(Adopted July 7, 2017)(Amended December 1, 2017) (Version 02-03-2021)

PROPOSED AMENDED RULE 1466. CONTROL OF PARTICULATE EMISSIONS FROM SOILS WITH TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

(a) Purpose

The purpose of this rule is to minimize the amount of off-site fugitive dust emissions containing toxic air contaminants by reducing particulate emissions in the ambient air as a result of <u>both vehicular movement and</u> earth-moving activities, including, <u>dredging</u>, excavating, <u>earth-cutting and filling</u>, grading, handling, <u>mechanized land clearing</u>, treating, stockpiling, transferring, and removing <u>of</u> soil that contains applicable toxic air contaminants, from sites that meet the applicability requirements of subdivision (b).

(b) Applicability

- (1) This rule shall apply to any owner or operator conducting <u>vehicular movement and</u> earth-moving activities of soil with applicable toxic air contaminant(s) as defined in paragraph (c)(15) that have been identified as contaminant(s) of concern at a site that has been designated and notified by:
 - (A) The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) as a Superfund National Priorities List site;
 - (B) The California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) as a Brownfield or Cleanup Program site;
 - (C) The State Water Resources Control Board (State Water Board) or Regional Water Quality Control Board (Regional Water Board) as a Site Cleanup Program site;
 - (D) A county, local, or state regulatory agency as a Hazardous Material Release site, as defined in California Health and Safety Code Section 25260, <u>effective January 1, 2018</u>; or,
 - (E) The Executive Officer pursuant to subdivision (i).
- (2) This rule shall not apply to:
 - (A) Earth-moving activities of soil with applicable toxic air contaminant(s) of less than 50 cubic yards; or,
 - (B) Removal of soil for sampling purposes.

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- (c) Definitions
 - (1) ADEQUATELY WET <u>ismeans</u> the condition of being sufficiently mixed or penetrated with water to prevent the release of particulates or visible emissions. The process by which an adequately wet condition is achieved is by using a dispenser or water hose with a nozzle that permits the use of a fine, low-pressure spray or mist.
 - (2) ADJACENT ATHLETIC AREA <u>is-means</u> any outdoor athletic field or park where youth organized sports occur that is in physical contact or separated solely by a public roadway or other public right-of-way to a <u>school or early education center</u> <u>SCHOOL</u>.
 - (3) CHEMICAL STABILIZERS <u>means are</u> any non-toxic chemicals that are used to <u>bind soil together to control FUGITIVE DUST emissions</u> dust suppressant. The chemical stabilizers shall meet any specifications, criteria, or tests required by any federal, state, or local agency or any applicable law, rule, or regulation. Unless otherwise indicated, the use of a non-toxic chemical stabilizer shall be of sufficient concentration and application frequency to maintain a stabilized surface and no less than what is specified by the manufacturer.
 - (4) DISTURBED SURFACE AREA <u>meansis</u> a portion of the earth's surface which has been physically moved, uncovered, destabilized, or otherwise modified from its undisturbed natural soil condition, thereby increasing the potential for <u>fugitive dust</u> <u>FUGITIVE DUST</u>. This definition excludes those areas which have:
 - (A) Been restored to a natural state, such that the vegetative ground cover and soil characteristics are similar to adjacent or nearby natural conditions;
 - (B) Been paved or otherwise covered by a permanent structure; or,
 - (C) Sustained a vegetative ground cover of at least 70 percent of the native cover for a particular area for at least 30 days.
 - (5) DUST SUPPRESSANTS <u>meansare</u> water, <u>or</u> hygroscopic materials, <u>other than or</u> <u>chemical stabilizers</u> <u>CHEMICAL STABILIZERS that are</u> used as a treatment material to reduce fugitive dust <u>FUGITIVE DUST</u> emissions.
 - (6) EARLY EDUCATION CENTER is any public or private property, used for purposes of education as defined as an Early Learning and Developmental Program by the U.S. Department of Education, but does not include any property in which education is primarily conducted in private homes. Early education center includes

any building or structure, playground, athletic field, or other areas of early education center property.

- (76) EARTH-MOVING ACTIVITIES aremeans, for the purpose of this rule, any activity on a site that meets the applicability requirements of subdivision (b) where soil with applicable toxic air contaminant(s) SOIL WITH APPLICABLE TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANT(S) are being moved or uncovered, and shall-includes, but not be limited to the following: dredging, excavating, grading, earth-cutting and filling operations, loading or unloading, mechanized land clearing, and adding to or removing from STOCKPILESstockpiles.
- (87) FUGITIVE DUST ismeans, for the purpose of this rule, any solid particulate matter that is in contact with ambient air and has the potential to become airborne, other than solid particulate matter that is emitted from an exhaust stack.
- (98) JOINT USE AGREEMENT PROPERTY <u>meansis</u> a shared public facility in which a formal agreement exists between a school or early education center <u>SCHOOL</u> and another government entity setting forth the terms and conditions for shared use.
- (109) OWNER OR OPERATOR ismeans any firm, business establishment, association, partnership, corporation or individual, whether acting as principal, agent, employee, contractor, or other capacity.
- (1110) PAVED ROAD meansis a public or private improved street, highway, alley, public way, or easement that is covered by typical roadway materials, but excluding access roadways that connect a facility with a public paved roadway and are not open to through traffic. Public paved roads are those open to public access and that are owned by any federal, state, county, municipal, or any other governmental or quasi-governmental agencies. Private paved roads are any paved roads not defined as public.
- (1211) PROPERTY LINE <u>meansis</u> the boundary of an area where a person has the legal use or possession of the property. Where such property is divided into one or more sub-tenancies, the property line(s) shall refer to the boundaries dividing the areas of all sub-tenancies.
- (1312) SCHOOL is-means any public or private education center, including juvenile detention facilities with classroomsand education centers serving as the students' place of residence (e.g., boarding schools), used for purposes of the education of more than 12 children at the school in kindergarten or anythrough grades 1 to 12, inclusive, but does not include any school in which education is primarily

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conducted in private homes. A SCHOOL also includes an Early Learning and Developmental Program by the U.S. Department of Education or any state or local early learning and development programs such as preschools, Early Head Starts, Head Start, First Five, and Child Development Centers. A school does not include any private school in which education is primarily conducted in private homes. A <u>SCHOOL School</u> includes any building or structure, playground, athletic field, or other areas of school property.

- (13) <u>SLAG means the by-product material separated from metals during smelting or</u> refining of ore.
- (14) SOIL <u>ismeans</u> dirt, sand, gravel, clay, <u>SLAG</u>, and aggregate material less than two inches in length or diameter, and other organic or inorganic particulate matter.
- (15) SOIL WITH APPLICABLE TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANT(S) means, for the purpose of this rule, soil-SOIL that has been identified by the U.S. EPA, the DTSC, the State Water Board, the Regional Water Board, or a county, local, or state regulatory agency, to contain one or more of the applicable toxic air contaminants as listed in Table I that exceed action levels as specified by the designating agency or, effective January 1, 2018, soil that has been identified by the Executive Officer to contain one or more of the toxic air contaminants listed in Rule 1401 New Source Review of Toxic Air Contaminants Table I or Hazardous Air Pollutants Identified as Toxic Air Contaminants as listed in California Code of Regulations Section 93001, excluding volatile organic compounds regulated under Rule 1166 Volatile Organic Compound Emissions from Decontamination of Soil.
- (16) STABILIZED SURFACE <u>meansis</u> any previously <u>disturbed surface area</u> <u>DISTURBED SURFACE AREA</u> or <u>stockpile_STOCKPILE</u>, which through the application of <u>dust suppressants_DUST SUPPRESSANTS</u>, shows visual or other evidence of surface crusting and is resistant to <u>wind driven fugitive dust_WIND-DRIVEN FUGITIVE DUST</u>, and is demonstrated to be stabilized. Stabilization can be demonstrated by one or more of the applicable test methods contained in the <u>South_Coast_AQMD Rule 403 Fugitive Dust Implementation Handbook</u> or in Volumes I and II of S<u>outh Coast_AQMD</u>'s *Dust Control in the Coachella Valley*.
- (17) STOCKPILE <u>meansis</u> any accumulation of <u>soilSOIL</u>, which is not fully enclosed, covered, or chemically stabilized, and which attains a height of three feet or more and a total surface area of 150 square feet or more.

- (18) TRACK-OUT <u>meansis</u> any <u>soil-SOIL</u> that adheres to and agglomerates on the exterior surface of motor vehicles, haul trucks, and equipment (including tires) that has been released onto a <u>paved road PAVED ROAD</u>.
- (19) WIND-DRIVEN FUGITIVE DUST <u>meansis</u> visible emissions from any <u>disturbed</u> surface area <u>DISTURBED SURFACE AREA</u>, which is generated by wind action alone.
- (20) WIND GUST is the maximum instantaneous wind speed as measured by an anemometer.
- (d) Monitoring Requirements
 - (1) When <u>on-site</u> earth-moving activities or vehicular movement occurs, the owner or operator shall conduct continuous direct-reading near real-time ambient monitoring of PM_{10} concentrations pursuant to paragraph (d)(3).
 - (2) If the PM_{10} concentration <u>averaged over two hours</u> exceeds 25 micrograms per cubic meter, as measured pursuant to paragraph (d)(3) and as determined pursuant to paragraph (d)(4), the owner or operator shall cease <u>on-site</u> earth-moving activities <u>and vehicular movement</u>, apply dust suppressant to fugitive dust sources, or implement other dust control measures as necessary until the PM_{10} concentration is equal to or less than 25 micrograms per cubic meter averaged over 30 minutes.
 - (A) The owner or operator or designating agency may request an alternative PM₁₀ limit from the Executive Officer provided the exposure to toxic air contaminants from fugitive dust from earth moving activities at the proposed PM₁₀ concentration level is health protective to the public. The owner or operator or designating agency shall provide the Executive Officer the information specified in subparagraphs (i)(1)(A) through (H) and substantiate its position that an alternative PM₁₀ limit is health protective. Use of an alternative PM₁₀ limit must be submitted and approved by the Executive Officer as specified in subdivision (j).
 - (3) The owner or operator conducting <u>on-site</u> earth-moving activities <u>or vehicular</u> <u>movement</u> shall install <u>PM₁₀ monitors</u> and conduct ambient PM₁₀ monitoring<u>-as</u> <u>follows</u>:
 - (A) In accordance with a U.S. EPA-approved equivalent method for PM₁₀ monitoring or <u>using a Rule 1466 Approved PM₁₀ Monitoran alternative</u> method approved by the Executive Officer. The owner or operator or

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designating agency shall select an alternative PM_{10} method as specified in Appendix 1. Use of an alternative PM_{10} method must be submitted and approved by the Executive Officer as specified in subdivision (j);

- (B) Using a minimum of <u>one-two upwind</u>-monitors, <u>placing each monitor as</u> <u>close to the property line as feasible in the following locations, where:</u>
 - (i) the location of the upwind monitor(s) are<u>At a minimum, one</u> monitor is in the seasonal prevailing wind direction upwind of the area(s) of on-site earth-moving activity and vehicular movement, indicative of background PM₁₀ levels, and not generally influenced by fugitive dust sources from the site;
- (C) (ii) Using <u>At</u> a minimum, of one downwind <u>one</u> monitor <u>placed is</u> in the seasonal prevailing wind direction downwind of <u>each the</u> area(s) of <u>on-site</u> earth-moving activity <u>and vehicular movement</u> and as close to the property line as feasible;
- (ĐC) Using PM₁₀ monitors that are identical in: make and model;, settings;, calibration;, configuration;, and calibration, correction, and correlation factors;
- (ED) Operate, maintain, and calibrateUsing ambient PM₁₀ monitors that are operated, maintained, and calibrated in accordance with appropriate U.S. EPA-published documents for U.S. EPA-approved equivalent method(s) for PM₁₀ or the alternative method approved by the Executive Officer, and manufacturer's instructions; and
- (E) Prior to conducting any on-site earth-moving activities or vehicular movement, and weekly thereafter, running an intra-instrument precision test with the PM_{10} monitors in accordance with Appendix 2 – Procedures to Demonstrate Intra-Instrument Precision and demonstrating an intrainstrument precision of \pm 10 percent;
- (F) Each day prior to conducting on-site earth-moving activities or vehicular movement, zeroing each PM₁₀ monitor and running a blank check in accordance with manufacturer's instructions;
- (G) Operating PM_{10} monitors with the heated sampler inlet on; and,
- (FH) Collecting ambient PM_{10} data with a data acquisition system that is capable of logging direct-reading near real-time data providing the date, and time,

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<u>calibrated to Pacific Standard Time (PST)</u>, and PM_{10} concentration in micrograms per cubic meter every 10 minutes one minute or less.

- (4) The owner or operator shall calculate the PM_{10} concentration <u>as a 120-minute</u> <u>rolling average every minute</u><u>based on the PM_{10} -concentration averaged over two</u> hours, starting at the top of each hour, where:
 - (A) The initial average starts at the commencement of on-site earth-moving activities or vehicular movement and ends at 120 minutes after commencement of on-site earth-moving activities or vehicular movement;
 - (B) The averages subsequent to the initial average specified in subparagraph (d)(4)(A) are calculated every one minute and cover the previous 120minute period;
 - (AC) The PM₁₀ concentration is the absolute difference between the upwind and calculated by subtracting the results of the downwind monitor(s) from the upwind monitor(s) for the same rolling averaging period;
 - (i) If the wind direction is in the seasonal prevailing wind direction, then the monitor described pursuant to clause (d)(3)(B)(i) shall be designated as the upwind monitor(s) and the monitor described pursuant to clause (d)(3)(B)(ii) shall be designated as the downwind monitor(s); and,
 - (ii) If there is greater than $a \pm 90$ degree change in wind direction from the seasonal prevailing wind direction, then the monitor described pursuant to clause (d)(3)(B)(i) shall be designated as the downwind monitor(s) and the monitor described pursuant to clause (d)(3)(B)(ii) shall be designated as the upwind monitor(s);
 - (BD) If there is more than one upwind monitor, the upwind result is the two hour average <u>concentration</u> of all upwind monitors for the same rolling averaging <u>period</u>;
 - (CE) If there is more than one downwind monitor, the downwind average result is the maximum two hour average concentration of any of the downwind monitors for the same rolling averaging period; and,
 - (F) When on-site earth-moving activities or vehicular movement resume after ceasing pursuant to paragraph (d)(2), the average shall start when on-site earth-moving activities or vehicular movement begin and end 120 minutes after on-site earth-moving activities or vehicular movement begin and the

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subsequent averages are calculated each minute and shall cover the previous <u>120-minute period.</u>

- (D) The owner or operator or designating agency may use an alternative calculation methodology if the owner or operator or designating agency provides information to substantiate that all or some the PM₁₀ concentration is the result of another source and not attributed to the earth-moving activities of the site. Use of an alternative calculation methodology must be submitted and approved by the Executive Officer as specified in subdivision (j).
- (5) When <u>on-site</u> earth-moving activities <u>or vehicular movement</u> occur, the owner or operator shall monitor wind direction and speed as specified in U.S. EPA *Quality Assurance Handbook for Air Pollution Measurement Systems, Volume IV: Meteorological Measurements.*
- (6) The Executive Officer may approve a PM₁₀ monitor to be added as a Rule 1466 Approved PM₁₀ Monitor if the PM₁₀ monitor meets the specifications listed in Appendix 1 – Rule 1466 Approved PM₁₀ Monitors. The request for a PM₁₀ monitor to be added as a Rule 1466 Approved PM₁₀ Monitor shall:
 - (A) Be submitted to Rule1466@aqmd.gov;
 - (B) Include a description of the PM₁₀ monitor, any accessories, and all monitor specifications; and,
 - (C) Include documentation demonstrating the specifications listed in *Appendix* <u>1.</u>
- (e) Requirements to Minimize Fugitive Dust Emissions
 - (1) An owner or operator shall not conduct <u>on-site</u> earth-moving activities unless the area is surrounded with fencing that is a minimum of <u>6-six</u> feet tall <u>and-but</u> at least <u>six inches as-taller as-than</u> the height of the tallest stockpile, with a <u>mesh</u> windscreen with a <u>porosity of 50 \pm 5% shade value or opacity of 85 \pm 5%. A section of the perimeter surrounding an on-site earth-moving activity or vehicular movement area may be excluded from this requirement if that section:</u>
 - (A) Has a solid physical barrier, such as a solid wall or other solid feature that minimizes air flow, that is a minimum of six feet tall but at least six inches taller than the height of the tallest stockpile; or,

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- (B) Does not have on-site earth-moving activity or vehicular movement occurring within 300 feet from the perimeter of that section.
- (2) An owner or operator conducting <u>on-site</u> earth-moving activities shall:
 - (A) Adequately wet to the depth of earth-moving activity and allow time for penetration; and,
 - (B) Adequately wet at frequencies to prevent the generation of visible dust plumes.
- (3) An owner or operator that is moving vehicles on, within, or off a site where <u>on-site</u> earth-moving activities are occurring shall:
 - (A) Post signs at all entrances of the site to designate the speed limit as 15 miles per hour;
 - (B) Stabilize the surface of all vehicular traffic and parking areas by applying gravel, paving, or dust suppressant;
 - (C) Not allow <u>any</u> track-out <u>outside of the property line to extend beyond that</u> <u>is 25 feet or more in cumulative length of the property line</u>. Remove any track-out each day using a vacuum equipped with a filter(s) rated by the manufacturer to achieve a 99.97% <u>capture control</u> efficiency for 0.3 micron particles;
 - (D) Clean the soil from the exterior of trucks, trailers, and tires prior to the truck leaving the site, without the use of compressed air; and,
 - (E) The owner or operator shall utilize at least one of the <u>following</u> measures <u>listed in clause (e)(3)(E)(i) through (e)(3)(E)(iv)</u> at each vehicle egress from the site to a <u>paved</u> public road:
 - (i) Install a pad consisting of washed gravel (minimum-size: one inch), maintained in a clean condition, to a depth of at least six inches and extending at least 30 feet wide and at least 50 feet long;
 - Pave the surface extending at least 100 feet from the property line and at least 20-30 feet wide;
 - (iii) Utilize a wheel shaker/wheel spreading device consisting of raised dividers (rails, pipes, or grates) at least 24 feet long and <u>10-30</u> feet wide; or,
 - (iv) Install and utilize a wheel washing system to remove soil from tires and vehicle undercarriages.

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- (4) An owner or operator conducting <u>on-site</u> earth-moving activities that result in the development of stockpiles of any soil with applicable toxic air contaminant(s) shall:
 - (A) Segregate non-contaminated stockpiles from stockpiles with applicable toxic air contaminant(s) and label <u>the latter with "South Coast AQMD Rule 1466</u> Control of Particulate Emissions from Soils with Toxic Air Contaminant(s) Applicable Soil";
 - (B) Maintain stockpiles to avoid steep sides or faces that exceed the angle of repose;
 - (C) Not create a stockpile that is more than 400 cubic yards of soil and greater in height than the perimeter fencing and windscreen;
 - (D) Apply dust suppressant to stockpiles;
 - (E) At the end of each working dayall times when earth-moving activities or vehicular movement, and ambient PM₁₀ monitoring are not occurring, either chemically stabilize and/or completely cover with 10 millimeter mil thick plastic sheeting that overlaps a minimum of 24 inches. The plastic sheeting shall be anchored and secured so that no portion of the soil is exposed to the atmosphere; and
 - (F) Daily, including days where no on-site earth-moving activities or vehicular movement is occurring, inspect stabilized or covered stockpiles. For a stabilized stockpile, such inspections shall include a demonstration of stabilization by one or more of the applicable test methods contained in South Coast AQMD Rule 403 Fugitive Dust Implementation Handbook or Volumes I and II of South Coast AQMD's Dust Control in the Coachella Valley. For a covered stockpile, such inspections shall include a visual inspection of all seams and plastic cover surfaces. Immediately re stabilize or repair any holes, tears, or any other potential sources of fugitive toxic air contaminant emissions.;
 - (G) If a chemical stabilizer is used to meet the requirements of subparagraph
 (e)(4)(E), the chemical stabilizer shall be applied at a minimum frequency
 as specified in paragraph (e)(10); and,
 - (H) If a cover is used to meet the requirements of subparagraph (e)(4)(E), the cover shall be free of any holes or tears.
- (5) An owner or operator conducting truck loading activities of soil containing applicable toxic air contaminant(s) shall:

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- (A) Apply dust suppressant to material prior to loading;
- (B) Empty the loader bucket slowly so that no <u>visible</u> dust plumes are generated;
- (C) Minimize the drop height from the loader bucket;
- (D) Maintain at least six inches of space between the soil and the top of the truck bed while transporting within a site; and,
- (E) Completely <u>tarpcover</u> the truck and trailer prior to leaving the site.
- (6) An owner or operator conducting truck unloading activities of soil containing applicable toxic air contaminant(s) shall:
 - (A) Apply dust suppressant to material prior to unloading; and,
 - (B) Empty the trailer slowly so that no <u>visible</u> dust plumes are generated.
- (7) The owner or operator shall immediately remove any spilled soil containing applicable toxic air contaminant(s).
- (8) The owner or operator shall cease <u>on-site</u> earth-moving activities<u>and vehicular</u> <u>movement</u> if the wind speed is greater than 15 miles per hour (mph) averaged over a 15-minute period or <u>the</u> instantaneous wind speed<u>s</u> exceed<u>s</u> 25 mph.
- (9) During <u>on-site</u> earth-moving activities, the owner or operator shall have an on-site dust control supervisor that:
 - (A) Is employed by or contracted with the owner or operator;
 - (B) Is located on the site during working hours;
 - (C) Is in a position to expeditiously employ sufficient dust control measures to ensure compliance with all rule requirements;
 - (D) Has completed the South Coast AQMD Fugitive Dust Control Class and has been issued a valid Certificate of Completion for the class; and,
 - (E) Has the following credentials, if asbestos is an applicable toxic air contaminant:
 - Successfully completed the Asbestos Abatement Contractor/Supervisor course pursuant to the Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA), and obtained and maintained accreditation as an AHERA Asbestos Abatement Contractor/Supervisor; and
 - (ii) Trained on the provisions of 40 CFR Part 61.145, 61.146, 61.147
 and 61.152 (Asbestos NESHAP provisions) and Part 763, and have
 has the means by which to comply with these provisions.

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- (10) If earth-moving activities will not occur for three (3) or more consecutive days<u>At</u> the end of each working day, apply a chemical stabilizer to potential sources of fugitive dust diluted to the concentration required to maintain a stabilized surface for the period of inactivity; and re-stabilize as necessary. The chemical stabilizer shall:
 - (A) Meet any specifications, criteria, or tests required by any federal, state, or local agency or any applicable law, rule, or regulation; and,
 - (B) Unless otherwise indicated, be of sufficient concentration and application frequency to maintain a stabilized surface and no less than what is specified by the manufacturer.
- (11) An owner or operator that is conducting earth-moving activities of soil with applicable toxic air contaminant(s) at a school, early education center, joint use agreement property, or adjacent athletic area, or at a site that is adjacent to a school, joint use agreement property, or adjacent athletic area shall:
 - (A) Only conduct earth-moving activities at a school or early education center or at a site that is adjacent to a school outside of the hours between 7:30 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. on days when the school or early education center is in session;
 - (B) Not conduct earth-moving activities at a school, early education center, joint use agreement property, or adjacent athletic area, or at a site that is adjacent to a school, joint use agreement property, or adjacent athletic area if there is a school or early education center sponsored activity or youth organized sports taking place at that site;
 - (C) Handle excavated soils with applicable toxic air contaminant(s) by:
 - (i) Immediately placing soil in a leak-tight container whereby any contained solids or liquids are prevented from escaping or spilling out;
 - (ii) Directly loading soil in trucks, applying dust suppressant, and covering prior to transporting; or₂
 - (iii) Stockpiling pursuant to paragraph (e)(4), in a fenced area that is not accessible to the general public, and locked when not in use; and,
 - (D) Within five (5) days of its excavation, remove all soil with applicable toxic air contaminant(s) from the site.

- (12) With the exception of paragraphs (e)(7) and (e)(11), the owner or operator or designating agency may use alternative dust control measures that meet the objective and effectiveness of the dust control measure it is replacing, where the objective and effectiveness of each category of dust control measures is stated in Appendix 2. Use of alternative dust control measures must be submitted and approved by the Executive Officer as specified under subdivision (j).
- (f) Notification Requirements
 - (1) At least 72 hours and no more than 30 days prior to conducting any earth-moving activities on any site meeting the applicability requirements of subdivision (b), the <u>The</u> owner or operator shall electronically notify submit an initial notification to the Executive Officer, using a format approved by the Executive Officer, of the intent to conduct any <u>on-site</u> earth-moving activities.
 - (A) Initial notifications shall be submitted:
 - <u>At least 72 hours but no more than 30 days prior to conducting any</u> earth-moving activities or vehicular movement on any site meeting the applicability requirements of subdivision (b); or,
 - (ii) As soon as the information becomes available but no later than 48 hours after the information becomes available that on-site earthmoving activities of soil with applicable toxic air contaminant(s) are 50 cubic yards or greater.
 - (B) <u>Initial Notifications notifications shall include the following requirements:</u>
 - (Ai) Name, address, telephone number, and e-mail address of the owner or operator;
 - (Bii) Name, telephone number, and e-mail address of the on-site dust control supervisor;
 - (Ciii) Project name and, if applicable, the project identification number from the designating agency;
 - (**<u>Div</u>**) Project location (address and/or coordinates);
 - (Ev) Identify whether the site is a school, early education center, joint use agreement property, or adjacent athletic area or adjacent to a school, joint use agreement property, or adjacent athletic area;
 - (Fvi) A map indicating the specific location(s) of each <u>on-site</u> earthmoving activity <u>and vehicular movement</u> and the concentrations of

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the applicable toxic air contaminant(s) and location of $\ensuremath{\text{PM}_{10}}$ monitors;

- (Gvii) A description of the <u>on-site</u> earth-moving activities <u>and vehicular</u> <u>movement</u>, estimated volume of soil with applicable toxic air contaminant(s), and a schedule that includes the anticipated start and completion dates of <u>on-site</u> earth-moving activities<u>and vehicular</u> <u>movement</u>;
- (<u>Hviii</u>) Current and/or previous type of operation(s) and use(s) at the site;
- (**<u>Jix</u>**) Applicable exemption(s); and,
- (Jx) Whether the notice <u>being provided</u> is a revised notification.
- (2) Notification Updates

<u>Initial Notifications notifications</u> pursuant to paragraph (f)(1) shall be updated when any of the following conditions arise:

(A) Earlier Start Date

A change in the start date of <u>any-on-site</u> earth-moving <u>activity-activities or</u> <u>vehicular movement</u> to an earlier date shall be reported to the <u>South Coast</u> AQMD no later than 72 hours before any <u>on-site</u> earth-moving activities begin.

(B) Later Start Date

A delay in the start date of <u>any-on-site</u> earth-moving <u>activity-activities or</u> <u>vehicular movement</u> shall be reported to the <u>South</u> <u>Coast</u> AQMD as soon as the information becomes available, but no later than the original start date.

(C) Change in Exemption Status

Any change(s) in exemption status pursuant to subdivision (k) shall be reported to the South Coast AQMD as soon as the information becomes available, but no later than 48 hours after the information becomes available.

(D) Completion Date

The completion date of on-site earth-moving activities and vehicular movement shall be reported to the South Coast AQMD no later than 48 hours after on-site earth-moving activities and vehicular movement are completed.

(3) Within 72 hours of an exceedance of the PM_{10} emission limit specified in subdivision paragraph (d)(2), the owner or operator of a site meeting the

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applicability requirements of subdivision (b) shall electronically notify submit a notification to the Executive Officer, using a format approved by the Executive Officer, of the exceedance and shall include the following information:

- (A) Name, address, telephone number, and e-mail address of the owner or operator;
- (B) Name, telephone number, and e-mail address of the on-site dust control supervisor;
- (C) Project name and, if applicable, the project identification number from the designating agency;
- (D) Project location (address and/or coordinates);
- (E) PM₁₀ monitoring results, including result, date and time of exceedance(s),
 12 hours before first exceedance, and 12 hours after last exceedance;
- (F) <u>On-site Earthearth-moving activities and vehicular movement occurring at</u> the date and time of exceedance(s); and,
- (G) Dust control measure(s) taken to mitigate fugitive dust.
- (g) Signage Requirements
 - (1) When conducting <u>on-site</u> earth-moving activities <u>or vehicular movement</u>, the owner or operator shall install and maintain project signage <u>that:</u>-
 - (1) Unless otherwise approved in writing by the Executive Officer, signage shall:
 - (A) Be <u>Is</u> installed at all entrances and at intervals of 1,000 feet or less along the property line or perimeter of the site, with a minimum of one <u>sign</u> along each side;
 - (B) Be <u>Is</u> located between <u>6 six</u> and <u>8 eight</u> feet above grade from the bottom of the sign;
 - (C) Displays lettering at least four inches tall with text contrasting with the sign background; and,
 - (D) Display<u>s</u> the following information:
 - (i) Local or toll-free phone number for the site contact or pre-recorded notification center that is accessible 24 hours a day; and,
 - (ii) Warning statement:

"THIS SITE CONTAINS SOILS THAT CONTAIN THE FOLLOWING CHEMICALS: [LIST APPLICABLE TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANT(S)]

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TO REPORT ANY DUST LEAVING THE SITE PLEASE CALL [FACILITY CONTACT] OR THE SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT AT 1-800-CUT-SMOG"

- (2) (E)If signage pursuant to paragraph (g)(1) exceeds 48 inches by 96 inches, the owner or operator or designating agency must still include the warning statement referenced in (g)(1)(D)(ii), displaying lettering at least four inches tall with text contrasting with the sign background, but may use 2.5 inch tall lettering to list applicable toxic air contaminants. All other signage requirements set forth in paragraph (g)(1) shall remain the same. If signage continues to exceed 48 inches by 96 inches with these parameters, the owner or operator or designating agency may use alternative signage as set forth in paragraph (g)(2).
- (2) The owner or operator or designating agency may use alternative signage approved by the Executive Officer pursuant to subdivision (j). Notwithstanding subdivision (j), the request shall include a visual representation of the alternative sign, including proposed lettering height, and locations and, at a minimum, the alternative signage shall:
 - (A) Display text contrasting with the sign background; and
 - (B) Display the following warning statement: "THIS SITE CONTAINS SOILS THAT CONTAIN THE FOLLOWING CHEMICALS: [LIST APPLICABLE TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANT(S)] TO REPORT ANY DUST LEAVING THE SITE PLEASE CALL THE SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT AT 1-800 CUT SMOG"
- (3) Unless the site is a school, joint use agreement property, or adjacent athletic area or the site is adjacent to a school, joint use agreement property, or adjacent athletic area, the owner or operator is exempt from installing and maintaining project signage pursuant to subparagraph (g)(1)(A) at any entrance(s) or interval(s) along the property line or perimeter of the site that is not visible to the public.
- (h) Recordkeeping Requirements
 - The owner or operator shall maintain records for a period of not less than three years and shall make such records available to the Executive Officer upon request. At a minimum, records shall be maintained daily and shall include:

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- Inspections of all stabilized or covered stockpiles containing soils with applicable toxic air contaminant(s) and all re-stabilization or repair activities, including dates and times the specific activities were conducted;
- (2) Results of wind and PM_{10} monitoring, including: <u>ambient PM_{10} data; rolling</u> <u>average PM_{10} concentrations and calculations; wind direction and speed</u> <u>corresponding to the rolling average PM_{10} concentrations;</u> instrument make and model; settings; calibration; configuration; calibration, correction, and correlation factors; maintenance; operator training; and-daily instrument performance check records; <u>and all instrument logs</u> for all monitoring instruments;
- (3) All instrument maintenance activities, including: zero calibration; cleaning; filter replacement; and performance checks, including dates and times of the specific procedures;
- (34) <u>On-site Earthearth-moving activities and vehicular movement</u> conducted and the corresponding volume of soil with applicable toxic air contaminant;
- (4<u>5</u>) Names and business addresses of the transporting and receiving facilities, and a copy of the shipping manifest; and
- (56) Complaints called in, including the name of complainant and contact information, date and time, <u>on-site</u> earth-moving activities <u>and vehicular movement</u> occurring at the date and time, complaint, and action taken to mitigate the source of the complaint<u>; and</u>,-
- (7) Any incidents of spilled soil containing applicable toxic air contaminant(s), including the date and time of the incident, and action taken to remove the spilled soil.
- (i) Executive Officer Designated Sites
 - (1) The Executive Officer may designate a site if the Executive Officer has evidence that the site contains soil with applicable toxic air contaminant(s) as defined in paragraph (c)(15), after consultation with U.S. EPA, DTSC, the State or Regional Water Boards, and/or local, county, or state health and regulatory agencies, and consideration of the following:
 - (A) Site history, including current and/or previous type(s) of operation(s) and use(s) at the site and regulatory history;
 - (B) Concentration(s) of applicable toxic air contaminant(s) in the soil;
 - (C) Background concentration(s) of applicable toxic air contaminant(s);

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- (D) Volume of soil with applicable toxic air contaminant(s);
- (E) Distance to a residence, park, or school;
- (F) Meteorological data;
- (G) Health risk information or other data provided by the owner or operator, if available; and <u>.</u>
- (H) Ambient monitoring data and other applicable data, if available.
- (2) Prior to making a determination, the Executive Officer will notify the owner or operator in writing that the site may be subject to this rule.
 - (A) In the event the owner or operator exercises this opportunity to demonstrate that this rule does not apply, the owner or operator shall submit information to the Executive Officer within 14 days of the notification substantiating why the site should be excluded from this rule.
 - (B) Upon final determination, the Executive Officer will notify the owner or operator in writing if the site is subject to this rule.
- (3) During the determination period, the owner or operator shall comply with the provisions of this rule or cease all<u>on-site</u> earth-moving activities <u>and vehicular</u> <u>movement</u> until a determination is made.

(j) Alternative Provisions

- (1) If requesting an alternative provision pursuant to subparagraphs (d)(2)(A), (d)(3)(A), or (d)(4)(D) or paragraphs (e)(12), (g)(2), (k)(3), or (k)(4) the owner or operator or designating agency shall submit all information to the Executive Officer to substantiate its position.
 - (A) The owner or operator or designating agency that elects to request alternative provisions for the PM₁₀ limit, PM₁₀ monitoring method,<u>or</u> signage, or direct loading exemption shall submit the request in writing at least 30 days prior to conducting any earth-moving activities.
 - (B) The owner or operator or designating agency that elects to request alternative provisions for the PM_{10} calculation or dust control measures shall submit the request, in writing, prior to an exceedance of the PM_{10} concentration requirements set forth in paragraph (d)(2).
- (2) The Executive Officer may request additional information from the owner or operator or designating agency.

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- (3) The owner or operator or designating agency shall submit all requested information within 14 days of the request for additional information.
- (4) The Executive Officer will review the request for an alternative provision and will approve or reject the data and notify the owner or operator or designating agency in writing. Approved alternative provisions may not be used retroactively.
- (kj) Exemptions
 - (1) The owner or operator may be exempt from one or more provisions of this rule provided there is written confirmation that the designating agency under subparagraphs (b)(1)(A) through (D) has consulted with the Executive Officer and has determined that the provision(s) are not needed based on information specified in subparagraphs (i)(1)(A) through (H).
 - (2) <u>On-site Earthearth</u>-moving activities performed within an enclosed system vented to South Coast AQMD permitted air pollution control equipment shall be exempt from all requirements except: subparagraphs (e)(3)(C) through (e)(3)(E), subparagraphs (e)(5)(D) and (e)(5)(E), and subdivisions (f), (g), and (h).
 - (3) Linear trenching for natural gas, power, sewer, and water projects on roadways with soil with applicable toxic air contaminant(s), directly loaded into a truck or bin for transport, shall be exempt from all requirements except: paragraphs (e)(2) through (e)(8), paragraph (e)(11), and subdivisions (f), (h), and (i). The owner or operator or designating agency may use an alternative to directly load into a truck or bin for transport that meets the objective and effectiveness of directly loading soil, where the objective and effectiveness is stated in Appendix 2. Use of an alternative measure must be submitted and approved by the Executive Officer as specified under subdivision (j).
 - (4) <u>On-site Earthearth</u>-moving activities consisting only of excavation activities of soil with applicable toxic air contaminant(s) of less than 500 cubic yards, directly loaded into a truck or bin for transport, shall be exempt from all requirements except: paragraphs (e)(2) through (e)(8), paragraph (e)(11), and subdivisions (f), (h), and (i). The owner or operator or designating agency may use an alternative to directly load into a truck or bin for transport that meets the objective and effectiveness of directly loading soil, where the objective and effectiveness is stated in Appendix 2. Use of alternative measure must be submitted and approved by the Executive Officer as specified under subdivision (j).

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- (5) Active operations conducted during emergency life-threatening situations, or in conjunction with any officially declared disaster or state of emergency as declared by an authorized health officer, agricultural commissioner, fire protection officer, or other authorized agency officer shall be exempt from all requirements. The Executive Officer shall be notified electronically no later than 48 hours following such <u>on-site</u> earth-moving activities <u>or vehicular movement</u>. Written notification shall include written emergency declaration from the authorized officer.
- (6) Active operations conducted by essential service utilities to provide electricity, natural gas, telephone, water, or sewer during periods of service outages and emergency disruptions shall be exempt from all requirements. The Executive Officer shall be notified electronically no later than 48 hours following such <u>on-site</u> earth-moving activities <u>or vehicular movement</u>.

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CAS Number	Substance	
7440-38-2	arsenic and arsenic compounds (inorganic)	
	including, but not limited to:	
	arsenic compounds (inorganic)	
7784-42-1	arsine	
1332-21-4	Asbestos	
7440-43-9	cadmium and cadmium compounds	
57-74-9	chlordane*	
	dibenzo-p-dioxins (chlorinated)*	
1746-01-6	tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin, 2,3,7,8-	
40321-76-4	pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin, 1,2,3,7,8-	
39227-28-6	hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin, 1,2,3,4,7,8-	
57653-85-7	hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin, 1,2,3,6,7,8-	
19408-74-3	hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin, 1,2,3,7,8,9-	
35822-46-9	heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin, 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	
3268-87-9	octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin, 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-	
41903-57-5	total tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	
36088-22-9	total pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	
34465-46-8	total hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	
37871-00-4	total heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	
72-54-8	dichlorodiphenyldichloroethane*	
72-55-9	dichlorodiphenyldichloroethylene*	
50-29-3	dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane*	
18540-29-9	chromium (hexavalent) and chromium compounds	
	including, but not limited to:	

Table I – Applicable Toxic Air Contaminants

<u>Proposed Amended</u> Rule 1466 (cont.)

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CAS Number	Substance	
10294-40-3	barium chromate	
13765-19-0	calcium chromate	
7758-97-6	lead chromate	
10588-01-9	sodium dichromate	
7789-06-2	strontium chromate	
13530-65-9	zinc chromate	
7439-92-1	lead and lead compounds (inorganic, including elemental lead)	
	including, but not limited to:	
	lead compounds (inorganic)	
301-04-2	lead acetate	
7758-97-6	lead chromate	
7446-27-7	lead phosphate	
1335-32-6	lead subacetate	
7439-97-6	mercury and mercury compounds (inorganic)	
	including, but not limited to:	
7487-94-7	mercuric chloride	
593-74-8	methyl mercury	
7440-02-0	nickel and nickel compounds	
	including, but not limited to:	
373-02-4	nickel acetate	
3333-67-3	nickel carbonate	
13463-39-3	nickel carbonyl	
12054-48-7	nickel hydroxide	
1313-99-1	nickel oxide	
12035-72-2	nickel subsulfide	
1271-28-9	nickelocene	
	refinery dust from the pyrometallurgical process	

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CAS Number	Substance
1336-36-3	polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)
32598-13-3	3,3',4,4'-tetrachlorobiphenyl (PCB 77)
70362-50-4	3,4,4',5-tetrachlorobiphenyl (PCB 81)
32598-14-4	2,3,3',4,4'-pentachlorobiphenyl (PCB 105)
74472-37-0	2,3,4,4',5-pentachlorobiphenyl (PCB 114)
31508-00-6	2,3',4,4',5-pentachlorobiphenyl (PCB 118)
65510-44-3	2,3',4,4',5'-pentachlorobiphenyl (PCB 123)
57465-28-8	3,3',4,4',5-pentachlorobiphenyl (PCB 126)
38380-08-4	2,3,3',4,4',5-hexachlorobiphenyl <u>(PCB 156)</u>
69782-90-7	2,3,3',4,4',5'-hexachlorobiphenyl <u>(PCB 157)</u>
52663-72-6	2,3',4,4',5,5'-hexachlorobiphenyl <u>(PCB 167)</u>
32774-16-6	3,3',4,4',5,5'-hexachlorobiphenyl <u>(PCB 169)</u>
39635-31-9	2,3,3'4,4',5,5'-heptachlorobiphenyl (PCB 189)
	polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs)*
56-55-3	benzo[a]anthracene
50-32-8	benzo[a]pyrene
205-99-2	benzo[b]fluoranthene
207-08-9	benzo[k]fluoranthene
218-01-9	chrysene
53-70-3	dibenz[a,h]anthracene
193-39-5	indeno[1,2,3-c,d]pyrene

* Effective January 1, 2018

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Appendix 1 – Executive Officer Rule 1466 Approved PM₁₀ Monitors

The Executive Officer may approve PM₁₀ monitors that <u>have a valid Monitoring Certification</u> <u>Scheme certification to meet the latest version of the Monitoring Certification Scheme (MCERTS):</u> <u>Performance Standard for Indicative Ambient Particulate Monitors or meeting</u> the following requirements.

- 1. PM₁₀ monitors must be continuous direct-reading near-real time monitors and shall monitor particulate matter less than 10 microns.
- 2. PM_{10} monitors must be equipped with:
 - a. Omni-directional heated sampler inlet;
 - b. Sample pump with active flow control mechanism and stated flow control accuracy $of \pm 5\%$ of factory setpoint;
 - c. Volumetric flow controller;
 - dc. Enclosure; and
 - ed. Data logger capable of logging each data point with average concentration, time/date, and data point number.
- 3. PM_{10} monitors must have the following minimum performance standards:
 - a. Range: 0 10,000 μ g/m³
 - b. Accuracy: $\pm 5\%$ of reading \pm precision
 - c. Resolution: $1.0 \,\mu g/m^3$
 - d. Measurement Cycle: User selectable (30 minute and 2 hour)
- 4. In order to ensure the validity of the PM_{10} measurements performed, there must be appropriate Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC). It is the responsibility of the owner or operator to adequately supplement QA/QC Plans to include the following critical features: instrument calibration, instrument maintenance, operator training, and daily instrument performance (span) checks.

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<u>Appendix 2 – Objectives and Effectiveness of Dust Control Measures Set-Forth in</u> <u>Subdivision (e)</u>

Dust Control Measure	Objective	Effectiveness
(e)(1) Fencing and	To minimize off-site fugitive	Any dust control measure that
Windscreen Requirement	dust emissions containing	is equally or more effective in
	toxic air contaminants,	minimizing off-site fugitive
	provide a wind break, act as	dust emissions containing
	containment, provide	toxic air contaminants that
	security, and limit access to	may result in exposure to the
	unauthorized persons.	general public and will limit
		public access to the site.
(e)(2) Water Application	To minimize fugitive dust	Any dust control measure that
	emissions containing toxic air	is equally or more effective at
	contaminants from earth-	preventing the generation of
	moving activities.	visible dust plumes from
		earth-moving activities.
(e)(3) Vehicle Movement	To minimize fugitive dust	Any dust control measure that
	emissions containing toxic air	is equally or more effective at
	contaminants from on-site	preventing the generation of
	vehicles and as vehicles are	dust plumes from on-site
	moving off-site.	vehicle movement and any
		fugitive dust that can be
		tracked out of the site that can
		result in exposure to the
		general public.
(e)(4) Stockpiles	To minimize fugitive dust	Any dust control measure that
	emissions containing toxic air	is equally or more effective at
	contaminants from stockpiles.	minimizing fugitive dust
		emissions containing toxic air
		contaminants from stockpiles
		and that will prevent the
		generation of dust plumes
		from stockpiles that can result

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Dust Control Measure	Objective	Effectiveness
		in exposure to the general public.
(e)(5) Truck Loading	To minimize fugitive dust	Any dust control measure that
	emissions containing toxic air	is equally or more effective at
	contaminants from truck	preventing a dust plume or
	loading and truck movement.	fugitive dust occurring during
		the loading of soils
		containing toxic air
		contaminants into trailers and
		physical containment or other
		mechanisms to minimize
		fugitive dust from escaping
		the trailer during transport.
(e)(6) Truck Unloading	To minimize fugitive dust	Any dust control measure that
	emissions containing toxic air	is equally or more effective at
	contaminants from truck	preventing a dust plume or
	unloading and truck	fugitive dust occurring during
	movement.	the unloading of soils
		containing toxic air
		contaminants.
(e)(8) Earth-Moving	To minimize fugitive dust	Any dust control measure that
Activities at Certain Wind	emissions containing toxic air	is equally or more effective at
Speeds	contaminants from high wind	preventing a dust plume or
	events.	fugitive dust occurring during
		high wind events.
(e)(9) On-site Dust Control	To require the on-site	Any measure that ensures the
Supervisor	presence of a person that has	on site presence of a person
	specific training to ensure	with training covering the
	compliance with all rule	same material as that covered
	requirements.	by an SCAQMD Fugitive
		Dust Control Class and
		appropriate credentials to
		handle applicable toxic air

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Dust Control Measure	Objective	Effectiveness
		contaminants and that can
		ensure compliance with all
		rule requirements.
(e)(10) Application of	To minimize a dust plume or	Any dust control measure that
Chemical Stabilizer During	fugitive dust emissions	is equally or more effective at
Periods of Inactivity	containing toxic air	preventing a dust plume or
	contaminants from occurring	fugitive dust emissions
	on-site during periods of	containing toxic air
	inactivity.	contaminants from occurring
		on-site during periods of
		inactivity.
(k)(3)/(k)(4) Direct Load into	To minimize a dust plume or	Any dust control measure that
a Truck or Bin for Transport	fugitive dust emissions	is equally or more effective at
	containing toxic air	preventing a dust plume or
	contaminants from truck	fugitive dust emissions
	loading and unloading.	containing toxic air
		contaminants from truck
		loading and unloading.

<u>Proposed Amended</u> Rule 1466 (cont.)

(Amended December 1, 2017)

Appendix 2 - Procedures to Demonstrate Intra-Instrument Precision

Will be provided at the Public Workshop