## PROPOSED AMENDED REGULATION III PUBLIC CONSULTATION MEETING

# DRAFT





March 22, 2019

#### Agenda

- 1. Annual CPI-Based Fee Increase
  - Socioeconomic Impacts of CPI-Only Fee Increase
- 2. Proposed Rule Amendments with New Fees or Fee Increases
- 3. Proposed Amendments with No Fee Impacts and/or Administrative Changes
- 4. Next Steps
- 5. Open Discussion

## Annual Consumer Price Index-Based Fee Increase

- SCAQMD Fees annually updated automatically pursuant to Rule 320 to cover cost of inflation
  - Most recent CPI =3.5%
    - Based on 12/2017-12/2018 percent change in California CPI as defined by the state Dept. of Finance
  - SCAQMD Governing Board has option to forego the CPI-based fee increase

#### • Applicable to all fee rates in Reg. III

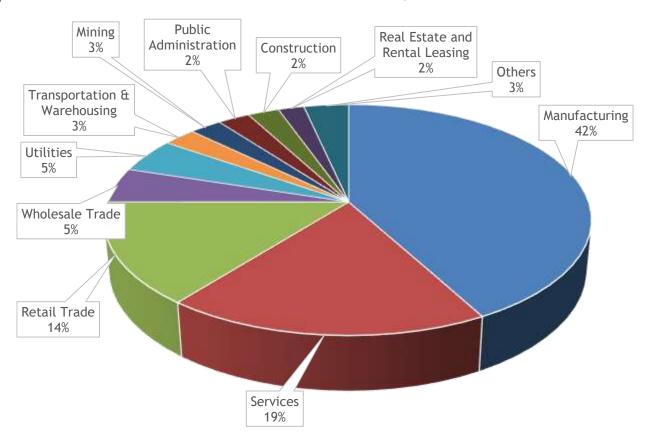
- Rules 301, 303, 304, 304.1, 306, 307.1, 308, 309, 311, 313, 314, 315
- Does not apply to:
  - Fee rates set by state law
  - Rule 311(c) Air Quality Investment Program Fees
    - Fees pay for programs to reduce emissions and do not support the SCAQMD Budget

#### • CPI Adjustment currently estimated to raise \$2.79 million

 Based on the Draft Socioeconomic Impact Assessment for Automatic CPI Increase (released March 15) (<u>http://www.aqmd.gov/nav/about/finance</u>)

#### Socioeconomic Impacts of CPI Increase

- Historical fee revenue:
  - Total flat fees and emission-based fees are estimated at \$17.7 million
  - Total permit processing and permit renewal fees are estimated at \$63.2 million
- The combined amount of these fees currently paid by each industry is small relative to the industry's regional economic output (less than 0.01% overall)



#### Share of Fees by Sector

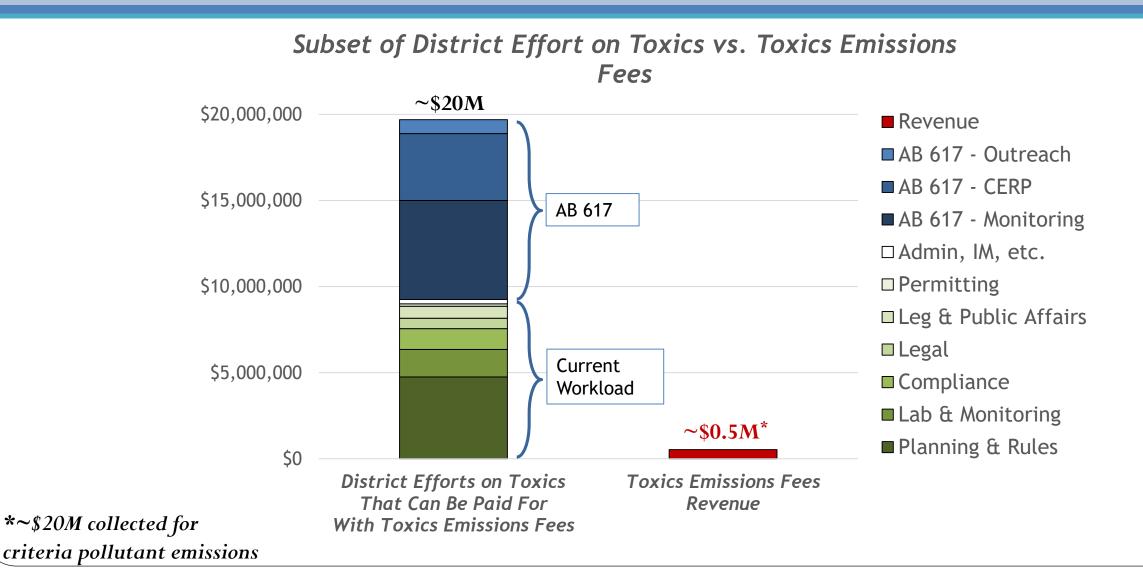
#### PROPOSED AMENDMENTS WITH FEE IMPACTS

- Proposed Amended Rule 301
- Proposed Amended Rule 308
- Proposed Amended Rule 309
- Proposed Amended Rule 209

## I.1: Toxics Emissions Fees - Rule 301(e)

- Proposed modifications to toxics emissions fees addresses two key issues
  - 1. Significant recent and anticipated upcoming District resources being allocated to addressing toxics emissions from stationary sources
    - Examples: toxic metals, fugitive hydrocarbons, new state health risk assessment guidance, AB 617
    - Currently level of toxics emissions fees collected does not cover this workload
  - 2. Structure of toxic emissions fees in Rule 301(e) does not correlate with recent and anticipated upcoming District workload
    - Workload most closely correlated to:
      - A. Toxicity of emissions from a facility, and
      - B. Complexity of emissions sources at a facility (e.g., # of devices)

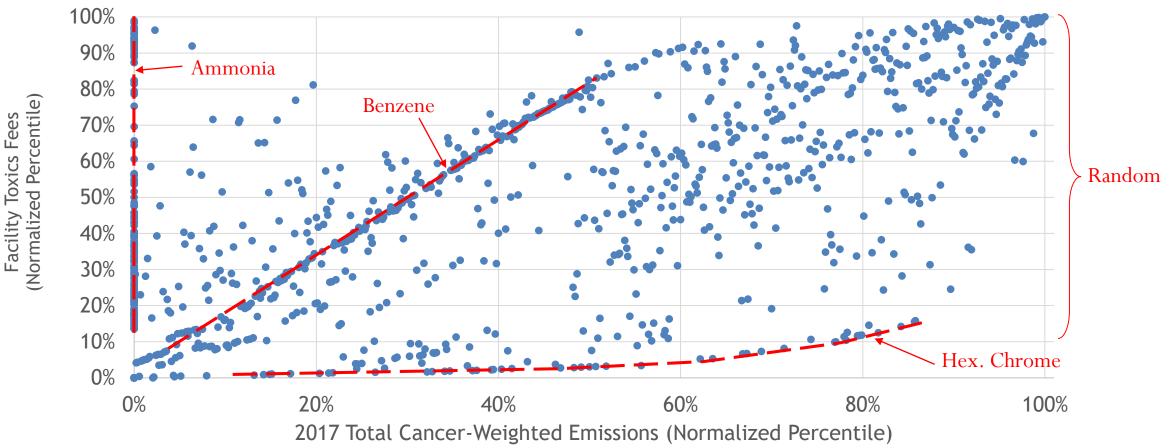
#### Toxic Emissions Fees - Issue 1 Recent and Upcoming District Effort vs. Toxics Emissions Fees



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#### Toxic Emissions Fees - Issue 2 Toxics Emissions Fee Structure Does Not Correlate with Workload

2017 Toxics Fees Paid by Each Facility vs. Toxics Emissions



## **Proposed Toxics Emissions Fees**

- 1) Introduce a new Base Toxics Fee to recover costs for basic functioning of toxics reporting program (software + minimal staffing)
  - \$78.03/facility if toxics reported
- 2) Introduce a new Flat Rate Device Fee to recover costs for staff  $\implies$  \$1.4M toxics inventory work

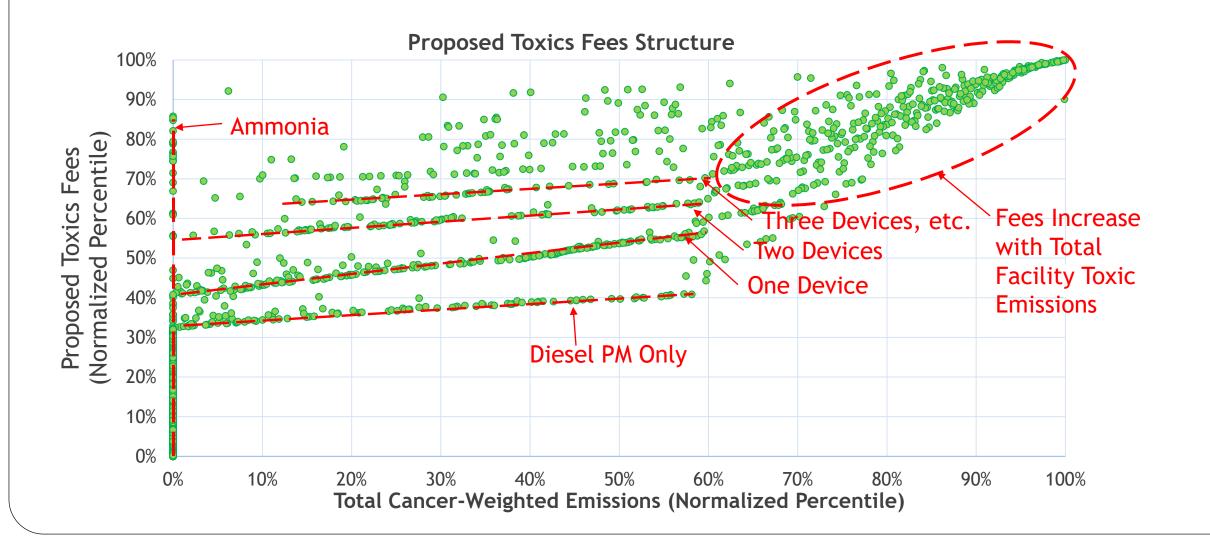
\$0.1M

\$3.4M

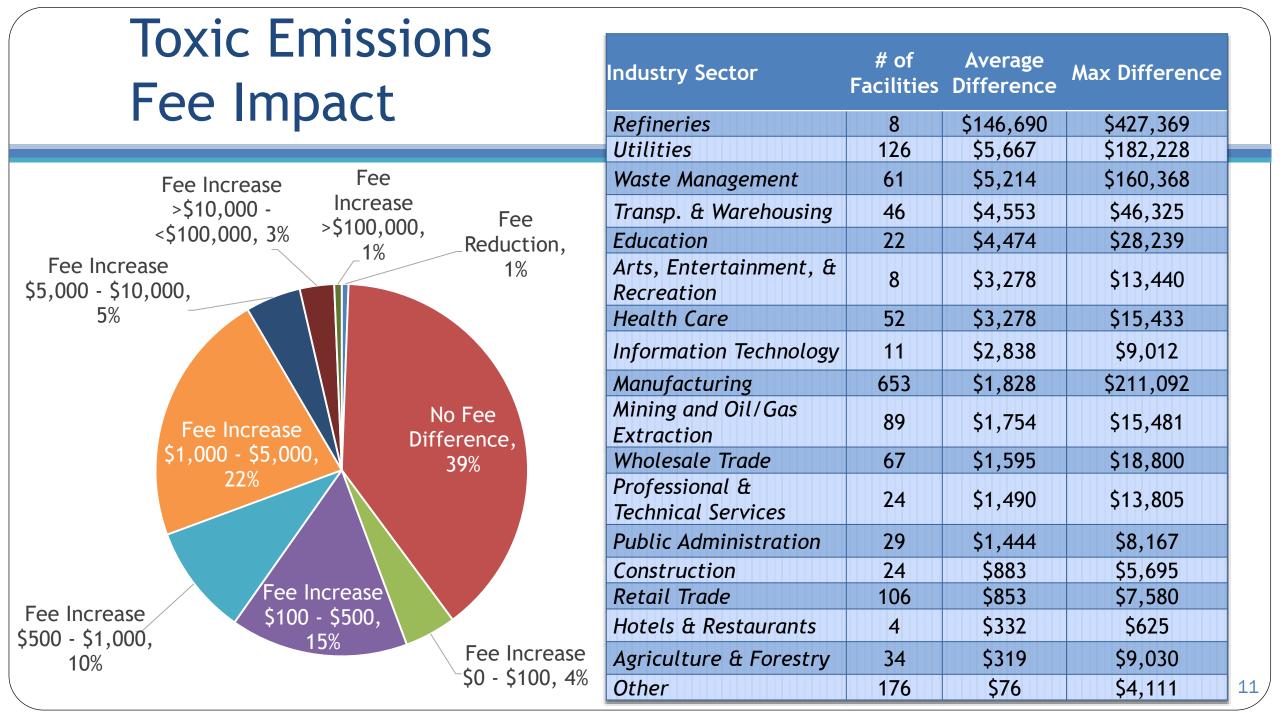
\*~\$4.4M higher than current fees

- \$341.89 per permitted device with toxics emissions
- Inventory workload highly correlated with number of devices
- 3) Introduce a new Cancer Potency-Weighted Fee to recover costs for staff enforcement and related efforts for higher toxicity facilities (AB 617, monitoring, source testing, rulemaking)
  - \$10 per cancer potency-weighted pound of toxics emissions
  - Add Diesel PM to the list of 21 common toxics that require fees
  - Ammonia and ozone depleters would not change

#### Results: Toxic Emissions Fee Structure Would Now Correlate with Impact and Workload



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## Proposed Toxics Emissions Fees - Timing

- Increase in proposed fees would begin January 1, 2021
  - Proposal would increase emissions fees revenue ~22%
    - Including both toxics and criteria pollutants
- Increase would be phased in over two years
- Due to fluctuating nature of toxics work, staff will revisit fee level in future and propose rebalancing up or down as necessary

#### I.2: Change of Owner/Operator Definition and Fee Cap

- There is currently no fee cap in Rule 301(c) for change of owner/operator fees for RECLAIM facilities listed in Table Fee Rate-C
  - Proposed new \$50,000 fee cap for RECLAIM or RECLAIM/Title V facilities
  - 23 facilities anticipated to benefit from the proposed fee cap
- Streamlined procedures for processing change of owner/operator applications allows for a lower cost recovery derived from fees
- Rule 209 currently states that mergers do not result in a transfer of owner/operator of a facility
  - Amendment makes rule more consistent with principles of California corporate law
- Rules 301(c) and 209

### I.3: Fee for Notifications - Rule 1118.1

- Rule 1118.1 (Non-Refinery Flares) passed in January 2019 requires several notifications (e.g., modifying a flare, etc.)
- A notification fee already exists in Rule 301(x) for Rules 1149, 1166, and 1466 at a current fee rate of \$65.12 (after most recent Rule 320 CPI increase of 3.5%).
- Proposed amendment would apply the same for 1118.1 notifications
  - Up to 50 affected facilities would result in \$3,500 in fee revenue annually
- Cost recovery is needed to recover regulatory costs for 1118.1 required notifications
- Rule 301(x)

### **I.4: Update Enforcement Inspection Fees for PERP**

- Proposed amendment would update enforcement inspection fees for Portable Equipment Registration Program (PERP)
- Proposed amended fees follow CARB's recently amended PERP regulation and updated fees table
  - Proposed increases based on SCAQMD staff workload
- Proposed inspection fees
  - \$115/hour, max of \$590/unit
  - \$90/unit for Tactical Support Equipment
  - \$60/hr additional fee for off-hour inspections
- Rule 301(w)(1), 301(w)(2)(A)(i), and 301(w)(3)

# I.5: Remove Fee for Adding/Deleting Site from a Multi-Site or Geographic Program

- Rule 2202 currently requires regulated entities to be charged a fee of \$176.63 when adding or deleting a worksite to a multi-site or geographic program per worksite being added or deleted
  - No extra work is required by staff to do this work, therefore staff is recommending that this fee be removed from Rule 308
- Annual decrease in fees expected to reduce revenue <\$1,000 total
- Rule 308(c)(2)(F)

### I.6: Asbestos Notifications and Table VI

- In Table VI clarify that the proposed \$25 fee applies to notifications changing the End Date to a <u>later</u> date only
  - Removes a disincentive for facilities to update notifications for completed asbestos removal and demolition projects, and reduces unnecessary inspector travel
  - Revenue loss (~\$300K) is offset by better utilization of Compliance staff time
- Eliminate fees for revisions for <u>earlier</u> End Date only, change the Revision to Notification fee (\$62.92) to match that of the Returned Check Fee (\$25.00), and in Table VI - Footnote 3, change "postmarked" to "received"
  - Most notifications now received electronically
- Remove references to Lead in Table VI
  - There is no Lead removal rule requiring notifications (i.e., SCAQMD does not regulate Lead paint removal)
- Rule 301(v) and Table VI

### **I.7: Align Inspection Fees**

- Rule 306(f) and 309(d) contain similar plan verifications with different fee descriptions [306(f) is \$7.16 higher than (309(d)]
  - 306(f) = Plan inspection fees, 309(d) = Rule 1610 Scrapping Plan inspection fees
  - Fees prior to 2014 were set to be equal given similar work
  - 3% fee increase in 2014 to permit and plan fees above typical CPI increase were inadvertently not applied to Rule 309
  - Proposing to once again set fees to be equal
- Rule 309(d)

## I.8: Clean Air Solvent Certification Fees

- Clean Air Solvent (CAS) and Clean Air Choices Cleaners (CACC) Certifications are voluntary programs that issue certificates to clean air solvents and cleaners
- Manufacturers can apply for certification, which is valid for five years (CAS) or three years (CACC), and can be renewed upon approval by SCAQMD
- Renewal fees not currently established in rule, therefore full certification fees apply
- New lower flat renewal fee proposed
  - One hour of staff time already in rule = \$135.77
- Rule 301(r) and (s)

## PROPOSED AMENDMENTS WITH NO FEE IMPACTS AND/OR ADMINISTRATIVE CHANGES

Proposed Amended Rule 301

#### II.1: Certified Copy Fees for Title V Facilities

- Consolidate certified copy and permit fees into a single section
  - Fees in (n)(7) currently have a flat fee & per-page fee that are lower than the current RECLAIM-only or Title V/RECLAIM flat fee in (l)(10)
  - This clarification will eliminate the discrepancy between the three fee references that should be identical.
- No fee impact will occur as a result of this amendment
- Rule 301(f)(1), 301(l)(10), 301(n)(7)

### II.2: Creation of 'Non-RECLAIM/Non-Title V' Facility Category

- Rule 301 Table VII specifies fees for holders of facility permits
  - Includes: Title V, RECLAIM, Title V/RECLAIM
- No category yet established for facilities exiting RECLAIM during sunset of program
- Proposing to add new 'Non-RECLAIM/Non-Title V' category at same fee level as RECLAIM facilities
- No fee impact will occur as a result of this amendment
- Rule 301(n), Table VII

# II.3: Remove Reference to Delek U.S. Holdings, Inc. (Paramount)

- Delek U.S. Holdings Inc. (Paramount) is not legally responsible for paying annual O&M fees on a local community monitoring system that will not be installed due to Paramount qualifying for an exemption from the Rule 1180 requirements
- No fee impact will occur as a result of this amendment
- Rule 301(aa)

# II.4: Change Reference to Rule 2002 (f)(7) to Rule 2002 (f)(8)

- Language in Rule 2002(f)(7) was moved to Rule 2002(f)(8)
- The reference in Rule 301(l)(16) needs to be revised to reflect current rule language in Rule 2002.
- No fee impact will occur as a result of this amendment
- Rule 301(l)(16)

# II.5: Clarification of Surcharge for Late Installment Fee Payments

- Rule 301(e)(11)(C) currently refers to the surcharge in Rule 301(e)(10) if an installment fee payment is late. Rule 301(e)(10) has several subsections applying to different conditions, so a clarification is intended to prevent confusion.
- The proposed amendment for 301(e)(11)(C) would specify that the Rule 301(e)(10)(B) surcharge schedule should be used.
- Subparagraph (e)(10)(B) would also be amended to recognize applicability of newly amended subparagraph (e)(11)(C).
- No fee impact will occur as a result of this amendment
- Rule 301(e)(10)(B) and (e)(11)(C)

#### II.6: Surcharge/Penalty Exemption for Emissions Developed from Source Tests Submitted for Approval

- AER late fee relief for Source Test under review
- Provides fee relief to owners/operators who have submitted timely source tests to the SCAQMD for approval, but the approval occurs after the official due date for the Annual Emissions Report
- Fee revenues not anticipated to go up or down
  - Limited fee relief to applicable facilities
- Rule 301(e)(8)(E)

#### Next Steps

- April 3, 2019 Draft Socioeconomic Assessment for Proposed Amended Regulation III and PAR 209 and Proposed Budget and Work Program
- April 5, 2019 Budget Advisory Committee meeting
- April 9, 2019 Public Consultation Meeting on Proposed Budget and Work Program (and Proposed Amended Reg. III/PAR 209)
- May 3, 2019 Public Hearing to:
  - Consider that adopting Reg. III and Rule 209 are exempt from CEQA
  - Consider approval of Reg. III and Rule 209
  - Adopt Budget and Work Program