,687	1,859,416	9,554,569	95,837,849
2003	66,242,716	17,275,182	1,155,130	8,827,384	93,500,412
2004	74,539,634	24,273,579	1,266,240	8,954,873	109,034,326
2005	73,791,627	16,803,682	949,713	10,636,541	102,181,563

### Notes:

- The 2000 and 2002 variances in Debt Service between the Budgetary Basis and the GAAP Basis relate to prior-year encumbrances for lease payments on cargo vans.
- The increase in Salaries & Benefits between 2003 and 2004 is due to rising retirement rates.
- The increase in Services & Supplies between 2003 and 2004 relates to \$3M in litigation expense

### Schedule 6 Expenditures by Major Object General Fund (GAAP Basis) Last Ten Fiscal Years



	Salaries &	Services &	Capital		Total
Year	Benefits	Supplies	Outlays	Debt Service	Expenditures
1996	\$ 57,394,804	\$ 23,121,644	\$ 962,396	\$ 9,061,432	\$ 90,540,276
1997	55,391,589	21,214,777	999,917	10,356,011	87,962,294
1998	54,400,689	21,702,940	2,353,895	8,981,803	87,439,327
1999	53,982,139	23,638,243	1,743,935	10,006,526	89,370,843
2000	56,450,869	15,238,185	1,914,777	9,811,596	83,415,427
2001	57,712,043	16,517,122	2,998,691	9,852,641	87,080,497
2002	61,650,177	18,967,367	2,142,659	9,597,224	92,357,427
2003	66,242,716	18,352,510	1,151,786	8,827,384	94,574,396
2004	74,539,634	24,245,021	1,490,545	8,954,873	109,230,073
2005	73,791,627	19,191,298	942,278	10,636,541	104,561,744

### Notes:

- The 2000 and 2002 variances in Debt Service between the Budgetary Basis and the GAAP Basis relate to prior-year encumbrances for lease payments on cargo vans.
- The increase in Salaries & Benefits between 2003 and 2004 is due to rising retirement rates.
- The increase in Services & Supplies between 2003 and 2004 relates to \$3M in litigation expense for

# SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT Schedule 7 Debt Capacity Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita amount)

		Per	Capita (b)	Ç	2	13	=	10	10	6	8	12	Ξ	10
		ш	Cap	6	Ð									
	Percentage	of Total	Revenues (a)	925 079/	0/16.022	212.27%	185.36%	179.23%	156.72%	134.49%	132.50%	187.48%	166.37%	145.17%
	Total	Primary	Government	\$108 OEB	000,0614	189,086	168,348	158,777	149,210	138,391	128,853	198,498	187,862	175,186
	Iment			\$00	000				•	,	,		٠	•
ies	Equipment Instal	Purchase	Agreement											
Governmental Activities	Pension	Obligation	Bonds	875 563	000,0	73,575	70,508	67,443	64,376	61,310	58,243	133,778	129,201	122,585
	Installment Sale	Revenue	Bonds	\$122 406	00-111-0	115,511	97,840	91,334	84,834	77,081	70,610	64,720	58,661	52,601
		Fiscal	Year	1997		1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006

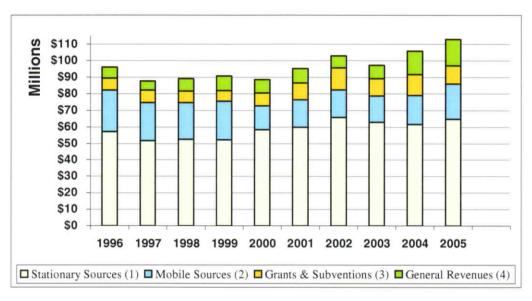
The South Coast Air Quality Management District is a regional government and is not authorized to issue long-term debt (General Obligation Bonds). outstanding debt owed the San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association. The South Coast Air Quality Management District has no secured by annual lease payments from the South Coast Air Quality Management District. The Pension Obligation Bonds are refunding bonds of The Installment Sale Revenue Bonds were issued by the South Coast Air Quality Management District Building Corporation (a component unit), long-term debt limits.

(a) These percentages are calculated using Total Revenues, Schedule 8 on page 78.

<sup>(</sup>b) See Schedule 13 on page 86 for population data.



### Schedule 8 Revenues by Major Source General Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years



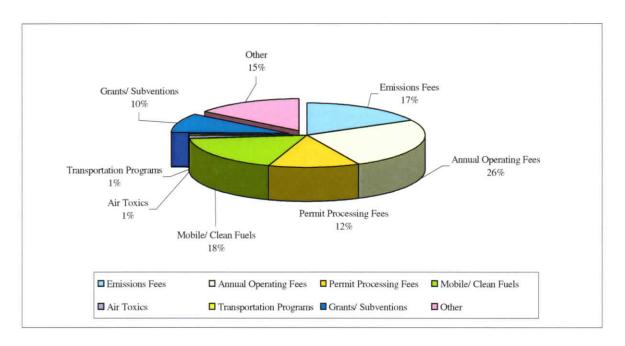
Year	Stationary Sources (1)	Mobile Sources (2)	Grants & Subventions (3)	General Revenues (4)	Total Revenues
1996	\$ 57,167,782	\$ 24,953,462	\$ 7,282,945	\$ 6,594,004	\$ 95,998,193
1997	51,675,393	22,903,017	7,562,549	5,510,088	87,651,047
1998	52,437,988	22,106,384	7,046,503	7,488,832	89,079,707
1999	52,179,703	23,259,971	6,500,145	8,884,650	90,824,469
2000	58,401,760	14,291,583	7,685,252	8,211,387	88,589,982
2001	59,741,735	16,520,766	10,271,201	8,672,885	95,206,587
2002	65,737,827	16,557,487	13,391,051	7,213,167	102,899,532
2003	62,835,710	15,866,701	10,400,508	8,145,097	97,248,016
2004	61,461,482	17,488,127	12,641,698	14,286,770	105,878,077
2005	64,613,635	21,311,536	11,065,286	15,930,954	112,921,411

- (1) Includes Emissions, Annual Operating, Permit, Air Toxics, Source Test/Analysis, and Hearing Board fees
- (2) Includes AB2766 Mobile Source, Clean Fuels, and Transportation Program revenues
- (3) Includes State Subventions, State Grants and Federal Grants
- (4) Includes Penalties & Settlements, Interest, Lease Revenue, Other Revenue and Subscriptions

### Notes:

- The decrease in Mobile Sources revenue in 2000 is due to the creation of a special Clean Fuels fund in September 1999 once the funding was re-authorized.
- The increase in 2001 and 2002 Grants & Subventions revenue relates to supplemental compliance grants and the increase in 2004 is associated with one-time Federal pass-through funds for the Green Airport Initiative.
- The increase in General Revenues in 2004 relates to a substantial penalty settlement.
- The increase in Stationary Source revenue in 2005 relates to a permit processing fee increase, additional expedited

### Schedule 9 Revenues by Fee Source General Fund FY 2005-06



			Fee Sour	ce Revenue					
Year	Emissions Fees	Annual Operating Fees	Permit Processing Fees	Mobile/ Clean Fuels	Air Toxics	Transportation Programs	Grants/ Subventions	Other	Total
1996	\$ 24,177,360	\$ 22,860,880	\$ 7,595,763	\$ 22,636,795	\$1,729,752	\$ 2,316,667	\$ 7,282,945	\$7,398,031	\$ 95,998,193
1997	21,471,830	22,759,235	5,489,596	21,845,518	1,416,152	1,057,499	7,562,549	6,048,668	87,651,047
1998	21,497,065	22,539,400	6,379,855	21,504,225	1,372,438	602,159	7,046,503	8,138,062	89,079,707
1999	20,387,407	23,601,408	6,162,848	22,488,958	1,480,226	771,013	6,500,145	9,432,464	90,824,469
2000	24,755,365	23,127,214	8,925,225	13,574,215	1,033,004	717,368	7,685,252	8,772,339	88,589,982
2001	24,318,240	23,106,793	9,918,394	15,871,102	1,712,004	649,664	10,271,201	9,359,189	95,206,587
2002	23,542,903	26,192,638	13,961,148	15,892,754	1,413,000	664,733	13,391,051	7,841,305	102,899,532
2003	20,118,430	27,422,331	13,111,610	15,178,423	1,524,160	688,278	10,400,508	8,804,276	97,248,016
2004	19,497,850	28,487,923	11,202,036	16,740,121	1,556,840	748,006	12,641,698	15,003,603	105,878,077
2005	19,434,549	28,876,817	14,114,680	20,441,982	1,614,851	869,554	11,065,286	16,503,692	112,921,411

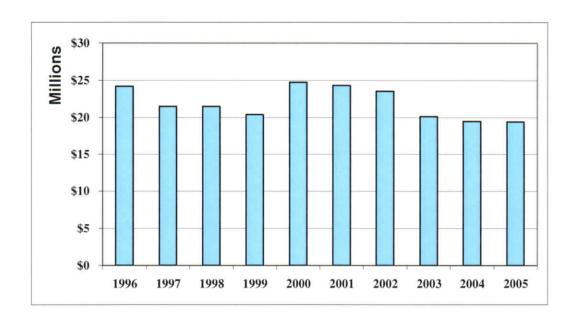
### Notes:

- Other includes Penalties and Settlements, Interest, Source Test/Analysis Fees, Lease Revenue, Hearing Board, Other Revenue and Subscriptions
- The increase in Other Revenues in 2004 relates to a substantial penalty settlement.
- The increase in Stationary Source revenue in 2005 relates to a permit processing fee increase, additional expedited permit processing fees, and an increase in permit processing fee adjustments over the prior year.
- Mobile Sources revenue increased in 2005 due to reimbursements for Clean Fuels projects and an increase in the number of registered vehicles.

### Source:

South Coast Air Quality Management District Audited Financial Statements

### SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT Schedule 10 Emission Fee Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years



Year	Emission Fees
1996	\$ 24,177,360
1997	21,471,830
1998	21,497,065
1999	20,387,407
2000	24,755,365
2001	24,318,240
2002	23,542,903
2003	20,118,430
2004	19,497,850
2005	19,434,549

### Notes:

The trend shows a continued reduction in emission fee revenues due to lower emissions as a result of additional emission controls placed on the Basin's emitters. The increase in emission fee revenues in fiscal years 2000-2002 relates to additional emission fee payments associated with the generation of increased emissions during the California energy crisis.

### **Notes Associated with Financial Charts**

### Schedule 5 - Expenditures by Major Object (General Fund Budgetary Basis)

- 2006 was the first year that both principal and interest expenditures were paid for 2004 Pension Obligation Bonds (POBs) issued late in FY 2003-04. (No principal was due for 2004 POBs in 2005).
- The increase in Salaries and Employee Benefits expenditures from 2005 to 2006 relates to labor contract adjustments implemented in 2006.
- Pension Obligation Bonds issued late in FY 2003-04 increased debt service expenditures in 2005.
- The increase in Services and Supplies between 2003 and 2004 relates to \$3M in litigation expense for enforcement and \$2M in one-time Federal pass-though funds for the Green Airport Initiative.
- The increase in Salaries and Benefits between 2003 and 2004 is due to rising retirement rates.
- The 2000 and 2002 variances in Debt Service between the Budgetary Basis and the GAAP Basis relate to prior-year encumbrances for lease payments on cargo vans.

### Schedule 6 - Expenditures by Major Object (General Fund GAAP Basis)

- 2006 was the first year that both principal and interest expenditures were paid for 2004 Pension Obligation Bonds (POBs) issued late in FY 2003-04. (No principal was due for 2004 POBs in 2005).
- The increase in Salaries and Employee Benefits expenditures from 2005 to 2006 relates to labor contract adjustments implemented in 2006.
- Pension Obligation Bonds issued late in FY 2003-04 increased debt service expenditures in 2005.
- The increase in Services and Supplies between 2003 and 2004 relates to \$3M in litigation expense for enforcement and \$2M in one-time Federal pass-though funds for the Green Airport Initiative.
- The increase in Salaries and Benefits between 2003 and 2004 is due to rising retirement rates.
- The 2000 and 2002 variances in Debt Service between the Budgetary Basis and the GAAP Basis relate to prior-year encumbrances for lease payments on cargo vans.

### Schedule 8 - Revenues by Major Source (General Fund)

- The increase in Stationary Sources Revenue in 2006 relates to the fee increase for Annual Operating Fees that took effect on July 1, 2005.
- General revenues increased in 2006 because the South Coast AQMD received several one-time large penalties/settlements from facilities that were found to be not in compliance with SCAQMD rules and regulations.
- Mobile Sources revenue increased in 2005 due to reimbursements for Clean Fuels projects and an increase in the number of registered vehicles.
- The increase in Stationary Source revenue in 2005 relates to a permit processing fee increase, additional expedited permit processing fees, and an increase in permit processing fee adjustments over the prior year.
- The increase in General Revenues in 2004 relates to a substantial penalty settlement.
- The increase in 2001 and 2002 Grants and Subventions revenue relates to supplemental compliance grants and the increase in 2004 is associated with one-time Federal pass-through funds for the Green Airport Initiative.
- The decrease in Mobile Sources revenue in 2000 is due to the creation of a special Clean Fuels fund in September 1999 once the funding was re-authorized.

### Schedule 9 - Revenues by Fee Source (General Fund)

- Other revenues increased in 2006 because the South Coast AQMD received several one-time large penalties/settlements from facilities that were found to be not in compliance with SCAQMD rules and regulations.
- Annual Operating Fees increased in 2006 due to the fee increase that took effect on July 1, 2005.
- Mobile Sources revenue increased in 2005 due to reimbursements for Clean Fuels projects and an increase in the number of registered vehicles.
- The increase in Stationary Source revenue in 2005 relates to a permit processing fee increase, additional expedited permit processing fees, and an increase in permit processing fee adjustments over the prior year.
- The increase in Other Revenues in 2004 relates to a substantial penalty settlement.

### Schedule 10 - Emission Fee Revenues

The trend shows a continued reduction in emission fee revenues due to lower emissions as a result of additional emission controls placed on the Basin's emitters. The small increase in 2006 is due to a fee increase that was effective July 1, 2005. The increase in emission fee revenues in fiscal years 2000-2002 relates to additional emission fee payments associated with the generation of increased emissions during the California energy crisis.

Revenue Capacity
Largest Payers of Emission-Based Fees at a Single Location
Current Year and Ten Years Ago

	Ĺ	FY 2005-06		ш	FY 1995-96	
Payer			% of Total			% of Total
	Payment	Rank	Emission Fees	Payment	Rank	<b>Emission Fees</b>
BP West Coast Products LLP* (formerly ARCO)	\$ 2,433,478	-	12.0%	\$ 2,767,707		11.77%
Chevron Products	2,239,435	2	11.1%	2,381,582	2	10.1%
ExxonMobil Corporation (formerly Mobil Oil Corporation)	1,782,362	8	8.8%	1,310,977	4	2.6%
Equilon Enterprises LLC Shell Oil Products* (formerly Texaco Refining)	991,451	4	4.9%	944,254	5	4.0%
ConocoPhillips* (formerly Union Oil)	983,834	2	4.9%	1,386,114	8	2.9%
Ultramar, Inc.	646,354	9	3.2%	612,943	7	2.6%
California Portland Cement	606,339	7	3.0%	920,383	9	3.9%
ConocoPhillips* (formerly Unocal Refining)	382,130	8	1.9%	604,661	8	2.6%
Rhodia, Inc.	274,845	6	1.4%			,
BP West Coast Products LLP* (formerly ARCO CQC Kiln)	255,127	10	1.3%	267,698	10	1.1%
Lasco Bathware	252,920	1	1.3%			
City of Long Beach, SERRF Project	178,580	12	0.9%			
Dart Container Corporation	173,053	13	%6.0	•		•
Southern California Gas Company	147,175	14	0.7%	170,573	16	0.7%
Paramount Petroleum Corporation	142,855	15	0.7%	181,172	14	0.8%
Anheuser-Busch, Inc.	135,840	16	0.7%			
Ball Metal Beverage Container Corporation	116,811	17	%9.0			,
Los Angeles County Sanitation District	105,525	18	0.5%			
City of Los Angeles, DWP*	102,518	19	0.5%	171,153	15	0.7%
Colmac Energy, Inc.	100,921	20	0.5%			•
Owens-Brockway Glass Container				379,018	6	1.6%
Southern California Edison*				255,283	Ξ	1.1%
Southern California Edison*				198,678	12	0.8%
City of Los Angeles, DWP*				196,010	13	0.8%
Reynolds Metals Company	2002			160,042	17	0.7%
Avery Dennison				149,574	18	%9.0
Equilon Enterprises* (formerly Shell Oil Products)				143,947	19	%9.0
TABC, Inc.	5.●0			133,282	20	%9.0
Total Paid by Largest Payers at a Single Location	\$ 12,051,553		%9.69	\$ 13,335,051	I	26.7%
Total Emissions-based Fees Paid by All Emitters	\$ 20,229,322			\$ 23,521,174		

Located at separate sites.

### KEY AIR QUALITY AND DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION REGARDING THE REGION INCLUDED IN THE SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

The South Coast Air Quality Management District includes all of Orange County and parts of Los Angeles, Riverside and San Bernardino Counties. The section below provides a brief description of each county.

Measuring 4,084 square miles, *Los Angeles County* is one of the nation's largest counties. It is the most populated county in the state of California and contains the most populated city in the state, the City of Los Angeles. Before World War II, Los Angeles County was one of the nation's foremost agricultural producers. As agricultural production declined, the economy has evolved into diverse areas that include trade, transportation, and utilities, government, educational and health services, professional and business services, and manufacturing. Tourism and entertainment as well as international trade also play a vital role in the county's economy. The county is home to the twin seaports of Los Angeles and Long Beach, together the nation's largest, as well as the single largest fixed source of air pollution in the region. The two ports are responsible for more smog-forming nitrogen oxide emissions than 6 million cars.

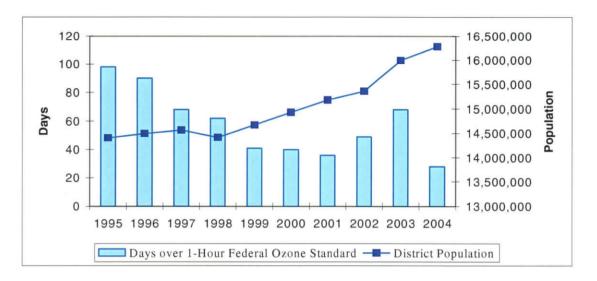
*Orange County* is the second most populated county in the state and lies south of Los Angeles County. When created in 1889, Orange County was named for its abundance of orange groves and thriving agricultural industry. Today, the largest industry employers are trade, transportation, and utilities, professional and business services, and manufacturing.

The varied topography of *Riverside County* is characterized by fertile river valleys to rolling plains and foothills to deserts below sea level and mountain peaks above 10,000 feet. Recent years have brought dramatic population growth to Riverside County. Between 1980 and 1990, the number of residents grew by over 76% making Riverside the fastest growing county in California. The county's early years were linked to the agriculture industry, but commerce, construction, manufacturing, transportation, and tourism have contributed to the county's substantial growth. The County is also a major distribution center for Southern California and the Pacific Rim.

Roughly 90 percent of *San Bernardino County* is desert and the remaining portion consists of the San Bernardino Valley and San Bernardino Mountains. San Bernardino County and Riverside County are collectively known as the Inland Empire. San Bernardino ranks as the fourth-highest populated county in California and is projected to be home to more than 2.8 million residents by 2020, an increase of 65 percent over current figures. The economy is led by services, government, retail trade, and manufacturing industries. Additionally, the county consistently ranks in the top fifteen agricultural-producing counties in the state.

All four counties within the South Coast Air Quality Management District's jurisdiction have experienced significant population growth in the last few years. The following charts illustrate air pollution, demographic, employment, and motor vehicle information relating to the South Coast Air Quality Management District region.

### Schedule 12 South Coast Air Basin Smog Trend Last Ten Calendar Years



Year	Days over 1-Hour Federal Ozone Standard	District Population
1995	98	14,410,318
1996	90	14,497,361
1997	68	14,570,394
1998	62	14,418,809
1999	41	14,676,671
2000	40	14,934,529
2001	36	15,184,359
2002	49	15,362,284
2003	68	15,997,078
2004	28	16,284,400

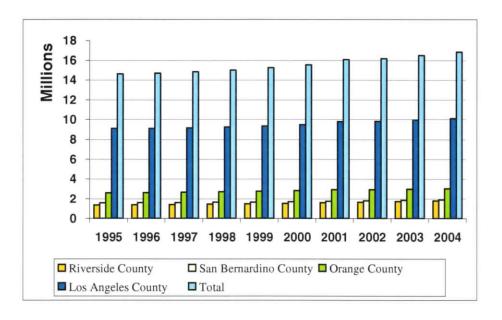
### Notes:

- The average number of days in the Basin exceeding the federal standard over the three-year period of 1999-01 decreased by 80% for ozone and by 97% for carbon monoxide from the 1976-78 period.
- The average number of days in the Basin exceeding the federal PM10 standard decreased by 86% between the 1985-87 and 1999-01 periods.
- Favorable weather conditions and continued implementation of the air pollution control strategy contributed to the significant decrease in Days over the 1-Hour Ozone Standard from 2003 to 2004.

### Sources

South Coast Air Quality Management District (www.aqmd.gov); State Subvention Guidance Package

### Schedule 13 Four-County Area Population Last Ten Calendar Years



Year	Riverside County	San Bernardino County	Orange County	Los Angeles County	Total	% Increase
1995	1,365,500	1,573,900	2,590,100	9,103,900	14,633,400	0.50%
1996	1,391,800	1,590,800	2,625,300	9,104,700	14,712,600	0.54%
1997	1,420,600	1,613,500	2,672,800	9,147,100	14,854,000	0.96%
1998	1,451,400	1,637,900	2,724,500	9,225,800	15,039,600	1.25%
1999	1,490,500	1,666,600	2,776,100	9,330,100	15,263,300	1.49%
2000	1,533,800	1,701,700	2,829,800	9,487,400	15,552,700	1.90%
2001	1,609,400	1,764,300	2,925,700	9,802,800	16,102,200	3.53%
2002	1,645,300	1,788,500	2,930,500	9,817,400	16,181,700	0.49%
2003	1,719,000	1,842,100	2,975,400	9,966,200	16,502,700	1.98%
2004	1,807,858	1,897,950	3,022,613	10,107,451	16,835,872	2.02%

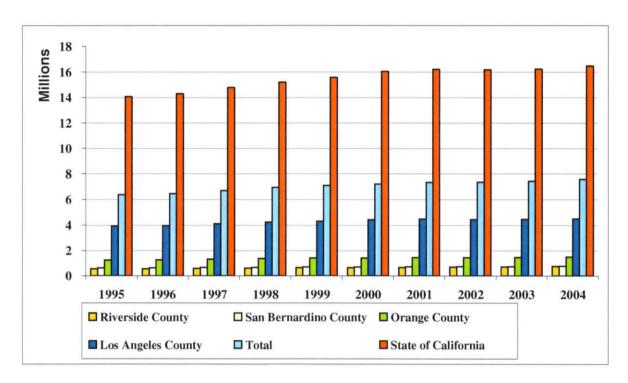
### Notes:

### Source:

California Department of Finance - Demographic Research Unit

The AQMD encompasses all of Orange County and parts of the Los Angeles, Riverside, and San Bernardino Counties, representing over 16 million residents.

Los Angeles, Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino Counties, and State of California Civilian Employment Last Ten Calendar Years



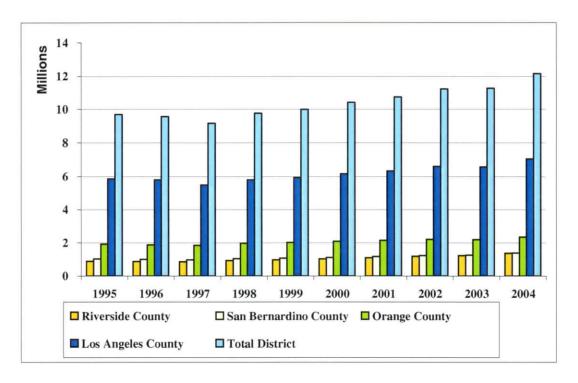
Year	Riverside County	San Bernardino County	Orange County	Los Angeles County	Total	State of California
1995	549,900	622,500	1,254,400	3,938,600	6,365,400	14,062,400
1996	563,100	634,300	1,280,400	3,967,800	6,445,600	14,303,500
1997	589,600	658,600	1,328,200	4,117,000	6,693,400	14,780,800
1998	615,900	680,100	1,385,300	4,246,100	6,927,400	15,203,700
1999	653,600	712,600	1,422,100	4,309,400	7,097,700	15,566,900
2000	644,500	704,200	1,429,500	4,427,800	7,206,000	16,034,100
2001	671,600	724,100	1,452,000	4,483,000	7,330,700	16,217,500
2002	701,400	741,100	1,453,500	4,446,100	7,342,100	16,165,100
2003	731,300	756,500	1,481,700	4,447,800	7,417,300	16,223,500
2004	763,800	790,200	1,518,900	4,494,000	7,566,900	16,459,900

### Sources:

<sup>-</sup> The ten-year trend data included in this chart has been updated to incorporate the most current State of California Employment Development Department statistics.

### Schedule 15

Vehicle Registrations (Automobiles & Trucks)
For Four County Area
Last Ten Calendar Years



	Riverside	San	Orange	Los Angeles	
Year	County	Bernardino	County	County	Total District
1995	891,894	1,020,972	1,917,597	5,853,340	9,683,803
1996	873,251	1,007,310	1,874,855	5,791,836	9,547,252
1997	854,963	971,743	1,850,067	5,474,649	9,151,422
1998	928,902	1,040,583	1,983,612	5,796,505	9,749,602
1999	972,920	1,070,746	2,019,066	5,926,920	9,989,652
2000	1,038,067	1,118,158	2,091,397	6,155,565	10,403,187
2001	1,100,221	1,168,442	2,140,909	6,323,102	10,732,674
2002	1,182,492	1,238,451	2,207,172	6,595,178	11,223,293
2003	1,221,720	1,266,233	2,196,060	6,578,648	11,262,661
2004	1,365,087	1,391,982	2,346,741	7,044,975	12,148,785

### Notes:

### Source:

The AQMD encompasses all of Orange County, and parts of Los Angeles, Riverside, and San Bernardino Counties. Paid vehicle registrations within the AQMD jurisdiction is approximately 11.9 million for 2004.

Full-time Equivalent AQMD Employees by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of June 30									
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
FUNCTION:										
Executive Office	5	5	9	8	15	9	8	11	11	11
Clerk of the Boards	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	6	6	6
District Counsel	13	13	12	12	11	10	11	10	10	10
District Prosecutor	16	17	18	16	14	22	23	23	22	21
Finance	37	38	43	43	43	45	46	44	45	43
Administrative & Human Resources	48	46	33	34	33	37	37	34	34	34
Information Management	42	44	43	47	46	46	48	47	45	45
Planning, Rule Development & Area										
Sources	87	87	131	104	93	99	116	116	110	108
Public Affairs	45	42	41	64	59	52	42	36	34	36
Science & Technology Advancement	119	115	118	121	130	142	141	136	132	136
Engineering & Compliance	<u>309</u>	303	<u>268</u>	<u>270</u>	<u>279</u>	303	<u>295</u>	<u>289</u>	<u>284</u>	<u>293</u>
Total	727	716	722	725	729	771	772	752	733	743

Source: Administrative and Human Resources (vacancy and item control reports)

### Schedule 17

### Operating Indicators by Function Last Six Fiscal Years

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	<u>2006</u>
Program Category						
Advance Clean Air Technology						
Contracts awarded	158	287	411	211	263	180
Total Funding awarded	\$ 33,713,906	\$ 96,287,361	\$ 74,782,923	\$ 36,644,126	\$ 54,723,323	\$ 79,893,504
Ensure Compliance with Clean Air Rules						
Inspections	42,386	45,440	50,868	48,898	45,702	35,161
Notices of Violations	2,666	2,922	3,558	2,408	2,412	1,759
Hearing Board Orders for Abatement	n/a	47	74	58	81	61
Hearing Board Appeals	n/a	21	12	18	23	12
Customer Service						
Public Information Requests	9,967	5,615	7,257	5,555	5,477	4,956
Community/Public Meetings attended	112	72	84	53	92	118
Small Business Assistance Contacts	n/a	n/a	1,826	3,979	3,641	1,812
Develop Programs to Achieve Clean Air						
Transportation Plans processed	1,460	1,360	1,323	1,316	1,402	1,426
Emission Inventory Updates	272	642	289	126	359	229
Develop Rules to Achieve Clean Air						
Rules Developed	61	32	29	38	59	35
Monitoring Air Quality						
Samples Analyzed by the Laboratory	16,096	22,730	24,186	26,618	34,174	37,889
Source Testing Analyses/Evaluations/Reviews	533	484	649	752	706	598
Timely Review of Permits						
Applications Processed	11,975	17,844	10,925	10,406	11,459	9,747
Applications Received	10,970	11,086	10,138	10,431	10,996	9,222
Policy Support						
News releases	62	38	28	41	34	48
Media Calls	1,250	1,300	1,350	1,300	1,400	n/a
Media Inquiries Completed	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	268

### South Coast Air Quality Management District

### Demographic and Miscellaneous Statistics

Established:

February 1, 1977

Area Covered:

10,743 Square Miles

**Counties Included in District:** 

All of Orange County and parts of Los Angeles, Riverside, and

San Bernardino Counties

Population:

16,409,969 (In 2005)

**Transportation:** 

Two transcontinental railroads - Burlington Northern Santa Fe

and the Union Pacific

Six Commercial Airports – Los Angeles International, Burbank, Long Beach, Ontario International, Orange County,

and Palm Springs

Freeways - Three major interstate freeways including four

bypass routes, U.S. 101, and nine State freeway routes

Two major adjoining ports - Port of Long Beach and Port of

Los Angeles

**Visitor Destinations:** 

Disneyland, Knott's Berry Farm, Magic Mountain, motion

picture and television studios and the Rose Bowl

**Number of Registered Vehicles:** 

12,032,914 (In 2005)

**Average Daily Miles Traveled Per Vehicle:** 

29 (2005 data)

**Examples of Stationary Sources of** 

Air Pollution Regulated:

Oil Refineries, power plants, paint spray booths, incinerators, manufacturing facilities, dry cleaners, and service stations

**Number of Sources:** 

Over 27,000 operating locations with approximately 78,000

permits.

**Number of Air Monitoring Stations:** 

35

**SCAQMD Full-time Authorized** 

**Positions:** 

804

Adopted FY 2006-07 Budget:

\$119,123,676

Key Federal, State, and Local

Air Agencies:

EPA Region IX (Environmental Protection Agency), CARB (California Air Resources Board), CAPCOA (California Air Pollution Control Officer's Association), STAPPA (State and Territorial Air Pollution Program Administrators), ALAPCO (Association of Local Air Pollution Control Officials). There

are 35 local air pollution control districts in California.

### **Key Historical Dates in Southland Smog Control**

- 1945 City of Los Angeles establishes Bureau of Smoke Control.
- 1947 Governor Earl Warren signs AB 1, allowing county air pollution control districts (APCD). L.A. County establishes APCD requiring permits for all major industries.
- 1950 Orange County APCD established.
- 1955 Highest ozone level ever recorded in Southland .68 parts per million.
- 1955 Los Angeles APCD launches Smog Emergency Warning System.
- 1956 Los Angeles establishes first air quality monitoring network of 15 stations.
- 1957 San Bernardino and Riverside County APCDs formed.
- 1963 First Federal Clean Air Act enacted.
- 1967 California Air Resources Board (CARB) created. Federal Air Quality Act allows California to set and enforce more stringent auto standards than the rest of the nation.
- 1969 First state ambient air quality standards enacted.
- 1970 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency created. In 1970 the Federal Clean Air Act becomes a cornerstone of modern air pollution control.
- 1977 South Coast Air Quality Management District formed through merger of Los Angeles, Orange, Riverside, and San Bernardino APCDs.
- 1984 California's Smog Check program takes effect.
- 1987 AQMD establishes ridesharing requirements for region's employers.
- 1988 California Clean Air Act adopted. Last Stage 2 episode recorded.
- 1989 AQMD adopts first Air Quality Management Plan (AQMP) to show attainment of clean air standards.
- 1990 Federal Clean Air Act Amendments require new programs for smog, toxics and protection of the Earth's ozone layer.
- 1993 RECLAIM (REgional CLean Air Incentives Market) emissions trading program adopted.
- 1997 AQMD adopts Environmental Justice Initiatives.
- 1998 Multiple Air Toxics Exposure Study, largest of its kind in the nation, launched.
- 2000 AQMD adopts Air Toxics Control Plan and first series of Clean Fleet Rules.
- 2001 AQMD implements the State's Lower Emission School Bus Program.
- 2002 AQMD adopts phase-out of toxic chemical at dry cleaners.
- 2005 The Southland achieves federal carbon monoxide standards.



### South Coast Air Quality Management District

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www.aqmd.gov